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MASH TL-3 EVALUATION OF GUARDRAIL TO RIGID BARRIER TRANSITION ATTACHED TO BRIDGE OR CULVERT STRUCTURE



Test Report 0-6954-R1 Cooperative Research Program

TEXAS A&M TRANSPORTATION INSTITUTE COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS

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in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration and the Texas Department of Transportation http://tti.tamu.edu/documents/0-6954-R1.pdf

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-	nformation obtained from this review	•

new transition testing developed for this project. TTI researchers developed concepts for the new transition anchored to a concrete wing wall.

TTI researchers developed a full-scale, three-dimensional finite element model of the guardrail transition. The modeling effort included developing and validating a subcomponent level model of the post installed on concrete.

Upon completion of the simulations, TTI researchers processed the results and assessed the likelihood of the transition system passing the required MASH crash tests. TTI researchers noted the design deficiencies and recommended design modifications to the system to mitigate those deficiencies.

TTI researchers developed full-scale test installation drawings of the design after the finite element model simulations were completed and all the results were reviewed with favorable results. After approval of the test installation drawings by TxDOT, construction of a full-scale test installation for crash testing commenced, and crash tests were performed on the full-scale test installation. The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure, used on the upstream and downstream ends, performed acceptably for MASH TL-3 transitions.

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MASH TL-3 EVALUATION OF GUARDRAIL TO RIGID BARRIER TRANSITION ATTACHED TO BRIDGE OR CULVERT STRUCTURE

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DISCLAIMER

This research was performed in cooperation with the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The contents of this report reflect the views of the authors, who are responsible for the facts and the accuracy of the data presented herein. The contents do not necessarily reflect the official view or policies of the FHWA or TxDOT. This report does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation.

This report is not intended for construction, bidding, or permit purposes. The researcher in charge of the project was William F. Williams, P.E. #71898.

The United States Government and the State of Texas do not endorse products or manufacturers. Trade or manufacturers' names appear herein solely because they are considered essential to the object of this report.

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The results of the crash testing reported herein apply only to the article tested.

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SI* (MODERN METRIC) CONVERSION FACTORS							
APPROXIMATE CONVERSIONS TO SI UNITS							
Symbol	When You Know	Multiply By	To Find	Symbol			
		LENGTH					
in	inches	25.4	millimeters	mm			
ft	feet	0.305	meters	m			
yd	yards	0.914	meters	m			
mi	miles	1.61	kilometers	km			
		AREA		0			
in ²	square inches	645.2	square millimeters	mm²			
ft ²	square feet	0.093	square meters	m²			
yd²	square yards	0.836	square meters	m²			
ac mi ²	acres	0.405	hectares	ha km²			
111-	square miles	2.59 VOLUME	square kilometers	KIII-			
fl oz	fluid ounces	29.57	milliliters	mL			
		3.785	liters	L			
gal ft ³	gallons cubic feet	0.028	cubic meters	г m ³			
yd ³	cubic yards	0.765	cubic meters	m ³			
yu		imes greater than 1000L					
		MASS					
oz	ounces	28.35	grams	g			
lb	pounds	0.454	kilograms	g kg			
T	short tons (2000 lb)	0.907	megagrams (or metric ton")	Mg (or "t")			
		EMPERATURE (exac		g (c)			
°F	Fahrenheit	5(F-32)/9	Celsius	°C			
		or (F-32)/1.8		-			
	FO	RCE and PRESSURE	or STRESS				
lbf							
	poundiorce	4.45	newtons	N			
lbf/in ²	poundforce poundforce per square inc		newtons kilopascals	N kPa			
	poundforce per square inc		kilopascals				
	poundforce per square inc	h 6.89 MATE CONVERSION	kilopascals				
lbf/in ²	poundforce per square inc APPROXI	h 6.89	kilopascals	kPa			
lbf/in ²	poundforce per square inc APPROXI	h 6.89 MATE CONVERSION Multiply By	kilopascals	kPa			
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*SI is the symbol for the International System of Units. Appropriate rounding should be made to comply with Section 4 of ASTM E380. (Revised March 2003)

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1.1 **PROBLEM**

The current Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) high-speed transition is approximately 19 ft long and the approximate length of metal beam guard fence end treatment is 50 ft long, for a total 69 ft in length. In situations where it was appropriate, if there was a transition from flexible rail to rigid rail that attached to the top of a culvert, wing wall, or bridge deck, the rigid rail would end on the bridge before the end of the bridge, and start the transition on the culvert, wing wall, or bridge deck. This would allow TxDOT to reduce the required distance between the end of the bridge and the intersecting roadway or driveway to a maximum length of 50 ft. The purpose of this project was to develop a transition that could be anchored on top of a concrete deck or wingwall and thus reduce the length of transition needed off the bridge structure.

1.2 BACKGROUND

In the continued advancement and evolution of roadside safety testing and evaluation, a research effort completed in 2009 resulted in a document published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), entitled *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH*), which supersedes the previous crash test and evaluation guidelines (1). This document was updated in 2016 and is the current standard used to evaluate crash tests (2). Changes incorporated into the guidelines include new design test vehicles, revised test matrices, and revised impact conditions.

1.3 OBJECTIVE/SCOPE OF RESEARCH

Five tasks were undertaken to develop a crashworthy transition design that reduces the required distance between the end of the bridge and an intersecting roadway or driveway and meet the crash requirements of *MASH* TL-3.

1.3.1 Task 1. Project Management and Research Coordination

Working in conjunction with the project team, TTI researchers conducted a Value of Research (VoR) assessment. In developing the VoR, TTI researchers identified sources for both qualitative and economic data, such as TxDOT construction bids (economic), material price lists from vendors (economic), pavement performance data (economic), and district personnel (qualitative). Table 1.1 illustrates the qualitative and economic benefit areas designated by TxDOT for this project.

TTI researchers completed the VoR Template, including the economic based calculations, the description of economic variables used within the calculations, and the qualitative values of the selected benefit areas.

Selected	Functional Area	QUAL	ECON	Both	TxDOT	State	Both
Х	Level of Knowledge	Х			Х		
X	Reduced User Cost		Х			Х	
X	Reduced Construction, Operations, and Maintenance Cost		Х			X	
X	Engineering Design Improvement			X			X
X	Safety			Х			Х

Table 1.1. Qualitative and Economic Benefit Areas.

TTI researchers evaluated the initial submission of the VoR Template and revised as needed as TTI researchers continued to identify qualitative and economic VoR data during the course of the research project.

1.3.2 Task 2. Literature Review

TTI researchers performed an extensive literature review of bridge railing transitions crash tested to *MASH* TL-3 and documented the findings of this review in a brief technical memorandum for this task. TTI researchers incorporated the information obtained from this review into the design and details for the new transition testing developed for this project. Results from this task are presented in Chapter 2.

1.3.3 Task 3. Develop Concepts, Engineering Design, and Component Testing

TTI researchers developed four concepts for the new transition. The design would anchor the transition posts on a concrete slab and a concrete wingwall. Posts were located in the transition onto the concrete slab or wall. TTI researchers performed engineering analyses on the new post designs, and in addition, developed engineering drawings of the new transition designs considered for this project. TTI researchers recommended four post designs to TxDOT for review. TxDOT selected two post designs for full-scale component testing. TTI researchers performed pendulum testing of posts (three posts per design [six tests total]) and compared them to strength tests performed on embedded posts in soil. Once all the available testing data were reviewed, TTI researchers with input TxDOT, selected an anchored post design for finite element modeling simulations performed in Task 4. Task 3 was performed in conjunction with the simulation effort in Task 4. Chapter 3 presents the results of Task 3.

1.3.4 Task 4. Finite Element Model Simulations

TTI researchers developed a full-scale three-dimensional finite element model of the guardrail transition. The modeling effort incorporated developing and validating a

subcomponent-level model of the post installed on concrete, which TTI researchers validated using the results of the dynamic pendulum testing from Task 3.

Once the subcomponent-level model was validated, TTI researchers used it in the systemlevel finite element model to develop a full-system model of the guardrail to concrete barrier transition. Previously validated component models including, but not limited to, the metal guardrail model and soil-and-post model were included into the system model to achieve sufficient reliability of the full-system model.

TTI researchers performed dynamic vehicle impact analysis of the transition design to evaluate the expected performance of the system in full-scale crash testing once the full-system model was developed.

MASH TL-3 requires at least two crash tests of the transition system at the location where the stiffness or shape of the system changes. The transition system has two locations where such changes take place. One location is the upstream transition, where the W-beam guardrail in soil transitions to the guardrail on concrete. The other location is the downstream transition, where the guardrail on concrete transitions or attaches to the concrete barrier.

Due to the presence of two clear transition locations (upstream and downstream), TTI researchers performed dynamic vehicle impact simulations for both locations. The four simulation cases were:

- 1. Upstream End, *MASH* Test 3-20 Condition.
- 2. Upstream End, *MASH* Test 3-21 Condition.
- 3. Downstream End, *MASH* Test 3-20 Condition.
- 4. Downstream End, *MASH* Test 3-21 Condition.

Tests 3-20 and 3-21 involve small passenger car and pickup truck vehicle impacts, respectively. The impact speed and angle for both tests are 62 mi/h and 25°, respectively.

TTI researchers processed the results and assessed the likelihood of the transition system passing all four *MASH* crash tests upon completion of the simulations. TTI researchers noted the design deficiencies and recommended design modifications to the system to mitigate those deficiencies. Chapter 4 presents the results of Task 4.

1.3.5 Construction of Full-Scale Test Installation and Crash Testing

TTI researchers developed full-scale test installation drawings of the design after the finite element model simulations were completed, and all the results had been reviewed with favorable results. TTI researchers submitted these drawings to the TxDOT project team for review and approval. After approval of the test installation drawings was received, construction of a full-scale test installation for crash testing commenced. Similar to the simulation effort, the following four full-scale crash tests were to be performed on the full-scale test installation:

- 1. *MASH* Test 3-20, 1100C Small Car, 62 mi/h at 25° impact angle on the Upstream End of the Transition Design.
- 2. *MASH* Test 3-21, 2270P Pickup Truck, 62 mi/h at 25° impact angle on the Upstream End of the Transition Design.

- 3. *MASH* Test 3-20, 1100C Small Car, 62 mi/h at 25° impact angle on the Downstream End of the Transition Design.
- 4. *MASH* Test 3-21, 2270P Pickup Truck, 62 mi/h at 25° impact angle on the Downstream End of the Transition Design.

However, based on the final design details developed for this project, *MASH* Test 3-20 impacting the downstream end of the transition (Item 3 below) was optional, and therefore not performed.

After the completion of the crash testing, TTI researchers prepared this technical report that summarizes the crash test results performed on the transition design. TTI researchers documented and summarized all the crash tests results and fully documented material specifications used to construct the test installation. In addition, TTI researchers included all final drawings and details used to construct the test installation in this technical report.

CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW^{*}

2.1 INTRODUCTION

A literature review was performed and completed for this project. The literature review satisfies the requirement of Task 2. A brief summary of the projects that were reviewed for this study follows.

2.2 DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE SIMPLIFIED MGS STIFFNESS TRANSITION

Report No. TRP-03-210-10/TRB 2012 Paper No. 12-3367

The finding in Report No. TRP-03-210-10/TRB 2012 Paper No. 12-3367 was considered for this project (*3*). The Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) researchers developed a simplified version of the original MGS stiffness transition by utilizing two common sizes of steel posts, and it was full-scale crash tested according to *MASH* TL-3.

The design of the stiffness transition for this project included a standard Midwest Guardrail System (MGS), a previously accepted thrie beam approach guardrail transition (AGT) system, and an asymmetrical W-beam to thrie beam transition element. The thrie beam AGT consisted of a nested 12-gauge thrie beam attached to W6×15 steel posts at half-post or $37\frac{1}{2}$ -inch spacings, which represented a critical configuration (one of the stiffest AGT) after researchers reviewed the previously accepted FHWA AGT systems.

Test Nos. MWTSP-2 and MWTSP-3 were performed on this stiffness transition design. Test No. MWTSP-2 was performed according to test designation *MASH* Test No. 3-21 with a 2270P pickup truck. Test no. MWTSP-3 was performed according to test designation *MASH* Test No. 3-20 with an 1100C small car. Figures 2.1 and 2.2 show the test impact drawings for Test Nos. MWTSP-2 and MWTSP-3, respectively.



Figure 2.1. Test Impact Drawings for Test No. MWTSP-2.

^{*} The opinions/interpretations identified/expressed in this section of the report are outside the scope of TTI Proving Ground's A2LA Accreditation.



Figure 2.2. Test Impact Drawings for Test No. MWTSP-3.

A new, simplified steel-post stiffness transition between the MGS and a thrie beam AGT previously accepted by FHWA was developed and tested for this project. This system consists of standard steel posts and an asymmetric W-to-thrie transition element. A very stiff thrie beam guardrail transition was used during the full-scale crash test. This new system satisfied all *MASH* TL-3 criteria. Figure 2.3 shows the details of the recommended transition design for the MGS system to thrie beam and tube bridge railing using steel posts.



Figure 2.3. Adapted Simplified Steel-Post Stiffness Transition (Transition to Thrie Beam and Tube Bridge Railing Steel Post Version).

2.3 EVALUATION OF THE MIDWEST GUARDRAIL SYSTEM STIFFNESS TRANSITION WITH CURB

Report No. TRP-03-291-14/TRB 2015 Paper No. 15-4502/Journal of Transportation Safety and Security Paper No. 105-121

MwRSF researchers developed a W-beam to three beam stiffness transition with a 4-inch tall concrete curb to connect a 31-inch tall W-beam guardrail, commonly known as the MGS, to a previously developed three beam approach guardrail system (4). Standard steel posts commonly used by state departments of transportation were used for the upstream stiffness configuration.

The full-scale crash test installation used a 12 ft-6 inch long thrie beam and channel bridge railing system, a 12 ft-6 inch nested thrie beam guardrail, a 6 ft-3 inch standard 12 gauge thrie beam guardrail, a 6 ft-3 inch long asymmetrical 10 gauge W-beam to thrie beam transition segment, and a 50 ft standard 12 gauge W-beam rail attached to a simulated anchorage device. The lap-splice connections between adjacent rail sections were configured to reduce vehicle snag

at the splices. The guardrail components were supported by two BCT timber posts (posts nos. 1 and 2), 16 steel guardrail posts (post nos. 3 through 15 are W6×8.5 members and posts nos. 16 through 18 are W6×15 members), and three steel bridge posts (W6×20 member, post nos. 19 through 21).

Three tests were performed for this project: Test Nos. MWTC-1, MWTC-2, and MWTC-3. Test Nos. MWTC-1 and MWTC-2 were performed according to test designation *MASH* Test No. 3-20 with an 1100C small car. Test No. MWTC-3 was performed according to test designation *MASH* Test No. 3-21 with a 2270P pickup truck. Figures 2.4 through 2.6 show the test impact drawings for Test Nos. MWTC-1, MWTC-2, and MWTC-3, respectively.



Figure 2.4. Test Impact Drawings for Test No. MWTC-1.



Figure 2.5. Test Impact Drawings for Test No. MWTC-2.



Figure 2.6. Test Impact Drawings for Test No. MWTC-3.

The initial crash test (Test No. MWTC-1) was performed according to test designation *MASH* Test No. 3-20 with an 1100C small car. The MGS Stiffness Transition with Curb did not perform acceptably for the initial *MASH* 3-20 test according to *MASH* TL-3 requirements. The front end of the 1100C vehicle penetrated under the W-beam rail while the wheel climbed up and overrode the curb. The combination of these events caused the W-beam rail to rupture at the splice adjacent to the rail elements, which eventually caused the W-beam rail to rupture at the splice adjacent to the W-beam to thrie beam transition element.

After the failed crash test, the design was modified to incorporate an additional 12 gauge W-beam segment such that 12.5 ft of nested guardrail preceded the asymmetric W-beam to thrie beam transition element. After this modification was incorporated in the stiffness transition system, Test Nos. MWTC-2 and MWTC-3 were performed with an 1100C small car and 2270P pickup truck, respectively. This modified upstream stiffness transition between the MGS and thrie beam approach guardrail transition with curb resulted in a successful completion of the *MASH* TL-3 testing matrix. Therefore, this modified system was found to satisfy current safety standards. Figure 2.7 presents the details of the recommended transition system with and without a curb tested for this project.



(a)



Figure 2.7. MGS to Thrie Beam Stiffness Transition Details (a) without a Curb and (b) with a Curb, 4-Inch Maximum Curb Height.

2.4 MASH TEST 3-21 ON TL-3 THRIE BEAM TRANSITION WITHOUT CURB

Report No. 9-1002-12-3

TTI researchers evaluated the impact performance of a modified transition design for approach W-beam guardrail to a rigid concrete bridge rail without a curb element beneath the transition rail (5). The test was performed in accordance with *MASH* guidelines following the impact conditions for Test Designation 3-21.

The surrogate bridge rail parapet was constructed according to TxDOT 36-inch single slope traffic rail (SSTR) bridge rail standards found on the TxDOT standards. The metal beam guard fence was constructed using 19 posts. Posts 1 and 2 were installed as part of the standard 31-inch ET-2000 Terminal. Posts 3 through 11 were installed as part of a standard 12 gauge W-Beam Guardrail (RWM04a). Each post in this section is a 72-inch long W6x8.5 SLP (PEW01) attached to the 12 gauge rail element using an 8-inch wood blockout. The posts in this section were placed at the mid-span of the guardrail. Between posts 11 and 13, a 10 gauge thrie beam to W-beam non-symmetric transition segment is used and is supported by a 72-inch long W6×8.5 SLP. Between post 13 and the end of the bridge parapet, a nested 12 gauge thrie beam (RTM02a) configuration is used and is supported by 84-inch long W6×8.5 posts with 6×8×18-inch wood blockouts. A 10 gauge thrie beam end shoe (RTE01b) was used to connect the nested thrie beam to the ¹/₄-inch thick adapter plate.

The TxDOT TL-3 Transition did not perform acceptably for *MASH* Test 3-21 due to vehicle rollover. Indications of wheel snagging on the end of the concrete parapet may have contributed to the destabilization of the vehicle.

Three design changes were proposed by researchers to possibly improve the performance of the system. A short curb may be placed at the end of the parapet under the rail to help prevent wheel snagging. The steel blockout at the end of the parapet could be increased in depth to offset the rail to decrease the amount of snagging. Also, the posts in the nested section of the guardrail could be strengthened by using a larger size post and increasing the embedment depth to overall stiffen the transition and ultimately reduce the dynamic deflections. Some previous studies suggest that excessive deflection in the transition region can induce vehicle instability, but if the system becomes too stiff the upstream end of the transition section may need to be redesigned and evaluated. Figure 2.8 shows a photograph of the installation.



Figure 2.8. Thrie Beam Transition without Curb.

2.5 *MASH* TL-3 TESTING AND EVALUATION OF THE TXDOT T131RC BRIDGE RAIL TRANSITION

Project 9-1002-12; Report No. 9-1002-12-4; March 2014

TTI researchers designed and crash tested a transition design for the TxDOT T131RC Bridge Rail that would meet the strength and safety performance criteria for AASHTO *MASH* TL-3 (6).

The TxDOT T131RC Bridge Rail Transition consists of two nested 12 gauge thrie beam sections supported by six W6×8.5 posts spaced at 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches on centers. The nested thrie beams connect to a 10 gauge asymmetric transition piece on the upstream end. The nested thrie beam transition was connected to a 10 gauge end shoe on the downstream end. This end shoe was anchored to the end of the T131RC Bridge Rail. The height from the finished grade to the top of the W-beam guardrail and transition was 31 inches.

The TxDOT T131RC Bridge Rail Transition contained and redirected both the 1100C vehicle and the 2270P vehicle. Overall, all *MASH* TL-3 requirements were met, therefore the TxDOT T131RC Bridge Rail Transition performed acceptably as a *MASH* TL-3 transition. Figures 2.9 through 2.11 show photographs of the test installation.



Figure 2.9. T131RC Bridge Rail Transition Impact View.



Figure 2.10. T131RC Bridge Rail Transition Connection.



Figure 2.11. T131RC Bridge Rail Transition Connection Field View.

2.6 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS FROM LITERATURE SEARCH

Based on the review of this information, the following is beneficial for this project:

- 1. 4-inch maximum curb height.
- 2. 31-inch transition height with nested thrie beam elements.
- 3. 10 gauge asymmetric transition section supported with steel posts similar to that shown in Figure 2.2 and Figure 2.4.
- 4. Crash testing should be performed on the nested three beam area and the asymmetric transition section to confirm *MASH* acceptance.

CHAPTER 3: DEVELOP CONCEPTS, ENGINEERING DESIGN, AND COMPONENT TESTING^{*}

3.1 INTRODUCTION

Task 3 considered the transition anchored to the top of a concrete wing wall. For this task, several post concepts were considered for the transition. Based on the information provided in the kickoff meeting held at the TxDOT Office on September 28, 2017, anchoring the new transition on top of a 12-inch wide wing wall was preferred over anchoring the posts on top of a reinforced concrete deck. As part of this task, TTI developed a general concept for the transition anchored on top of the wing wall. Figure 3.1 shows the general details of this concept.



Figure 3.1. TxDOT Transition Anchored on Top of 12-Inch Wide Wing Wall.

As part of this task, TTI considered several post anchoring concepts for the new transition anchored to the top of the concrete wing wall. For the concepts presented herein, engineering analyses were performed to adequately anchor the posts to the concrete. Developing the full ultimate plastic moment capacity of the posts was the goal in the analyses. Engineering details were developed for the two options developed for Task 3 of this project. These designs

^{*} The opinions/interpretations identified/expressed in this section of the report are outside the scope of TTI Proving Ground's A2LA Accreditation.

are presented below. The 2-bolt design anchoring to the top of the wing wall was selected for full-scale testing and Task 4 LS-DYNA Simulation.

3.2 OPTION 1. BASEPLATED POST TRANSITION DESIGN WITH RUB RAIL

Option 1 incorporates W6×8.5 steel base-plated posts anchored to the top of the wing wall using in-line Hilti Adhesive anchoring system. This design incorporates the use of a C6×8.2 steel rub rail in place of the concrete curb. This design uses the full plastic strength of the steel posts. Figures 3.2 and 3.3 present details of Option 1.



Figure 3.2. Option 1 Installation Details.



Figure 3.3. Option 1 Post Details.

3.3 OPTION 2. SIDE MOUNTED POST OPTION WITH CONCRETE CURB (NO RUB RAIL)

Option 2 incorporates a W6×8.5 steel side mounted anchored with a concrete curb. These posts are anchored to the field side of the concrete wing wall using Hilti Adhesive anchoring system. This design incorporates the use of a 6-inch high concrete curb cast flush with the traffic face of the concrete parapet. A steel rub rail is not necessary with the use of the concrete curb. This design uses the full plastic strength of the steel posts. Figure 3.4 presents the details of Option 2.

3.4 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The side mount option was not selected for further study. The 2-bolt option shown in Figure 3.3 was selected for full-scale testing as part of this task and for LS-DYNA simulation Task 4.



Figure 3.4. Option 2 Installation Details.

CHAPTER 4: FINITE ELEMENT MODEL SIMULATIONS*

4.1 INTRODUCTION

Finite element modeling simulations were performed on the initial transition design as part of Task 4. The computer simulations were performed using LS-DYNA. The following summarizes the simulation effort performed for this task.

4.2 SYSTEM DESIGN

The 65 ft-5 inch installation consists of four sections: A 16-ft parapet, an 18 ft-³/₄ inch Wingwall transition, a 21 ft-11³/₄ inch length of need, and a 9 ft-4¹/₂ inch Downstream Anchor Terminal (DAT). The wing wall shown here was made rigid (no movement or rotation) in the simulation efforts. The 16 ft parapet is 12 inches wide and 31 inches tall. Between the system and the existing apron, a rigid moment slab was used, at a 10 degree angle from the system and transitions from 38 inches to 72 inches. Figure 4.1 shows the overall details of the installation.

Figure 4.2 shows a detailed drawing of the wingwall used in the simulations. The reinforcement used in the wingwall was not considered or modeled in the simulations since the wigwall was simulated as rigid. The 20-ft long wingwall was 24 inches tall, 12 inches wide, and had reinforcement every 6 inches starting at 3¹/₄ inch from the edge. Figures 4.3 and 4.4 show details of the transition design used in the initial simulation effort.

4.3 DETAILED MODELING

An explicit finite element model of the transition system with wingwall was modeled using detailed geometrical and material properties. Figures 4.5 and 4.6 show the different views of the system modeled, including parapet, wingwall, transition posts, nested thrie section, rub rail, and approaching W-beam guardrail.

^{*} The opinions/interpretations identified/expressed in this section of the report are outside the scope of TTI Proving Ground's A2LA Accreditation.



Figure 4.1. Plan View and Elevation of Installation.



Figure 4.2. Wingwall Details.

TR No. 0-6954-R1



Figure 4.3. Wingwall Transition.




Figure 4.4. Details of Rub Rail.

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Figure 4.5. Parapet, Moment Slab, and Wingwall.



Figure 4.6. Front View of System.

Figure 4.7 shows the moment slab and wingwall. The transition shown here would attach to a vertical concrete parapet. The 16-ft parapet is 12 inches wide and 24 inches tall. In between the system and the existing apron, there is a moment slab. It is at a 10° angle from the system and transitions from 38 inches to 72 inches. The 20-ft long wingwall is 24 inches tall, 12 inches wide, and has reinforcement every 6 inches starting at $3\frac{1}{4}$ inch from the edge.



Figure 4.7. Wingwall Transition.

Figure 4.8 shows a front view the wingwall transition. The wingwall used in the simulations measured 20 ft long, 24 inches tall, and 12 inches wide. This wingwall was modeled as rigid and did not consider any concrete failure from vehicle impact loads. Nine steel posts that are 31 inches tall and bolted onto the wingwall were also used. The wingwall is made of concrete with rebar stirrups. The wingwall transition used in the simulations was bolted onto the parapet with ³/₄ inch diameter anchor bolts. The wingwall transition consists of an 8-space 12 gauge thrie-beam followed by an asymmetric thrie to W-beam transition. The rub rail is bolted onto the

posts below the beam. The rub rail consists of the rub rail anchor, the rub rail splice, the rub rail bracket, the rub rail, and the bent rub rail. The rub rail is a C6×8.2- ASTM A36 steel. Figures 4.9 and 4.10 show views of the *MASH* 1100C and the 2270P vehicle models, respectively.



Figure 4.10. MASH 2270P Test Vehicle Model.

4.4 SIMULATION OF *MASH* TEST 3-21: TRUCK IMPACTING NEW BARRIER TRANSITION

Figures 4.11 through 4.14 show images of the vehicle setup for this impact simulation. The vehicle used in this simulation is a 2270P vehicle weighing 5000 lb and impacting the barrier at a speed of 62.2 mph and an angle of 25°. The target impact point is the centerline of the vehicle with the flared rub rail span at post 8 (numbered from the end of the concrete parapet). Post 8 is bolted onto the wingwall and is a part of the wingwall transition.



Figure 4.11. MASH 2270P Vehicle/Installation Setup – Isometric View.



Figure 4.12. *MASH* 2270P Vehicle/Installation Setup – Front View.



Figure 4.13. *MASH* 2270P Vehicle/Installation Setup – Rear View.



Figure 4.14. MASH 2270P Vehicle/Installation Setup – Top View.

4.5 SIMULATION OF *MASH* TEST 3-21: SMALL CAR IMPACTING GUARDRAIL SYSTEM WITH RIGID BARRIER TRANSITION

Figures 4.15 through 4.17 show images of the vehicle setup for this test installation. The vehicle used in this simulation is a 1100C vehicle impacting the barrier at a speed of 62.2 mph and an angle of 25°. The target impact point is the centerline of the vehicle with Post 8. Post 8 is bolted onto the wingwall and is a part of the wingwall transition.



Figure 4.15. MASH 1100C Vehicle/Installation Setup – Isometric View.



Figure 4.16. *MASH* 1100C Vehicle/Installation Setup – Front View.



Figure 4.17. MASH 1100C Vehicle/Installation Setup – Top View.

The small car experienced pocking (snagging) due to front right tire being pushed between the W-beam and the flared rub rail span as shown in Figures 4.18 and 4.19. The pickup truck experienced vehicular instability as it engaged the flared rub rail section as shown in Figures 4.20 and 4.21.

4.6. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The recommended system for evaluation would have one or more of these options:

- Add an additional three beam 12-ft section (NOT nested) upstream from the nested three and then the asymmetric piece.
- Add a longer rub rail along with the additional three beam section and then flare the rub rail back.

These design modifications are expected to reduce the pocketing and vehicular instability as observed in the simulation and improve the crash performance of the transition design.



Figure 4.18. MASH 1100C Vehicle Pocketing into Opening Above Flared Rube Rail Span.



Figure 4.19. MASH 1100C Vehicle Pocketing into Opening Above Flared Rub Rail.



Figure 4.20. MASH 2270P Vehicle Interacting with W-Beam and Flared Rub Rail.



Figure 4.21. MASH 2270P Vehicle Overriding System.

CHAPTER 5: TEST REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

5.1 CRASH TEST MATRIX

Table 5.1 shows the test conditions and evaluation criteria for *MASH* TL-3 for transitions. Three tests were performed on the Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure. *MASH* Tests 3-20 and 3-21 were performed on the upstream terminal, and MASH Test 3-21 only was performed on the downstream terminal. *MASH* Test 3-20 in the downstream area of the transition is an optional test to evaluate occupant risk and post-impact trajectory. *MASH* states that this test should be performed "if there is reasonable uncertainty regarding the impact performance of the system for impact with small passenger vehicles." The geometry and profile of the transition in the immediate area upstream of the concrete parapet appeared favorable for MASH Test 3-20, so this test was not performed.

Table 5.1. Test Conditions and Evaluation Criteria Specified for MASH TL-3Transitions.

Tost Article	Test Designation	Test Vabiala	Impact Conditions		Evoluction Cuitoria
Test Article	Test Designation	Test Vehicle	Speed	Speed Angle Evaluation Criteria	
Transitions	3-20	1100C	62 mi/h	25	A, D, F, H, I
Transitions	3-21	2270P	62 mi/h	25	A, D, F, H, I

The target critical impact points (CIPs) were determined using simulation. Several impact points were considered. Figure 5.1 shows the target CIP (most critical) for *MASH* Test 3-20 (Test No. 469549-01-1) on the upstream transition, which was the centerline of post 3 at the connection to the rail. Based on LS-DYNA simulations for the other impact conditions, the other critical impacts points for the other crash tests are presented as follows.



Figure 5.1. Target CIP for *MASH* Test 3-20 on the Upstream Transition.





Figure 5.2. Target CIP for *MASH* Test 3-21 on the Upstream Transition.

Figure 5.3 shows the target CIP for *MASH* Test 3-21 (Test No. 469549-01-4) on the upstream transition, which was 5 inches downstream of the centerline of post 19 at the connection with the rail.





The crash tests and data analysis procedures were in accordance with the guidelines presented in *MASH*. Chapter 4 presents brief descriptions of these procedures.

5.2 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The appropriate safety evaluation criteria from Tables 2-2 and 5-1 of *MASH* were used to evaluate the crash tests reported herein. Table 5.1 lists the test conditions and evaluation criteria required for *MASH* Test TL-3 transitions, and Table 5.2 provides the substance of the evaluation criteria. Evaluation of the crash test results is presented in detail under the section Assessment of Test Results.

Evaluation Factors	Evaluation Criteria		
Structural Adequacy	A. Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.		
	D. Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.		
Occupant Risk	Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.		
	<i>F.</i> The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.		
	H. Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s, or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.		
	<i>I.</i> The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.		

 Table 5.2. Evaluation Criteria Required for MASH TL-3 Transitions.

CHAPTER 6: TEST CONDITIONS

6.1 TEST FACILITY

The full-scale crash tests reported herein were performed at Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) Proving Ground, an International Standards Organization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 17025-accredited laboratory with American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) Mechanical Testing Certificate 2821.01. The full-scale crash tests were performed according to TTI Proving Ground quality procedures, and according to the *MASH* guidelines and standards.

The test facilities of the TTI Proving Ground are located on the Texas A&M University System RELLIS Campus, which consists of a 2000-acre complex of research and training facilities situated 10 miles northwest of the flagship campus of Texas A&M University. The site, formerly a United States Army Air Corps base, has large expanses of concrete runways and parking aprons well suited for experimental research and testing in the areas of vehicle performance and handling, vehicle-roadway interaction, durability and efficacy of highway pavements, and evaluation of roadside safety hardware and perimeter protective devices. The site selected for construction and testing of the transition was along the edge of an out-of-service runway. The runway consists of an unreinforced jointed-concrete pavement in 12.5-ft \times 15-ft blocks nominally 6 inches deep. The runway was built in 1942, and the joints have some displacement, but are otherwise flat and level.

6.2 VEHICLE TOW AND GUIDANCE SYSTEM

Each test vehicle was towed into the test installation using a steel cable guidance and reverse tow system. A steel cable for guiding the test vehicle was tensioned along the path, anchored at each end, and threaded through an attachment to the front wheel of the test vehicle. An additional steel cable was connected to the test vehicle, passed around a pulley near the impact point, through a pulley on the tow vehicle, and then anchored to the ground such that the tow vehicle moved away from the test site. A 2:1 speed ratio between the test and tow vehicle existed with this system. Just prior to impact with the installation, the test vehicle was released and ran unrestrained. The vehicle remained freewheeling (i.e., no steering or braking inputs) until it cleared the immediate area of the test site (no sooner than 2 s after impact), after which the brakes were activated, if needed, to bring the test vehicle to a safe and controlled stop.

6.3 DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS

6.3.1 Vehicle Instrumentation and Data Processing

Each test vehicle was instrumented with a self-contained, on-board data acquisition system. The signal conditioning and acquisition system is a 16-channel, Tiny Data Acquisition System (TDAS) Pro produced by Diversified Technical Systems, Inc. The accelerometers, which measure the x, y, and z axis of vehicle acceleration, are strain gauge type with linear millivolt output proportional to acceleration. Angular rate sensors, measuring vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw rates, are ultra-small, solid state units designed for crash test service. The TDAS Pro hardware and software conform to the latest SAE J211, Instrumentation for Impact Test. Each of the 16 channels is capable of providing precision amplification, scaling, and filtering based on transducer specifications and calibrations. During the test, data are recorded from each channel at a rate of 10,000 values per second with a resolution of one part in 65,536. Once data are recorded, internal batteries back these up inside the unit should the primary battery cable be severed. Initial contact of the pressure switch on the vehicle bumper provides a time zero mark and initiates the recording process. After each test, the data are downloaded from the TDAS Pro unit into a laptop computer at the test site. The Test Risk Assessment Program (TRAP) software then processes the raw data to produce detailed reports of the test results.

Each of the TDAS Pro units is returned to the factory annually for complete recalibration and all instrumentation used in the vehicle conforms to all specifications outlined by SAE J211. All accelerometers are calibrated annually by means of an ENDEVCO[®] 2901, precision primary vibration standard. This standard and its support instruments are checked annually and receive a National Institute of Standards Technology (NIST) traceable calibration. The rate transducers used in the data acquisition system receive a calibration via a Genisco Rate-of-Turn table. The subsystems of each data channel are also evaluated annually, using instruments with current NIST traceability, and the results are factored into the accuracy of the total data channel, per SAE J211. Calibrations and evaluations are also made any time data are suspect. Acceleration data are measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 1.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent (k=2).

TRAP uses the data from the TDAS Pro to compute occupant/compartment impact velocities, time of occupant/compartment impact after vehicle impact, and the highest 10-millisecond (ms) average ridedown acceleration. TRAP calculates change in vehicle velocity at the end of a given impulse period. In addition, maximum average accelerations over 50-ms intervals in each of the three directions are computed. For reporting purposes, the data from the vehicle-mounted accelerometers are filtered with SAE Class 180 low-pass filters, and acceleration versus time curves for the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions are plotted using TRAP.

TRAP uses the data from the yaw, pitch, and roll rate transducers to compute angular displacement in degrees at 0.0001-s intervals, then plots yaw, pitch, and roll versus time. These displacements are in reference to the vehicle-fixed coordinate system with the initial position and orientation of the vehicle-fixed coordinate systems being initial impact. Rate of rotation data is measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 0.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent (k=2).

6.3.2 Anthropomorphic Dummy Instrumentation

An Alderson Research Laboratories Hybrid II, 50th percentile male anthropomorphic dummy, restrained with lap and shoulder belts, was placed in the front seat on the impact side (side opposite of impact for sign supports) of the 1100C vehicle. The dummy was not instrumented.

According to *MASH*, use of a dummy in the 2270P vehicle is optional, and no dummy was used in the tests with the 2270P.

6.3.3 Photographic Instrumentation and Data Processing

Photographic coverage of each test included three digital high-speed cameras:

- One overhead with a field of view perpendicular to the ground and directly over the impact point;
- One placed behind the installation at an angle; and
- A third placed to have a field of view parallel to and aligned with the installation at the downstream end.

A flashbulb on the impacting vehicle was activated by a pressure-sensitive tape switch to indicate the instant of contact with the transitions. The flashbulb was visible from each camera. The video files from these digital high-speed cameras were analyzed to observe phenomena occurring during the collision and to obtain time-event, displacement, and angular data. A digital camera recorded and documented conditions of each test vehicle and the installation before and after the test.

CHAPTER 7: MASH TL-3 TESTS ON UPSTREAM TRANSITION

7.1 TEST ARTICLE AND INSTALLATION DETAILS

The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure installation was approximately 102 ft-10³/₄ inches long. It consisted of a 16-ft long reinforced concrete parapet and moment slab, a 27 ft-6¹/₄ inch long W-beam to thrie-beam to parapet transition section that was anchored to the parapet, 50 ft of W-beam guardrail, and a Downstream Anchor Terminal (DAT). The posts in the thrie-beam portion of the installation were anchored to a reinforced concrete wingwall that was embedded in the soil with the top at grade, and the rest of the posts were embedded directly into the soil. The top edge of the thriebeam and W-beam rails were at 31 inches above grade. The wingwall was 13 ft long, 12 inches thick, and 5 ft deep. A C6×8.2 rub rail was positioned below the thriebeam section of the transition.

Figure 7.1 presents overall information on the transition, and Figure 7.2 provides photographs of the installation. Appendix A provides further details of the transition.

7.2 MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Appendix B provides material certification documents for the materials used to install/construct the transition.

The specified minimum unconfined compressive strength of the concrete for the working slab (used on previous test), the support wall, and the barrier was 4000 psi. The average unconfined compressive strengths of the batches of concrete used in the construction of the test installation were as follows with locations of the different batches shown in Figure 2.3:

- Wingwall: 5245 psi on 2019-03-04, 28 days from pour date.
- Parapet: 4590 psi on 2019-03-04, 17 days from pour date.
- Deck: 4010 psi on 2019-03-04, 14 days from pour date.

Steel reinforcement of the bridge deck and wall was comprised of epoxy coated ASTM A615 Grade 60 rebar with specified minimum yield strength of 60 ksi.

7.3 SOIL CONDITIONS

The test installation was installed in standard soil meeting AASHTO standard specifications for "Materials for Aggregate and Soil Aggregate Subbase, Base and Surface Courses," designated M147-65(2004), grading B.





Test Installation

T:\1-ProjectFiles\469549-TxDOT-Williams\Drafting, 469549\469549 Drawing 2019-04-19

- DAT -

2 Post Numbers

Elevation View

Detail B

Scale 1:10

Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division -Proving Ground

Sheet 1 of 9 Test Installation

3

Δ

Institute

Drawn by GES Scale 1:140

Project #469459 Transition on Wingwall

Figure 7.1. Installation Details for Upstream Transition.

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Figure 7.2. Upstream Transition prior to Testing.

In accordance with Appendix B of *MASH*, soil strength was measured on the day of the crash test. During installation of the transition for full-scale crash testing, two standard W6×16 posts were installed in the immediate vicinity of the transition, using the same fill materials and installation procedures used in the standard dynamic test (see Table C.1 in Appendix C for establishment minimum soil strength properties in the dynamic test performed in accordance with *MASH* Appendix B).

As determined in the tests shown in Appendix C, Table C.1, the minimum post load required for deflections at 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches, measured at a height of 25 inches, is 3940 lb, 5500 lb, and 6540 lb, respectively (90 percent of static load for the initial standard installation). On the day of Test No. 469549-01-1, March 4, 2019, load on the post at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches was 7525 lbf, 8131 lbf, and 9040 lbf, respectively. On the day of Test No. 469549-01-2, March 6, 2019, load on the post at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches was 7777 lbf, 8838 lbf, and 9292 lbf, respectively. Tables C.2 and C.3 in Appendix C show the strength of the backfill material in which the transition was installed met minimum requirements.

7.4 *MASH* TEST 3-20 (CRASH TEST NO. 469549-01-1)

7.4.1 Test Designation and Actual Impact Conditions

MASH Test 3-20 involves an 1100C vehicle weighing 2420 lb ±55 lb impacting the CIP of the test article at an impact speed of 62 mi/h ±2.5 mi/h and an angle of $25^{\circ} \pm 1.5^{\circ}$. The CIP for *MASH* Test 3-20 on the upstream transition was the centerline of post 13 at the connection with the rail ±1 ft.

The 2007 Kia Rio^{*} used in the test weighed 2444 lb, and the actual impact speed and angle were 62.7 mi/h and 24.8°, respectively. The actual impact point was the right front corner of the vehicle bumper at the centerline of post 13 at the connection with the rail. Minimum target impact severity (IS) was 51 kip-ft, and actual IS was 57 kip-ft.

7.4.2 Weather Conditions

The test was performed on the morning of March 4, 2019. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 7 mi/h; wind direction: 355° (vehicle was traveling in a northwesterly direction); temperature: 31°F; relative humidity: 77 percent.

7.4.3 Test Vehicle

Figures 7.3 and 7.4 show the 2007 Kia Rio used for the crash test. The vehicle's test inertia weight was 2444 lb, and its gross static weight was 2609 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 7.75 inches, and height to the upper edge of the bumper was 21.5 inches. Table D.1 in Appendix D1 gives additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using the cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.

^{*} The 2007 model vehicle used is older than the 6-year age noted in *MASH*, and was selected based upon availability. An older model vehicle is permitted by AASHTO as long as it is otherwise *MASH* compliant. Other than the vehicle's year model, this 2007 model vehicle met the *MASH* requirements.



Figure 7.3. Upstream Transition/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test No. 469549-01-1.



Figure 7.4. Test Vehicle before Test No. 469549-01-1.

7.3.4 Test Description

The test vehicle was traveling at an impact speed of 62.7 mi/h when it contacted the upstream transition. The right front corner of the vehicle bumper contacted the centerline of post 13 at the connection with the rail at an impact angle of 24.8°. Table 7.1 lists events that occurred during Test No. 469549-01-1. Figures D.1 and D.2 in Appendix D2 present sequential photographs during the test.

TIME (s)	EVENTS	
0.0000	Vehicle contacts transition	
0.0420	Vehicle begins to redirect	
0.1140	Right rear tire leaves pavement surface	
0.1810	Vehicle parallel with transition	
0.2320	Right rear bumper contacts transition	
	Vehicle loses contact with transition while traveling at 40.2 mi/h,	
0.3460	trajectory of 8.6°, and heading of 18.6°	
0.8080	Right rear tire contacts pavement surface	

Table 7.1	Events	during	Test No.	469549-01-1.
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For longitudinal barriers, it is desirable that the vehicle redirects and exits the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups). The test vehicle exited within the exit box criteria defined in *MASH*. After loss of contact with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest 185 ft downstream of the impact and 56 ft toward traffic lanes.

7.4.5 Damage to Test Installation

Figure 7.5 shows the damage to the upstream transition. The soil was disturbed around posts 12 through 16, the guardrail was released from post 15, and the rub rail was released from post 17. Post 15 showed evidence of significant contact with the vehicle, and it was leaning back and downstream approximately 10 inches. The base plate of post 17 was buckled. Working width was 26.2 inches, and height of working width was 31.0 inches. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 7.1 inches, and maximum permanent deformation was 3.4 inches (at post 15).

7.4.6 Damage to Test Vehicle

Figure 7.6 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. The front bumper, hood, radiator and support, right front fender, right front tire and rim, right front strut and tower, right front lower A-arm, right outer CV joint, right front door and glass, right rear door, right rear quarter panel, and right front floor pan were damaged. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 10.0 inches in the side plane at the right front corner at bumper height. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 1.25 inches in the kick panel across the floor pan. Figure 7.7 shows the interior of the vehicle. Tables D.2 and D.3 in Appendix D1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.

7.4.7 Occupant Risk Factors

Data from the accelerometer, located at the vehicle center of gravity, were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk and results are shown in Table 7.2. Figure 7.8 summarizes these data and other pertinent information from the test. Figure D.3 in Appendix D3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures D.4 through D.9 in Appendix D4 show acceleration versus time traces.



Figure 7.5. Upstream Transition after Test No. 469549-01-1.



Figure 7.6. Test Vehicle after Test No. 469549-01-1.



Figure 7.7. Interior of Test Vehicle after Test No. 469549-01-1.

Occupant Risk Factor	Value	Time
Impact Velocity		
Longitudinal	27.3 ft/s	At 0.0849 s on right side of interior
Lateral	30.5 ft/s	At 0.0849 s on right side of interior
Ridedown Accelerations		
Longitudinal	19.4 g	0.0878–0.0978 s
Lateral	14.6 g	0.0849–0.0949 s
THIV	43.4 km/h 12.0 m/s	At 0.0827 s on right side of interior
PHD	24.9 g	0.0837–0.0937 s
ASI	2.42	0.0570–0.1070 s
Maximum 50-ms Moving Average		
Longitudinal	−16.9 g	0.0501–0.1001 s
Lateral	-16.2 g	0.0433–0.0933 s
Vertical	7.1 g	0.0288–0.0788 s
Maximum Roll, Pitch, and Yaw Angles		
Roll	19°	0.4940 s
Pitch	10°	0.4556 s
Yaw	67°	0.9658 s

Table 7.2. Occupant Risk Factors for Test No. 469549-01-1.
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General Information		Impact Conditions	Post-impac
Test Agency	Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)	Speed 62.7 mi/h	Stopping
Test Standard Test No	MASH Test 3-20	Angle 24.8°	
TTI Test No	469549-01-1	Location/Orientation Post 13	Vehicle Sta
Test Date	2019-03-04	Impact Severity 57 kip/ft	Maximum
Test Article			Maximum
Туре	Transition	Exit Conditions	Maximum
Name	Thrie Beam Transition	Speed 40.2 mi/h	Vehicle S
Installation Length	102 ft-10¾ inches	Trajectory/Heading Angle 8.6°/18.6°	Vehicle P
Material or Key Elements	16-ft long parapet/moment slab, a 27 ft-	Occupant Risk Values	Test Article
	6¼ inch long W-beam to thrie-beam to	Longitudinal OIV 27.3 ft/s	Dynamic.
	parapet transition section, 50 ft of W-beam	Lateral OIV 30.5 mi/h	Permaner
	guardrail, and DAT terminal; top of metal	Longitudinal Ridedown 19.4 g	Working \
	rail height 31 inches	Lateral Ridedown 14.6 g	Height of
Soil Type and Condition	AASHTO M147-65(2004), grading B Soil	THIV 43.4 km/h	Vehicle Da
	(crushed limestone)	PHD 24.9 g	VDS
Test Vehicle		ASI 2.42	CDC
Type/Designation	1100C	Max. 0.050-s Average	Max. Exte
Make and Model	2007 Kia Rio	Longitudinal16.9 g	OCDI
Curb	2483 lb	Lateral16.2 g	Max. Occ
Test Inertial	2444 lb	Vertical7.1 g	Deform
Dummy	165 lb	-	
Gross Static	2609 lb		

Post-Impact Trajectory	
Stopping Distance	185 ft downstream 56 ft toward traffic
Vehicle Stability	
Maximum Yaw Angle	67°
Maximum Pitch Angle	
Maximum Roll Angle	
Vehicle Snagging	
Vehicle Pocketing	No
Test Article Deflections	
Dynamic	7.1 inches
Permanent	3.4 inches
Working Width	26.2 inches
Height of Working Width	31.0 inches
/ehicle Damage	
VDS	01RFQ5
CDC	01FREW3
Max. Exterior Deformation	
OCDI	RF0120000
Max. Occupant Compartment	
Deformation	1.25 inches

Figure 7.8. Summary of Results for MASH Test 3-20 on Upstream Transition.

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7.5 *MASH* TEST 3-21 (CRASH TEST NO. 469549-01-2)

7.5.1 Test Designation and Actual Impact Conditions

MASH Test 3-21 involves a 2270P vehicle weighing 5000 lb ±110 lb impacting the CIP of the transition at an impact speed of 62 mi/h ±2.5 mi/h and an angle of $25^{\circ} \pm 1.5^{\circ}$. The CIP for *MASH* Test 3-21 on the upstream transition was centerline of post 14 at the connection with the rail ±1 ft.

The 2013 RAM 1500 pickup truck used in the test weighed 5034 lb, and the actual impact speed and angle were 62.2 mi/h and 23.8°, respectively. The actual impact point was centerline of post 14 at the connection with the rail. Minimum target IS was 106 kip-ft, and actual IS was 106 kip-ft.

7.5.2 Weather Conditions

The test was performed on the morning of March 6, 2019. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 4 mi/h; wind direction: 178° (vehicle was traveling in a northwesterly direction); temperature: 49°F; relative humidity: 38 percent.

7.5.3 Test Vehicle

Figures 7.9 and 7.10 show the 2013 RAM 1500 pickup truck used for the crash test. The vehicle's test inertia weight was 5034 lb, and its gross static weight was 5034 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 11.75 inches, and height to the upper edge of the bumper was 27.0 inches. The height to the vehicle's center of gravity was 29.0 inches. Tables E.1 and E.2 in Appendix E1 give additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using the cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.



Figure 7.9. Upstream Transition/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test No. 469549-01-2.



Figure 7.10. Test Vehicle before Test No. 469549-01-2.

7.5.4 Test Description

The test vehicle was traveling at an impact speed of 62.2 mi/h when it contacted the upstream transition. The right front corner of the vehicle bumper contacted the centerline of post 14 at the connection with the rail at an impact angle of 23.8°. Table 7.3 lists events that occurred during Test No. 469549-01-2. Figures E.1 and E.2 in Appendix E2 present sequential photographs during the test.

TIME (s)	EVENTS	
0.0000	Vehicle contacts transition	
0.0410	Vehicle begins to redirect	
0.1160	Left front tire leaves pavement surface	
0.1280	Left rear tire leaves pavement surface	
0.1980	1	
0.2030	2030 Right rear bumper impacts transition	
0.3460	Vehicle loses contact with transition while traveling at 49.1 mi/h, with a	
	trajectory of 9.0 degrees and heading of 8.4 degrees.	
0.5400	Left front tire contacts pavement surface	

Table 7.3. Events during Test No. 469549-01-2.

For longitudinal barriers, it is desirable that the vehicle redirects and exits the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups). The test vehicle exited within the exit box criteria defined in *MASH*. After loss of contact with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest 250 ft downstream of the impact and 18 ft toward traffic lanes.

7.5.5 Damage to Test Installation

Figure 7.11 shows the damage to the transition. The soil was disturbed around posts 13 through 15. The base plate of post 17 was deformed. The concrete wing wall was cracked at post 17, and between posts 17 and 18. Working width was 22.7 inches, and height of working width



was 50.5 inches. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 6.3 inches, and maximum permanent deformation was 2.75 inches at post 16.

Figure 7.11. Upstream Transition after Test No. 469549-01-2.

7.5.6 Vehicle Damage

Figure 7.12 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. The front bumper, radiator and support, grill, right front fender, right front upper and lower A-arms, right front tire and rim, right front door and window glass, right rear door, right rear cab corner, right rear exterior bed, right rear rim, and rear bumper were damaged. The right front wheel (with tire) was completely

removed. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 15.0 inches in the front plane at the right front corner at bumper height. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 2.0 inches in the in the right firewall area and 4.0 inches in the right front kick panel. Figure 7.13 shows the interior of the vehicle. Tables E.3 and E.4 in Appendix E1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.



Figure 7.12. Test Vehicle after Test No. 469549-01-2.



Figure 7.13. Interior of Test Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-2.

7.5.7 Occupant Risk Factors

Data from the accelerometer, located at the vehicle center of gravity, were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk and results are shown in Table 7.4. Figure 7.14 summarizes these data and other pertinent information from the test. Figure E.3 in Appendix E3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures E.4 through E.9 in Appendix E4 show acceleration versus time traces.

Occupant Risk Factor	Value	Time
OIV		
Longitudinal	18.7 ft/s	at 0,1048 s on right side of interior
Lateral	24.3 ft/s	at 0.1048 s on right side of interior
Occupant Ridedown Accelerations		
Longitudinal	5.3 g	0.1104–0.1204 s
Lateral	10.0 g	0.1395–0.1495 s
THIV	33.3 km/h 9.2 m/s	at 0.1025 s on right side of interior
PHD	10.1 g	0.1396–0.1496 s
ASI	1.68	0.0668–0.1168 s
Maximum 50-ms Moving Average		
Longitudinal	-9.7 g	0.0398–0.0898 s
Lateral	-12.5 g	0.0411–0.0911 s
Vertical	4.2 g	0.0997–0.1497 s
Maximum Roll, Pitch, and Yaw Angles		
Roll	14°	1.3533 s
Pitch	10°	0.6060 s
Yaw	46°	0.9440 s

Table 7.4. Occupant Risk Factors for Test No. 469549-01-2.



2020-10-12

General Information		Impact Conditions	Post-Impact Trajectory
Test Agency	Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)		Stopping Distance 250 ft downstream
Test Standard Test No	MASH Test 3-21	Angle	28 ft toward traffic
TTI Test No	469549-01-2	Location/Orientation Centerline of post 14	Vehicle Stability
Test Date	2019-03-06	at connection	Maximum Yaw Angle 46°
Test Article		Impact Severity 106 kip-ft	Maximum Pitch Angle 10°
Туре	Transition	Exit Conditions	Maximum Roll Angle 14°
Name	Thrie Beam Transition	Speed 49.2 mi/h	Vehicle Snagging No
Installation Length	102 ft-10¾ inches	Trajectory/Heading Angle 9.0° / 8.4°	Vehicle Pocketing No
	16-ft long parapet/moment slab, a 27 ft-	Occupant Risk Values	Test Article Deflections
	6¼ inch long W-beam to thrie-beam to	Longitudinal OIV 18.7 ft/s	Dynamic 6.3 inches
	parapet transition section, 50 ft of W-beam	Lateral OIV 24.3 ft/s	Permanent 2.75 inches
	guardrail, and DAT terminal; top of metal	Longitudinal Ridedown 5.3 g	Working Width 22.7 inches
	rail height 31 inches	Lateral Ridedown 10.0 g	Height of Working Width 50.5 inches
Soil Type and Condition	AASHTO M147-65(2004), grading B Soil	THIV 33.3 km/h	Vehicle Damage
	(crushed limestone)	PHD 10.1 g	VDS
Test Vehicle		ASI 1.68	CDC 01FREW4
Type/Designation	2270P	Max. 0.050-s Average	Max. Exterior Deformation 15.0 inches
Make and Model	2013 RAM 1500 Pickup	Longitudinal	OCDI FR0100000
Curb		Lateral12.5 g	Max. Occupant Compartment
Test Inertial	5034 lb	Vertical 4.2 g	Deformation 4.0 inches
Dummy	No dummy		
Gross Static			

Figure 7.14. Summary of Results for MASH Test 3-21 on Upstream Transition.

CHAPTER 8: MASH TEST 3-21 ON DOWNSTREAM TRANSITION

8.1 TEST ARTICLE AND INSTALLATION DETAILS

The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure installation was the same as used in the previous tests. Figure 7.1 presents overall information on the transition, and Figure 7.2 provides photographs of the installation. Appendix A provides further details of the transition.

8.2 MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Appendix B provides material certification documents for the materials used to install/construct the downstream transition.

8.3 SOIL CONDITIONS

On the day of Test No. 469549-01-4, March 19, 2019, load on the post at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches was 7525 lbf, 8080 lbf, and 8131 lbf, respectively. Tables C.4 in Appendix C shows the strength of the backfill material in which the transition was installed met minimum requirements.

8.4 MASH TEST 3-21 (CRASH TEST NO. 469549-01-4)

8.4.1 Test Designation and Actual Impact Conditions

MASH Test 3-21 involves a 2270P vehicle weighing 5000 lb \pm 110 lb impacting the CIP of the test article at an impact speed of 62 mi/h \pm 2.5 mi/h and an angle of 25° \pm 1.5°. The CIP for *MASH* Test 3-21 on the downstream transition was 5 inches \pm 1 ft downstream of the centerline of post 19 at the connection with the rail (82.75 inches from the end of the parapet).

The 2013 RAM 1500 pickup truck used in the test weighed 5052 lb, and the actual impact speed and angle were 62.8 mi/h and 24.8°, respectively. The actual impact point was 4.0 inches downstream of the centerline of post 19 at the connection with the rail. Minimum target IS was 106 kip-ft, and actual IS was 117 kip-ft.

8.4.2 Weather Conditions

The test was performed on the morning of March 19, 2019. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 4 mi/h; wind direction: 80° (vehicle was traveling in a northwesterly direction); temperature: 64°F; relative humidity: 49 percent.

8.4.3 Test Vehicle

Figures 8.1 and 8.2 show the 2013 RAM 1500 pickup truck used for the crash test. The vehicle's test inertia weight was 5052 lb, and its gross static weight was 5052 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 11.75 inches, and height to the upper edge of the

bumper was 27.0 inches. The height to the vehicle's center of gravity was 28.25 inches. Tables F.1 and F.2 in Appendix F1 give additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using the cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.



Figure 8.1. Downstream Transition/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test No. 469549-01-4.



Figure 8.2. Test Vehicle before Test No. 469549-01-4.

8.4.4 Test Description

The test vehicle was traveling at an impact speed of 62.8 mi/h when it contacted the downstream transition 4.0 inches downstream of the centerline of post 19 at an impact angle of 24.8°. Table 8.1 lists events that occurred during Test No. 469549-01-4. Figures D.1 and D.2 in Appendix D2 present sequential photographs during the test.

For longitudinal barriers, it is desirable that the vehicle redirects and exits the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups). The test vehicle exited within the exit box criteria defined in *MASH*. After loss of contact with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest 196 ft downstream of the impact and 53 ft toward traffic lanes.

TIME (s)	EVENTS	
0.0000	Vehicle contacts transition	
0.0580	Vehicle begins to redirect	
0.1090	Left front tire leaves ground	
0.1220	Left rear tire leaves ground	
0.2030	Vehicle is parallel with transition	
0.2080	Right rear bumper contacts transition	
0.3510	10 Vehicle loses contact with transition while traveling at 54.1 m/h with a	
	trajectory of 5.6°/heading of 13.7°	

Table 8.1. Events during Test No. 469549-01-4.

8.4.5 Damage to Test Installation

Figure 8.3 shows the damage to the downstream transition. The guardrail was deformed from post 19 to post 21. The soil was disturbed on the traffic side of the concrete wing wall. Posts 19 through 22 were leaning toward the field side at 89°. There was superficial scuffing on the upper edge of the concrete parapet. Working width was 25.4 inches, and height of working width was 47.5 inches. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 2.2 inches, and maximum permanent deformation was 0.8 inches.

8.4.6 Vehicle Damage

Figure 8.4 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. The front bumper, radiator and support, grill, right front fender, right upper and lower A-arms, right front tire and rim, right frame rail, right front and rear doors, right cab corner, right rear exterior bed, and right rear tire and rim were damaged. The right front wheel (with tire) was completely removed. The windshield had stress cracks radiating from the right side A-pillar. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 17.0 inches in the front plane at the right front corner at bumper height. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 6.0 inches in the right side firewall and kickpanel. Figure 8.5 shows the interior of the vehicle. Tables F.3 and F.4 in Appendix F1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.

8.4.7 Occupant Risk Factors

Data from the accelerometer, located at the vehicle center of gravity, were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk and results are shown in Table 8.2. Figure 8.6 summarizes these data and other pertinent information from the test. Figure F.3 in Appendix F3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures F.4 through F.9 in Appendix D4 show acceleration versus time traces.



Figure 8.3. Downstream Transition after Test No. 469549-01-4.



Figure 8.4. Test Vehicle after Test No. 469549-01-4.


Figure 8.5. Interior of Test Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-4.

Occupant Risk Factor	Value	Time
OIV		
Longitudinal	19.7 ft/s	at 0 1022 α on right side of interior
Lateral	26.6 ft/s	at 0.1033 s on right side of interior
Occupant Ridedown Accelerations		
Longitudinal	6.0 g	0.1495–0.1595 s
Lateral	9.1 g	0.1521–0.1621 s
THIV	35.5 km/h 9.9 m/s	at 0.1006 s on right side of interior
PHD	10.3	0.1500–0.1600 s
ASI	1.55	0.0555–0.1055 s
Maximum 50-ms Moving Average		
Longitudinal	-8.6 g	0.0339–0.0839 s
Lateral	−11.5 g	0.0464–0.0964 s
Vertical	-4.8 g	0.1115–0.1615 s
Maximum Roll, Pitch, and Yaw Angles		
Roll	28°	0.9681 s
Pitch	15°	0.5922 s
Yaw	105°	2.0000 s

Table 8.2. Occupant Risk Factors for Test No. 469549-01-4	Table 8.	2. Occupant	Risk Factors	for Test No.	469549-01-4.
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-4-space W-beam Guardrail

-12 ga. W-beam, 9'-4-1/2" span x 2, Nested

Elevation View

General Information		Impact Conditions	Post-Impact Trajectory
Test Agency	Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)	Speed 62.8 mi/h	Stopping Distance 196 ft downstream
Test Standard Test No		Angle 24.8°	53 ft toward traffic
TTI Test No	469549-01-4	Location/Orientation 4 inches downstream	Vehicle Stability
Test Date	2019-03-19	of post 19	Maximum Yaw Angle 105°
Test Article		Impact Severity 117 kip-ft	Maximum Pitch Angle 15°
Туре	Transition	Exit Conditions	Maximum Roll Angle 28°
Name	Thrie Beam Transition	Speed 54.1 mi/h	Vehicle Snagging
Installation Length	102 ft-10¾ inches	Trajectory/Heading Angle. 5.6°/13.7°	Vehicle Pocketing No
Material or Key Elements	16-ft long parapet/moment slab, a 27 ft-	Occupant Risk Values	Test Article Deflections No
	6¼ inch long W-beam to thrie-beam to	Longitudinal OIV 19.7 ft/s	Dynamic 2.2 inches
	parapet transition section, 50 ft of W-beam	Lateral OIV 26.6 ft/s	Permanent 0.8 inch
	guardrail, and DAT terminal; top of metal	Longitudinal Ridedown 6.0 g	Working Width 25.4 inches
	rail height 31 inches	Lateral Ridedown 9.1 g	Height of Working Width 47.5 inches
Soil Type and Condition	AASHTO M147-65(2004), grading B Soil	THIV 35.5 km/h	Vehicle Damage
	(crushed limestone)	PHD 10.3 g	VDS 01RFQ5
Test Vehicle		ASI 1.55	CDC 01FREW4
Type/Designation	2270P	Max. 0.050-s Average	Max. Exterior Deformation 17.0 inches
Make and Model		Longitudinal	OCDI RF0033000
Curb	4953 lb	Lateral11.5 g	Max. Occupant Compartment
Test Inertial	5052 lb	Vertical4.8 g	Deformation 6.0 inches
Dummy	No dummy	-	
Gross Static			

Figure 8.6. Summary of Results for MASH Test 3-21 on Downstream Transition.

CHAPTER 9: SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

9.1 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

An assessment of the tests on the Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure based on the applicable safety evaluation criteria for *MASH* TL-3 for transitions is provided in Tables 9.1 through 9.3.

9.2 CONCLUSIONS

The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure, used on the upstream and downstream ends, performed acceptably for *MASH* TL-3 transitions. Based on the transition design developed for the project, *MASH* Test 3-20 in the immediate area upstream of the concrete parapet did not present reasonable uncertainty of success, so this test was not performed (considered optional for *MASH*). Table 9.4 shows the outcome of the crash tests performed on the transition.

103	t Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute		est Date: 2019-03-0
	MASH Test 3-20 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<u>Stru</u> A.	<u>actural Adequacy</u> Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle when impacted from the upstream end. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 7.1 inches.	Pass
Occ	cupant Risk		
D.	Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.	No detached elements, fragments, or other debris was present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or to present hazard to others in the area.	Pass
	Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.	Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 1.25 inches in the kick panel laterally across the floor pan.	
<i>F</i> .	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	The 1100C vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 19° and 10°, respectively.	Pass
Η.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant impact velocities should fall below the preferred value of 30 ft/s, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.	Longitudinal OIV was 27.3 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 30.5 ft/s.	Pass
Ι.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant ridedown accelerations should fall below the preferred value of 15.0 Gs, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 20.49 Gs.	Maximum longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 19.4 g, and maximum lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 14.6 g.	Pass
Vel	hicle Trajectory For redirective devices, it is preferable that the vehicle be smoothly redirected and leave the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft for the 1100C and 2270P vehicles), and should be documented.	The 1100C vehicle exited within the exit box.	*Documentation only

Table 9.1. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 3-20 on Upstream Transition.

Tes	t Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute	Test No.: 469549-01-2 T	est Date: 2019-03-06
	MASH Test 3-21 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<u>Strı</u> A.	<u>actural Adequacy</u> Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle when impacted on the upstream end. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 6.3 inches.	Pass
<u>Occ</u> D.	Eupant RiskDetached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section	No detached elements, fragments, or other debris was present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or to present hazard to others in the area. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 4.0 inches in the right front kick panel laterally	Pass
F.	5.3 and Appendix E of MASH. The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	across the floor pan. The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 13° and 10°, respectively.	Pass
Н.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant impact velocities should fall below the preferred value of 30 ft/s, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.	Longitudinal OIV was 18.7 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 24.3 ft/s.	Pass
Ι.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant ridedown accelerations should fall below the preferred value of 15.0 Gs, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 20.49 Gs.	Maximum longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 5.3 g, and maximum lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 10.0 g.	Pass
Vel	hicle Trajectory For redirective devices, it is preferable that the vehicle be smoothly redirected and leave the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft for the 1100C and 2270P vehicles), and should be documented.	The 2270P vehicle exited within the exit box.	*Documentation only

Table 9.2. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 3-21 on Upstream Transition.

Tes	t Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute	Test No.: 469549-01-4 T	est Date: 2019-03-19
	MASH Test 3-21 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<u>Strı</u> A.	<u>actural Adequacy</u> Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	The Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle when impacted on the downstream end. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 2.2 inches.	Pass
<u>Occ</u> D.	Cupant RiskDetached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant	No detached elements, fragments, or other debris was present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or to present hazard to others in the area. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was	Pass
F.	compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH. The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	6.0 inches in the right side firewall and kickpanel.The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 28° and 15°, respectively.	Pass
Н.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant impact velocities should fall below the preferred value of 30 ft/s, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.	Longitudinal OIV was 19.7 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 26.6 ft/s.	Pass
Ι.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant ridedown accelerations should fall below the preferred value of 15.0 Gs, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 20.49 Gs.	Maximum longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 6.0 g, and maximum lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 9.1 g.	Pass
Veł	hicle Trajectory For redirective devices, it is preferable that the vehicle be smoothly redirected and leave the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft for the 1100C and 2270P vehicles), and should be documented.	The 2270P vehicle exited within the exit box.	*Documentation only

Table 9.3. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 3-21 on Downstream Transition.

Table 9.4. Assessment Summary for MASH TL-3 Tests on Guardrail to Rigid Barrier Transition Attached to Bridge or Culvert Structure.

Evaluation Evaluation		Upstream	Downstream Transition	
Factors	Criteria	Test No. 469549-01-1	Test No. 469549-01-2	Test No. 469549-01-4
Structural Adequacy	А	S	S	S
Occupant Risk	D	S	S	S
	F	S	S	S
	Н	S	S	S
	Ι	S	S	S
Test No.		MASH Test 3-20	MASH Test 3-21	MASH Test 3-21
	Pass/Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass

S = Satisfactory

U = Unsatisfactory

N/A = Not Applicable

CHAPTER 10: IMPLEMENTATION^{*}

The testing reported herein met all the requirements of *MASH*. However, other impact conditions were discovered that might be critical based on the final design developed for this project. These impact conditions (further testing) will be investigated under a new and separate project at a later date.

^{*} The opinions/interpretations identified/expressed in this section of the report are outside the scope of TTI Proving Ground's A2LA Accreditation.

REFERENCES

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- 2. AASHTO. *Manual for Assessing Roadside Safety Hardware*. Second Edition. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials: Washington, DC, 2016.
- 3. S. K. Rosenbaugh, R. K. Faller, R. W. Bielenberg, K. A. Lechtenberg, D. L. Sicking, and J. D. Reid. *Development of the MGS Approach Guardrail Transition using Standardized Steel Posts*. MwRSF Research Report NO. TRP-03-210-10, Midwest Roadside Safety Facility, Lincoln, NE, December 21, 2010.
- B. J. Winkelbauer, S. K. Rosenbaugh, R. W. Bielenberg, J. G. Putjenter, K. A. Lechtendberg, R. K. Faller. *Dynamic Evaluation of MGS Stiffness Transition with Curb*. MwRSF Research Report TRP-03-291-14. Midwest Roadside Safety Facility, Lincoln, NE, June 30, 2014.
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- W. F. Williams, R. P. Bligh, and W. L. Menges. MASH TL-3 Testing and Evaluation of the TxDOT T131RC Bridge Rail Transition. TTI Test Report No. 9-1002-12-4. Texas A&M Transportation Institute, College Station, TX, March 2013.



APPENDIX A.

DETAILS

OF

THE

TRANSITION

TR No. 0-6954-R1

69

2020-10-12





2020-10-12







74

2020-10-12











78

2020-10-12



The geometry and material specifications for this oval shoulder button-headed bolt and hex nut are found in AASHTO M 180. The bolt shall have 5/8-11 [M16x2] threads as defined in ANSI B1.1 [ANSI B1.13M] for Class 2A [6g] tolerances. Bolt material shall conform to ASTM A307 Grade A [ASTM F 568M Class 4.6], with a tensile strength of 60 ksi [400 MPa] and yield strength of 36 ksi [240 MPa]. Material for corrosion-resistant bolts shall conform to ASTM A325 Type 3 [ASTM F 568M Class 8.8.3], with tensile strength of 120 ksi [830 MPa] and yield strength of 92 ksi [660 MPa]. This bolt material has corrosion resistance comparable to ASTM A588 steels. Metric zinc-coated bolt heads shall be marked as specified in ASTM F 568 Section 9 with the symbol "4.6."

Nuts shall have ANSI B1.1 Class 2B [ANSI B1.13M Class 6h] 5/8-11 [M16x2] threads. The geometry of the nuts, with the exception of the recess shown in the drawing, shall conform to ANSI B18.2.2 [ANSI B18.2.4.1M Style 1] for zinc-coated hex nuts (shown in drawing) and ANSI B18.2.2 [ANSI B18.2.4.6M] for heavy hex corrosion-resistant nuts (not shown in drawing). Material for zinc-coated nuts shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 291 (ASTM A 563) Grade A [AASHTO M 291M (ASTM A 563M) Class 5], and material for corrosion-resistant nuts shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 291 (ASTM A 563M) Class 6].

When zinc-coated bolts and nuts are required, the coating shall conform to either AASHTO M 232 (ASTM A 153/A 153M) for Class C or AASHTO M 298 (ASTM B 695) for Class 50. Zinc-coated nuts shall be tapped over-size as specified in AASHTO M 291 (ASTM A 563) [AASHTO M 291M (ASTM A 563M)], except that a diametrical allowance of 0.020 inch [0.510 mm] shall be used instead of 0.016 inches [0.420 mm].

	Stress Area of	Min. Bolt
Designator	Threaded Bolt Shank	Tensile Strength
	$(in^2 [mm^2])$	(kips [kN])
FBB01-05	0.226 [157.0]	13.6 [62.8]

Dimensional tolerances not shown or implied are intended to be those consistent with the proper functioning of the part, including its appearance and accepted manufacturing practices.

INTENDED USE

These bolts and nuts are used in numerous guardrail and median barrier designs.

GUARDRAIL BOLT AND RECESSED NUT

FBB0	1-05

SHEET NO.	DATE
2 of 2	5/2/2018





W-beam and thrie-beam guardrail posts shall be manufactured using AASHTO M 270 / M 270M (ASTM A 709 / A 709M) Grade 36 [250] steel unless corrosion-resistant steel is required, in which case the post shall be manufactured from AASHTO M 270 / M 270M (ASTM A 709 / A 709M) Grade 50W [345W] steel. The dimensions of the cross-section shall conform to a W6x9 [W150x13.5] section as defined in AASHTO M 160 / M 160M (ASTM A 6 / A 6M). [W150x12.6] wide flange posts are an acceptable alternative that is considered equivalent to the [W150x13.5].

After the section is cut and all holes are drilled or punched, the component should be zinc-coated according to AASHTO M 111 (ASTM A 123) unless corrosion-resistant steel is used. When corrosion-resistant steel is used, the portion of the post to be embedded in soil shall be zinc-coated according to AASHTO M 111 (ASTM A 123) and the portion above the soil shall not be zinc-coated, painted or otherwise treated.

Designator	Area $in^2 [10^3 mm^2]$	I_x in ⁴ [10 ⁶ mm ⁴]	I_y in ⁴ [10 ⁶ mm ⁴]	$\frac{S_x}{10^3 \text{ mm}^3}$	S _y in ³ [10 ³ mm ³]
PWE01-04	2.63 [1.7]	16.43 [6.84]	2.19 [0.91]	5.57 [91.2]	1.11 [18.2]

Dimensional tolerances not shown or implied are intended to be those consistent with the proper functioning of the part, including its appearance and accepted manufacturing practices.

INTENDED USE

Posts PWE01 and PWE02 are used with the SGR04a and SGR04c guardrails and the SGM04a median barrier. Blockouts like PWB01 (steel) or PDB01 (wood) are attached to each post.

Post PWE03 is used with the SGR09a guardrail and the SGM09a median barrier. Wood or plastic blockouts like the PWB02 are attached to each post with FBB03 bolts and FWC16a washers under the nuts.

Post PWE04 is used with the SGR09b guardrail and the SGM09b median barrier. A modified steel blockout PWB03 is attached to each post with at least two 1.5-inch [40 mm] long FBX16a bolts and nuts.

WIDE-FLANGE GUARDRAIL POST

PWE01-04

SHEET NO.	DATE
2 of 2	7/06/2005





Corrugated sheet thrie beam guardrail shall conform to the current requirements of AASHTO M180. The section shall be manufactured from sheets with a nominal width of 29¹/₂" [750]. RTM08a shall conform to AASHTO M180 Class A and RTM08b shall conform to Class B. Thrie beams may be either Type I or II (zinc-coated) or Type IV (corrosion resistant steel). Corrosion resistant steel should conform to ASTM A606 for Type IV material and shall not be zinc-coated, painted or otherwise treated. Inertial properties are calculated for the whole cross-section without a reduction for the splice bolt holes or slots.

Designator	Area	I _x	I y	S x	S y
	in. ² [10 ³ mm ²]	in. ⁴ [10 ⁶ mm ⁴]	in. ⁴ [10 ⁶ mm ⁴]	in. ³ [10 ³ mm ³]	in. ⁴ [10 ³ mm ³]
RTM08a RTM08b	3.16 [2.0] 4.03 [2.6]	3.8 [1.6] 4.8 [2.0]		2.22 [36.4] 2.87 [47.0]	

Dimensional tolerances not shown or implied are intended to be those consistent with the proper functioning of the part, including its appearance and accepted manufacturing practices.

INTENDED USE

The 8-space three beam guardrail is used in the W-beam to three beam transition with standard posts (STG03a-b).

8-SPACE THRIE-BEAM GUARDRAIL



 SHEET NO.
 DATE:

 2 of 2
 12/6/2016



Corrugated sheet three beam guardrail shall conform to the current requirements of AASHTO M180. The section shall be manufactured from sheets with a nominal width of 29½" [750]. RTM08a shall conform to AASHTO M180 Class A and RTM08b shall conform to Class B. Three beams may be either Type I or II (zinc-coated) or Type IV (corrosion resistant steel). Corrosion resistant steel should conform to ASTM A606 for Type IV material and shall not be zinc-coated, painted or otherwise treated. Inertial properties are calculated for the whole cross-section without a reduction for the splice bolt holes or slots.

Designator	Area in. ² [10 ³ mm ²]	Ix in. ⁴ [10 ⁶ mm ⁴]	I y in. ⁴ [10 ⁶ mm ⁴]	S x in. ³ [10 ³ mm ³]	$\frac{S_y}{in.^4 [10^3 \text{mm}^3]}$
RTM08a RTM08b	3.16 [2.0] 4.03 [2.6]	3.8 [1.6] 4.8 [2.0]		2.22 [36.4] 2.87 [47.0]	

Dimensional tolerances not shown or implied are intended to be those consistent with the proper functioning of the part, including its appearance and accepted manufacturing practices.

INTENDED USE

The 8-space three beam guardrail is used in the W-beam to three beam transition with standard posts (STG03a-b).

8-SPACE THRIE-BEAM GUARDRAIL



 SHEET NO.
 DATE:

 2 of 2
 12/6/2016

	STEEL	EEL TEXA: MILL DRIV TX 78155-7	/E		CERTIFIED MILL TE For additional co 830-372-877	pies		We hereby cer accurate and cor Quality Assur	tify that the test results presented here form to the reported grade specification
HEAT NO.:3085125 SECTION: REBAR 13MM (# GRADE: ASTM A615-16 Gr ROLL DATE: 12/16/2018 MELT DATE: 12/15/2018 Cert. No.: 82574497 / 08512	420/60	' 420/60	0 L 1 D 0	0650 Sta		S H I P T O	CMC Construction Svc 10650 State Hwy 30 College Station TX US 77845-7950 979 774 5900		Delivery#: 82574497 BOL#: 72761068 CUST PO#: 802106 CUST P/N: DLVRY LBS / HEAT: 35056.000 LB DLVRY PCS / HEAT: 2624 EA
Characte	eristic	Value			Characteristic		Value		Characteristic Value
	С	0.41%							
	Mn	1.03% 0.018%							
	S	0.042%							
	Si	0.16%							
	Cu	0.40%							
	Cr	0.11%							
	Ni	0.13%							
	Мо	0.030%							
	V	0.002%							rue of the material represented by this MTR:
	Cb	0.003%						*Material is	-
		0.013%							ed and rolled in the USA
		0.002%						and a second second	2004 3.1 compliant
									o weld repair
Yield Strength t		68.5ksi							o Mercury contamination
Tensile Strength t	est 1	109.4ksi							red in accordance with the latest version quality manual
Elongation t		16%							
Elongation Gage Lgth to		8IN						*Warning 7	Buy America" requirements of 23 CFR635.410
Bend Test Dian	neter	1.750IN						known to the	his product can expose you to chemicals which are
Bend To	est 1	Passed						or other rep	e State of California to cause cancer, birth defects roductive harm. For more information go
								or other rep	roductive name. For more information go

APPENDIX B. SUPPORTING CERTIFICATION DOCUMENTS

469458

TR No. 0-6954-R1

68

2020-10-12

12/26/2018 18:31:43 Page 1 OF 1



CMC STEEL TEXAS **1 STEEL MILL DRIVE** SEGUIN TX 78155-7510 CERTIFIED MILL TEST REPORT For additional copies call 830-372-8771

We hereby certify that the test results presented here are accurate and conform to the reported grade specification

Rolando A Davila

Quality Assurance Manager

EAT NO.:3083663 ECTION: REBAR 16MM (#5) 20'0 RADE: ASTM A615-16 Gr 420/60 OLL DATE: 10/08/2018 ELT DATE: 10/04/2018 ert. No.: 82559398 / 083663A371	ICION: REBAR 16MM (#5) 20'0" 420/60 O DE: ASTM A615-16 Gr 420/60 L 10650 Stat DATE: 10/08/2018 D College St IDATE: 10/04/2018 US 77845-7			S College Stati S CMC Construction Sv H I 10650 State Hwy 30 P College Station TX US 77845-7950 T 979 774 5900 O		Evcs College Stati Delivery#: 82559398 BOL#: 72737129 CUST PO#: 800421 CUST P/N: DLVRY LBS / HEAT: 6570.000 LE DLVRY PCS / HEAT: 315 EA		
Characteristic	Value		Characteristic		Value		Characteristic Value	
С	0.42%							
Mn	1.00%							
Р	0.012%							
S	0.050%							
Si	0.21%							
Cu	0.28%							
Cr	0.10%							
Ni	0.14%							
Мо	0.050%					The Following is t	true of the material represented by this MTR:	
V	0.000%					*Material is		
СЬ	0.001%					*100% mel	ted and rolled in the USA	
Sn	0.009%					*EN10204:	2004 3.1 compliant	
AI	0.001%					*Contains r	no weld repair	
Vield Strongth toot 4							no Mercury contamination	
Yield Strength test 1 Tensile Strength test 1	65.5ksi					*Manufactu	red in accordance with the latest version	
	104.6ksi						t quality manual	
Elongation test 1 Elongation Gage Lgth test 1	13%						"Buy America" requirements of 23 CFR635.410	
Bend Test Diameter	8IN					*Warning:	This product can expose you to chemicals which are	
	2.188IN					known to th	he State of California to cause cancer, birth defects	
Bend Test 1	Passed						productive harm. For more information go	
IARKS :			1			to www.P6	5Warnings.ca.gov	

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2020-10-12

12/05/2018 13:42:00 Page 1 OF 1

1 STEEL	EEL TEXAS - MILL DRIVI TX 78155-7	Е		CERTIFIED MILL TES For additional co 830-372-877	pies		We hereby cert ccurate and con Quality Assura	tify that the test results presented here form to the reported grade specification Folando A Davila
HEAT NO.:3083448 SECTION: REBAR 19MM (#6) 20'0 GRADE: ASTM A615-16 Gr 420/60 ROLL DATE: 09/30/2018 MELT DATE: 09/25/2018 Sert. No.: 82563673 / 083448A619	'' 420/60		10650 Sta		S H I P T O	CMC Construction Svcs 10650 State Hwy 30 College Station TX US 77845-7950 979 774 5900		Delivery#: 82563673 BOL#: 72743918 CUST PO#: 800936 CUST P/N: DLVRY LBS / HEAT: 6489.000 LB DLVRY PCS / HEAT: 216 EA
Characteristic	Value			Characteristic		Value		Characteristic Value
С	0.42%							Value
Mn	0.82%							
P	0.010%							
Si	0.056% 0.18%							
Cu	0.30%							
Cr	0.30%							
Ni	0.30%							
Мо	0.087%							
V	0.001%							rue of the material represented by this MTR:
Cb	0.002%						*Material is	
Sn	0.009%						All services and a service	ed and rolled in the USA
AI	0.001%							2004 3.1 compliant o weld repair
Yield Strength test 1	68.2ksi							o Mercury contamination
Tensile Strength test 1	104.2ksi							ed in accordance with the latest version
Elongation test 1	16%							quality manual
Elongation Gage Lgth test 1	8IN						*Meets the "	Buy America" requirements of 23 CFR635.410
Bend Test Diameter	3.750IN							his product can expose you to chemicals which are
Bend Test 1	Passed							e State of California to cause cancer, birth defects roductive harm. For more information go

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12/12/2018 01:48:35 Page 1 OF 1



TRIPLE S STEEL SUPPLY CO PO BOX 21119 HOUSTON, TX 77226-1119 (713) 697-7105 Fax: (713) 697-5945 Sold To:

Mill Certification 11/15/2018

MTR #: J1-----8812 Hwy att. TX 7 Fax: (903) 62

Ship To: TRIPLE S STEEL SUPPLY (JENSEN) 6000 JENSEN DR HOUSTON, TX 77026-1113 (713) 354-4113

Customer P.O.	HOU-182960	Sales Order	284218.9
Product Group	Merchant Bar Quality	Part Number	53750A0024010W0
Grade	NUCOR MULTIGRADE	Lot #	JW1810912351
Size	3/4x10" Flat	Heat #	JW18109123
Product	3/4x10" Flat 20' NUCOR MULTIGRADE	B.L. Number	J1-845498
Description	NUCOR MULTIGRADE	Load Number	J1-432871
Customer Spec		Customer Part #	

Roll Date: 10/4/2018 Melt Date: 9/28/2018 Qty Shipped LBS: 9,188 Qty Shipped Pcs: 18

ASTM A36/A36M-12, A709/709M-13 GR36, ASME SA36-10 Ed '11 Ad. ASME SA36-2010 EDITION-2011 ADDENDA ASTM A709/A709M-13 GR 36 [250]

C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	NI	Cr	Mo	V	Cb	Sn
0.14%	0.85%	0.015%	0.032%	0.19%	0.29%	0.13%	0.20%	0.047%	0.0549%	0.002%	0.010%
TI 0.001%	CE4020 0.37%	CEA529 0.40%									

CE4020: C. E. CSA G4020, AASHTO M270 CEA529: A529 CARBON EQUIVALENT

0		
Yield 2: 55,900psi	Tensile 2: 71,600psi	Elongation 24% in 8"(% in 203.3mm)
Yield 1: 56,000psi	Tensile 1: 71,700psi	Elongation: 24% in 8"(% in 203.3mm)

Specification Comments: NUCOR MULTIGRADE MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF: ASTM A36/A36M-14: A529/529M-05/2009) GR50(345), A572/572M-07 GR50(345); A709/709M-10 GR36(250) & GR50(345); CSA G40.21-04 GR44W(300W)& GR50W(350W); ASME SA36/SA36M-07; MEETS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF EN10204 SEC 3.1

£.

.

Comments: E-mail: websales@nstexas.com

All manufacturing processes of the steel, including melting, casting & hot rolling, have been performed in U.S.A
 Mercury in any form has not been used in the production or testing of this product.
 Welding or weld repair was not performed on this material.
 This material conforms to the specifications described on this document and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of Nucor Corporation.
 Results reported for ASTM E45 (Inclusion content) and ASTM E381 (Macro-etch) are provided as interpretation of ASTM procedures.

46549

Bela R Vartan

NBMG-10 October 1, 2017

Bhargava R Vantari Division Metallurgist


22979 Stelfast Parkway Strongsville, Ohio 44149

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL AND SPECIFICATIONS

- Sales Order #: 212848
- Part No: CB2G06253000C
- Quantity (PCS): 150
- Description: 5/8-11x3 Rd Hd Sq Nk Carr Bolt A307 GrA FT HDG
- Specification: ANSI B18.5
- Stelfast I.D. NO: NBPX-2017-0251-1
- Customer PO: 34593
- Warehouse: HOU

The data in this report is a true representation of the information provided by the material supplier certifying that the product meets the mechanical and material requirements of the listed specification. This certificate applies to the product shown on this document, as supplied by STELFAST INC. Alterations to the product by our customer or a third party shall render this certificate void.

This document may only be reproduced unaltered and only for certifying the same or lesser quantity of the product specified herein. Reproduction or alteration of this document for any other purpose is prohibited.

Stelfast certifies parts to the above description. The customer part number is only for reference purposes.

h) an David Biss Quality Manager

469549

Page 1 of 1

January 28, 2019

ZHEJIANG LAIBAO PRECISION TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD NO.668 DONGHAI ROAD,XITANGQIAO TOWN,HAIYAN,ZHEJIANG,CHINA TEL: +86-573-86813788 FAX:+86-573-86811201

QUALITY CERTIFICATE

Customer Name :	BRIGHTO	N - BEST	INTERN.	ATIONAL	(TAIWAN), INC.	Count	ry of	origin:		China			
INV.NO.:	B	BT194	l	QU	ANTITY:			4.500	MPcs				
P.O.NO.:	1	U48606		TE	ST DATE:			04.07	2018				
S/C NO.:	В	BI1737	5	ON	BOARD:			04.08	.2018				
PART NO.:		490079			SIZE:			5/8-1	1×2				
LOT NO.:	17	0934180)1			1.20		DELO					
PRODUCTION DATE:	09	0.07.201	7	DES	CRIPTION:	A30	/ GRA	DE A C H.D		GE BO	LT		
Size: ASME B18.5 2 Material and Mecha Zinc Coatings: AST	nical prop		ASTM A	4307-201	4 GR.A								
1.Chemical Composi		aterial	(%)										
STEEL GRADE /HEAT NO:	DIA. (mm)	С	Si	Mn	Р	S	Cr	В	Ni	Al	M		
Q195/180450	16	0.06	0.1	0.34	0.018	0.029							
2.Dimension													
INS	PECTION	ITEM	[SPECIF	ICATION RESULT SAMPLE SI							
]	Head Mar	king			LB	307A LB 307A 1							
He	ad Dia	(inch))		1.219	9-1.344		1.259-	1.310	9			
Hea	d Height	(inch)	1		0.313	3-0.344		0.323-	0.338	9			
Squ	are Width	(inch)		0.610	5-0.642		0.621-	0.635	9			
Squ	are Depth	(inch))		0.313	3-0.344		0.324-	0.335	9			
Tota	al Length	(inch))		1.920)-2.060		1.985-	2.008	9			
Thre	ead Lengtl	h (inch))		FULL	THREAD		FULL TH	IREAD	9			
Maj		0.6112	2-0.6250		0.617-	0.621	3						
G	O Ring G		THE NUT OF L	JNC 5/8-11	^{+0.40} 2B	0	K	3					
NO		UNC 5	/8-11 2A		0	K	3						
Ten		MIN	60000		83394-	87475	2						
Har	dness	(HRB))		MA	X 100		84-	86	4			
	Visual	1			(OK		0	ĸ	25	5		
	L. C	Test				1		1	OK 25				
S	alt Spray	rest				/		/	59-60 9				

We hereby certify that the material described herein has been manufactured and tested with satisfactory results in accordance with the requirement of the above material/dimensional specifications.





22979 Stelfast Parkway Strongsville, Ohio 44149

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL AND SPECIFICATIONS

- Sales Order #: 212848
- Part No: MB2G06255000C
- Quantity (PCS): 90

Description: 5/8-11x5 Hx Hd Mach Bolt A307 GrA HDG

- Specification: ANSI B18.2.1
- Stelfast I.D. NO: 16082332801
- Customer PO: 34593
- Warehouse: HOU

The data in this report is a true representation of the information provided by the material supplier certifying that the product meets the mechanical and material requirements of the listed specification. This certificate applies to the product shown on this document, as supplied by STELFAST INC. Alterations to the product by our customer or a third party shall render this certificate void.

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Stelfast certifies parts to the above description. The customer part number is only for reference purposes.

David Biss Quality Manager

January 28, 2019



22979 Stelfast Parkway Strongsville, Ohio 44149

CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMANCE

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL AND SPECIFICATIONS

- Sales Order #: 212849
- Part No: DUSGA06250
- Quantity (PCS): 50
- Description: 5/8 U.S.S Flat Washer HDG
- Specification: ASME B18.21.1
- Stelfast I.D. NO: 731195-O204269
- Customer PO: 34641
- Warehouse: HOU

The data in this report is a true representation of the information provided by the material supplier certifying that the product meets the mechanical and material requirements of the listed specification. This certificate applies to the product shown on this document, as supplied by STELFAST INC. Alterations to the product by our customer or a third party shall render this certificate void.

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Stelfast certifies parts to the above description. The customer part number is only for reference purposes.

David Biss **Quality** Manager

January 28, 2019



Stelfast Inc.

22979 Stelfast Parkway Strongsville, Ohio

44149

Issued To: Mack Bolt, Steel & Machine 5875 Hwy 21 East BRYAN, TX 77808

Report of Chemical and Physical Properties

Purchase Order: 34641 Stelfast Order: SO 212849 Certificate #: 724,768

Ouantity: 150 Part #: AHHAG0875C Description: 7/8-9 Hvy Hx Nut GrA HDG/TOS 0.022

Lot Number: N2017120942GH Heat Number: G631006485 Country of Origin: CN

Ni

Cu

Chemical Analysis Mo В

V

Si Р S Mn 0.07 0.32 0.009 0.005

Mechanical Properties

Hardness (Core) Proof Load Specification

С

93 - 95 HRB 100 KSI MIN ASTM A563-GR.A

6

Cr

We hereby certify that the above data is a true copy of the data furnished to us by the producing mill or the data resulting from tests performed in approved laboratories. Stelfast does not certify to customer's part numbers. This certificate applies to the product shown on this document, as supplied by Stelfast Inc. Alterations to the product by our customer or a third party will render this certificate void.

David Biss Quality Manager

January 28, 2019



Stelfast Inc.

22979 Stelfast Parkway Strongsville, Ohio

44149

Mack Bolt, Steel & Machine 5875 Hwy 21 East BRYAN, TX 77808 **Report of Chemical and Physical Properties**

Purchase Order: 34593 Stelfast Order: SO 212848 Certificate #: 746.208

Quantity: 1,000 Part #: DHWGA07500 Description: 3/4 Hardened Washer F436 HDG Lot Number: GTR18538142A-020 Heat Number: 16606158 Country of Origin: CN

Chemical Analysis

C Mn P S Si Cr 0.45 0.67 0.018 0.004 0.2

Mechanical Properties

Core Hardness Grade Marking 29 - 34 HRC ASTM F436(11) Type 1

£

We hereby certify that the above data is a true copy of the data furnished to us by the producing mill or the data resulting from tests performed in approved laboratories. Stelfast does not certify to customer's part numbers. This certificate applies to the product shown on this document, as supplied by Stelfast Inc. Alterations to the product by our customer or a third party will render this certificate void.

David Biss Quality Manager

January 28, 2019



Stelfast Inc.

22979 Stelfast Parkway Strongsville, Ohio

44149

Issued To: Mack Bolt, Steel & Machine 5875 Hwy 21 East BRYAN, TX 77808

Report of Chemical and Physical Properties

Purchase Order: 34641 Stelfast Order: SO 212849 Certificate #: 717,272

Quantity: 250 Part #: AHHAG0750C Description: 3/4-10 Hvy Hx Nut GrA HDG/TOS 0.020

P

S

0.012 0.004

Lot Number: 18HYFX0064 Heat Number: G731008294 Country of Origin: CN

В

Chemical Analysis Mo

V

Ni Cu

Mechanical Properties

Hardness (Core) Proof Load Specification

Mn

0.35

С

0.08

8 HRC 100 KSI MIN ASTM A563-GR.A

6

Cr

Si

0.03

We hereby certify that the above data is a true copy of the data furnished to us by the producing mill or the data resulting from tests performed in approved laboratories. Stelfast does not certify to customer's part numbers. This certificate applies to the product shown on this document, as supplied by Stelfast Inc. Alterations to the product by our customer or a third party will render this certificate void.

David Biss Quality Manager

January 28, 2019

This	Mem	is an acknowledgem and is intended sole	nent that a Bill of Lading	has been i	ssued and i	s not the ori	ginal Bill of	Lading, nor a copy or duplicate, cov	ering the prope	rty named herein		
RECEIVE	D, subject	to the classifications and tariffs in effect on the date	of receipt by the carrier o	f the property	/ described in	the Original I	Bill of Lading	Carrier	Shipper's N	No. 16-75025	1	
at By T	Borth C	FUR TY	20	from	2				S/O No.			
throughout or within t	this contract the territory of	Now, in apparent good order, except as noted (contants and cond as meaning any person or corporation in possession of the prop its highway operations, otherwise to deliver to another carrier ch party at any time interested in all or any of said property, the back hereol, which are hereby agreed to by the shipper and accepte	intion of contents of packages unk enty under the contract) agrees to on the route to said destination.	nown) marked, i carry to its us It is mutually	consigned and de ual place of deliv agreed, as to ea	istined as shown rery at said destin ch carrier of all	below, which san nation, if on its or any of said	aid company (the word company being understood own railroad, water line, highway route or routes, property over all or any portion of said route to	Subject	to Section 7 of	Conditio	ns of ap-
including th	e conditions or	on party at any time interested in all or any of said property, than n back hereof, which are hereby agreed to by the shipper and accepted to be the shipper and accepted by the shipper and accepted to be the shipper and accepted by the shipper and accepted to be the shipper and accepted by the shipper and accepted to be the shipper accepted by the shipper and accepted to be the shipper accepted by the shipper accepted to be the shipper acc	at every service to be performed ad for himself and his assigns.	hereunder shall	be subject to all	the conditions n	ot prohibited by	law, whether printed or written, herein contained,	delivered to	to Section 7 of of Lading, if this the consignee	without re-	course on
Consig	ned to:	AMPLES, TESTING MATERIA		Cust. P.C	TXDO	n to to care		Load No.:	following sta	nor, the consig atement: ier shall not ma		
Destin		100 STATE HWY 47	200		14.00	1531		192° A	shipment v other lawful	ier shall not ma without payment charges.	of freigh	it and all
		H.D.G. 7090						Total Weight: 9,878.40		TRINITY HIGI PRODUCTS,	HWAY	
City:	RYAN	State:	Zip:		Ship: _	2/8/20	19		Per Trinity H	(Signature of Co	nsignor)	C
			/ /00 /		Arrive:_	2/8/19	5:00:00	PM	If cha stamp h	irges are to be pri iere, "To be Prepa	epaid, write	e or
Contac	t; and	GERKE VDA Phon	e:	÷ .						TO BE PRE		1
	ring Car	8 7 1 /	936-825-4661 Veb		ar Initial:	55508	1	No	Received \$_ to apply	in prepayment of	and the	es
			ven		ar millai			No	on the p	property described	l hereon.	
Colle \$	ct On	Delivery:and remit to:						.D. charge Shipper be paid by Consignee		Agent or Cas	hier	
			Street				City	/State		signature here ac amount prepaid.] Charges adva)	95
No. Pkgs.	Piece Count	Description of Articles	*Wt.	Class or Rate	Col.	No. Pkgs.	Piece Count	Description of Ar	icles	*Wt.	Class or Rate	Col.
U	in deli	very, all materials subject to Trini	er Linberge Desdu	the TT /				D342 X /2 000	1.11		Tidio	001.
Pr	biect In	6: TEXAS DOT TEST WINGW.	ALL TTI 469548	NLD, LAN	STOI 4546	zgain Poi	TEA MO.	UM3-LG-002.			113	
	Com						-			1. A.	198.5	
		Sector Sector Sector										
	20	11G 12/12/6/3/1.5/S	there is it					de la constante de la				
	50	533G 6'0 POST/8.5/DDR		12.5								
	8	724G 6'0 TUBE SL/.125X8X6	5									100
	4	850G 12/BUFFER/ROLLED						and the second second				
	4	975G TIO/END SHOE		1000		1		A STATEMENT AND A STATEMENT		CALL PROPERTY		P. S. M. Y
	4	3000G CBL 3/4X65/DBL SW		1						a 22 - 10 - 10		
	400	3320G 3/16"X1.75"X3" WASH 3340G 5/8" GR HEX NUT	125.14									
	308	3360G 5/8"X1.25" GR BOLT		1								
	50	3500G 5/8"X10" GR BOLT A3	107						r	1.1	1	
	50	4076B WD BLK RTD 6X8X14	1	1.					5			
	8	4140B WD 4'0.25 POST 5.5X7	5					1	λ I	1. 2.2		1.2
	8	10967G 12/9'4.5/3'1.5/S						6	1			
	8	12227G T12/12/6/3'1.5:6@1'6.75						.5)				
	8	19481G C3X5#X6'-8" RUBRAD						1			11.00	
	4	20207G 12/94.5/8-HOLE ANCH				-		40		199		
	4	B2218G TIO/TRAN/TB:WB/AS										
	- 4	B6120A DAT-31-TX-HDW-CA	F4									
								JUARUKAIL HW	Y STE	EL		
		2.1	1-					NMFC ITEM 1	-	12		
		2-Bundi	E					INIVIEU TIENT	00400	1.0	1.2.3	
		4 - Pall	015					CLASS 5	0			
		4 - Pair		See 2								
-		1										
		a second second second										
									(- 50%		-	
		ER LOAD - CONSIGNE			14	7000	-			Total We	aight	0
*If the sl	hipment m	oves between two ports by a carrier by water	the law requires that th	e hill of ladi	ng chall cta	75024	in "norrier's	or shipper's weight"	,	o ord	d	-22
The agr	eed or dec	clared value of the property is hereby	equired to state specific	ally in writin	ig the agree	d or declare	d value of t	the property.	H	9.87	(0
SHIP	PER	by the shipper to be not exceeding I hereby authorize this shipment and mak and agree to the contract terms and cond	e the declaration of value	ues (if anv)	p	er CONSI	GNEE R	eceived the above described proper	v in good cond	lition except as pr	ted on	
OR A	GENT	and agree to the contract terms and cond		100 1	2-19	0 10	R th	the back hereof and agree to the fores	joing contract t	erms and conditio A.M.	ons.	
SIGN AGEN DRIVI	IT OR	This shipment received subject to exception	DA ons as noted and accor	ding to the	-11			/ DA	/ re	TIME	_	
- I COLLEGE	HERE)	terms and conditions hereof.	D	ATE	LOIC	Ĵ	/ER		NO			
ermaner	t post-offic	ce address of shipper,							NU			
RI 609-F	RF (R 10/9	3)	r)	his Bill of L	ading is to I	be signed by	the shippe	or C	ONSIGNE	E/CUSTON	IFR CC	PY

		Certified A	nalys	is	Hatway Produces
Trinity Hi	ghway Products , LLC				
2548 N.E.	28th St.	Order Number:	1306037	Prod Ln Grp: 3-Gua	rdrail (Dom)
Ft Worth (T	HP), TX 76111 Phn:(817) 665-1499	Customer PO:	TXDOT TE	EST	As of: 2/7/19
Customer:	SAMPLES, TESTING MATERIALS	BOL Number:	75025	Ship Date:	ALG IN AND
	2525 STEMMONS FRWY	Document #:	1		ASON 551
		Shipped To:	ТХ		1610
	DALLAS, TX 75207	Use State:	TX		0(0
Project:	TEXAS DOT TEST WINGWALL TTI 469548				

Qty	Part #	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Yield	TS	Elg	С	Mn	Р	S	Si	Cu	Cb	Cr	Vn	ACW
20	11G	12/12'6/3'1.5/S	RHC		2	L23818		1. 1. 1. 1.		Sec.									4
			M-180	Λ	2	230046	62,830	81,430	27.2	0.200	0.750	0.009 0.	002	0.020	0.140	0.000	0.050	0.002	4
			M-180	A	2	230048	61,910	79,610	25.7	0.190	0.730	0.012 0.	002	0.020	0.140	0.000	0.070	0.002	4
			M-180	А	2	230049	59,510	78,150	28.8	0.190	0.740	0.010 4.	000	0.010	0.120	0.000	0.050	0.002	4
			M-180	А	2	231186	57,040	77,590	26.9	0.180	0.720	0.010 0.	004	0.020	0.110	0.000	0.060	0.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	231187	55,080	78,060	25.3	0.180	0.720	0.014 0.	004	0.010	0.110	0.000	0.070	0.008	4
			M-180	А	2	231188	59,830	82,260	22.6	0.190	0.740	0.010 0.	002	0.020	0.120	0.000	0.050	0.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	231189	59,500	81,190	23.6	0.190	0.700	0.014 0.	004	0.010	0.110	0.000	0.060	0.002	4
			M-180	A	2	A89864	64,500	86,000	19.7	0.200	0.720	0.015 0.	002	0.030	0.050	0.001	0.060	0.001	4
			M-180	A	2	C87743	60,600	83,000	22.1	0.200	0.680	0.008 0.	003	0.030	0.060	0.001	0.050	0.001	4
	11G				2	F10519													
			M-180	A	2	1187949	65,100	87,200	17.0	0.210	0.750	0.009 0.	001	0.030	0.090	0.003	0.040	0.003	4
			M-180	Α	2	1187950	64,800	87,400	22.0	0.210	0.750	0.009 0.	002	0.020	0.090	0.004	0.040	0.003	4
			M-180	Α	2	1287622	54,900	76,100	17.0	0.190	0.760	0.008 0.	002	0.030	0.080	0.005	0.040	0.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	1287623	58,900	79,800	28.0	0.180	0.770	0.009 0.	001	0.030	0.090	0.002	0.040	0.002	4
50	533G	6'0 POST/8.5/DDR	A-36			59083349	61,493	77,009	9,999.0	0.080	0.860 (0.024 0.0	31 ().100	0.310	0.011 (0.220	0.002	4
8	724G	6'0 TUBE SL/.125X8X6	A-500			C86781	54,400	65,800	32.0	0.050	0.390 (0.007 0.0	02 0).020	0.110	0.000	0.050	0.001	4
4	850G	12/BUFFER/ROLLED	M-180	A	2	229319	62,700	81,420	24.3	0.190	0.720 (0.007 0.0	04 0	0.010	0.060	0.002	0.050	0.000	4
	850G		M-180	A	2	11719850	51,600	62,400	33.0	0.050	0.520 (0.009 0.0	03 0).040	0.100	0.001 (0.050	0.002	4
4	975G	T10/END SHOE	M-180	В		231842	47,330	60,030	36.4	0.050	0.470 (0.013 0.0	04 0	0.010	0.130	0.000	0.080	0.000	4
4	3000G	CBL 3/4X6'6/DBL	HW			315648													

1 of 4

						Certifi	ed Ana	lysis			ist Highway Pro
Trinity F	Iighway F	Products, LLC									E I
2548 N.E	28th St.					Order	r Number: 1306	5037 Pro	d Ln Grp: 3-Guardrail (Dom	0	
		76111 Phn:(817) 665-1499					tomer PO: TXD				
										1	Asof: 2/7/19
Customer		LES, TESTING MATER	IALS				Number: 7502	25	Ship Date:		
	2525 S	TEMMONS FRWY				Do	cument #: 1				
						Sh	ipped To: TX				
	DALL	AS, TX 75207				τ	Use State: TX				
Project:	TEXA	S DOT TEST WINGWAI	LL TTI 46	9548							
	1.2000.00			-			and Martines				
Qty	Part #	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Yield	TS	Elg C Mn P	S Si Cu	Cb Cr Vi
25	3320G	3/16"X1.75"X3" WASHER	ĤW			11747860		10.4			
100	22400	FOR OD HEY MUT	1101/			18 42 000					
400	3340G	5/8" GR HEX NUT	HW			18-42-060					
300	3360G	5/8"X1.25" GR BOLT	HW			1568224					
50	3500G	5/8"X10" GR BOLT A307	HW			31647					
50	4076B	WD BLK RTD 6X8X14	HW			36087					
8	4140B	WD 4'0.25 POST 5.5X7.5	HW			26543					
8	10967G	12/9'4.5/3'1.5/S	RHC		2	L13318					
			M-180	A	2	228149	59,790	78,060	27.8 0.190 0.740 0.011 0.0	05 0.010 0.130	0.000 0.040 0.00
			M-180	A		228150	60,150	78,580		03 0.020 0.120	
			M-180	A		229087	61,480	79,640		04 0.020 0.100	
			M-180	A		229089	58,490	78,020		06 0.010 0.110	
			M-180		2	229090	61,420	79,550		05 0.010 0.110	
			M-180 M-180	A A		229091 229321	61,440 61,460	78,930 81,180		04 0.010 0.120 03 0.010 0.090	
			M-180	A			61,460	79,320		03 0.010 0.090 03 0.020 0.100	
			M-180	A			60,720	79,320		02 0.020 0.100	
			M-180	A		229323	61,360	79,890		02 0.020 0.100	
			M-180	A			63,200	83,700		02 0.030 0.070	
			M-180	· A		A89601	62,600	82,400		02 0.030 0.080	
			M-180	Α		C86850	63,800	83,000		02 0.040 0.060	

TR No. 0-6954-R1

						Certifie	d Ana	lysis							rinis.	Highwa		uucis
Trinity Hi	ighway P	roducts, LLC													-	V		7
2548 N.E.	28th St.					Order 1	Number: 1306	037 Pro	d Ln Grp:	3-Gua	drail	(Dom)						
		76111 Phn:(817) 665-1499					mer PO: TXD		1			()						
									G11 D					ŀ	sof: 2/	7/19		
Customer:	SAMP.	LES, TESTING MATERIA	ALS				Number: 7502	.5	Ship Dat	e:								
	2525 S	TEMMONS FRWY				Docu	ament #: 1											
						Ship	pped To: TX											
	DALLA	S, TX 75207				Us	e State: TX											
Project:		S DOT TEST WINGWAL	TTI 460	0548														
110jeet.	11.777	S DOT TEST WING WAL	L 11140.	/////														-
Qty	Part #	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Yield	TS	Elg	с м	n	P S	Si	Cu	Cb	Cr	Vn	A
8	12227G	T12/12'6/3'1.5:6@1'6.75/S	RHC	Rog	2	L30518												
	100070		M-180	A		222039	61,590	79,770	24.0 0.	190 0.1	20 0	011 0.00	3 0.020	0.110	0.000	0.060	0.002	2
	12227G		RHC		2	L32418	(1.140	70 200	27.5 0	100 0	20 0	000 0 00	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.000	0.001	
			M-180 M-180	A A		229322 226511	61,140 61,110	79,320 79,440	27.5 0. 27.4 0.			008 0.00						
			M-180	A		220311	60,970	79,440	24.9 0.			014 0.00						
			M-180	A		227753	61,750	80,930	24,3 0.			013 0.00			0.000			
8	19481G	C3X5#X6'-8" RUBRAIL	A-36			3077310	55,400	77,200				13 0.039						
4	20207G	12/9'4.5/8-HOLE ANCH/S	RHC		2	L14818									0.000			
1.1.1			M-180	A		232196	61,710	79,460	28.7 0.			012 0.00						
			M-180 M-180	A A		233123 233124	63,570 62,720	82,430 82,150	22.7 0. 24.5 0.			013 0.00						
			M-180	A		233124	63,900	82,150	24.5 0.			018 0.00						
			M-180	A		A90778	65,800	86,800	20.7 0.			012 0.00						
			M-180	A		A90779	55,100	78,200	20.6 0.			010 0.00						
			M-180	А	2	C88581	59,000	79,100	16.3 0.	210 0.6	90 0.	009 0.00	2 0.030	0.110	0.000	0.060	0.001	1
			M-180	A	2	C88582	63,500	82,200	23.6 0.	200 0.7	10 0.	011 0.00	1 0.040	0.090	0.000	0.060	0.001	1
	20207G		RHC		2	L11118								-				
			M-180	A	2	224112	63,490	81,930	25.0 0.	190 0.7	30 0.	014 0.00	5 0.020	0.130	0.000	0.060	0.010	0
			M-180	· A		224113	62,130	80,880	24.2 0.			014 0.00			0.000			
			M-180	A	2	224115	63,530	82,190	23.9 0.			011 0.00			0.000			
			M-180	A	2	224275	63,280	81,880	24.5 0.	200 0.7	20 0.	011 0.00	5 0.020	0.110	0.000	0.050	0.002	2
			M-180	A	2	224276	62,740	83,080	26.9 0.	190 0.7		013 0.00	5 0.020	0.120	0.001		0.001	

3 of 4

	,		Certified	d Analysis		init,
Trinity Hig	hway Products, LLC					
2548 N.E. 2	8th St.		Order Nu	mber: 1306037 H	Prod Ln Grp: 3-Guardrail (Dom)	
Ft Worth (TH	IP), TX 76111 Phn:(817) 665-149	9.	Custom	er PO: TXDOT TEST		As of: 2/7/19
Customer:	SAMPLES, TESTING MATE	RIALS	BOL N	umber: 75025	Ship Date:	THE OTHER THE
	2525 STEMMONS FRWY		Docum	nent #: 1		
			Shipp	ed To: TX		
	DALLAS, TX 75207		Use	State: TX		
Project:	TEXAS DOT TEST WINGWA	ALL TTI 469548				
Qty 1	Part # Description	Spec CL	TY Heat Code/ Heat	Yield TS	Elg C Mn P S	Si Cu Cb Cr Vn A
4 3	6120A DAT-31-TX-HDW-CAN	A-36	2804979	43,400 64,800	30.0 0.190 0.480 0.006 0.001 0.	030 0.080 0.000 0.030 0.003
ALL STEEL ALL GUAR ALL COAT ALL GALVA	ANIZED MATERIAL CONFORM	NUFACTURED IN 180, ALL STRUC STEEL OR IRON A 15 WITH ASTM A-	USA AND COMPLIES WITH TURAL STEEL MEETS AS ARE PERFORMED IN USA 123 (US DOMESTIC SHIPMEN	THE BUY AMERICA AO TM A36 UNLESS OTH AND COMPLIES WIT NTS)		3 CFR 635.410.
ALL STEEL ALL GUAR ALL COAT ALL GALVA ALL GALVA FINISHED BOLTS CO NUTS COM WASHERS (USED WAS MELTED AND MA RDRAIL MEETS AASHTO M- TNGS PROCESSES OF THE S ANIZED MATERIAL CONFORN ANIZED MATERIAL CONFORN GOOD PART NUMBERS EN MPLY WITH ASTM A-307 S APLY WITH ASTM A-563 SP COMPLY WITH ASTM F-436 SP BLE 6X19 ZINC COATED SW/	NUFACTURED IN 180, ALL STRUC STEEL OR IRON A 4S WITH ASTM A- 4S WITH ASTM A DING IN SUFFIX PECIFICATIONS A ECIFICATION AN ECIFICATION AN	USA AND COMPLIES WITH TURAL STEEL MEETS AS ARE PERFORMED IN USA 123 (US DOMESTIC SHIPMEN -123 & ISO 1461 (INTERNATI B,P, OR S, ARE UNCOATE AND ARE GALVANIZED IN DARE GALVANIZED IN D/OR F-844 AND ARE GALVA	THE BUY AMERICA AC TM A36 UNLESS OTH AND COMPLIES WIT VTS) ONAL SHIPMENTS) 3D IN ACCORDANCE WIT ANIZED IN ACCORDAN	IERWISE STATED. TH THE "BUY AMERICA ACT", 2 TH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHE H ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHER	RWISE STATED.

Pott 469549



MJ LATHERN CO INC DBA METALS 2 GO PO BOX 20425 WACO, TX 76702 (254) 235-7700 Fax: (254) 235-7703 Sold To:

Mill Certification 10/8/2018



Ship To: METALS 2 GO 224 N. HEWITT DR HEWITT, TX 76643 (254) 235-7700

Customer P.O.	70801		
Product Group	Merchant Bar Quality	Sales Order	282180.18
		Part Number	2150303724010W0
Grade	NUCOR MULTIGRADE	Lot #	JW1810879151
Size	5x3x3/8 Angle		
Product	5x3x3/8 Angle 20' NUCOR MULTIGRADE	Heat #	JW18108791
	NUCOR MULTIGRADE	B.L. Number	J1-840626
Customer Spec	NOCOR MOLTIGRADE	Load Number	J1-428421
Sustomer Spec		Customer Part #	Development of the second s

hereby centry that the material described herein has been manufactured in accordance with the specifications and standards listed above and that it satisfies those requirements.

Roll Date: 9/28/2018 Melt Date: 9/17/2018 Qty Shipped LBS: 4,900 Qty Shipped Pcs: 25

C 0.14%	Mn 0.84%	P 0.022%	S 0.023%	Si 0.18%	С⊔ 0.31%	Ni	Cr	Мо	V	Сь	Sn	
CE4020 0.37%	CEA529 0.40%		A-3	0.1074	0.51%	0.13%	0.23%	0.045%	0.0452%	0.002%	0.010%	

CE4020: C. E. CSA G4020, AASHTO M270 CEA529: A529 CARBON EQUIVALENT

Yield 1: 60,100psi

Yield 2: 60,100psi

Tensile 1: 76,300psi Tensile 2: 77,400psi

Elongation: 20% in 8"(% in 203.3mm) Elongation 21% in 8"(% in 203.3mm)

Specification Comments: NUCOR MULTIGRADE MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF: ASTM A36/A36M-14; A529/529M-05(2009) GR50(345); A572/572M-07 GR50(345); A709/709M-10 GR36(250) & GR50(345); CSA G40 21-04 GR44W(300W)& GR50W(350W); AASHTO M270/M270M-10 GR36(270) & GR50(345); ASME SA36/SA36M-07; MEETS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF EN10204 SEC 3.1

Comments: E-mail: websales@nstexas.com

All manufacturing processes of the steel, including melting, casting & hot rolling, have been performed in U.S.A
 Mercury in any form has not been used in the production or testing of this product.
 Welding or weld repair was not performed on this material.
 This meterial conforms to the specifications described on this document and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of Nucor Corporation.
 Results reported for ASTM E45 (inclusion content) and ASTM E381 (Macro-etch) are provided as interpretation of ASTM procedures.

- BAYOU STEEL GROUP

	BAYOU STEEL G (LAPLACE 138 HWY 3217 LaPlace LOUIS Telephone (98)	IANA 70068	MATERIAL TRIPLE-S S HOUSTON TO USA		CATION		TRIPLE-S STE HOUSTON, TX 6000 JENSEN HOUSTON TX USA	DRIVE
Tested in Acco With: ASTM A6	ordance	Heat NO. J Cust.Mat. C	184770-4 Channels L112123 C682360240 C6X8.2 * 1	Length	04/30/ 400067 A36529 20'00	25 R 50 P	2 C: HOU-180 ef. 810077(ieces 30 eight 4920	
ANALYSIS	MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	IMPERIAL	TEST 1			IST 2	1	TEST 3
C 0.12 Mm 1.07 P 0.016 S 0.033 Si 0.28 Cu 0.30 Ni 0.23 Cr 0.20 Mo 0.090 Cb 0.015	YIELD STRENGTH TENSILE STRENGTH ELONGATION GAUGE LENGTH BEND TEST DIAMETER BEND TEST RESULTS SPECIMEN AREA REDUCTION OF AREA IMPACT STRENGTH	59200 PSJ 79900 PSJ 21 9 8 IN	I 551	MPa 591 MPa 799	CRÍAL DO PSI DO PSI 23 % 8 IN	METRIC 407 MPa 551 MPa 23 % 203 mm		METRIC
V 0 B . Al . Sn 0.014 N Ti	AVERAGE TEST TEMP ORIENTATION		F	INTERNAL EVERITY REQUENCY ATING , A52950-14		HARDNE GRAIN REDUCT	SS PRACTICE ION RATIO	1
Ci 6.1 CE 0.39	SA36-2010, A57250-12a of Mercury contaminat	, A70950-13a, ion in the pr	and the f ocess. Thi	ollowing AM s material	SHTO M2 is Hot	70 Grades: 3 Rolled Carbo	6, 50, and 30 n Steel.EN102	-13a, ASME 15. Heat is f 204-3.18.

I hereby certify that the material test results presented here are from the reported heat and are correct. All tests were performed in accordance to the specification reported above. All steel is electric arc furnace melted (billets), manufactured, processed, tested in the U.S.A with satisfactory results. No weld repair was performed on this heat.

Notarized upon request:

Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 30th day of April, 2018

ante

MARK EDWARDS, QUALITY ASSURANCE SUPERVISOR

Notary Public

Parish/County

Direct any questions or necessary clarifications concerning this report to the Sales Department 1-800-535-7692(USA)

106

2	DE (C.P.IZIP RA	MOS ARIZP	E COM	ENTE	RO 21	25		10	ERTH	FICAT	E OF	TEST		LYSIS		9	. Certificado / Milicado Nac	12	5036 - 21639397	
IC	LENGIA	EN	CALIBAB MX01 800 0	52) 01 818 3	BR 1111		6											F	cha / Data:	25	107/2018	
_			DATOS DEL CHENTE LOOK			_														Hech	o en México / Made in Me	
1.00	Customer, D	ACERD	USA INC (HOUSTON DISTRIB	UTION CEN	TERI			-			a	ENTE	CONS	GNADO	/ SHIP	TO			DATOS DEL B			
acció	/ Address: 8	11 FUIN	GTON BLVD					Œ	ENTER)	Undorne	DEA	CERO	USA	NC (HO	USTON	DISTRIB	UTION		Num Viele / T		UE / SHEPPING INFORMATIC	M
	Chy: HOUST	ON							ección /													
litano	Phone: 332	2376	Estado / S					Ch	dad/C	by HO	USTO	1			n I Dent				Núm. Factura I	Invoice h	No: F069628	-
ATEO E	loctrónico / el	Ani:	Pais / Cou	nty: U.S.A. (PIZIP	77022-	3			Calo / City: HOUSTON Estado / State: , TX Pedido / Customer Order No: 21639397								_				
																			Num. Plan / Sh	ipping Pla	m: 133765	-
																			Fecha Emberg	ue / Dicto:	28/07/2018	_
			COMPO							1									Orden de Com	pra / Purd	hear Order:	-
inda /	Secuencia / Sequence	Cime /	Producto / Description o	CIÓN QUÍ	A IC	HEARC	AL CO	APOSI	TION (L PESC	D/WE	GHT)										
	Conducation	Code				% Min	* 5	%P	XS	% Cu	1 % CI	-	1 34	10 15	1 % TI	NV	SL ND	XN	~			
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Certificamos que este material he sido producido, inspeccionado y probado de acuerdo a las normes de fabricación del acero aplicables a la ASTM A39-2003, A529-2005 (re aprobada el 2009), A572-2012 y A932-2011 y a las normas dimensionales NMX 6252, ASTM A6/ASM-2012. / We certify that the material has been produced hot-odied carbon, inspected and tested according to standarde explicable steelmaking to ASTM A36-2008, A529-2005 (Reapproved 2009), A572-2012 y A992-2011, and the dimensional standards NMX 8252, ASTM A6/ASM-2012.

Cost Sta-

GUSTAVO GABRIEL MANCILLA GARZA Gerente de Aseguramiento de Calidad / Quality Assurance Manager NUCOR

NUCOR CORPORATION NUCOR STEEL TEXAS

TRIPLE S STEEL SUPPLY CO PO BOX 21119 HOUSTON, TX 77228-1119 (713) 897-7105 Fax: (713) 897-5945 Sold To:

MIH Certification 11/15/2018



Ship To: TRIPLE 9 STEEL SUPPLY (JENSEN) 8000 JENSEN DR HOUSTON, 7008-1113 (713) 384-4113

Customer P.O.	HOU-182960		
Product Group	Merchant Bar Quality	Sales Offer	284218.9
Grade	NUCOR MULTIGRADE	Pert Number	53750A0024010W0
Size	3/4x10" Flat	Lot#	JW1810912351
Product	3/4x10" Flat 20' NUCOR MULTIGRADE	Heat #	JW18109123
Description	NUCOR MULTIGRADE	B.L. Number	J1-845498
Customer Spec		Load Number	J1-432871
reby certify that the m	aterial described herein has been manufactured in accordance with the specifications at	Customer Part #	

Roll Date: 10/4/2018 Melt Date: 9/28/2018 Oty Shipped LBS: 9,188 Oty Shipped Pce: 18

ASTM A36/A36M-12, A709/709M-13 GR36, ASME SA36-10 Ed '11 Ad. ASME SA36-2010 EDITION-2011 ADDENDA ASTM A706/A706M-13 GR 38 (250)

C 0.14% TI 0.001%	Mn 0.85% CE4020 0.37%	P 0.015% CEA529 0.40%	S 0.032%	Si 0.19%	Cu 0.29%	NI 0.13%	Cr 0.20%	Ma 0.047%	V 0.0549%	Cb 0.002%	Sn 0.010%
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CE4020: C. E. CSA G4020, AASHTO M270 CEA529: A529 CARBON EQUIVALENT

Yield 1: 56,000psi

Tensile 1: 71,700psi Yield 2: 55.900psi Elongation: 24% In 8"(% in 203.3mm) Tensile 2: 71,600psi Specification Comments: NUCOR MULTIGRADE MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF: ASTM A38/A38M-14: A529/529M-05(2009) GR50(345); A572/572M-07 GR50(345); A709/708M-10 GR36(250) & GR50(345); CSA G40.21-04 GR44W(300W)& GR50W(350W); ASME SA36/SA36/M-07; MEETS REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF EN10204 SEC 3.1

Comments: E-mail: websales@nstexas.com

All manufacturing processes of the steel, including melting, casting & hot rolling, have been performed in U.S.A
 Mercury in any form has not been used in the production or testing of this product.
 Welding or weld repair was not performed on this material.
 This material conforms to the specifications described on this document and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of Nucor Corporation.
 Results reported for ASTM E45 (inclusion content) and ASTM E381 (Macro-etch) are provided as interpretation of ASTM procedures.

Proving Ground 1 3100 SH 47 Bidg Bryan, TX 77807	Texas A&M Transportati Institute Teyes A&M University1 College Station. TX-7764 Phone 979-845-63761	31	.3- <u>01…Concret</u> Sampling¤	21 7.3-01-	Issue Date: ↔ C ↔ 2018-06-18∞
• Q	uality·Form¤	Prepared by:	Wanda L. Menges¶ Darrell L. Kuhn≃	Revision: 6°	→ Page:¶ C 1 of 1=
Project No ame of Technicia Taking Samp	an 1211 C		Name of Technician Breaking Sample	(-DEC I	
Signature Technicia Taking Samp	an A		Signature of Technician Breaking Sample	chr	, The
Load No.	Truck No.	Ticket No.	Locat	tion (from concrete	e map)
_T/	7110	5202524	100%	Footing	
Load No.	Break Date	Cylinder Age	Total Load (lbs)	Break (psi)	Average
TI	2019-3-4	28 DAYS	151,000	5340	
1	1	1	144,000	5095	52.45
+	+	*	150,000	5305	

	1			DV.		TICKE	T NO.
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	erside Campu	-	DRIVER N		2028	5.0 4694	DATE
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			a comment				
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SOUTH 28 INTO REL ABOUT	SIE, RIGHT ON	LEONARD, RIG ND THEY WILL	HT ON HWY-47 MEET YOU AT	THE ROUND	TOTAL	-ORM: 26	77993
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SOUTH 28 INTO REL ABOUT DANGER! MAY CAUS SEE WARNINGS ON Truck 7110 Load Siz 3.50 CY Material D ICS SAND-1 I FLYRSH-C P88 SA	SE ALKALI BURNS. N REVERSE SIDE. Driver 919766 e Mix Code DS BDOTCC00 Pesian Oty Reg 1945 16 685 -1269 16 467 358 16 165 -1269 16 67 14 92 5	User User User Returned Dib 68400 lb Dib 4600 lb Dib 4600 lb Dib 1270 lb Dib 1270 lb Dib 1270 lb Dib 202 , 580 cz	MEET YOU AT Disp Ticket S208584 Gty X Var X Mp -0.233 0.70	THE ROUND FOR OFFICE Num Tic 7.36 Mix Age sture Actual M 28	total EUSE ONLY F ket ID 14 Seq D Wat gl	Time Da 10:38 2/ Load I 74622	te 4/19 D
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The information co		131	Samplingo	te 9 QF-7.3-01	
	ality.Forma		Wanda L. Menges¶ : Darrell L. Kuhn¤	Revision 60	n: ↔ Page:¶ 1 • of · 1=
Project No.	469545	Casting Date:	2018-02-15	Mix Design (psi	: 3600
ame of Techniciar Taking Sample		Riz	Name of Technician Breaking Sample	1	FRITZ
Signature o Techniciar Taking Sample			Signature of Technician Breaking Sample	9.2	The
Load No.	Truck No.	Ticket No.	Locat	tion (from concre	te map)
TI	9035	5232582	100%	of Deck	(
Load No.	Break Date	Cylinder Age	Total Load (lbs)	Break (psi)	Average
] /	2019-3-4	17 DAYS	129,000	4545	
1	1	1	128,000	4530	4590
*	+	*	132,000	4670	
			121		
			and the factor		

			CUSTON	MER'S CC	DV			TICKET NO	D.
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			Dallas, T	and the second sec	4				
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		1	an installing	PLANT 618	тиск 9035	ORDER NO.	SLUMP	P.O. #/JOB/L	OT GRID
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	and the series	1		CUSTOMER	NUMBER	PROJECT	CUM. QTY		DERED QTY
D QUANTITY PF	RODUCT CODE DESC	RIPTION	Internet in	10000	Par in a	79546		. 50	3.50
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-ST 60 - 19	POLECON DI	fr cuingter	dura de la composition de la c	- 1	Fallor	and design the	UNITPRICE		1
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1.00 1	2967 FI	fr cuingter		- 1	L. A.	and design the	UNITPRICE		1
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CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS W	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO	ST CHARGE		*6,	Totallor Total	SALES		A	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS U GER! MAY CAUS WARNINGS ON	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE.	RT ON HWY-41	C-LFT IV	×6,	VERSIDE	SALES TOTAL	TAX	2586	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS W GER! MAY CAUS WARNINGS ON	RUCTIONS TON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 725360	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT	LEFT IN	X6,	VERSIDE	SALES TOTAL	TAX TAX TAX TAX TAX TAX	2586	MOUNT
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CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS W RER! MAY CAUS E WARNINGS ON Truck 9035 Load Size 3.30 CYI Material De	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 725360 Mix Code SE BDOTCC000	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT	LEFT IN	X6,	VERSIDE	SALES TOTAL	AX D Time 14:23 9 Loa	2586	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS W REPLACE WARNINGS ON Truck 9035 Load Size 3.50 CYI Material De 8 P80 1	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 725360 Mix Code OS BOOTCC00 Setto Of Code Setto Of Cod	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT User tisser Returned red Batched by 55 lb 56 or	L-LFT IN Disp Ti 5232550 Ctores Constant	x 6, 4 to RI s Moist	VERSIDE FOR OFF	SALES TOTAL	AX D Time 14:23 9 Loa	2586	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS U GERI MAY CAUS E WARNINGS ON Truck 9035 Load/Size 3.70 CYI Material De Pos	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 7253E0 Mix Code OS BDOTCC00 Setto Oty Requi	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT User tisser Returned red Batched by 55 lb 56 or	L-LFT IN Disp Ti 5232550 Ctores Constant	x 6, 4 to RI s Moist	VERSIDE FOR OFF	SALES TOTAL	AX D Time 14:23 9 Loa	2586	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS U GERI MAY CAUS E WARNINGS ON Truck 90.5 Load Size 3.50 CYI Material De 8 Page 1 19 157 157	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILL MEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 725360 Mix Code 05 BDOTCC00 seith 0ty Requi 193 16 676 14 cz 50 31269 16 4636 1945 16 6842 230 16 544	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT User NSer Returned red Batched Ib 525 lb 92 58 oc 1b 1260 lb 1b 6860 lb 1b 6860 lb	-LFT 11 5232590 0150 TX 5232590 04 4.672 -L603 -0.272 -1.012 -0.272 -1.012 -0.272 -1.012 -0.272	X 6 1 X	VERSIDE FOR OFF	SALES TOTAL	AX NLY FORM: D Time 14:23 9 Loa 148	2586 2586 2/15/ d ID 4	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS U IGER! MAY CAUS E WARNINGS ON Truck 9035 Load Size 3.30 CYI Material De 8 Pae 1 19 157	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILL MEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 725360 Mix Code 05 BDOTCC00 seith 0ty Requi 193 16 676 14 cz 50 31269 16 4636 1945 16 6842 230 16 544	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT User NSer Returned red Batched Ib 525 lb 92 58 oc 1b 1260 lb 1b 6860 lb 1b 6860 lb	-LFT 11 5232590 0150 TX 5232590 04 4.672 -L603 -0.272 -1.012 -0.272 -1.012 -0.272 -1.012 -0.272	X 6 1 X	VERSIDE FOR OFF	SALES TOTAL	AX NLY FORM: D Time 14:23 9 Loa 148	2586 2586 2/15/ d ID 4	MOUNT
CIAL DELIVERY INST S 2818-R CAMPUS U GER! MAY CAUS WARNINGS ON Truck 9035 Load / Size 3.50 CYI Material Ba Paa 1 19 157 157	RUCTIONS T ON LEONARD ILLMEET AT RO SE ALKALI BURNS. REVERSE SIDE. Driver 725360 Mix Code SB DDTCC000 Mix Code SB BDTCC000 Mix Code SB BDTCC000 Mix Code SB BDTCC000 Mix Code SB BDTCC000 SB BDTCC000 Mix Code SB BDTCC000 SB BDTC000 SB BDTC0000 SB BDTC000 SB BDTC0000 SB BDTC0000 SB BDTC0000 SB BDTC0000 SB BDTC0000000 SB BDTC000000000000000000000000000000000000	RT ON HWY-41 DUND-A-BOUT User NSer Returned red Batched Ib 525 lb 92 58 oc 1b 1260 lb 1b 6860 lb 1b 6860 lb	Disp Ti Disp Ti 5232598 Qt k 4.67X8 -0.62X -0.64X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.12X -0.27X -0.12X -0.27X -0.12X -0.27X -	X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6 X 6	VERSIDE FOR OFF	SALES TOTAL ICE USE ON ICE USE ON	AX NLY FORM: D Time 14:23 9 Loa 148	2586 2586 2/15/ d ID 4	MOUNT

Proving Ground 3100 SH-47, Bidg Bryan, TX-778071	Texas A&M Transportal Institute Texas A&M-UniversityT College-Station.7X777 Phone 979-945-937571	tion Q	F∙7.3- <u>01 ••Concre</u> Sampling¤	Q17.5-0	↓ 2018-06-18×
	uality·Forma	Prepareo	l by: Wanda L. Menges¶ d by: Darrell L. Kuhn¤	Revisi 60	
The information of	contained in this document is	states and the second s	Sector Common of State	1 00	1011-
Project No ame of Technicia Taking Samp					FRITE
Signature Technicia Taking Samp	an di L	the	Signature Technician Breakir Samp	ng	the
Load No.	Truck No.	Ticket No	A REAL PROPERTY OF THE OWNER OF T	ation (from conci	rete map)
TI	7211	523730	07 100%.	OF DECK	
Load No.	Break Date	Cylinder A	ge Total Load (lbs)	Break (psi)	Average
TI	2019-3-4	14 PATS		3960	
//	2	11000			
			112,000	3960	4010
+	+	4	116,000	4105	
		135.0.10			
-					

Martin Marietta	Martin 1503 L	BJ Freewuite 400 s, Tx 7523	i etta ^{ay}	el gisterne agint	7307
LOAD TIME TO JOB	ARRIVE JOB SITE BE	GIN POUR	FINISH POUR	LEAVE JOB SITE	ARRIVE PLANT
13:30 - 13:47	14:10-1	4:14	1:1	:/	:
WATER ADDED ON JOB AT CUSTOMER	S REQUEST	CUSTOM		1.11	100
ALLOWABLE WATER (withheld from batc	h) <u> </u>	AL.	dr. Ch	Ne	-
TEST CYLINDER TAKEN YES NO CYLINDER TAKEN BEFORE	O BY	DELIVE	RY OF THESE MA	TERIALS IS SUBJECT EVERSE SIDE HERE	TO THE TERMS AN
ADDITIONAL WATER ADDED TO TH ITS STRENGTH. ANY WATER ADDE SLUMP IS AT CUSTOMER'S RISK. CUSTOMER NAME AND DELIVERY ADDRESS.	IS CONCRETE WILL REDU D IN EXCESS OF SPECIFI	ED	TURE ABOVE .	0. SLUMP P.O.	#/JOB/LOT GRID
1 TI-Riverside Campus		61	/ /211 2	012 5.0 469	1549 -
W. And		DRIVER NA	RY JANTZEN	2/18	DATE
		CUSTOMER	NUMBER PROJEC	CUM. OTY 3.0	ORDERED OTY
SPECIAL DELIVERY INSTRUCTIONS IGHT LE	ONARD RD, RIGHT F WILL MEET YOU AT	WY 47, I ROUND-A	LEFT SAI	LES TAX	
		×	1	TOTAL	
SEE WARNINGS ON REVERSE SIDE.			FOR OFFICE US	E ONLY FORM: 20	678319
		2		10.0 0 mg	
Truck Driver 7211 777135 Load Size Mix Code 3.00 CYDS Design By "CS 1945 SAMD-1 1269 "CS 1945 CMT-1/11 356 CMT-1/11 356 CMT-1/11 356 P80 14 Actual Num Batches: Load Total: Slump: 5.00	Asser Besty Returned G 0 10 5 10 5 10 6 10 7 10 4040 10 10 1090 14 10 3 02 42 02 3 02 42 10 42 10 5 10 42 10 42 10	307 Var X Moi 7X 0.70X 9X 5X 5X 5X	73939 Mix Age store Actual Wat M 24 gi	Seg Load D 74948 2.0 Actual 80.9 gl	/18/19 1D To Add: 6.0 gl
Normal State				46	9589



Table C.1. Summary of Strong Soil Test Results for Establishing Installation Procedure.





Table C.2. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 469549-01-1.

Date	2019-03-04
Test Facility and Site Location	TTI Proving Ground – 3100 SH 47, Bryan, Tx
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	Sandy gravel with silty fines
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and sieve analysis	AASHTO Grade B Soil-Aggregate (see sieve analysis)
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor





Table C.3. Test Day Sta	tic Soil Strength	Documentation for	Test No.	469549-01-2.
-------------------------	-------------------	--------------------------	----------	--------------

Date	2019-03-06
Test Facility and Site Location	TTI Proving Ground – 3100 SH 47, Bryan, Tx
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	Sandy gravel with silty fines
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and sieve analysis	AASHTO Grade B Soil-Aggregate (see sieve analysis)
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor





Table C.4. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 469549-01-4.

Date	2019-03-19
Test Facility and Site Location	TTI Proving Ground – 3100 SH 47, Bryan, Tx
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	Sandy gravel with silty fines
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and sieve analysis	AASHTO Grade B Soil-Aggregate (see sieve analysis)
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor

APPENDIX D. MASH TEST 3-20 (CRASH TEST NO. 469549-01-1)

D.1 VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

Table D.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 469549-01-1.

Date: <u>2019-03-04</u>	_ Test No.:	469549-1	VIN No.: KNADE	123976243438
Year: <u>2007</u>	Make:	Kia	Model: <u>Rio</u>	
Tire Inflation Pressure: 3	2 PSI	_ Odometer: <u>188865</u>	Tire Siz	e: <u>185/65R14</u>
Describe any damage to the	ne vehicle prid	or to test: <u>None</u>		
Denotes accelerometer	location.			
NOTES:		— A M	·	
		_ \ _ \		
Engine Type: <u>4 CYL</u> Engine CID: 1.6 L				
Transmission Type: ↓ Auto or ↓	Manual	Q =		
Optional Equipment:		P		
None				
Dummy Data: Type: <u>50th Perc</u> Mass: <u>165 lb</u> Seat Position: <u>Impact sic</u>	entile Male			
Geometry: inches			Ū	
A <u>66.38</u> F <u>3</u>	3.00	K <u>12.25</u>	P <u>4.12</u>	U <u>14.75</u>
B <u>51.50</u> G_		L <u>25.25</u>	Q <u>22.50</u>	V <u>20.50</u>
С <u>165.75</u> Н <u>з</u>	5.80	M <u>57.75</u>	R <u>15.50</u>	W <u>35.80</u>
D <u>34.00</u> I <u>7</u>	.75	N <u>57.70</u>	S <u>8.25</u>	X <u>101.75</u>
E <u>98.75</u> J <u>2</u>	1.50	O <u>27.00</u>	T <u>66.20</u>	
Wheel Center Ht Front		Wheel Center H		W-H <u>0.00</u>
RANGE LIMIT:A = 65 ±3 inche TOP OF RADIATOR	s; C = 169 ±8 inches; SUPPORT = <u>28.26</u>	E = 98 ±5 inches; F = 35 ±4 inches; inches; (M+N)/2 = 56 ±2 inches; V	H = 39 ±4 inches; O (Bottom of H V-H < 2 inches or use MASH Para	lood Lip) = 24 ±4 inches Igraph A4.3.2
GVWR Ratings:	Mass: Ib	<u>Curb</u>	Test Inertial	Gross Static
Front <u>1718</u>	M _{front}	1592	1557	1642
Back <u>1874</u>	M _{rear}	891_	887_	967_
Total <u>3638</u>	MTotal	2483_	2444	2609
		Allowable TIM = 24	20 lb ±55 lb Allowable GSM = 2	585 lb ± 55 lb
Mass Distribution:	777	RF: 780	LR: 402	RR: 485

Date:	2019-03-04	Test No.:	469549-1	VIN No.:	KNADE123976243438
Year:	2007	Make:	Kia	Model:	Rio

Table D.2. Exterior Crush Measurements of Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-1.

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete When Applicable							
End Damage	Side Damage						
Undeformed end width	Bowing: B1 X1						
Corner shift: A1	B2 X2						
A2							
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant						
(check one)	X1+X2 _						
< 4 inches	2						
\geq 4 inches							

Note: Measure C₁ to C₆ from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts – Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

		Direct Damage									
Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Width*** (CDC)	Max*** Crush	Field L**	C_1	C_2	C_3	C ₄	C_5	C_6	±D
1	Front Plane at bumper ht	12	7	18	7	3	1				16
2	Side Plane at bumper ht	12	10	40	2	4	6	8	9	10	62
	Measurements recorded										
	√ inches or ☐ mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

Year: 2007 Make: Kia Model: Rio OCCUPANT COMPARTMENT DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT Before After (inches) Differ. 0.00 A1 67.50 67.50 0.00 A2 67.25 67.25 0.00 A3 67.75 67.50 -0.25 B1 40.50 40.50 0.00 B2 39.00 39.00 0.00 B3 40.50 39.50 -1.00 B4 36.25 36.25 0.00 B4 36.25 36.00 0.00	Date:	2019-03-04	_ Test No.:	469549-1	<u> </u>	/IN No.:	KNADE123976243438	
DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT Before After (inches) Differ. A1 67.50 67.50 0.00 A2 67.25 67.25 0.00 A3 67.75 67.50 -0.25 B1 40.50 40.50 0.00 B2 39.00 39.00 0.00 B3 40.50 39.50 -1.00 B4 36.25 36.25 0.00	Year:	2007	Make:	Kia	ľ	Model:	Rio	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ſ_	<u>H</u>		71				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		F				Before		Differ.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		G]		A1	67.50	67.50	0.00
B1 40.50 40.50 0.00 B2 39.00 39.00 0.00 B3 40.50 39.50 -1.00 B4 36.25 36.25 0.00 D2 36.25 0.00 0.00	¶↓			JJF.	A2	67.25	67.25	0.00
B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6 B2 39.00 39.00 0.00 B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6 B3 40.50 39.50 -1.00 B4 36.25 36.25 0.00 B5 26.00 26.00 0.00	<u> </u>				A3	67.75	67.50	-0.25
B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B6 B3 40.50 39.50 -1.00 B4 36.25 36.25 0.00 D5 26.00 26.00 0.00					B1	40.50	40.50	0.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					B2	39.00	39.00	0.00
		B1, B2, I	B3, B4, B5, B6		B3	40.50	39.50	-1.00
B5 36.00 36.00 0.00					B4	36.25	36.25	0.00
		A1, A2	&Aβ		B5	36.00	36.00	0.00





D2, & D3 C1, C2,

& CB

*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kick panel to passenger's side kick panel.

DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT							
	Before	After	Differ.				
		(inches)					
A1	67.50	67.50	0.00				
A2	67.25	67.25	0.00				
A3	67.75	67.50	-0.25				
B1	40.50	40.50	0.00				
B2	39.00	39.00	0.00				
B3	40.50	39.50	-1.00				
B4	36.25	36.25	0.00				
B5	36.00	36.00	0.00				
B6	36.25	36.25	0.00				
C1	26.00	26.00	0.00				
C2	0.00	0.00	0.00				
C3	26.00	25.00	-1.00				
D1	9.50	9.50	0.00				
D2	0.00	0.00	0.00				
D3	9.50	9.00	-0.50				
E1	51.50	53.50	2.00				
E2	51.00	54.00	3.00				
F	51.00	51.00	0.00				
G	51.00	51.00	0.00				
Н	37.50	37.00	-0.50				
I	37.50	37.50	-0.50				
J*	51.00	49.75	-1.25				

D.2 SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS















Figure D.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Overhead and Frontal Views).

0.300 s





0.400 s













Figure D.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



0.100 s



0.200 s



0.300 s



0.400 s







0.600 s





Figure D.2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Rear View).



Figure D.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 469549-01-1.

2020-10-12



SAE Class 60 Filter

Time of OIV (0.0849 sec)

Figure D.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

Time (s)

50-msec average

D.4

VEHICLE ACCELERATIONS

2.



Y Acceleration at CG

Figure D.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



Z Acceleration at CG

Figure D.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).


X Acceleration Rear of CG



Figure D.7. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).



Figure D.8. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

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Z Acceleration Rear of CG

Figure D.9. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-1 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

APPENDIX E. MASH TEST 3-21 (CRASH TEST NO. 469549-01-2)

E.1 VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

	T	able	E.1. Vehicl	e Proper	ties for T	Cest No. 4	69549-01-2		
Date:	2019-03-0)6	Test No.:	4695	49-2	VIN No.	:1C6RR6	6T6DS62	28453
Year:	2013		Make:	RA	M	Model	:	1500	
Tire Siz	ze: <u>265/70</u>	R 17			Tire I	Inflation Pre	essure:	35 p	si
Tread ⁻	Type: <u>Highwa</u>	ay				Odd	ometer: <u>18539</u>	92	
Note a	ny damage to t	he ve	hicle prior to t	est: <u>Non</u>	е				
• Den	otes accelerom	neter la	ocation.		-	◀X - ◀₩►			
NOTES	S: None			†		717)	
				A M					
Engine Engine		liter		TRAC				-ji	WHEEL TRACK
Transn	nission Type:		Manual	-			-TEST IN	IERTIAL C. M.	
	Auto or FWD <u>_</u> F	RWD			R - P				•
Option	al Equipment: e			P.					В
Dumm Type: Mass	No	dumm	y O Ib	J J J I-	F F F				
Seat I	Position: NA					M	- E▶	▼ м	
Geome	etry: inches				-	FRONT	— c —	REAR	*
Α	78.50	F_	40.00	к	20.00	- P -	3.00	U _	
В	74.00	G_	29.00	. L	30.00	_ Q _	30.50	V _	
<u> </u>	227.50	H -	60.78	M	68.50	_ R	18.00	W _	
D	44.00 140.50	<u>ا</u> -	11.75 27.00	N	68.00 46.00	_ <u>s</u>	13.00 77.00	Х_	
E w	neel Center	J_		O Wheel Wel		- T -	Bottom Frame	e _	
н	leight Front		14.75 Cle	arance (Front Wheel Wel)	6.00	Height - Fron	t	12.50
F	leight Rear			arance (Rear)	9.25	Bottom Frame Height - Rea	r	22.50
		C=237 ±1					inches; O=43 ±4 inches;		
Front	Ratings: 3700		Mass: Ib	<u>Cu</u>	<u>rp</u> 2969	lest	<u>Inertial</u> 2856	GLOS	<u>s Static</u> 2856
Back	3900	-	M _{front} M _{rear}		2202		2178		2178
Total	6700	_	M⊺ _{otal}		5171		5034		5034
Mass I	Distribution:	_			(Allowable	Range for TIM and	d GSM = 5000 lb ±110 lb)	
lb		LF:	1423	RF:	1433	LR:	1120	R:	1058

Date:2019-(03-06 T	est No.: _	46954	9-2	VIN:		1C6RR6T	6DS628453	3
Year:20^	13	Make:	RAM	1	Model:		15	500	
Body Style: _C	auad Cab				Mileage:	1	85392		
Engine: <u>4.7 lit</u>	er \	√-8		Trans	smission:	Autom	natic		
Fuel Level: E	mpty	Ball	last: 60					(440) lb max)
Tire Pressure:	Front: <u>3</u>	35 ps	i Rea	ır: <u>35</u>	psi S	Size: _	265/70 R 1	7	
Measured Vel	hicle Weig	ghts: (l	b)						
LF:	1423		RF:	1433		Fre	ont Axle:	2856	
LR:	1120		RR:	1058		R	ear Axle:	2178	
Left:	2543		Right:	2491			Total:	5034	
			Ŭ				5000 ±1	10 lb allowed	
VVh	ieel Base:	140.50	inches	Track: F:	68.50	inche	s R:	68.00	inches
	148 ±12 inch	es allowed			Track = (F+F	R)/2 = 67	±1.5 inches	allowed	
Center of Gra	vity, SAE	J874 Sus	pension M	ethod					
X:	60.79	inches	Poor of E	ront Axle	(00.14)		N		
X .	00.10	Inches	Real of f			sanowed	1)		
Y :	-0.35	inches	Left -	Right +	of Vehicle	e Cent	erline		
Z:	29.00	inches	Above Gr	ound	(minumum 2	8.0 inche	es allowed)		
Hood Heig	ıbt [.]	46.00	inches	Front	Bumper H	leiaht:		27.00 i	nches
nood neig		nches allowed	-	TION	bumper n	leight.	. <u></u> .	<u>27.00</u> 1	nones
Front Overha	na.	40.00	inches	Rear	Bumper H	leiaht [.]		30.00 i	nches
one e vorna		nches allowed	-	, cour	Lamport	eignit.		<u> </u>	
Overall Leng	,th:	227.50	inches						
	237 ±1	3 inches allow	ed						

Table E.2. Measurements of Vehicle Vertical CG for Test No. 469549-01-2.

Date:	2019-03-06	Test No.:	469549-2	VIN No.:	1C6RR6T6DS628453				
Year [.]	2013	Make	RAM	Model [.]	1500				

Table E.3. Exterior Crush Measurements of Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-2.

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete Wh	en Applicable
End Damage	Side Damage
Undeformed end width	Bowing: B1 X1
Corner shift: A1	B2 X2
A2	
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant
(check one)	$X1+X2$ _
< 4 inches	2
\geq 4 inches	

Note: Measure C_1 to C_6 from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts – Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

G		Direct Damage									
Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Width** (CDC)	Max*** Crush	Field L**	Ci	C2	C_3	C_4	C_5	C_6	±D
1	Front plane at bumper ht	23	15	36	1	4	7	11	13	15	-18
2	Side plane at bumper ht	23	14	48	6	8			12	14	+76
	Measurements recorded										
	√ inches or ☐ mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

Date:	2019-03-06	Test No.:	469549-2	VIN No.:		1C6RR6T6DS628453		
Year:	2013	Make:	RAM	Model:		150	o	
		I] [†		DEFORMA			EMENT	
ſ				Befo		After (inches)	Differ.	
		E2 E3	E4 A	1 _ 65	5.00	65.00	0.00	
K	G		A:	2 63	5.00	63.00	0.00	
		н		3 65	5.50	65.50	0.00	
			В	1 45	5.00	45.00	0.00	
			B	2 38	5.00	38.00	0.00	
			B	3 45	5.00	45.50	0.50	
		1	Ť ∭ B-	4 39	.50	39.50	0.00	
		B1-3 B		5 43	5.00	43.00	0.00	
	D1-1	3	B	6 39	.50	39.50	0.00	
	C1-3-	[c c	1 26	5.00	26.00	0.00	
	\mathcal{O}		C	2 0	.00	0.00	0.00	
			С	3 26	5.00	24.00	-2.00	
			D	1 11	.00	11.00	0.00	
			D	2 0	.00	0.00	0.00	
	•		D	3 11	.50	12.00	0.50	
		2,5	E	1 58	.50	58.00	-0.50	
	B1,4	-,	E	2 63	5.50	64.00	0.50	
		-4	E	3 63	5.50	63.50	0.00	
	}		E	4 63	5.50	63.50	0.00	
			F		0.00	59.00	0.00	
			G		0.00	59.00	0.00	

Table E.4. Occupant Compartment Measurements of Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-2.

*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kickpanel to passenger's side kickpanel.

0.00

0.00

-4.00

Н

J*

37.50

37.50

25.00

37.50

37.50

21.00

E.2 SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS















Figure E.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views).

0.300 s

TR No. 0-6954-R1

















Figure E.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



0.100 s



0.200 s



0.300 s

Figure E.2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Rear View).



0.400 s







0.600 s



0.700 s



Figure E.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 469549-01-2.

TR No. 0-6954-R1

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2020-10-12



E.4

VEHICLE ACCELERATIONS

Figure E.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



Y Acceleration at CG Test Number: 469549-01-2 Test Vehicle: 2013 RAM 1500 Pickup



Figure E.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).

142





Figure E.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



X Acceleration Rear of CG





Figure E.8. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

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Z Acceleration Rear of CG

Figure E.9. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-2 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

APPENDIX F. MASH TEST 3-21 (CRASH TEST NO. 469549-01-4)

F.1 VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

	Table	F.1. Vehicle	e Properti	es for T	'est No. 40	69549-01-4.		
Date: 2	2019-03-19	Test No.:	46954	9-4	VIN No.:	1C6RR6	FT9DS5	19308
Year:	2013	Make:	RAN	Л	Model:		1500	
Tire Size:	265/70 R 1	7		Tire	Inflation Pre	ssure:	35 p	si
Tread Type:	Highway				Odo	meter: <u>13020</u>)3	
Note any dar	mage to the v	ehicle prior to t	est: <u>None</u>					
• Denotes a	ccelerometer	location.		ļ	◀──X─ ◀─₩─►	-		
NOTES: NO	one		. 1 +		717			
Engine Type Engine CID:	V-8 4.7 liter		A M WHEEL					- N T
Transmissior	or [Manual) 4WD	P					
Optional Equ None	iipment:		r —					ДВ
Dummy Data Type: Mass: Seat Positic	None	0 lb						
Geometry:	inches			ľ	' M FRONT		▼ M rear	
-	. <u>50</u> F	40.00	к	20.00	P _	3.00	υ_	27.50
В74	.00 G	28.25	L	30.00	_ Q _	30.50	V _	31.25
C227		61.54	Μ	68.50	_ R _	18.00	W _	61.54
	.00	11.75	N	68.00	S	13.00	× _	77.75
E 140 Wheel Cer		27.00	O Wheel Well	46.00	_ T _	77.00		
Height F	ront	14.75 Cle	arance (Front)		6.00	Bottom Frame Height - Fron	t	12.50
Wheel Ce Height R	lear		Wheel Well arance (Rear)		9.25	Bottom Frame Height - Rea	r	22.50
		±13 inches; E=148 ±12						
GVWR Ratin	igs: 3700	Mass: Ib	Curt	<u>2</u> 2915	<u> est </u>	I <u>nertial</u> 2839	<u>Gros</u>	<u>s Static</u> 2839
	3900	M _{front}		2038		2039		2039
	5900 5700	M _{rear} М _{⊤otal}		1953		5052		5052
Mass Distrik					-	GSM = 5000 lb ±110 lb		1103

Date:	2019-0	03-19 T	est No.: _	46954	9-4	VIN:		1C6RR6F	T9DS51930)8
Year:	201	13	Make:	RAM	1	Model:		1	500	
Body Sty	/le: _G	uad Cab				Mileage:		130203		
Engine:	<u>4.7 lit</u>	er N	/-8		Trans	smission:	Auto	matic		
				ast : 158					(44() lb max)
				i Rea						
Measure	d Vel	nicle Weig	ghts: (I	b)						
	LF:	1421		RF:	1418		F	ront Axle:	2839	
	LR:	1110		RR:	1103		F	Rear Axle:	2213	
	Left:	2531		Right:	2521			Total: 5000 ±	5052 110 lb allowed	- - -
	Wh	eel Base:	140.50	inches	Track: F:	68.50	inch	es R:	68.00	inches
		148 ±12 inch	es allowed			Track = (F+R)/2 = 6	67 ±1.5 inches	s allowed	
Center o	of Grav	vity, SAE	J874 Sus	pension M	ethod					
	X :	61.55	inches	Rear of F	ront Axle	(63 ±4 inches	allow	ed)		
	Y :	-0.07	inches	Left -	Right +	of Vehicle	e Cer	nterline		
	Z :	28.25	inches	Above Gr	ound	(minumum 28	3.0 incl	hes allowed)		
Ноос	d Heig	ht:	46.00	inches	Front	Bumper H	eight	::	27.00	inches
		43 ±4 ii	nches allowed							
Front O	verhai		40.00 nches allowed	•	Rear	Bumper H	eight		30.00	inches
<u> </u>										
Overal	i Leng	237 ±1	227.50 3 inches allow	inches ed						

Table F.2. Measurements of Vehicle Vertical CG for Test No. 469549-01-4.

Date:	2019-03-19	Test No.:	469549-4	VIN No.:	1C6RR6FT9DS519308
Year:	2013	Make:	RAM	Model:	1500

Table F.3. Exterior Crush Measurements of Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-4.

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete Wh	en Applicable
End Damage	Side Damage
Undeformed end width	Bowing: B1 X1
Corner shift: A1	B2 X2
A2	
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant
(check one)	X1+X2 _
< 4 inches	2
\geq 4 inches	

Note: Measure C_1 to C_6 from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts – Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

Specific		Direct Damage									Í
Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Width*** (CDC)	Max*** Crush	Field L**	C_1	C_2	C_3	C ₄	C ₅	C_6	±D
1	Front plane@bumper ht	18	17	28	1	2	5	8	15	17	+16
2	Side plane@bumper ht	18	14	56	4	6			12	14	+72
	Measurements recorded										
	√ inches or ☐ mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.



Table F.4. Occupant Compartment Measurements of Vehicle for Test No. 469549-01-4.

*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kickpanel to passenger's side kickpanel.

-6.00

J*

37.50

25.00

19.00

F.2 SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS















Figure F.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Overhead and Frontal Views).

0.300 s

TR No. 0-6954-R1





0.400 s









Figure F.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).





0.000 s



0.100 s



0.200 s



0.300 s

Figure F.2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Rear View).



0.400 s



0.500 s



0.600 s



0.700 s



Figure F.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 469549-01-4.



F.4

VEHICLE ACCELERATIONS

Figure F.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



Figure F.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



Z Acceleration at CG

Figure F.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



X Acceleration Rear of CG



Figure F.7. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).



Y Acceleration Rear of CG

Figure F.8. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).



Figure F.9. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 469549-01-4 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

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