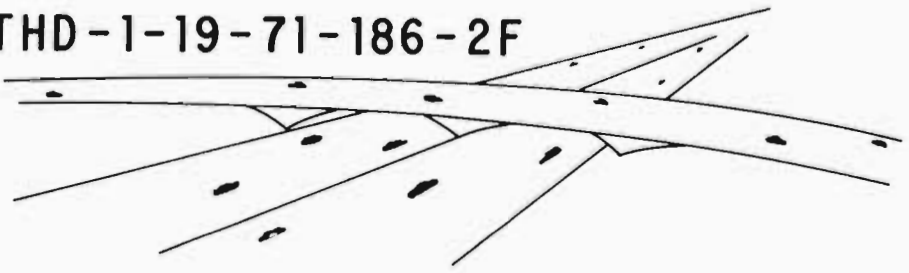


THD-1-19-71-186-2F

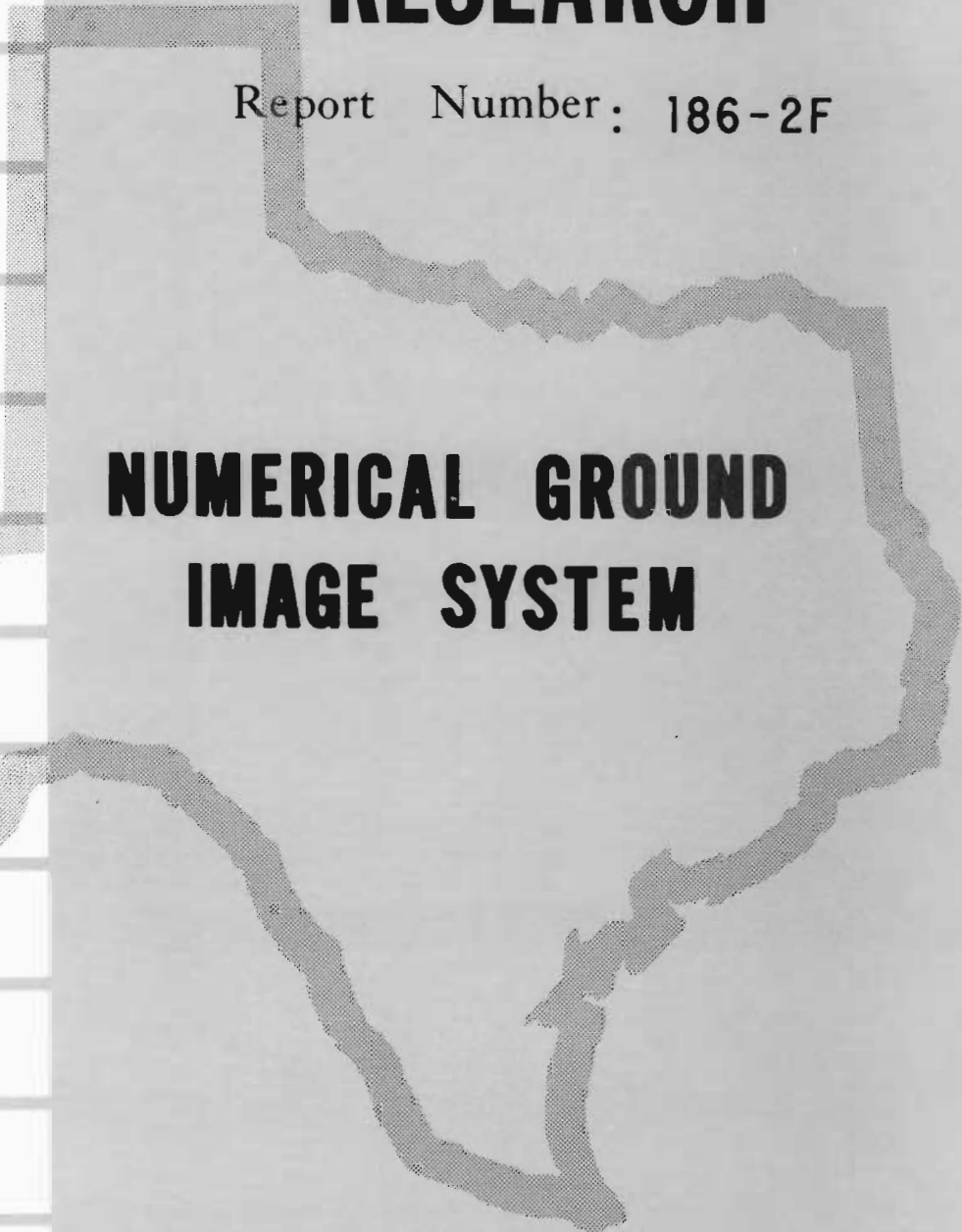


DEPARTMENTAL RESEARCH

Report Number: 186-2F

NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT



1. Report No.		2. Government Accession No.		3. Recipient's Catalog No.	
4. Title and Subtitle Numerical Ground Image System				5. Report Date October, 1974	
				6. Performing Organization Code	
7. Author(s) William L. Crawford and Roy R. Guess				8. Performing Organization Report No. THD-1-19-71-186-2F	
9. Performing Organization Name and Address Texas Highway Department 11th and Brazos Austin, Texas 78701				10. Work Unit No.	
				11. Contract or Grant No. 1-19-71-186	
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Address Texas Highway Department 11th and Brazos Austin, Texas 78701				13. Type of Report and Period Covered Final Report	
				14. Sponsoring Agency Code	
15. Supplementary Notes Prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration under the study title: "Implementation of Numerical Ground Image System".					
16. Abstract This report (1) explains the scan profile method for representing the terrain surface using a numerical surface and (2) provides user instructions for retrieval of cross-sections computed from this surface model along any specified alignment using the Roadway Design System (RDS). The appendix contains an example problem, a detailed explanation of the algorithms used, and the program documentation for the Numerical Ground Image (NGI) system.					
17. Key Words numerical ground image, digital terrain model, surface model, scan profile, roadway design, RDS, NGI, cross-sections				18. Distribution Statement	
19. Security Classif. (of this report) unclassified		20. Security Classif. (of this page) unclassified		21. No. of Pages 148	22. Price

Numerical Ground Image System

By

William L. Crawford

and

Roy R. Guess

Research Report 186-2F

Implementation of Numerical Ground Image System

Research Study 1-19-71-186



conducted by

Division of Automation
Texas Highway Department
In cooperation with the
U.S. Department of Transportation
Federal Highway Administration

October, 1974

The contents of this report reflect the views of the authors who are responsible for the facts and the accuracy of the data presented herein. The contents do not necessarily reflect the official views or policies of the Federal Highway Administration. This report does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation.

SUMMARY

The interface of a Numerical Ground Image (NGI) System with the Roadway Design System (RDS) for purposes of automated terrain evaluation was the objective of this study. Either the NGI system produced by a previous Texas Highway Department sponsored Research Project or one of the available proprietary systems was to be implemented. The evaluation of the systems and the recommendation of the scan profile method, which was conceived by Mr. Larry G. Walker of the Department and developed by the project staff, was discussed in Departmental Research Report 186-1, "Implementation of Numerical Ground Image System".

The interface of an NGI system with RDS was accomplished by the project staff's developing a scan profile numerical terrain storage system and adding to RDS a cross-section request capability and cross-section retrieval system which provides computed cross-section information from the NGI terrain model. This manual explains the data acquisition techniques and gives instructions for building the terrain model. Instructions are also included for requesting cross-sections through the use of RDS input. An example problem is given in Appendix A to illustrate the use of the NGI/RDS acquisition of cross-sections. Detailed explanations of the algorithms used are in Appendix B and program documentation is in Appendix C. Appendix D contains a Glossary.

IMPLEMENTATION

The overall objective of the study was directed toward the implementation of a flexible numerical terrain storage-retrieval system and the interfacing of this facility with the Roadway Design System (RDS) to provide capability in RDS for acquisition of cross-sections along any alignments defined to RDS. These cross-sections could then be used for preliminary route location or design. This objective has been accomplished by the project staff's developing a scan profile NGI system for numerical terrain storage and writing routines in RDS to access the NGI file and develop terrain cross-sections. These capabilities are presently available to use in a design environment.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Numerical Ground Image System was developed by the Division of Automation of the Texas Highway Department, Hubert A. Henry, Engineer-Director, in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration.

Special recognition is given to Mr. Larry G. Walker for his contribution to this study in developing the scan profile technique of numerical storage and acquisition of terrain data. As reported in Departmental Research Report Number 186-1, "Implementation of Numerical Ground Image System", Mr. Walker's development of this simplified method of data storage and acquisition has provided for an efficient terrain acquisition system interfaced with the Roadway Design System (RDS). Recognition must also be given to Mrs. Karen Jordahl for her assistance to Mr. Walker in the early development of the scan profile technique. Mrs. Jordahl was also responsible for interfacing the Numerical Ground Image System with the Roadway Design System. Mr. Randy Guess designed and programmed the Numerical Ground Image System which was interfaced with the Roadway Design System under this study.

Special thanks are given to Mr. Will Beatty for his contribution in obtaining test data and evaluating the test results, and to Mr. Dan Wyly for his work in user testing of the system and preparation of the user instruction portion of this report.

Mrs. Margaret Walter is given grateful acknowledgement for her technical assistance in editing and final preparation of the technical reports of this study.

William L. Crawford
Study Supervisor

Table of Contents

I.	Introduction	1
II.	Scan Profile NGI System For Terrain Definition and Roadway Cross-Sections	4
	Introduction	4
	Theory of the NGI System	4
	Scan Profile Requirements	8
	Program Procedure for Building Cross-Sections	10
III.	Building the NGI Data File	14
	Introduction	14
	Taking the Scan Profile Data	14
	Creating the NGI Data File	18
	NGI Header Card	18
	NGI Strip Header Card	20
	Scan Profile Data	21
	NGI Data Deck Assembly	21
IV.	Requesting Roadway Cross-Sections	23
	RDS Data Deck Assembly	25
V.	Conclusions and Recommendations	27
	Appendix A - Example Problem	A-1
	Appendix B - Description of the Algorithm For Building Roadway Cross-Sections From the NGI File	B-1
	Appendix C - NGI Computer Program Documentation	C-1
	Appendix D - Glossary	D-1

List of Figures

Figure		Page
1	Scan Profiles With Discontinuity Points Noted	5
2	Scan Profiles With Discontinuity Points Connected	5
3	Scan Profiles With All Points Connected	5
4	Faceted Surface Model	5
5	Point Connect Process	7
6	Cross-Section Built From Scan Profiles With and Without Discontinuities	9
7	Flight Strip Overlap For Obtaining Roadway Design System Cross-Sections	11
8	Schematic of RDS/NGI Interface	13
9	Two Discontinuity Boundaries Merging at One Point	16
10	Extending the Scan Profile Limits For Discontinuities	17
11	NGI Header Card Input Form and NGI Strip Header Input Form . . .	19
12	NGI Data Deck Assembly	22
13	Form Used to Request Roadway Cross-Sections From the NGI Data File	24
14	Data Deck Assembly For Building Cross-Sections Using the NGI Data File	26

NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM

I. Introduction

Numerical ground image (NGI) systems are computer programs which approximate the terrain surface with a numerical surface. These systems offer advantages in storing and retrieving terrain data for many applications of route location and design. When conventional survey methods are used, new cross-sections must be taken each time there is a shift in the horizontal alignment. This is not necessary with an NGI system because the terrain surface is not referenced to any specific alignment. Therefore, NGI allows the designer to modify alignments, explore alternate routes or locations and design interchange areas. All of this offers the designer a tool that enables him to evaluate more alternatives and to be more thorough in the evaluation and planning of safe, fast, efficient transportation.

The overall objective of this study was the implementation of a flexible numerical ground image system which would augment and interface with the Roadway Design System (RDS). The latter system was developed in a previous research effort by the Texas Highway Department in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration. The implementation was to be approached by first evaluating several available NGI systems and then implementing the most feasible one. The interim report (THD-1-19-71-186-1) for this research project gave the conclusions reached after studying two commercially available systems, one system developed under an earlier Texas Highway Department sponsored HPR project and a new simplified system which was conceived by Mr. Larry G. Walker of this Department and was developed by the study staff during the course of the study. It was concluded from the study that the simplified system which is referred to as the scan profile system would be

the most feasible to implement since it is a combination data acquisition scheme and simplified approach to storage and retrieval of the terrain data required by RDS. It is particularly adaptable to conventional photogrammetric data acquisition methods which require some changes in the stereoplotter operator's procedures and degree of expertise.

The specific objectives of this research study were as follows:

1. Study the NGI System produced under Research Project No. 120.
2. Study the available commercial offerings.
3. Prepare an interim report recommending the implementation of either the previously developed NGI system or one of the commercially available systems.
4. Adapt and install the selected system.
5. Develop and demonstrate program modules which will create terrain cross-sections from the numerical ground model along alignments stored in the Roadway Design System.

The first three objectives were covered in the Interim Report (186-1) and the last two are covered in this report which also serves as a user manual for the scan profile NGI system and acquisition of cross-sections using RDS.

This report provides instructions on the acquisition of NGI scan profile data and explains the building of the NGI terrain model. Instructions are also provided for requesting roadway cross-sections through the use of RDS from the NGI terrain model. Portions of RDS must be used in connection with these cross-section requests and all of the capabilities of RDS may be used in any program execution. For these reasons it is necessary that the reader be familiar with RDS as described in FHWA Report No. 72D-104R-2, Roadway Design System, Volume II, User Manual (Revised March, 1974). Since most NGI data acquisition will be by photogrammetric methods, knowledge of photogrammetric techniques and terms is assumed.

An example problem is given in Appendix A to illustrate the use of the NGI/RDS acquisition of cross-sections. Detailed explanations of the algorithms used are in Appendix B and program documentation is in Appendix C. Appendix D contains a Glossary.

II. Scan Profile NGI System For Terrain Definition and Roadway Cross-Sections

Introduction

The scan profile NGI system produces a numerical representation of the terrain surface. The terrain data for this system is taken in the form of parallel scan profiles. These can be taken by either conventional or photogrammetric methods. The profiles may be irregularly spaced and points along the profiles may be irregularly spaced. The roughness of the terrain determines the density and distribution of data points. By the use of an algorithm the program connects points on adjacent profiles to produce a series of three or four-sided facets which cover the entire surface area between the profiles. (Four-sided facets may represent a curved surface while three-sided facets represent a flat surface.) The faceted surface model in effect makes up a quasiorthogonal grid which varies in size locally to fit the terrain data and it contains all the data points which were taken. For this reason varying degrees of accuracy are obtained by taking more or less data. The faceted model produces cross-sections for use in RDS or similar systems. It has been demonstrated to produce reasonable contours in a direct manner and the approach used is compatible to the data acquisition for orthophoto mapping.

Theory of the NGI System

The scan profiles are analogous to a set of cross-sections along a straight baseline as illustrated in Figure 1, but the data includes a very significant set of additional information which identifies significant slope discontinuity boundaries. A close observation of the complete set of profiles in Figure 1 reveals to the trained observer an obvious V-bottom ditch which enters on the left side and proceeds diagonally across the surface area shown. The mental

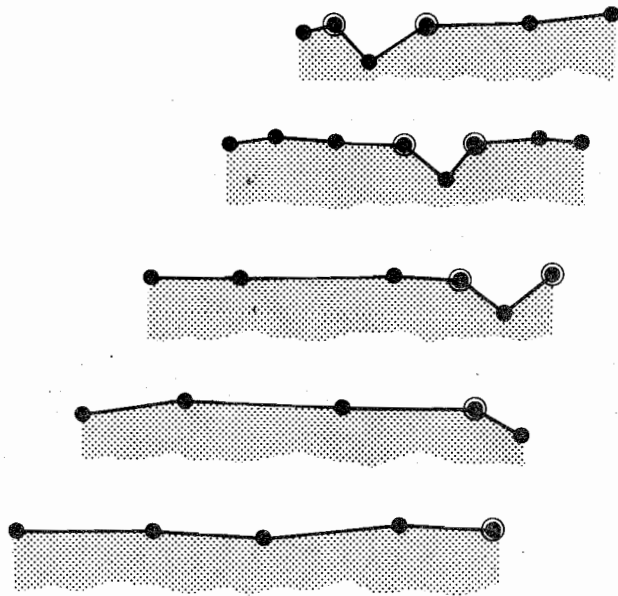


Figure 1. Scan Profiles with Discontinuity Points Noted

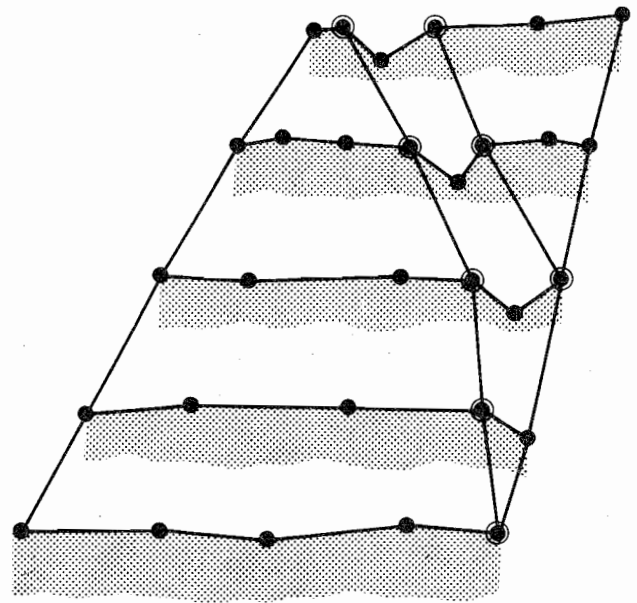


Figure 2. Scan Profiles with Discontinuity Points Connected

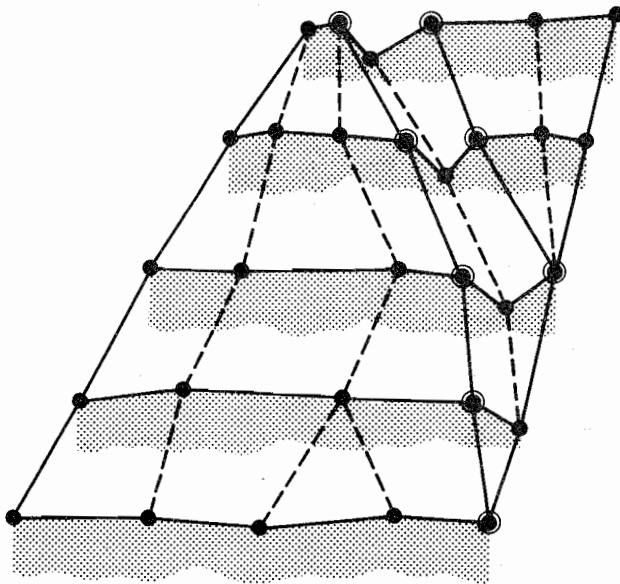


Figure 3. Scan Profiles with All Points Connected

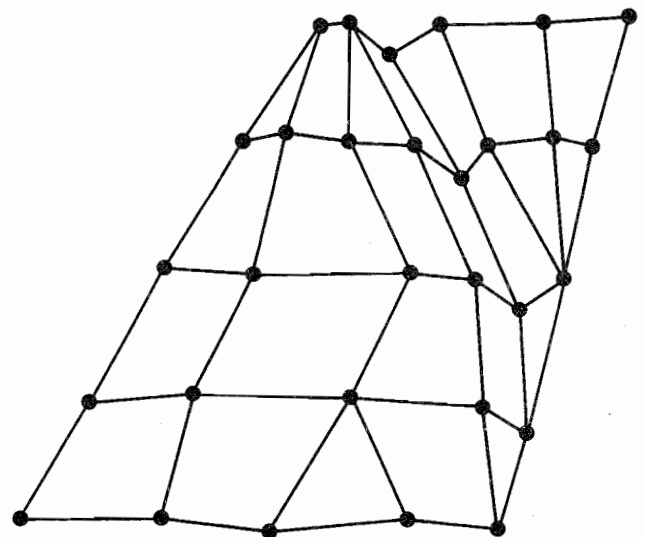
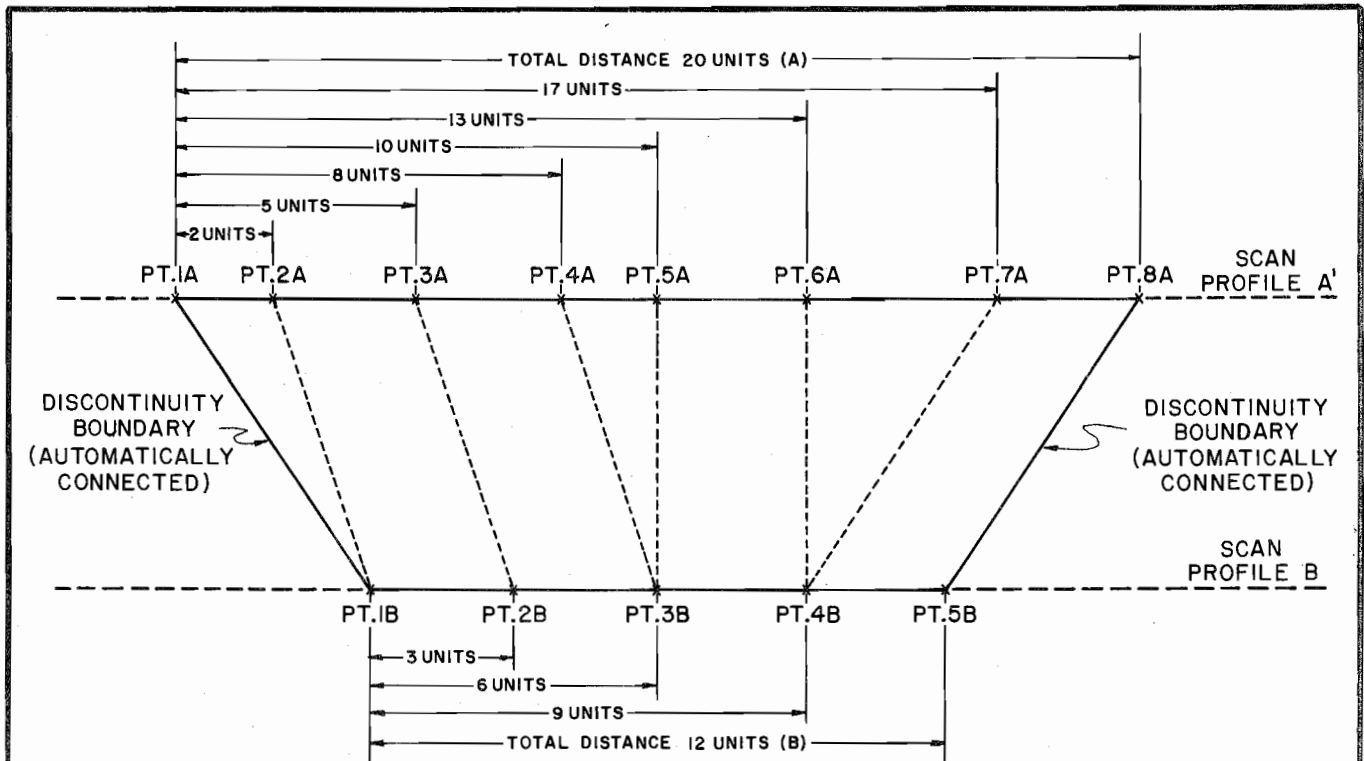


Figure 4. Faceted Surface Model

process used in arriving at this conclusion seems simple but actually it involved a complex intuitive thought process. To reach the same conclusion by computer logic from the raw data would be almost prohibitive. For this reason the scan profile approach depends upon the stereoplotter operator to identify significant slope discontinuity boundaries. (These are identified by special coding when the profiles are taken.)

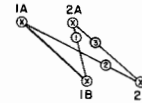
In taking the profile points, the operator selects the outside edges of the profiles which are automatic discontinuity boundaries and any points that represent significant changes in elevation. The operator then must identify the other significant boundaries (discontinuities) which, in the example in Figure 1, were the two edges of the V-bottom ditch. All discontinuities do not need to be identified (such as a V-bottom ditch if it ran perpendicular to the scan profiles), but the ones that are identified divide the surface into discrete areas as shown in Figure 2. Within each discrete area the system uses an algorithm to connect up the points to achieve a transition from profile to profile as illustrated in Figure 3. The scan profile algorithm connects points on adjacent profiles on the basis of their relative position between their common discontinuity boundary. It follows that the operator needs only to establish enough discontinuity boundaries so that the algorithm point connect process from profile to profile in any given area will adequately determine the model. When digitizing data from a photogrammetric stereo model, the desired discontinuity boundaries are sketched on the manuscript and then the discontinuity points are recorded as specially coded (multiple entry) data points on the scan profile. This assures that the faceted model as shown in Figure 4 will always reflect the slope discontinuities which have been identified.

The algorithm used to connect the points in each discrete area between two adjacent scan profiles starts with the leftmost discrete area and proceeds to the right. Figure 5 explains mathematically how the algorithm connects the points.



In the drawing above, points 1A and 1B are automatically connected (discontinuity boundary). The point connection process then considers the following cases for connecting the next points on each scan profile.

- Case 1. Point 2A connects with point 1B,
- Case 2. Point 2B connects with point 1A,
- Case 3. Point 2A connects with point 2B.



The connection process the program uses is based on the average of the fractional distances of adjacent points. The fractional distances for each point are computed by the equation:

$$\text{Fraction Point} = \frac{\text{Distance from beginning boundary to given point}}{\text{Total distance between boundaries}}$$

Therefore, for the example shown above:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Fraction point 1A} &= 0/20 = 0 \\ \text{Fraction point 2A} &= 2/20 = .1 \\ \text{Fraction point 1B} &= 0/12 = 0 \\ \text{Fraction point 2B} &= 3/12 = .25 \end{aligned}$$

Now the algorithm uses these fractions to check:

- +If the fraction for point 2A < average of fractions for points 1B and 2B, then it connects point 2A with point 1B and continues.
- +If the fraction for point 2B < average of fractions for points 1A and 2A, then it connects point 2B with point 1A and continues.
- +If neither of the two conditions above exists, it connects point 2A with 2B and continues.

When the proper connection has been established, the process is repeated using unconnected points to the right. In the previous example, point 3A and point 2B would be checked and since their fractions are equal, they are automatically connected. Similarly, point 5A would be connected to point 3B, etc.

Figure 5. Point Connect Process

Discrete areas must be bounded by two discontinuity lines. Each line is defined by two discontinuity points - one on each scan profile. If there are no internal discontinuities, the left and right scan profile boundaries form the discrete area bounded by two discontinuity lines. If there are internal discontinuities, there must be the same number of internal discontinuity points coded on any pair of adjacent scan profiles. Therefore, in cases where two internal discontinuity lines begin or end at the same point on a scan profile, two identically specially coded readings one foot apart must be taken so that there will be the same number of internal discontinuity points between adjacent scan profiles. The algorithm connects discontinuity points from left to right. If there is an extra discontinuity point on one of the scan profiles, the rightmost extra internal discontinuity point will be ignored. On the scan profiles where internal discontinuities begin or end, additional special coding is needed to indicate that the discontinuity point(s) applies in only one direction (ahead or back).

The selection of internal discontinuities requires skill and practice. Figure 6 shows two examples of the point connect process on two adjacent scan profiles. The two examples use the same two scan profiles. One example indicates internal discontinuity boundaries and the other does not. The resulting roadway cross-sections show the importance of indicating discontinuities.

Scan Profile Requirements

The width of ground coverage available when photogrammetric processes are used to obtain the scan profiles is limited to the width of the flight strip. The program can utilize as many as 47 flight strips or tangents.

The profiles are taken in a coordinate system where the profile lines have a relatively constant flight strip width (Y value). The coordinate system may be along or parallel to a flight line or parallel to a given surface coordinate system. The arbitrarily chosen coordinate system must be referenced to the coordinate system being used by RDS.

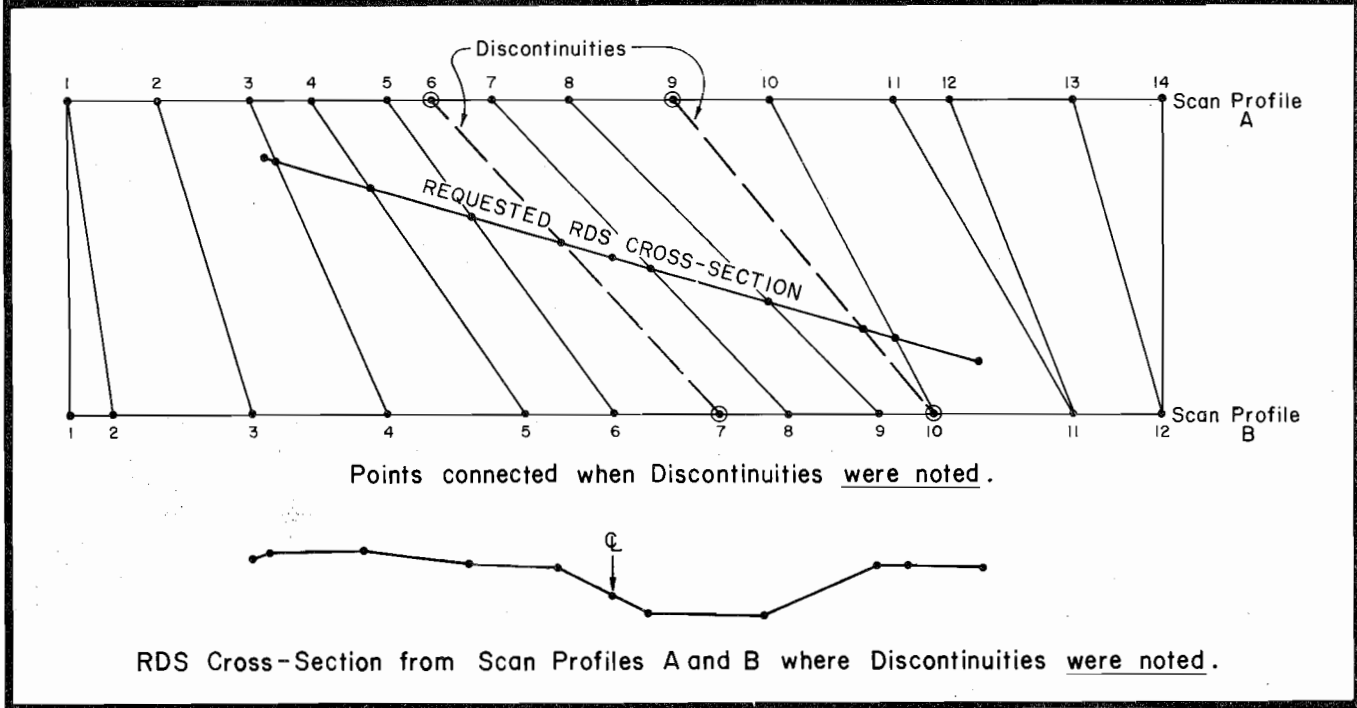
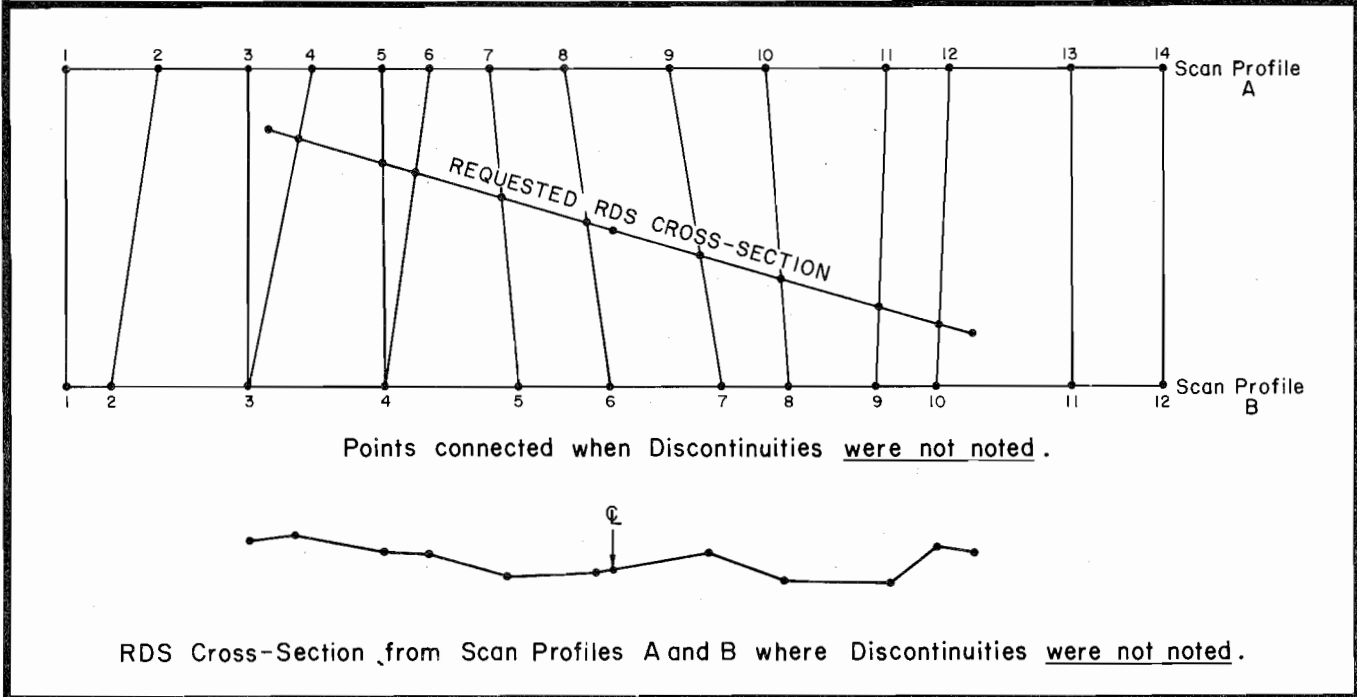
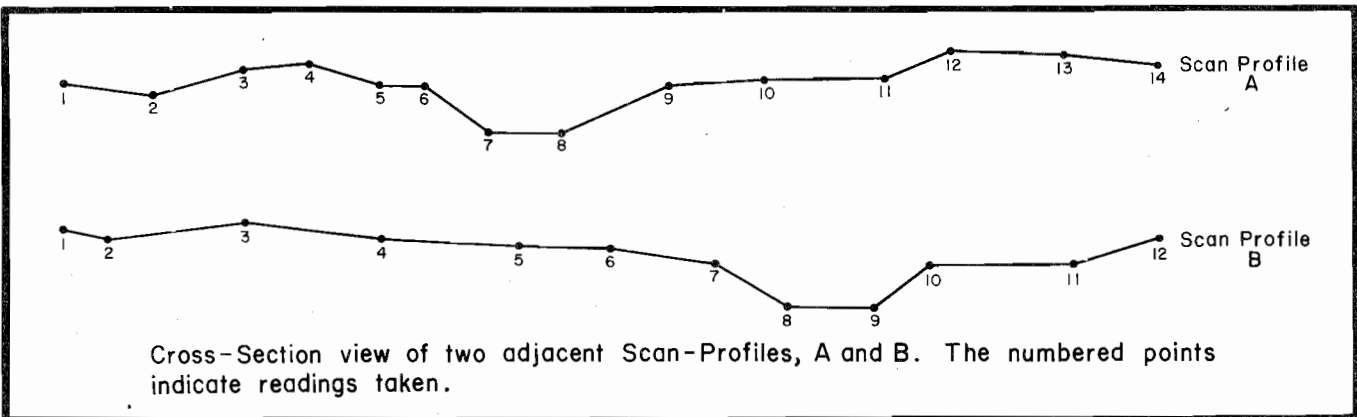


Figure 6. Cross-Section Built From Scan Profiles With and Without Discontinuities

The baseline used for the scan profiles must be a straight line; therefore, a logical series of lines to select for the baseline would be the flight tangents for the photogrammetric survey. The tangents selected should overlap in such a way that when an RDS baseline alignment is developed, each roadway cross-section can be completely generated with data from a single flight strip.

Figure 7 shows flight strips that do not overlap sufficiently. The dashed boundaries on the flight strips would have given the necessary overlap to develop all RDS cross-sections. Since the location of the RDS baseline is not necessarily known when the NGI baseline is selected, adequate strip width and overlap are essential to guarantee a complete terrain file for any roadway alignment location.

Program Procedure for Building Cross-Sections

The X,Y,Z coordinates and point connecting codes produced by NGI are stored on a tape or disk file. This file is referred to as the NGI data file and can be accessed to develop roadway cross-sections using the Roadway Design System.

The Roadway Design System stores PI coordinates for the baseline alignment (G). This alignment must be stored in the same surface coordinate system as the beginning and ending real coordinates of the NGI flight strips. Cross-sections are developed along alignment G. Alternate sets of cross-sections may be developed by defining a new alignment G on any number of separate runs.

In order for RDS to develop roadway cross-sections, the coordinates of the left limit, centerline point and the right limit for each cross-section station requested along alignment G must be computed by RDS. Each cross-section is then developed in the following manner:

1. The NGI data file is searched to find the flight strip which contains the surface coordinates of the three points defining the roadway cross-section station.

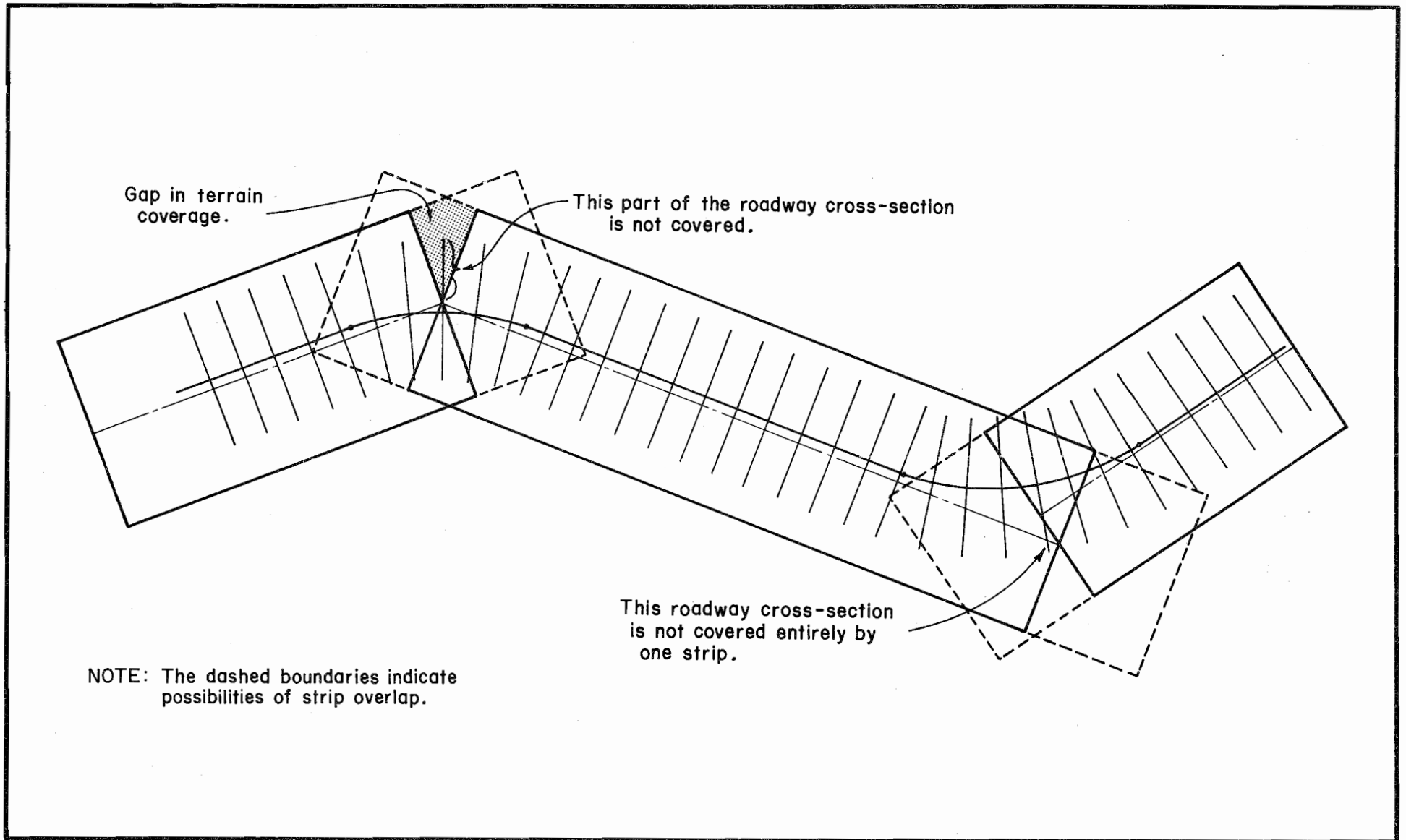


Figure 7. Flight Strip Overlap For Obtaining Roadway Design System Cross-Sections

2. The three points are converted to the flight strip coordinates.
3. The X-coordinates of the left and right limits are used to determine which scan profiles are needed to develop the roadway cross-section.
4. The roadway cross-section points are computed by interpolating elevations (Z-coordinates) for three given points, and then interpolating the X, Y, Z coordinates for each intersection point of the transverse line defining the roadway cross-section and the lines connecting the scan profile points.
5. The roadway cross-section points as indicated in Item 4 are converted to RDS terrain cross-section data points (station, offset, and elevation). They are stored on the RDS station file and made available for use in all RDS processes requiring cross-sections.

A technical description of this process is given in Appendix B. A schematic of the RDS/NGI interface is shown in Figure 8.

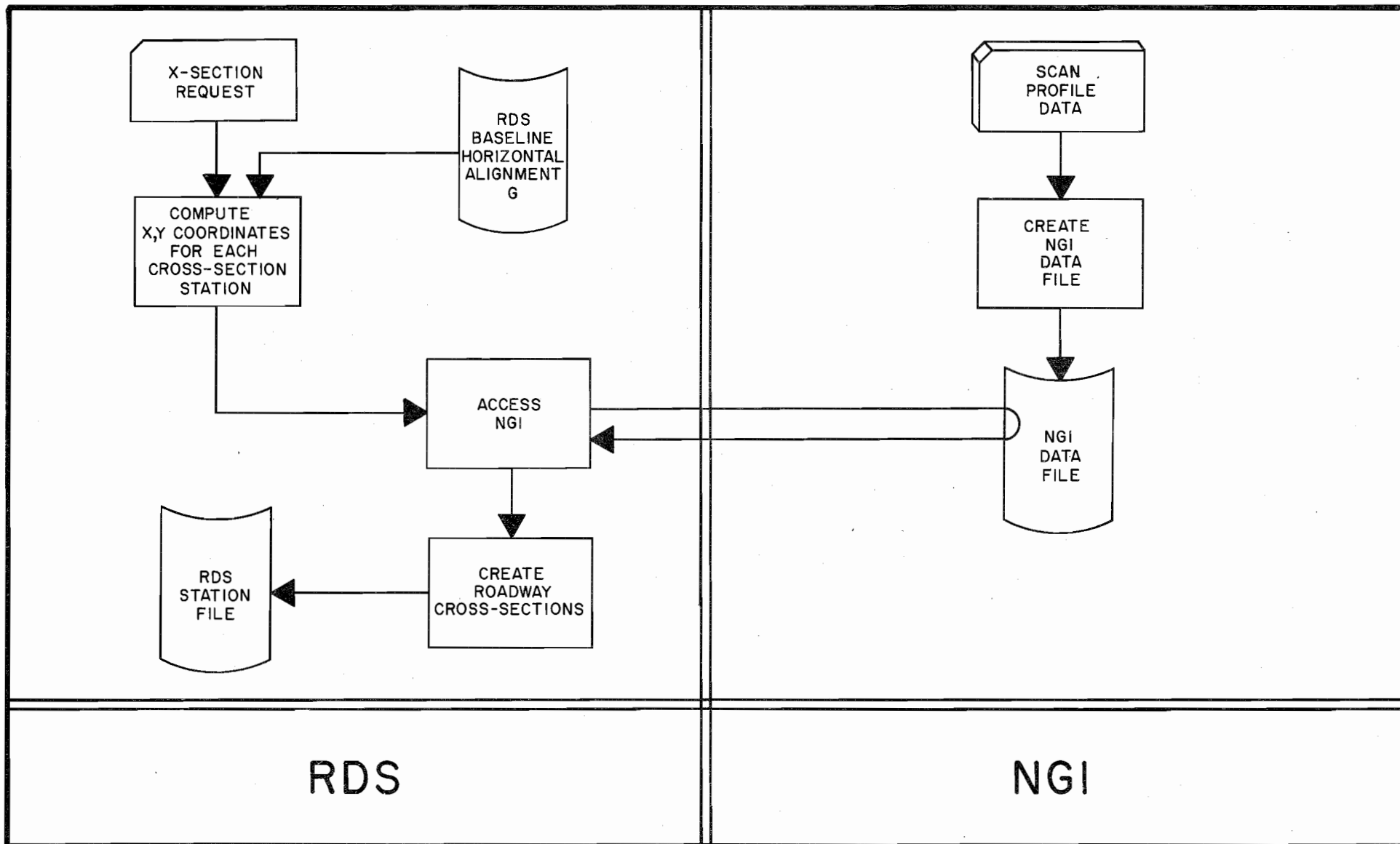


Figure 8. Schematic of RDS/NGI Interface

III. Building The NGI Data File

Introduction

Chapter II described the scan profile NGI system for terrain definition: how it works, the requirements for taking scan profiles, and the program procedure for building roadway cross-sections. This chapter will explain the procedures used to build the NGI data file. The reader should understand the theory given in Chapter II before attempting to use the system.

Taking the Scan Profile Data

The scan profiles taken by the stereoplotter operator are essentially the same as cross-sections taken along any baseline. The operator sketches in the discontinuities on the manuscript and then decides where along the flight strip baseline he should take scan profiles in order to adequately describe the ground surface. As in cross-section data acquisition, it is up to trained observers to know when to record profiles and where plus stations are needed. In most cases, discontinuity boundaries should determine the necessity for plus stations.

Points on scan profiles that indicate changes in elevation and right and left outside boundaries are identified by one shot (one set of Y, Z coordinate readings). Internal discontinuity points are indicated by double, triple, and quadruple entries (multiple shots) of identical data (the same Y, Z coordinates). The formula for indicating the type of internal discontinuity points is as follows:

1. Two identical readings (double shot on one scan profile with the same offset distance and elevation) mean that scan profile point is connected to a multiple shot at both the scan profile ahead and back.

2. Three identical readings (triple shot on one scan profile with the same offset distance and elevation) indicate the beginning of an internal discontinuity. This discontinuity point connects to a multiple shot at the ahead scan profile only and to a single shot at the back scan profile.
3. Four identical readings (quadruple shot on one scan profile with the same offset distance and elevation) indicate the end of an internal discontinuity. This discontinuity point connects to a multiple shot at the back scan profile only and to a single shot at the ahead scan profile.

If two discontinuity lines begin or end at the same point on a single scan profile, then two sets of identical multiple shots must be taken one foot apart. This scheme identifies two distinct discontinuity boundaries which are required to define the terrain accurately. Figure 9 shows an example of two discontinuity boundaries which merge at the same point. Any significant elevation changes between internal discontinuity boundaries are indicated by a single Y, Z coordinate reading or shot.

It should be noted that the right and left outside points on the profiles must not be multiple entireties since these are automatic discontinuity boundaries. If a ridge line enters or leaves the scan profile coverage area at the far limit of a scan profile, then the limit should be moved out one foot so that the multiple shot will be inside the scan profile limits. Figure 10 shows an example of multiple shot use. It shows that there cannot always be constant left and right limits for acquisition of data. It will be necessary to widen particular scan profiles in order to include an accurate discontinuity boundary in the case of a skewed ridge line. In Figure 10 this was done as indicated at 1 and 2, and an extra reading was then taken to determine the outside boundary.

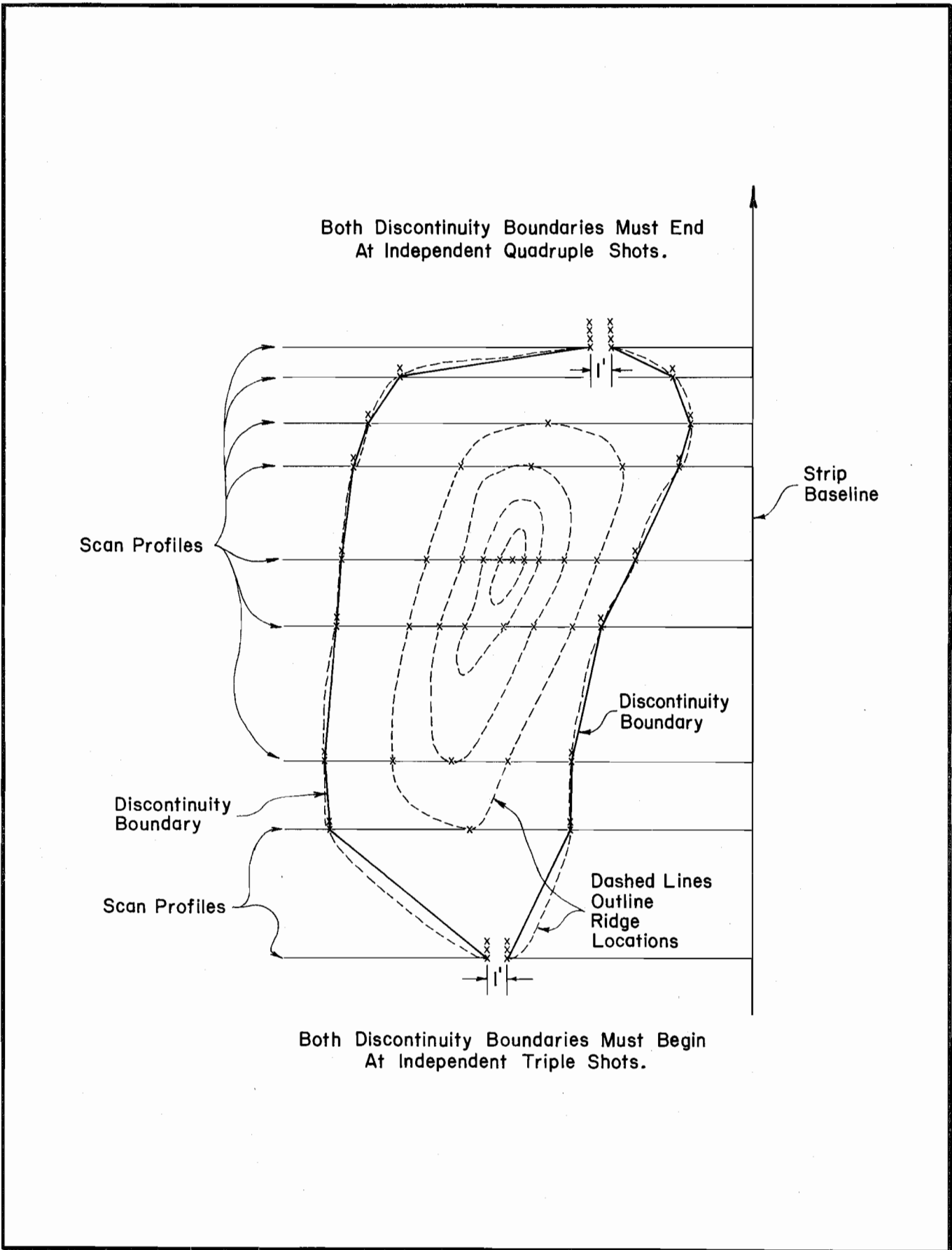


Figure 9. Two Discontinuity Boundaries Merging at One Point

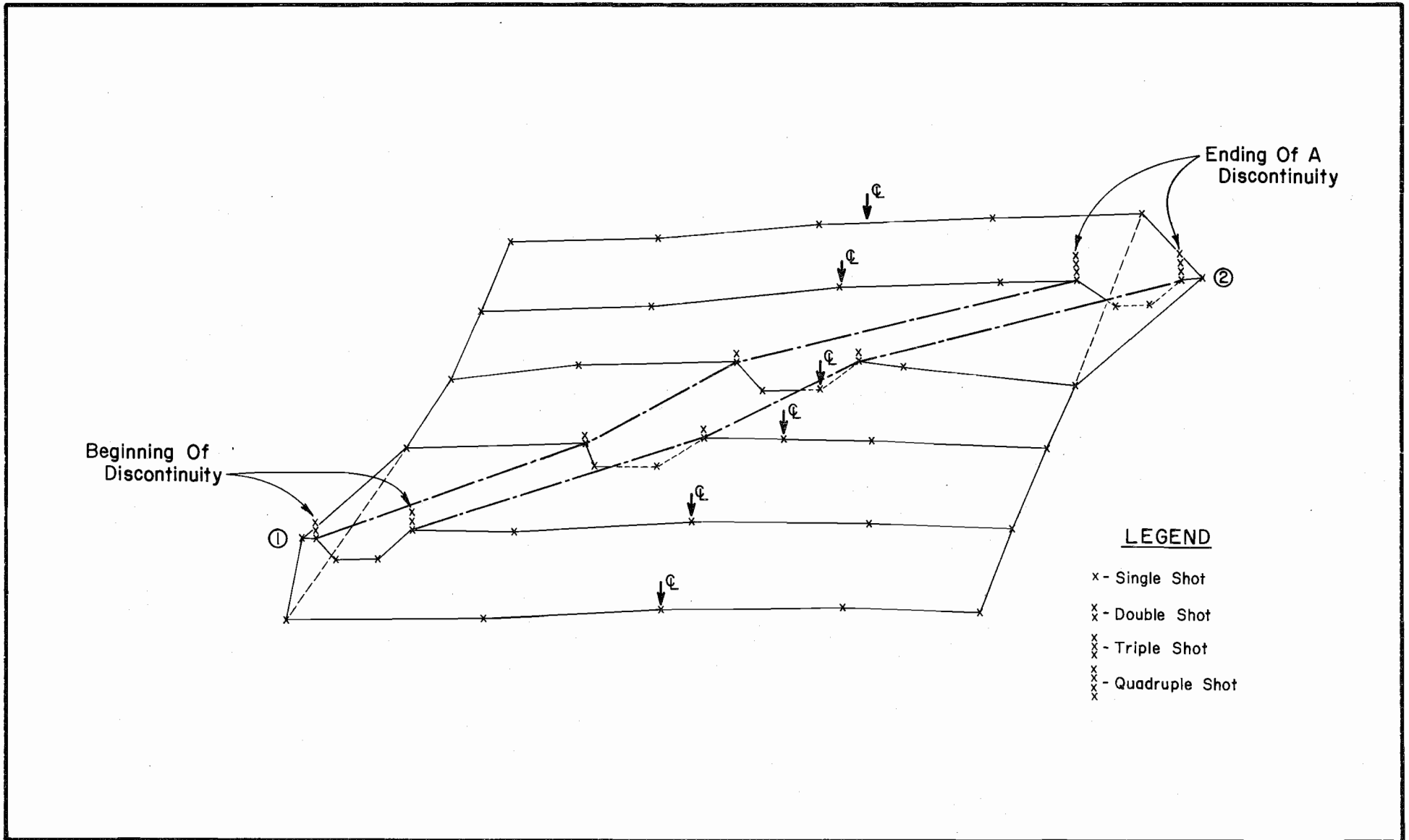


Figure 10. Extending the Scan Profile Limits for Discontinuities

CONTROL & SECTION							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	R

DISTRICT _____ RES. NO. _____
 I.P.E. _____ PROJ. _____
 CO. _____ HWY. _____

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
 NGI HEADER INPUT FORM

SHEET _____ OF _____
 DATE _____
 PREPARED BY _____

																							KEEP (YES OR NO)		NGI CARDS (YES OR NO)	
NGI HEADER CARD																										
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33		

THE NGI HEADER CARD MUST BE THE FIRST CARD IN THE DECK STRUCTURE. THERE SHOULD ONLY BE ONE NGI HEADER CARD IN THE DECK AND IT MUST BE DIRECTLY FOLLOWED BY AN NGI STRIP HEADER CARD.

NGI STRIP HEADER INPUT FORM

BEGINNING X - COORDINATE													BEGINNING Y - COORDINATE													ENDING X - COORDINATE													ENDING Y - COORDINATE																									
NGI																																																																
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73

ONE NGI STRIP HEADER CARD MUST PRECEDE THE SCAN PROFILE DATA FOR EACH STRIP.

Figure 11. NGI Header Card Input Form and NGI Strip Header Input Form

If "YES" is entered in the "KEEP" columns (28 through 30), the NGI data file will be stored on a specified project tape. If "NO" is entered, the file is not written on tape. "NO" would only be entered if an RDS job step accessed the NGI data file directly after the NGI job step in the data deck structure.

If "YES" is entered in columns 28 through 30, the input data will also be written on tape on a separate data set from the NGI data file. This input data is in an edited format (page 21) with a positive or negative distance, elevation, and type for each scan profile point. The types indicate whether the points are normal scan profile points (1) or discontinuity points (2, 3, or 4). The outside points are always entered as type 2. This edited input data may be punched out and used on subsequent runs by entering a "YES" in columns 31 through 33. Corrections to the input are made using this card format by deleting existing points or by changing the type of point.

NGI Strip Header Card. The NGI Header card must be followed by an NGI Strip Header card for the first flight strip. (Each subsequent flight strip must have an NGI Strip Header card also.) The program can process a maximum of 47 flight strips. The NGI Strip Header card supplies the beginning and ending surface coordinates for the flight strip baseline of the scan profile data that follows. These surface coordinates must be in the same coordinate system that the RDS baseline alignment will be in.

NGI STRIP HEADER INPUT FORM

		BEGINNING X - COORDINATE	BEGINNING Y - COORDINATE	ENDING X - COORDINATE	ENDING Y - COORDINATE																																																											
NGI																																																																
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73

ONE NGI STRIP HEADER CARD MUST PRECEDE THE SCAN PROFILE DATA FOR EACH STRIP.

Scan Profile Data. The NGI scan profile data cards for a specific flight strip are placed in the deck structure directly following their NGI Strip Header card. These data cards must be entered in scan profile baseline station order. As in all cross-section data, NGI scan profiles are recorded as elevations and distances to the left and/or right of the baseline along perpendiculars to a given station. Data should reflect breaks in the terrain and should not necessarily represent a grid system. Data is entered in the Texas Highway Department's RDS terrain format or in the alternate card format (NGI cards) as shown below.

CONTROL & SECTION					
1	2	3	4	5	6

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
TERRAIN INPUT FORM
 (Enter THD In Cols. 30-32 On Form I327)

SHEET _____ OF _____
 DATE _____
 PREPARED BY _____

TERRAIN STATION	* TYPE CARD NO.	L BIAS DISTANCE	BACKSIGHT ROD	FORESIGHT ROD	BENCH MARK ELEVATION	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE	ROD READING	DISTANCE																																												
					H.I. or BIAS																																																																				
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80

The card format shown above is discussed in Chapter 6 of the "RDS User Manual".

STATION	DIST.	ELEV.	DELETE	DIST.	ELEV.	DELETE	DIST.	ELEV.	DELETE	DIST.	ELEV.	DELETE	DIST.	ELEV.	DELETE	DIST.	ELEV.	DELETE	N.O. PTS.																																																												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80

The NGI card format shown above allows a maximum of five elevations and distances to be entered per card. Data must be entered in successive columns in left to right order of the distances. There are columns for type of point and point deletion for each scan profile. Each point must have a type entered. The point will be ignored if an "X" is entered in its Delete column. Column 80 indicates the number of sets of points entered on each card.

NGI Data Deck Assembly. The data deck assembly for building an NGI data file is shown in Figure 12.

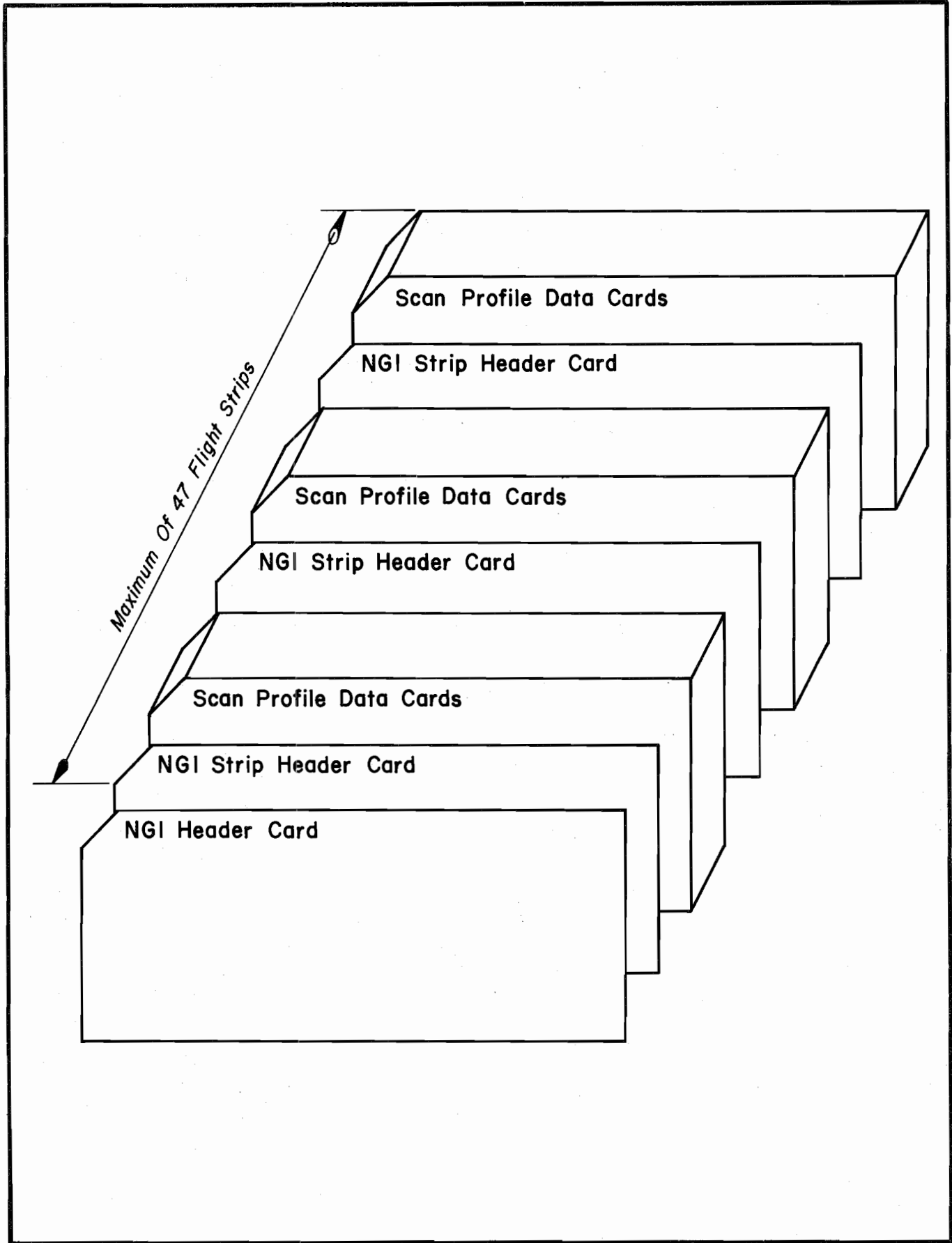


Figure 12. NGI Data Deck Assembly

IV. Requesting Roadway Cross-Sections

The NGI data file which has been built can be used to generate cross-sections along any specified RDS baseline alignment (alignment G) which has been previously stored or defined. The cross-section station limits, station increments, and left and right offset limits must be specified. This request is made on the RDS Cross-Section Request Form (Form 1372) which is shown in Figure 13. An example input is shown below:

		FROM STATION										TO STATION										STATION INCREMENT			WIDTH LEFT		L O R R		WIDTH RIGHT		L O R R		NGI * FILE ON TAPE (YES OR NO)		
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	
7	0			1	0	0	0					1	5	0	0							5	0	2	0	0	L	2	0	0	R	Y	E	S	
				1	5	0	3	0				1	5	0	3	0								2	0	0	L	2	0	0	R				
				1	5	0	5	0				2	0	1	0	0						5	0	1	5	L	1	7	5	R					
				2	0	1	+	1	3			2	0	1	+	1	3							1	5	L	1	7	5	R					
				*								*																							
				*								*																							
				*								*																							
				*								*																							
				*								*																							

The first line of the form has a field (columns 42 through 44) to indicate whether the NGI data file is on tape or not. If this column is marked "NO", the RDS job must be preceded by an NGI run which creates the NGI data file. This field should only be used on the first card.

The above input requests roadway cross-sections to be built from station 100+00 to 150+30 at increments of 50 feet and with left and right limits of 200 feet from the RDS baseline G alignment. From 150+50 to 201+13, the left limit is 150 feet and the right limit is 175 feet. Two single plus stations (150+30

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
 CROSS - SECTION REQUEST FORM
 USING NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE (NGI) FILE

SHEET _____ OF _____
 DATE _____
 PREPARED BY _____

CONTROL & SECTION								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
								RT

DISTRICT _____ RES. NO. _____
 I.P.E. _____ PROJ. _____
 CO. _____ HWY. _____

FROM STATION		TO STATION		STATION INCREMENT	WIDTH LEFT		WIDTH RIGHT		NGI* FILE ON TAPE (YES OR NO)																														
L	R	L	R		L	R	L	R																															
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44					
7	0					*	.	*	.					*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.	*	.

Figure 13. Form Used to Request Roadway Cross-Sections From the NGI Data File

* INPUT ON FIRST CROSS - SECTION REQUEST CARD ONLY.

and 201+13 are requested by giving the same station number for the From Station and To Station leaving the Station Increment blank, and entering the Left and Right Widths.

If more than one line of input is entered on this form, the cards must be in ascending station order. Different sets of cross-sections may need to be built along other baselines as in the case of an interchange. This will require as many cross-section request runs as the number of baselines since cross-sections can only be requested along RDS baseline alignment G. Each run would access the NGI data file with a different alignment G and different Cross-Section Request data. The different sets of cross-sections can then be either stored on tape or punched on cards to be used in the various RDS processes.

RDS Data Deck Assembly

A data deck assembly for requesting cross-sections is shown in Figure 14.

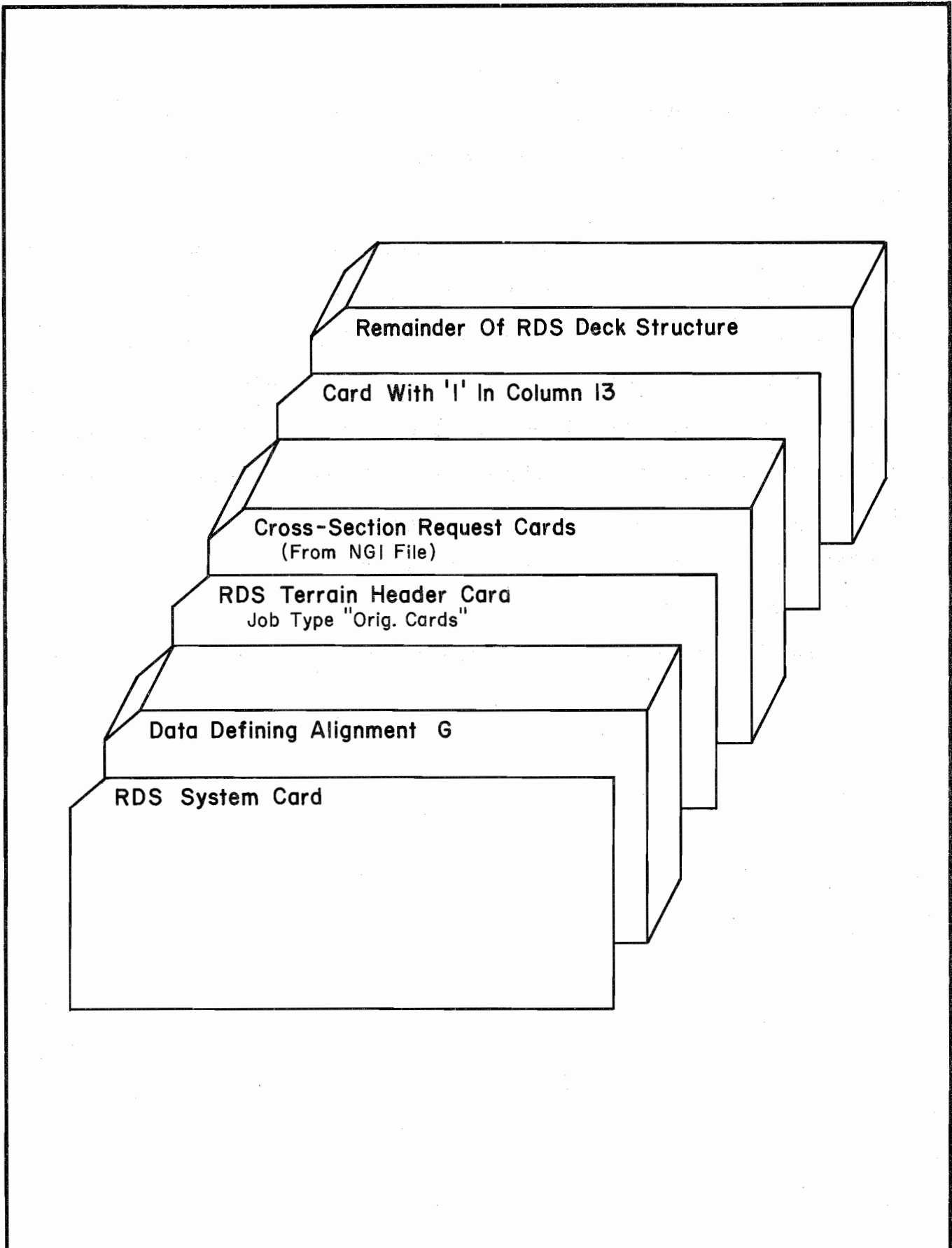


Figure 14. Data Deck Assembly for Building Cross-Sections Using the NGI Data File

V. Conclusions and Recommendations

The NGI/RDS interface has been shown to be a flexible tool for use in roadway design. It provides the design engineer with a means of studying designs of alternate locations without requiring cross-sectioning of each proposed alignment or re-cross-sectioning of alignments that are revised.

Projects proposed to be developed utilizing the RDS/NGI procedure need to be evaluated to determine if there is a need for the more extensive scan profiles required to define a terrain surface of sufficient size to be used for alternate alignments. Projects where deviation from the original alignment is considered remote would not normally benefit from the acquisition of NGI scan profiles and building of the NGI data file.

Proposed enhancements to the NGI/RDS process which were not developed under the current project but are recommended to be implemented on an orderly basis are as follows:

1. The system should be expanded to handle multiple adjacent flight strips so that terrain files of block areas may be defined. This ability eliminates the need of overlapping NGI scan profiles at the junction of adjacent strips of a series of strips as shown in Figure 7.
2. Photogrammetric digitizing equipment should be modified to provide an alternate means for indicating discontinuity points instead of the multiple shot indicators presently used.
3. A means of contour plotting selected areas of the NGI data file should be developed.
4. The RDS routine that builds the roadway cross-sections should be modified to provide transitioning of the cross-section limits.

5. The ability to take partial scan profiles to define areas of isolated discontinuities such as hills and holes should be provided.

The above listed recommendations could not be developed in the limited scope of implementing a numerical ground image system and are not listed in any order of priority. The need for any of the recommendations should be studied and justified on the basis of cost benefit before programming is accomplished.

Appendix A. Example Problem

EXAMPLE PROBLEM

An example of the use of NGI and RDS in preliminary route location is shown on the following pages. The data for this example is from a photogrammetric project at a 1"=400' map scale where control was already established. The terrain is very rough, and the routes selected do not depict actual roadway designs but were used only to demonstrate the NGI/RDS capabilities.

Photogrammetric cross-sections were taken to provide a comparison with RDS cross-sections that were developed from the NGI terrain model. The number of scan profile points and discontinuities taken for this problem are probably more than would be needed for preliminary route studies; however, this accuracy was needed to develop NGI/RDS cross-sections that could be compared with the photogrammetric cross-sections to test the accuracy of the NGI model.

In order to show the accuracy of the NGI terrain model, the NGI/RDS and photogrammetric cross-sections have been superimposed on the same plot. Some of the cross-sections are shown on pages A-19 and A-20. It should be noted that the plots compare very closely in most cases. The differences may be attributed to the procedure used in taking the scan profile points and photogrammetric cross-sections. NGI scan profiles are taken in the same manner as photogrammetric cross-sections. The procedure used at the Texas Highway Department for taking photogrammetric cross-sections is to draw the position of the cross-section on the manuscript. This provides for the positioning of the X, Y, Z digitizer. At a scale of 1"=400' the position of these lines cannot be drawn to exactly duplicate the mathematical position represented. However, NGI develops the terrain model using the given scan profile coordinates, and RDS mathematically computes cross-sections at precise, horizontal coordinate positions. The RDS cross-sections were compared with a set of photogrammetric cross-sections that are likely to have the same type of position error as the NGI scan profiles. Therefore, the two sets of sections are probably not in the same position; and with

steep, sloping terrain, this could cause significant error.

For further comparison, an earthwork design was run against both the NGI/RDS and photogrammetric cross-sections. Examples of design volumes from these two runs are shown on pages A-22 and A-23. This example shows a 2 percent difference in volume which indicates that the NGI/RDS cross-sections for this example would be adequate for preliminary design.

Cross-sections were also developed along an alternate alignment to show the system's capability in route location.

Partial input and output is included on the following pages for each step of the NGI and RDS runs.



Plot of Scan Profiles and NGI Baseline

CONTROL & SECTION							
9	9	9	7	0		R	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

DISTRICT _____ RES. NO. _____
 I.P.E. _____ PROJ. _____
 CO. _____ HWY. _____

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
 NGI HEADER INPUT FORM

SHEET _____ OF _____
 DATE _____
 PREPARED BY _____

										KEEP (YES OR NO)	NGI CARDS (YES OR NO)													
NGI HEADER CARD										YES														
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33

THE NGI HEADER CARD MUST BE THE FIRST CARD IN THE DECK STRUCTURE. THERE SHOULD ONLY BE ONE NGI HEADER CARD IN THE DECK AND IT MUST BE DIRECTLY FOLLOWED BY AN NGI STRIP HEADER CARD.

NGI STRIP HEADER INPUT FORM

	BEGINNING X - COORDINATE	BEGINNING Y - COORDINATE	ENDING X - COORDINATE	ENDING Y - COORDINATE																																																												
NGI	3368355001	7975351660	3314784526	7884232539																																																												
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73

ONE NGI STRIP HEADER CARD MUST PRECEDE THE SCAN PROFILE DATA FOR EACH STRIP.

NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM

SCAN PROFILE DATA LIST

STATION NUMBER	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET
139+30.00	1(2)	4642.8	-5930	2(1)	4652.5	-5870	3(1)	4673.3	-5780	4(1)	4693.1	-5685	5(1)	4718.3	-5563
	6(1)	4759.4	-5386	7(1)	4790.0	-5270	8(1)	4802.7	-5204	9(1)	4804.9	-5090	10(1)	4790.9	-5016
	11(1)	4766.9	-4922	12(1)	4744.0	-4834	13(1)	4721.1	-4672	14(1)	4699.1	-4485	15(1)	4680.9	-4321
	16(3)	4672.8	-4196	17(1)	4669.8	-4023	18(1)	4674.2	-3963	19(1)	4682.6	-3802	20(1)	4687.3	-3603
	21(1)	4691.4	-3462	22(1)	4706.5	-3357	23(3)	4712.4	-3309	24(1)	4721.8	-3240	25(1)	4743.4	-3129
	26(1)	4774.0	-3034	27(1)	4804.0	-2970	28(1)	4819.6	-2922	29(1)	4844.9	-2798	30(1)	4871.4	-2682
	31(1)	4901.1	-2544	32(1)	4917.9	-2463	33(1)	4926.3	-2392	34(1)	4927.6	-2330	35(1)	4921.9	-2240
	36(1)	4906.9	-2075	37(1)	4892.9	-1960	38(1)	4876.1	-1891	39(1)	4855.1	-1812	40(1)	4825.2	-1724
	41(1)	4807.6	-1652	42(3)	4791.1	-1594	43(1)	4752.2	-1534	44(1)	4709.6	-1414	45(1)	4683.7	-1356
	46(1)	4658.8	-1286	47(3)	4649.7	-1214	48(1)	4633.1	-1176	49(1)	4636.5	-1152	50(1)	4662.3	-1091
	51(3)	4674.3	-1052	52(1)	4708.5	-948	53(1)	4723.4	-884	54(1)	4730.5	-847	55(1)	4726.2	-770
	56(1)	4740.2	-729	57(3)	4765.2	-672	58(1)	4787.5	-630	59(1)	4809.3	-574	60(1)	4821.4	-530
	61(1)	4833.3	-474	62(1)	4840.8	-383	63(1)	4842.0	-332	64(1)	4839.1	-252	65(1)	4830.6	-178
	66(1)	4825.3	-116	67(1)	4809.3	-43	68(1)	4809.7	0	69(1)	4815.5	85	70(1)	4826.3	180
	71(1)	4807.1	255	72(2)	4774.1	314	73(1)	4740.3	374	74(1)	4707.2	458	75(1)	4669.7	590
	76(2)	4646.8	712	77(1)	4630.9	860	78(1)	4619.3	980	79(1)	4605.9	1144	80(2)	4589.6	1441
	81(1)	4583.2	1536	82(1)	4578.0	1648	83(2)	4582.6	1683	84(1)	4584.7	1765	85(1)	4591.2	1856
	86(1)	4594.8	1920	87(1)	4589.8	1982	88(2)	4577.7	2082	89(1)	4570.8	2172	90(1)	4569.7	2307
	91(1)	4564.9	2354	92(1)	4557.7	2426	93(2)	4565.8	2532	94(1)	4568.2	2650	95(2)	4563.4	2732
	96(1)	4553.5	2807	97(1)	4553.6	2867	98(2)	4561.5	2949	99(1)	4570.2	3053	100(1)	4573.6	3158
	101(1)	4571.8	3231	102(1)	4563.3	3362	103(1)	4550.3	3469	104(2)	4544.8	3494	105(1)	4534.0	3569
	106(1)	4537.2	3658	107(2)	4551.9	3768	108(2)	4563.4	3874	109(1)	4568.5	3972	110(1)	4569.7	4052
	111(1)	4568.8	4072	112(1)	4572.0	4103	113(1)	4569.7	4130	114(1)	4573.1	4152	115(1)	4574.6	4308
	116(1)	4573.0	4633	117(1)	4570.6	5014	118(1)	4562.5	5279	119(1)	4553.7	5435	120(2)	4544.9	5550
121(1)	4530.8	5702	122(2)	4514.4	5825	123(1)	4511.2	6032	124(2)	4511.0	6138				

BK is the number of discontinuity points for the back direction (2's + 4's). FWD is the number of discontinuity points for the forward direction (2's + 3's). The FWD must always be equal to the BK for the next station.

DISCONTINUITIES- 15(2) 6(3) 0(4) 15 BK 21 FWD

POINT CONNECTIONS

1 TO 1	-1 TO 2	2 TO 3	3 TO 4	4 TO 5	4 TO 6	5 TO 7	6 TO 8
7 TO 9	8 TO 9	8 TO 10	9 TO 11	10 TO 12	11 TO 13	12 TO 14	13 TO 15
14 TO 16	15 TO 17	16 TO 18	17 TO 19	18 TO 20	19 TO 21	19 TO 22	20 TO 23
20 TO 24	21 TO 25	22 TO 26	23 TO 27	24 TO 28	25 TO 29	26 TO 30	27 TO 30
28 TO 31	29 TO 31	30 TO 32	31 TO 33	32 TO 34	33 TO 35	34 TO 36	35 TO 37
36 TO 38	37 TO 39	38 TO 40	39 TO 40	39 TO 41	40 TO 42	41 TO 42	42 TO 43
43 TO 44	43 TO 45	43 TO 46	44 TO 47	45 TO 47	46 TO 48	46 TO 49	47 TO 50
48 TO 51	49 TO 51	50 TO 52	51 TO 53	52 TO 54	53 TO 55	54 TO 56	55 TO 57
56 TO 57	57 TO 58	58 TO 59	59 TO 60	60 TO 60	61 TO 61	62 TO 62	63 TO 62
64 TO 63	65 TO 63	66 TO 64	67 TO 65	68 TO 65	69 TO 66	70 TO 67	71 TO 68
71 TO 69	72 TO 70	73 TO 71	74 TO 72	75 TO 73	76 TO 74	77 TO 75	78 TO 75
79 TO 76	80 TO 77	80 TO 78	81 TO 79	82 TO 80	83 TO 81	84 TO 82	84 TO 83
85 TO 84	86 TO 85	87 TO 86	88 TO 87	89 TO 88	90 TO 89	91 TO 89	92 TO 90
93 TO 91	94 TO 92	94 TO 93	95 TO 94	96 TO 95	97 TO 96	98 TO 97	99 TO 98
100 TO 99	101 TO 100	102 TO 101	103 TO 102	104 TO 102	105 TO 103	106 TO 104	107 TO 105
108 TO 106	108 TO 107	109 TO 108	110 TO 109	110 TO 110	111 TO 111	112 TO 112	113 TO 113
114 TO 113	115 TO 114	116 TO 115	117 TO 116	118 TO 117	119 TO 117	120 TO 118	121 TO 119

Point 14 of this scan profile (139+30) connects to point 16 of the next scan profile (140+00).

NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM

SCAN PROFILE DATA LIST

STATION NUMBER	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET
POINT CONNECTIONS	122 TO 120		123 TO 121		124 TO 122										
140+ 0.00	1(2)	4630.2	-5954	2(3)	4630.9	-5934	3(1)	4634.3	-5902	4(1)	4641.9	-5850	5(1)	4655.1	-5761
	6(1)	4669.8	-5680	7(1)	4693.2	-5543	8(1)	4717.4	-5425	9(1)	4749.9	-5291	10(1)	4772.4	-5204
	11(1)	4777.9	-5132	12(1)	4769.9	-5052	13(1)	4749.5	-4961	14(1)	4729.2	-4868	15(1)	4707.2	-4709
	16(1)	4689.3	-4542	17(1)	4674.9	-4376	18(2)	4667.2	-4267	19(1)	4665.4	-4123	20(1)	4676.1	-4022
	21(1)	4690.8	-3870	22(1)	4697.5	-3735	23(1)	4697.5	-3614	24(1)	4694.5	-3516	25(1)	4695.3	-3438
	26(1)	4709.5	-3324	27(2)	4718.2	-3254	28(1)	4732.7	-3172	29(1)	4762.0	-3058	30(1)	4798.6	-2965
	31(1)	4839.6	-2840	32(1)	4866.0	-2721	33(1)	4900.5	-2586	34(1)	4926.0	-2475	35(1)	4933.5	-2422
	36(1)	4936.7	-2352	37(1)	4930.2	-2274	38(1)	4920.5	-2189	39(1)	4902.7	-2007	40(1)	4886.9	-1900
	41(1)	4868.1	-1834	42(1)	4825.3	-1751	43(2)	4792.7	-1670	44(1)	4773.2	-1621	45(1)	4752.1	-1574
	46(1)	4730.4	-1522	47(1)	4691.8	-1379	48(1)	4669.4	-1306	49(1)	4653.8	-1253	50(2)	4646.1	-1172
	51(1)	4631.8	-1125	52(1)	4655.1	-1067	53(2)	4672.0	-995	54(1)	4687.9	-926	55(1)	4696.2	-867
	56(1)	4697.8	-811	57(1)	4725.9	-734	58(2)	4766.5	-639	59(1)	4794.6	-582	60(1)	4804.0	-550
	61(1)	4806.5	-448	62(1)	4808.3	-327	63(1)	4808.7	-197	64(1)	4801.4	-84	65(1)	4797.5	0
	66(1)	4802.4	68	67(1)	4816.9	171	68(1)	4816.8	209	69(1)	4805.5	266	70(2)	4786.7	298
	71(1)	4757.4	332	72(1)	4721.5	411	73(1)	4676.7	564	74(2)	4649.6	700	75(1)	4626.8	902
	76(1)	4611.8	1068	77(1)	4591.8	1410	78(2)	4590.1	1455	79(1)	4582.5	1541	80(1)	4575.6	1640
	81(2)	4582.3	1687	82(1)	4580.7	1745	83(1)	4588.5	1848	84(1)	4592.0	1940	85(1)	4588.8	2016
	86(1)	4578.7	2128	87(2)	4569.6	2246	88(1)	4561.6	2345	89(1)	4555.3	2431	90(1)	4558.4	2558
	91(2)	4562.5	2594	92(1)	4566.3	2682	93(1)	4564.4	2749	94(2)	4557.7	2794	95(1)	4549.4	2856
	96(1)	4555.2	2918	97(2)	4561.4	2972	98(1)	4570.0	3083	99(1)	4571.1	3167	100(1)	4568.2	3277
	101(1)	4558.7	3409	102(2)	4542.9	3538	103(1)	4533.0	3571	104(1)	4534.7	3658	105(2)	4545.3	3731
	106(1)	4557.8	3818	107(2)	4562.0	3870	108(1)	4567.6	3968	109(1)	4568.8	4041	110(1)	4567.5	4054
	111(1)	4571.2	4088	112(1)	4568.2	4116	113(1)	4571.2	4140	114(1)	4572.0	4452	115(1)	4570.0	4840
	116(1)	4565.6	5179	117(1)	4556.3	5425	118(2)	4543.4	5607	119(1)	4526.6	5738	120(2)	4513.7	5825
	121(1)	4511.3	5934	122(2)	4510.2	6133									

DISCONTINUITIES- 21(2) 1(3) 0(4) 21 BK 22 FWD

POINT CONNECTIONS	1 TO 1	2 TO 2	3 TO 2	4 TO 3	5 TO 3	6 TO 4	7 TO 5	8 TO 5
	9 TO 6	10 TO 6	11 TO 6	12 TO 7	13 TO 8	14 TO 8	15 TO 9	16 TO 10
	17 TO 11	18 TO 12	19 TO 13	20 TO 14	21 TO 15	22 TO 16	23 TO 17	24 TO 18
	25 TO 19	26 TO 20	27 TO 21	28 TO 22	29 TO 23	30 TO 24	31 TO 25	32 TO 26
	33 TO 26	34 TO 27	35 TO 28	36 TO 29	37 TO 30	38 TO 31	39 TO 32	40 TO 33
	41 TO 33	42 TO 34	43 TO 35	44 TO 36	45 TO 37	46 TO 38	47 TO 39	48 TO 39
	49 TO 40	50 TO 41	51 TO 42	52 TO 43	53 TO 44	54 TO 45	55 TO 46	56 TO 46
	57 TO 47	58 TO 48	59 TO 49	60 TO 50	61 TO 51	62 TO 52	63 TO 53	64 TO 53
	65 TO 54	66 TO 55	67 TO 56	68 TO 57	69 TO 58	70 TO 59	71 TO 60	72 TO 60
	73 TO 61	74 TO 62	75 TO 63	76 TO 64	77 TO 65	78 TO 66	79 TO 67	80 TO 68
	81 TO 66	82 TO 67	83 TO 68	84 TO 69	85 TO 70	86 TO 71	87 TO 72	88 TO 73
	89 TO 74	90 TO 75	91 TO 76	92 TO 77	93 TO 78	94 TO 79	95 TO 80	96 TO 80
	97 TO 81	98 TO 82	99 TO 83	100 TO 84	101 TO 85	102 TO 86	103 TO 87	104 TO 88
	105 TO 88	106 TO 89	107 TO 90	108 TO 91	109 TO 92	110 TO 93	111 TO 94	112 TO 94
	113 TO 94	114 TO 95	115 TO 96	116 TO 97	117 TO 98	118 TO 99	119 TO 100	120 TO 101

Sample NGI Output

NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM

SCAN PROFILE DATA LIST

STATION NUMBER	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET																																																																																																																																																																																																																																	
POINT CONNECTIONS	104 TO 102		105 TO 103		106 TO 104		107 TO 105		108 TO 106	109 TO 107		110 TO 108	111 TO 109																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
	112 TO 110		113 TO 110		113 TO 111		114 TO 111		115 TO 112	116 TO 113		117 TO 114	117 TO 115																																																																																																																																																																																																																																			
	118 TO 116		119 TO 117		119 TO 118		120 TO 119		121 TO 119	122 TO 120																																																																																																																																																																																																																																						
141+10.00	1(2) 4620.8	-5937	2(2) 4629.4	-5823	3(1) 4638.1	-5716	4(1) 4654.6	-5580	5(1) 4677.4	-5423	6(1) 4703.3	-5220	7(1) 4705.6	-5061	8(1) 4698.4	-4974	9(1) 4687.7	-4798	10(1) 4679.1	-4690	11(1) 4669.5	-4526	12(2) 4661.8	-4416	13(1) 4665.1	-4212	14(1) 4676.6	-4103	15(1) 4697.4	-3986	16(3) 4717.9	-3886	17(1) 4725.3	-3726	18(3) 4722.1	-3662	19(1) 4705.7	-3472	20(1) 4701.5	-3402	21(1) 4707.8	-3342	22(1) 4718.6	-3240	23(2) 4730.6	-3158	24(1) 4755.1	-3054	25(1) 4788.9	-2934	26(1) 4835.9	-2792	27(1) 4873.7	-2664	28(1) 4905.2	-2534	29(1) 4925.9	-2456	30(1) 4931.4	-2384	31(1) 4929.5	-2308	32(1) 4922.8	-2208	33(1) 4914.4	-2109	34(1) 4905.4	-1970	35(1) 4888.7	-1902	36(1) 4872.0	-1850	37(1) 4844.2	-1790	38(2) 4793.9	-1695	39(1) 4774.5	-1649	40(1) 4723.5	-1537	41(1) 4688.1	-1426	42(1) 4663.0	-1308	43(1) 4648.8	-1226	44(2) 4636.0	-1184	45(1) 4636.1	-1161	46(1) 4625.3	-1124	47(1) 4640.2	-1084	48(1) 4651.0	-996	49(2) 4663.9	-901	50(1) 4668.2	-851	51(1) 4677.1	-818	52(1) 4691.1	-762	53(1) 4716.4	-677	54(4) 4766.4	-594	55(1) 4771.9	-576	56(1) 4766.0	-498	57(1) 4759.1	-422	58(1) 4761.2	-334	59(1) 4769.1	-202	60(1) 4772.9	-107	61(1) 4774.1	0	62(1) 4779.1	51	63(1) 4791.4	155	64(4) 4787.0	208	65(1) 4775.0	268	66(1) 4745.8	330	67(1) 4708.3	449	68(1) 4667.5	603	69(1) 4646.6	709	70(2) 4642.4	738	71(1) 4628.4	871	72(1) 4618.8	979	73(1) 4605.3	1163	74(2) 4586.3	1495	75(1) 4581.5	1578	76(1) 4575.5	1617	77(1) 4575.1	1660	78(2) 4578.5	1710	79(1) 4579.5	1808	80(1) 4586.3	1882	81(1) 4588.7	1994	82(1) 4585.6	2095	83(1) 4574.0	2360	84(1) 4563.8	2475	85(2) 4557.5	2541	86(1) 4548.1	2590	87(1) 4550.5	2650	88(2) 4558.4	2699	89(1) 4561.3	2778	90(2) 4554.2	2816	91(1) 4541.2	2872	92(1) 4547.6	2917	93(2) 4557.6	2995	94(1) 4566.5	3082	95(1) 4570.7	3159	96(1) 4565.3	3320	97(1) 4557.5	3420	98(1) 4545.5	3519	99(2) 4540.6	3558	100(1) 4530.1	3632	101(1) 4530.2	3662	102(1) 4542.1	3723	103(2) 4551.3	3779	104(1) 4559.5	3844	105(2) 4562.0	3884	106(1) 4567.6	4024	107(1) 4566.0	4040	108(1) 4568.7	4076	109(1) 4564.9	4100	110(1) 4569.6	4124	111(1) 4569.9	4291	112(1) 4568.9	4691	113(1) 4564.3	5152	114(1) 4555.9	5401	115(1) 4547.9	5572	116(2) 4540.2	5677	117(1) 4525.1	5762	118(1) 4514.3	5824	119(2) 4511.5	5873	120(2) 4508.6	6133

DISCONTINUITIES- 20(2) 2(3) 2(4) 22 BK 22 FWD

POINT CONNECTIONS	1 TO 1	2 TO 2	2 TO 3	3 TO 4	4 TO 4	5 TO 5	6 TO 6	7 TO 7
	8 TO 7	9 TO 8	10 TO 8	11 TO 9	12 TO 9	12 TO 10	13 TO 11	14 TO 12
	15 TO 13	16 TO 14	16 TO 15	16 TO 16	17 TO 17	17 TO 18	17 TO 19	18 TO 20
	18 TO 21	19 TO 22	20 TO 22	21 TO 23	22 TO 23	23 TO 24	24 TO 25	25 TO 26
	26 TO 27	27 TO 27	28 TO 28	29 TO 29	30 TO 30	31 TO 30	32 TO 31	33 TO 32
	34 TO 33	35 TO 34	36 TO 35	37 TO 35	38 TO 36	38 TO 37	39 TO 38	40 TO 39
	41 TO 40	42 TO 41	43 TO 42	44 TO 42	45 TO 43	46 TO 44	47 TO 45	48 TO 46
	48 TO 47	48 TO 48	49 TO 49	50 TO 49	51 TO 49	52 TO 50	53 TO 50	54 TO 51
	55 TO 51	56 TO 52	57 TO 52	58 TO 52	59 TO 53	60 TO 54	60 TO 55	61 TO 56
	62 TO 56	63 TO 57	63 TO 58	64 TO 59	65 TO 59	66 TO 60	67 TO 61	68 TO 62
	69 TO 63	70 TO 63	71 TO 64	72 TO 65	73 TO 65	73 TO 66	74 TO 67	74 TO 68
	75 TO 69	76 TO 70	77 TO 71	78 TO 72	79 TO 73	80 TO 74	81 TO 75	82 TO 76
	82 TO 77	83 TO 78	83 TO 79	84 TO 80	85 TO 81	86 TO 82	87 TO 83	88 TO 84
	89 TO 85	90 TO 85	91 TO 86	92 TO 87	93 TO 88	94 TO 89	95 TO 90	95 TO 91

Sample NGI Output

NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM

SCAN PROFILE DATA LIST

STATION NUMBER	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET	POINT NUMBER (TYPE)	ELEV IN FEET	DIST IN FEET
POINT CONNECTIONS	96 TO 92		97 TO 93		98 TO 93		99 TO 94		100 TO 95		101 TO 95		101 TO 96		102 TO 97
	103 TO 98		104 TO 99		105 TO 99		106 TO 100		107 TO 100		107 TO 101		108 TO 102		109 TO 103
	110 TO 104		111 TO 105		112 TO 106		112 TO 107		113 TO 108		114 TO 109		115 TO 110		116 TO 111
	117 TO 112		118 TO 112		119 TO 113		120 TO 114		120 TO 115						
142+30.00	1(2)	4620.6	-5937	2(1)	4627.3	-5698	3(2)	4631.6	-5591	4(1)	4640.0	-5486	5(1)	4653.4	-5351
	6(1)	4662.1	-5217	7(1)	4664.0	-5038	8(1)	4661.5	-4810	9(2)	4658.4	-4627	10(1)	4656.7	-4529
	11(1)	4660.4	-4359	12(1)	4665.5	-4193	13(1)	4683.8	-4082	14(2)	4708.8	-4004	15(1)	4749.2	-3936
	16(1)	4762.2	-3822	17(1)	4767.7	-3732	18(1)	4763.3	-3668	19(1)	4741.5	-3576	20(1)	4723.7	-3498
	21(2)	4712.9	-3422	22(1)	4713.0	-3306	23(1)	4719.9	-3222	24(2)	4732.2	-3128	25(1)	4757.3	-3017
	26(1)	4796.3	-2867	27(1)	4845.8	-2702	28(1)	4886.3	-2528	29(1)	4905.9	-2407	30(1)	4914.0	-2328
	31(1)	4911.7	-2203	32(1)	4911.1	-2018	33(1)	4905.8	-1919	34(1)	4892.3	-1856	35(1)	4872.5	-1807
	36(1)	4821.0	-1714	37(2)	4797.8	-1672	38(1)	4776.3	-1626	39(1)	4716.0	-1484	40(1)	4679.0	-1370
	41(1)	4649.6	-1244	42(2)	4635.9	-1157	43(1)	4623.0	-1116	44(1)	4629.4	-1083	45(1)	4631.3	-1031
	46(1)	4640.8	-973	47(1)	4652.1	-884	48(1)	4650.2	-861	49(2)	4655.1	-800	50(1)	4685.3	-630
	51(1)	4706.2	-522	52(1)	4720.9	-332	53(1)	4735.7	-166	54(1)	4741.0	-35	55(1)	4746.2	0
	56(1)	4766.3	98	57(1)	4772.4	155	58(1)	4767.7	201	59(1)	4750.7	281	60(1)	4729.4	366
	61(1)	4682.1	540	62(1)	4653.5	657	63(2)	4635.0	757	64(1)	4622.2	874	65(1)	4608.6	1080
	66(1)	4593.7	1317	67(1)	4583.3	1478	68(2)	4580.7	1540	69(1)	4577.5	1619	70(1)	4575.9	1672
	71(1)	4570.6	1705	72(2)	4574.8	1762	73(1)	4576.0	1831	74(1)	4581.0	1904	75(1)	4584.0	2025
	76(1)	4578.6	2132	77(1)	4571.4	2228	78(1)	4571.7	2366	79(1)	4568.9	2456	80(1)	4557.0	2581
	81(2)	4551.3	2621	82(1)	4542.6	2658	83(1)	4542.6	2706	84(4)	4553.2	2774	85(4)	4552.4	2806
	86(1)	4537.3	2863	87(1)	4538.9	2925	88(2)	4545.9	2968	89(1)	4556.7	3046	90(1)	4566.7	3134
	91(1)	4568.1	3208	92(1)	4563.2	3323	93(1)	4552.0	3447	94(2)	4541.2	3522	95(1)	4527.8	3623
	96(1)	4527.9	3640	97(1)	4537.8	3676	98(2)	4544.9	3716	99(2)	4559.1	3852	100(1)	4563.8	4008
	101(1)	4561.5	4029	102(1)	4564.1	4059	103(1)	4562.2	4086	104(1)	4566.0	4108	105(1)	4569.6	4291
	106(1)	4569.2	4562	107(1)	4568.2	4902	108(1)	4561.2	5192	109(1)	4553.6	5425	110(1)	4541.7	5696
	111(2)	4534.9	5756	112(1)	4525.7	5816	113(2)	4510.2	5875	114(1)	4508.1	6012	115(2)	4506.3	6138

DISCONTINUITIES- 20(2) 0(3) 2(4) 22 BK 20 FWD

POINT CONNECTIONS	1 TO 1	1 TO 2	1 TO 3	1 TO 4	1 TO 5	2 TO 6	2 TO 7	3 TO 8
	4 TO 8	5 TO 8	6 TO 8	7 TO 9	8 TO 9	9 TO 9	10 TO 10	11 TO 11
	12 TO 12	12 TO 13	12 TO 14	13 TO 15	14 TO 16	15 TO 16	16 TO 17	17 TO 17
	18 TO 17	19 TO 17	20 TO 18	21 TO 18	22 TO 19	22 TO 20	22 TO 21	23 TO 22
	24 TO 23	24 TO 24	24 TO 25	25 TO 25	26 TO 26	27 TO 27	28 TO 28	29 TO 29
	30 TO 30	31 TO 31	32 TO 32	33 TO 33	34 TO 34	35 TO 34	36 TO 35	37 TO 36
	38 TO 37	39 TO 38	40 TO 39	41 TO 40	42 TO 41	43 TO 42	44 TO 43	44 TO 44
	45 TO 44	46 TO 45	47 TO 46	48 TO 46	49 TO 47	49 TO 48	50 TO 49	51 TO 50
	52 TO 51	52 TO 52	53 TO 53	53 TO 54	53 TO 55	54 TO 56	55 TO 56	56 TO 57
	57 TO 58	57 TO 59	58 TO 59	59 TO 60	60 TO 61	61 TO 62	62 TO 63	63 TO 64
	64 TO 65	65 TO 66	66 TO 67	67 TO 67	68 TO 68	69 TO 69	70 TO 70	71 TO 71
	72 TO 72	73 TO 73	74 TO 73	75 TO 74	76 TO 75	77 TO 76	77 TO 77	78 TO 78
	79 TO 78	79 TO 79	80 TO 80	81 TO 80	82 TO 80	83 TO 81	84 TO 82	85 TO 82
	86 TO 83	87 TO 84	88 TO 84	89 TO 85	90 TO 85	91 TO 86	92 TO 87	93 TO 88

CONTROL & SECTION
 999970AR
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

DISTRICT _____ RES. NO. _____
 I. P. E. _____ PROJ. _____
 CO. _____ HWY. _____

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
 CROSS-SECTION / PROFILE PLOT INPUT FORM PREPARED BY _____

SHEET 5 OF _____
 DATE _____

CROSS-SECT. PLOT	FROM BASELINE STATION	TO BASELINE STATION	SCALE		SPACE		LABEL SPACING (IN)	MOVE	MIT	PLOT	INCREM	PLOTTING LIMITS			LIST	FOR
			HORIZ. (FT/IN)	VERT. (FT/IN)	HOR. (IN)	VER. (IN)						LEFT (FT)	DIRECTION	RT. (FT)		
XSEC	15500	26000	50	50	1	1	1			X						

CONTROL & SECTION
 999970AR
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

DISTRICT _____ RES. NO. _____
 I. P. E. _____ PROJ. _____
 CO. _____ HWY. _____

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
 TERRAIN HEADER INPUT FORM PREPARED BY _____

SHEET 6 OF _____
 DATE _____

TERRAIN	JOB TYPE										PRINT TYPE			CROSS-SECTION CARD TYPE (THD OR TEX)	LIST OF CROSS-SECTION DATA INPUT CARDS? (YES OR NO)	COMMENTS	
	ORIG. CARDS	ORIG. CO. / TAPE	FINAL CO. / TAPE	ORIG. EXTEN.	FINAL EXTEN.	TAPE TO DISK	DELETIONS	MODIF. HUBS, PRINT	ORIGINAL DESIGN	FINAL	HORIZONTAL POSITION	ROW/MAX SL. INTC.	HUBS				
X																	

CONTROL & SECTION
 99-7970ART
 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

DISTRICT _____ RES. NO. _____
 I. P. E. _____ PROJ. _____
 CO. _____ HWY. _____

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 TIES ROAD DESIGN SYSTEM
 PRINT REQUEST FORM FOR STATION FILE DATA PREPARED BY _____

SHEET 7 OF _____
 DATE _____

FROM TERRAIN STATION	TO TERRAIN STATION	CROSS-SECTIONS		HORIZONTAL POSITION AND DESIGN ELEV.						HUBS						
		ORIGINAL DESIGN	FINAL	A	B	C	D	E	F	ROW/MAX SL. INTC.	1	2	3	4	5	6
30	15500		X													

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT PROCESS
 CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** DESIGN DATA ***

NOV 13, 1974

COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST
 FOR ROADWAY G

COMPUTATIONS BASED ON ARC DEFINITION

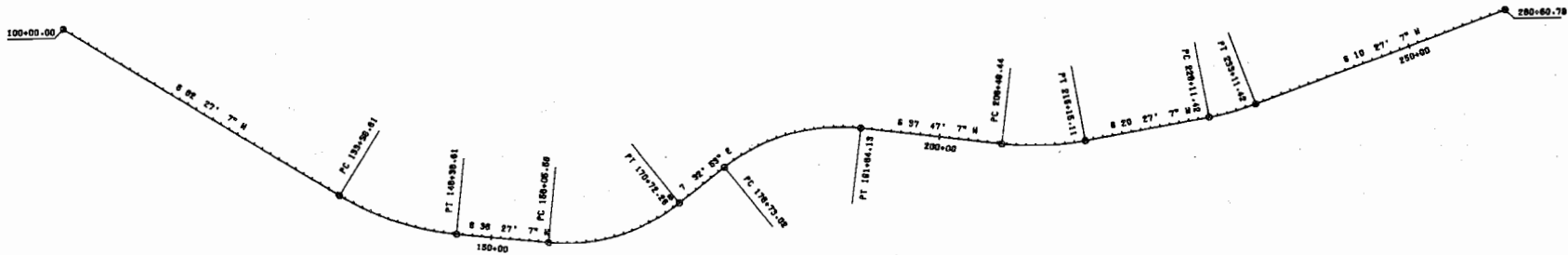
P.I.							X	Y
5	100+00.0000						342302.4077	799859.6159
		S 62 27	7.17 W		4000.0000 FEET			
	133+38.6114 PC		661.3886 T				339342.3160	798315.5360
10	140+00.0000 PI	2 0 0.0 D	26 0 0.0 LT	1300.0000 L	2864.7890 R		338755.9132	798009.6492
	146+38.6114 PT		661.3886 T				338362.9498	797477.6580
		S 36 27	7.17 W		2400.0000 FEET			
	156+05.5895 PC		771.6333 T				337788.4207	796699.8643
15	163+77.2227 PI	3 0 0.0 D	44 0 0.0 LT	1466.6667 L	1909.8593 R		337329.9556	796079.1973
	170+72.2561 PT		771.6333 T				337431.3149	795314.2501
		S 7 32	52.83 E		2170.0000 FEET			
	176+73.0166 PC		797.6062 T				337510.2289	794718.6951
20	184+70.6229 PI	3 0 0.0 D	45 20 0.0 RT	1511.1111 L	1909.8593 R		337615.0000	793928.0000
	191+84.1277 PT		797.6062 T				337126.3029	793297.6422
		S 37 47	7.17 W		2698.5879 FEET			
	206+48.4407 PC		436.6688 T				336229.1116	792140.3782
25	210+85.1094 PI	2 0 0.0 D	17 20 0.0 LT	866.6667 L	2864.7890 R		335961.5626	791795.2737
	215+15.1073 PT		436.6688 T				335808.9807	791386.1302

Horizontal Alignment List

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST
 FOR ROADWAY G

COMPUTATIONS BASED ON ARC DEFINITION

P.I.						X	Y
		S 20 27	7.17 W		1983.6212 FEET		
	228+11.4232 PC		250.6366 T			335356.0189	790171.5272
30	230+62.0598 PI	2 0 0.0 D	10 0 0.0 LT	500.0000 L	2864.7890 R	335268.4409	789936.6894
	233+11.4232 PT		250.6366 T			335222.9725	789690.2116
		S 10 27	7.17 W		3000.0000 FEET		
35	260+60.7867					334724.2061	786986.4676



Horizontal Alignment List and Plot

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
TERRAIN EDIT & STORE PROCESS
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** EARTHWORK ***

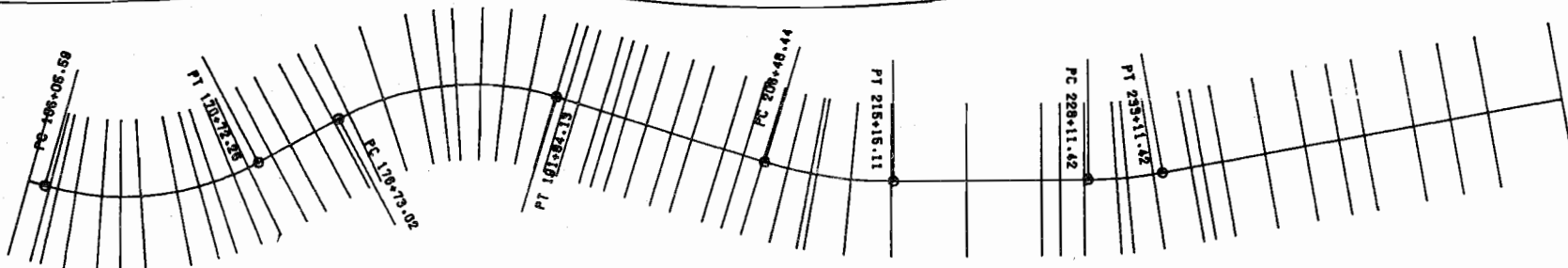
NOV 13, 1974

COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

FROM BASELINE STATION	TO BASELINE STATION	STATION INCREMENT (FT)	CROSS-SECTION LIMITS	
			LEFT (FT)	RIGHT (FT)
155+ 0.00	156+45.00	145.0	500L	500R
157+ 0.00	158+25.00	125.0	500L	500R
160+ 0.00	161+25.00	125.0	500L	500R
162+60.00	165+ 0.00	240.0	500L	500R
166+50.00	167+50.00	100.0	500L	500R
168+90.00	170+ 0.00	110.0	500L	500R
171+75.00	173+15.00	140.0	500L	500R
175+ 0.00	176+40.00	140.0	500L	500R
177+50.00	180+ 0.00	250.0	500L	500R
182+50.00	184+ 0.00	150.0	500L	500R
185+ 0.00	186+65.00	165.0	500L	500R
188+20.00	190+ 0.00	180.0	500L	500R
191+80.00	192+50.00	70.0	500L	500R
193+40.00	195+ 0.00	160.0	500L	500R
195+80.00	196+75.00	95.0	500L	500R
198+25.00	200+ 0.00	175.0	500L	500R
201+40.00	203+65.00	225.0	500L	500R
205+ 0.00	206+35.00	135.0	500L	500R
208+ 5.00	209+60.00	155.0	500L	500R
210+ 0.00	212+30.00	230.0	500L	500R
215+ 0.00	225+ 0.00	500.0	500L	500R
226+25.00	227+85.00	160.0	500L	500R
230+ 0.00	230+70.00	70.0	500L	500R
232+45.00	235+ 0.00	255.0	500L	500R
235+80.00	237+10.00	130.0	500L	500R
240+ 0.00	242+70.00	270.0	500L	500R
245+ 0.00	246+70.00	170.0	500L	500R
250+ 0.00	252+50.00	250.0	500L	500R
255+ 0.00	260+ 0.00	500.0	500L	500R

Output of Cross-Section Request

STATION NUMBER	LEFT POINT COORDINATES		CENTERLINE POINT COORDINATES		RIGHT POINT COORDINATES	
	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
155+ 0.00	338253.3341	796487.7212	337851.1566	796784.7957	337448.9791	797081.8702
156+45.00	338173.5554	796379.2121	337765.3337	796667.9249	337357.1120	796956.6377
157+ 0.00	338150.5918	796345.7307	337734.2262	796622.5695	337317.8606	796899.4082
158+25.00	338102.0513	796267.2739	337668.4711	796516.2883	337234.8909	796765.3027
160+ 0.00	338042.9322	796152.4608	337588.3856	796360.7573	337133.8391	796569.0538
161+25.00	338007.2627	796067.3765	337540.0661	796245.4982	337072.8695	796423.6200
162+60.00	337975.0798	795973.0809	337496.4697	796117.7612	337017.8596	796262.4414
165+ 0.00	337934.5907	795800.7211	337441.6213	795884.2747	336948.6520	795967.8284
166+50.00	337920.3909	795690.9339	337422.3857	795735.5521	336924.3804	795780.1703
167+50.00	337915.7309	795617.2696	337416.0731	795635.7630	336916.4152	795654.2564
168+90.00	337915.6955	795513.9446	337416.0250	795495.7943	336916.3545	795477.6441
170+ 0.00	337920.9778	795432.9258	337423.1807	795386.0426	336925.3836	795339.1594
171+75.00	337940.4786	795278.0749	337444.8110	795212.3965	336949.1435	795146.7180
173+15.00	337958.8686	795139.2880	337463.2010	795073.6096	336967.5334	795007.9311
175+ 0.00	337983.1696	794955.8910	337487.5020	794890.2126	336991.8344	794824.5341
176+40.00	338001.5595	794817.1041	337505.8920	794751.4256	337010.2244	794685.7472
177+50.00	338016.7122	794687.8466	337518.8006	794642.1957	337020.8890	794596.5447
180+ 0.00	338024.9006	794372.7283	337525.2901	794392.4584	337025.6795	794412.1885
182+50.00	337991.8878	794059.2371	337499.1268	794144.0106	337006.3657	794228.7842
184+ 0.00	337952.5094	793874.1586	337467.9186	793997.3325	336983.3279	794120.5063
185+ 0.00	337918.2386	793752.7368	337440.7584	793901.1034	336963.2781	794049.4700
186+65.00	337847.9534	793556.8313	337385.0560	793745.8445	336922.1587	793934.8578
188+20.00	337766.7571	793378.9625	337320.7064	793604.8802	336874.6557	793830.7978
190+ 0.00	337654.7454	793181.4772	337231.9350	793448.3693	336809.1246	793715.2614
191+80.00	337524.6457	792995.4096	337128.8285	793300.9072	336733.0113	793606.4047
192+50.00	337481.0987	792939.2303	337085.9427	793245.5826	336690.7867	793551.9349
193+40.00	337425.9553	792868.1022	337030.7993	793174.4545	336635.6433	793480.8069
195+ 0.00	337327.9225	792741.6523	336932.7665	793048.0046	336537.6106	793354.3569
195+80.00	337278.9061	792678.4273	336883.7502	792984.7797	336488.5942	793291.1320
196+75.00	337220.6992	792603.3477	336825.5432	792909.7000	336430.3872	793216.0523
198+25.00	337128.7935	792484.8009	336733.6375	792791.1532	336338.4815	793097.5056
200+ 0.00	337021.5702	792346.4963	336626.4142	792652.8486	336231.2582	792959.2010
201+40.00	336935.7915	792235.8526	336540.6356	792542.2050	336145.4796	792848.5573
203+65.00	336797.9330	792058.0324	336402.7770	792364.3848	336007.6210	792670.7371



Output of Cross-Section Coordinates and Plot Representing the Cross-Section Lines

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
TERRAIN EDIT & STORE PROCESS
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** EARTHWORK ***

NOV 13, 1974

COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION LIST

STATION NUMBER	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)
155+00.00	4825.37	500.00L	4802.64	458.17L	4793.88	441.16L	4774.42	393.59L	4773.06	390.46L
	4724.67	280.15L	4689.15	157.59L	4665.47	51.66L	4659.25	29.93L	4654.11	0.0
	4651.06	17.74R	4641.15	78.40R	4641.30	89.62R	4628.94	132.01R	4635.35	149.01R
	4653.62	215.58R	4669.66	289.64R	4683.31	349.22R	4685.46	356.22R	4692.68	400.08R
	4696.90	453.87R	4714.50	500.00R						
156+45.00	4834.32	500.00L	4822.48	478.01L	4797.87	432.98L	4775.42	384.47L	4731.99	281.55L
	4716.19	245.12L	4679.93	135.12L	4652.10	14.90L	4649.74	0.0	4639.05	67.48R
	4635.92	77.59R	4626.62	113.07R	4628.17	146.34R	4634.25	193.17R	4644.67	260.30R
	4651.64	311.70R	4650.54	324.03R	4659.26	394.69R	4661.51	417.62R	4666.11	433.62R
	4680.52	500.00R								
157+00.00	4831.70	500.00L	4826.24	489.55L	4798.11	437.77L	4771.01	378.51L	4718.36	255.54L
	4677.68	130.46L	4648.85	8.33L	4647.55	0.0	4634.92	80.58R	4622.63	122.16R
	4628.12	154.99R	4629.80	162.62R	4631.38	206.44R	4640.12	272.98R	4650.92	362.91R
	4649.27	383.38R	4654.73	443.14R	4655.12	446.33R	4665.30	500.00R		
158+25.00	4826.66	500.00L	4798.72	447.77L	4762.56	366.87L	4724.11	279.87L	4720.03	269.16L
	4671.81	118.62L	4644.79	9.88L	4643.30	0.0	4630.33	85.79R	4620.36	129.18R
	4620.79	163.92R	4631.08	210.77R	4633.49	344.05R	4636.46	479.36R	4638.81	500.00R
160+00.00	4804.96	500.00L	4800.02	490.03L	4768.46	413.80L	4732.13	321.26L	4692.83	215.01L
	4653.93	70.66L	4642.22	16.50L	4639.85	0.0	4628.01	82.26R	4625.72	168.50R
	4616.17	201.99R	4613.77	258.98R	4624.39	288.05R	4621.00	385.47R	4620.19	406.23R
	4623.58	500.00R								
161+25.00	4788.55	500.00L	4775.69	466.07L	4774.50	462.26L	4733.69	344.23L	4695.00	231.09L
	4654.46	87.03L	4635.12	0.0	4629.64	24.66R	4619.17	123.03R	4618.68	182.15R
	4618.63	190.34R	4611.15	213.40R	4610.50	264.28R	4617.07	294.04R	4618.88	299.84R
	4618.29	335.01R	4614.68	406.52R	4614.24	486.46R	4615.63	500.00R		
162+60.00	4780.33	500.00L	4765.22	452.09L	4758.59	432.30L	4731.77	353.02L	4694.80	253.50L
	4658.79	129.15L	4636.67	29.23L	4631.35	6.39L	4630.28	0.0	4614.63	92.94R
	4605.47	134.95R	4606.53	189.89R	4608.37	236.50R	4613.96	264.13R	4613.24	310.20R
	4611.69	390.48R	4609.46	406.87R	4605.20	442.40R	4609.24	500.00R		
165+00.00	4788.95	500.00L	4786.51	481.25L	4779.49	454.79L	4769.20	438.56L	4754.66	419.79L
	4724.42	362.19L	4680.44	269.84L	4677.34	263.18L	4638.51	130.89L	4638.19	129.25L

Example Output of Cross-Sections Developed From NGI File

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
TERRAIN EDIT & STORE PROCESS
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** EARTHWORK ***

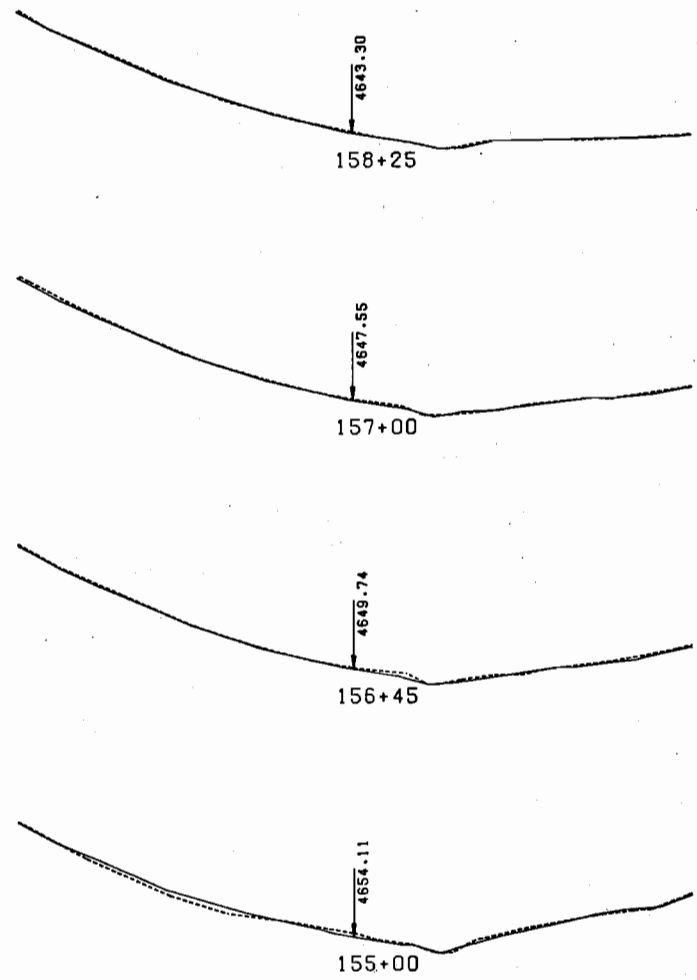
NOV 13, 1974

COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

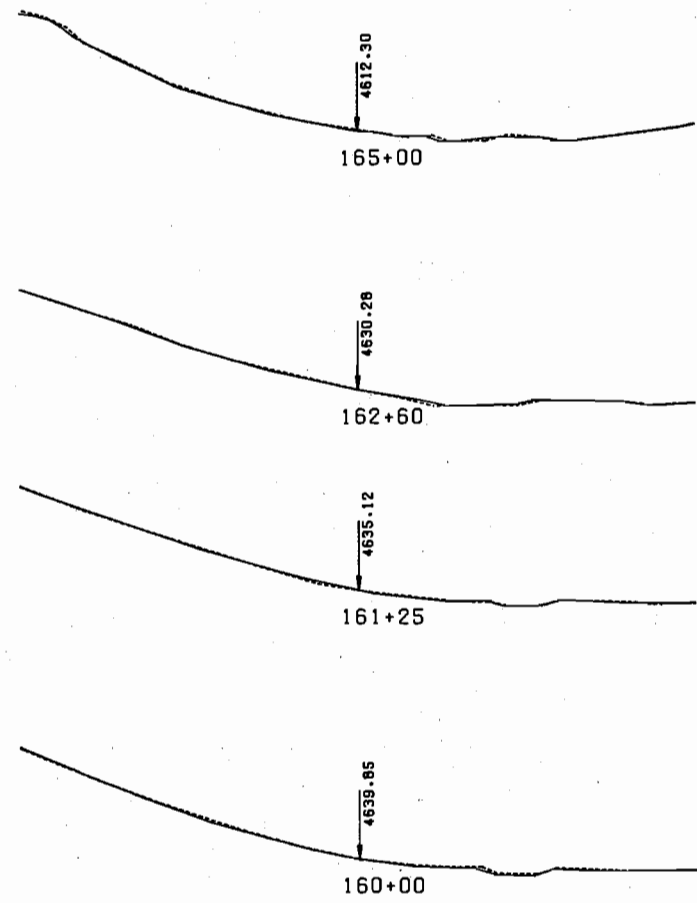
ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION LIST

STATION NUMBER	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)
165+00.00	4612.86	6.27L	4612.30	0.0	4609.75	28.84R	4603.97	60.83R	4603.71	81.64R
	4604.55	98.81R	4596.35	121.02R	4596.05	146.45R	4599.75	188.56R	4601.95	214.49R
	4601.72	270.07R	4596.31	306.59R	4595.46	311.79R	4595.31	312.96R	4606.39	404.68R
	4616.73	484.10R	4620.23	500.00R						
166+50.00	4773.88	500.00L	4773.34	492.84L	4755.04	446.65L	4740.99	429.86L	4733.24	420.47L
	4731.54	417.26L	4687.15	328.77L	4658.68	254.57L	4649.19	227.90L	4618.86	110.57L
	4615.60	94.60L	4611.03	67.59L	4600.04	0.0	4597.00	18.70R	4592.47	55.49R
	4591.02	131.07R	4590.99	147.95R	4590.72	148.82R	4597.03	186.20R	4595.69	199.46R
	4592.25	245.56R	4590.28	252.77R	4596.77	321.74R	4606.48	369.45R	4615.27	409.42R
	4628.19	460.45R	4639.28	500.00R						
167+50.00	4741.82	500.00L	4739.36	478.09L	4720.54	421.08L	4720.07	420.52L	4718.44	417.51L
	4694.36	382.48L	4668.91	334.00L	4644.63	258.91L	4642.08	248.94L	4602.99	69.84L
	4599.04	47.49L	4596.30	21.25L	4592.25	0.0	4590.80	7.62R	4590.91	79.90R
	4588.23	88.24R	4590.39	132.15R	4589.75	138.20R	4592.48	188.76R	4587.51	206.44R
	4588.08	262.00R	4589.46	267.30R	4599.82	305.70R	4604.86	329.95R	4622.82	387.98R
	4646.95	473.59R	4648.33	478.01R	4656.05	500.00R				
168+90.00	4687.30	500.00L	4694.26	472.56L	4691.84	450.89L	4687.78	444.11L	4666.10	409.80L
	4648.77	354.59L	4629.55	286.05L	4617.42	223.82L	4593.00	84.86L	4592.03	76.02L
	4590.14	66.49L	4590.80	0.0	4590.80	0.30R	4587.07	11.47R	4585.05	15.89R
	4585.11	65.96R	4587.33	101.38R	4582.71	146.75R	4585.19	173.09R	4583.44	197.43R
	4583.24	200.80R	4592.18	245.65R	4611.96	316.13R	4629.39	384.11R	4644.80	410.19R
	4679.34	475.44R	4688.56	500.00R						
170+00.00	4649.14	500.00L	4643.59	435.67L	4642.95	432.87L	4640.25	428.77L	4637.68	418.19L
	4628.01	344.29L	4604.06	210.78L	4593.39	144.88L	4589.33	123.19L	4587.39	70.25L
	4584.10	63.34L	4585.96	0.0	4586.50	18.25R	4584.58	25.94R	4581.60	43.23R
	4580.14	119.94R	4581.73	160.86R	4580.53	180.52R	4588.61	224.57R	4601.16	276.29R
	4616.23	326.28R	4620.51	333.41R	4637.09	369.62R	4662.19	428.12R	4670.12	452.99R
	4683.34	500.00R								
171+75.00	4610.65	500.00L	4609.88	479.01L	4607.71	423.36L	4600.43	363.10L	4595.06	299.74L
	4589.74	249.62L	4586.87	234.71L	4584.35	200.67L	4581.45	149.78L	4581.43	22.92L
	4581.11	0.0	4579.96	81.70R	4578.77	91.70R	4577.35	102.02R	4576.82	166.06R
	4582.02	205.40R	4583.94	221.26R	4594.89	278.70R	4601.45	314.09R	4604.66	327.22R
	4621.94	395.10R	4645.75	500.00R						

Example Output of Cross-Sections Developed From NGI File



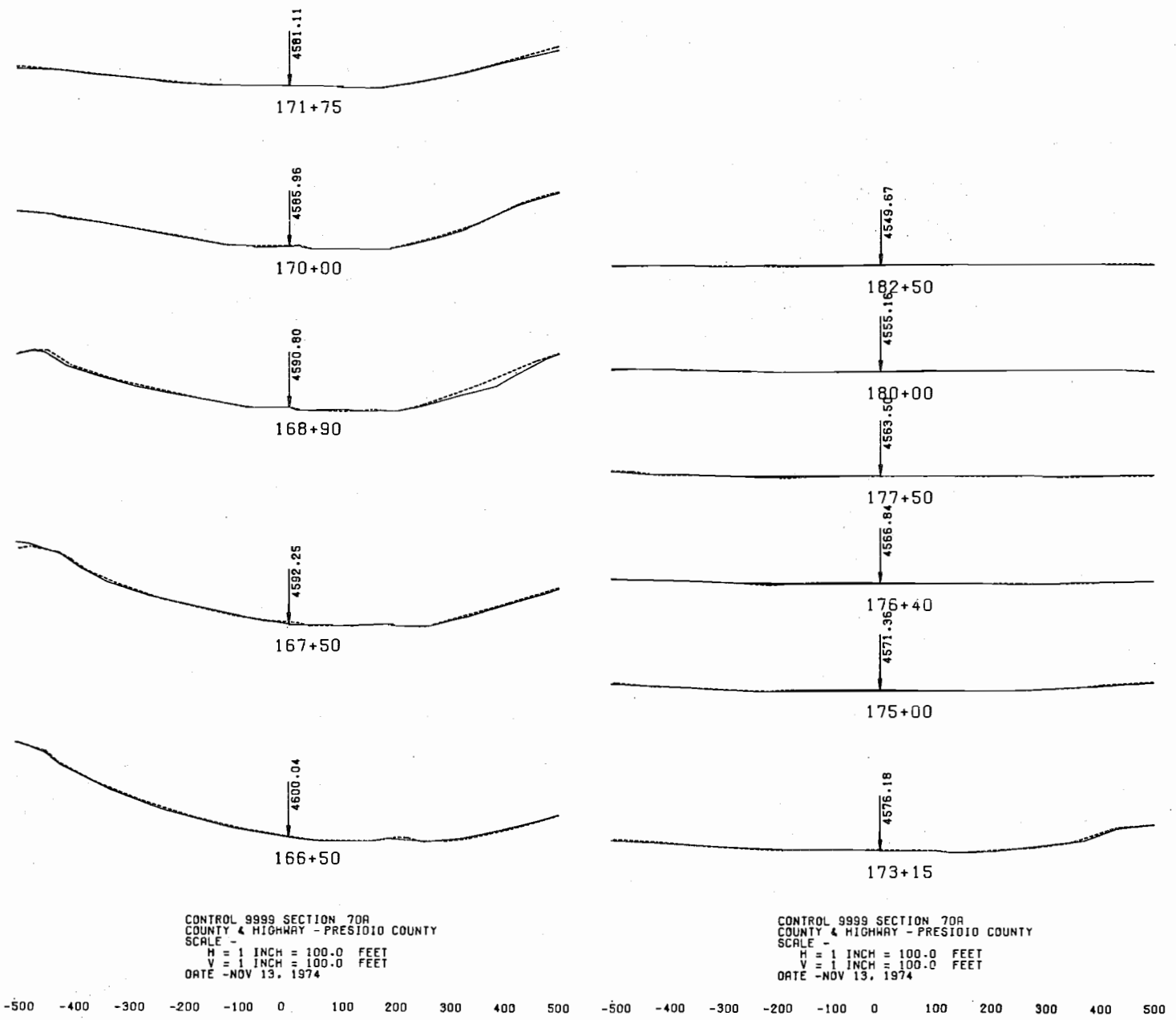
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A
 COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY
 SCALE -
 H = 1 INCH = 100.0 FEET
 V = 1 INCH = 100.0 FEET
 DATE -NOV 13, 1974



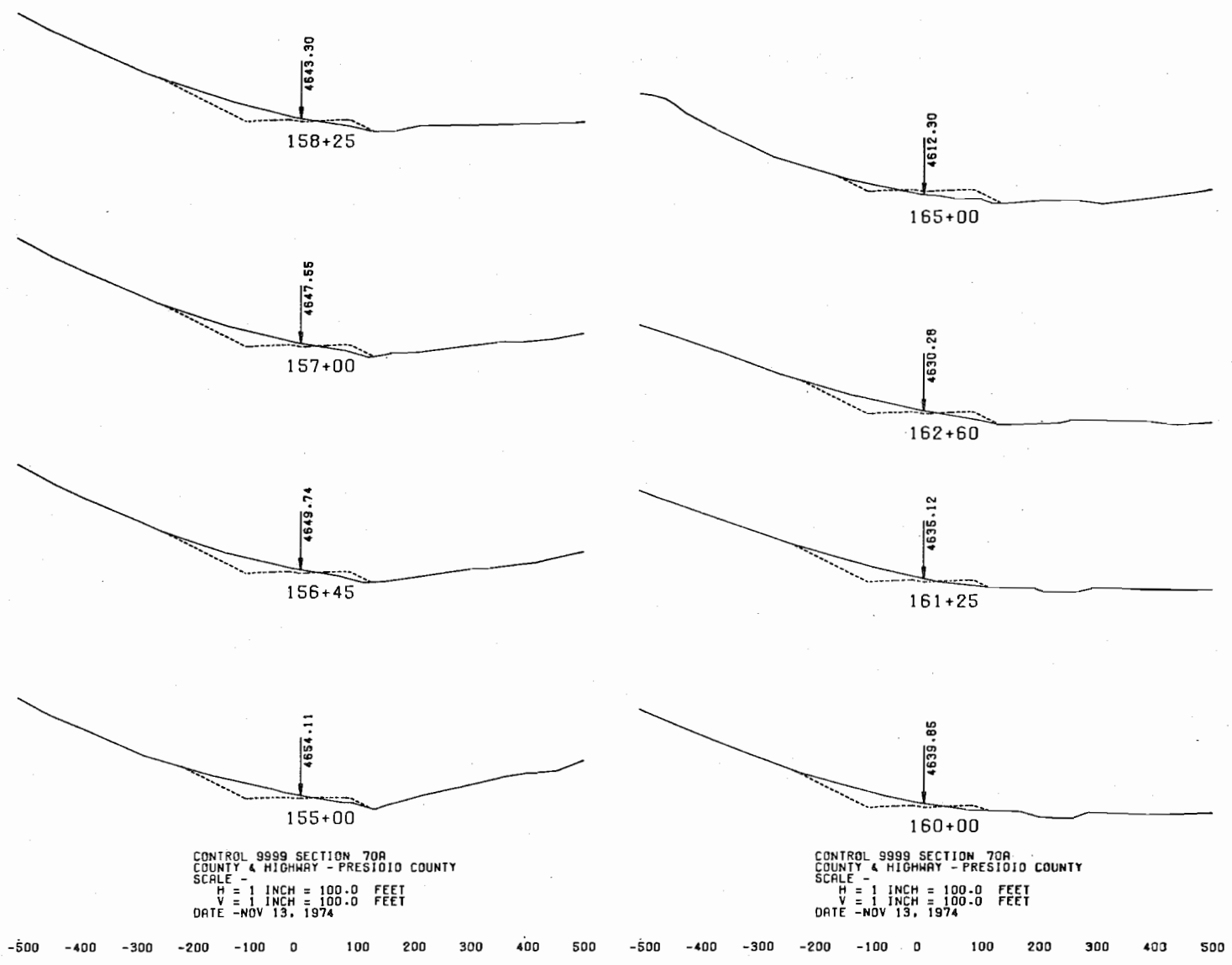
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A
 COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY
 SCALE -
 H = 1 INCH = 100.0 FEET
 V = 1 INCH = 100.0 FEET
 DATE -NOV 13, 1974

-500 -400 -300 -200 -100 0 100 200 300 400 500 -500 -400 -300 -200 -100 0 100 200 300 400 500

Comparison of NGI/RDS (solid) and Photogrammetric (dashed) Cross-Sections



Comparison of NGI/RDS (solid) and Photogrammetric (dashed) Cross-Sections



Cross-Section Plot of Typical Earthwork Design Using NGI/RDS Cross-Sections

EARTHWORK QUANTITIES LIST FOR ROADWAYS A B C D E F

BASELINE STATION NUMBER	STATION CUT (CU-YD)	STATION FILL (CU-YD)	ADJUSTED	ACCUM CUT (CU-YD)	ACCUM FILL (CU-YD)	MASS ORDINATE (CU-YD)	COMPACTION FACTOR	ADDED QUANTITIES	
			STATION FILL (CU-YD)					CUT (CU-YD)	FILL (CU-YD)
155+00.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.00000	0	0
156+45.00	17221	2852	2852	17221	2852	14369	1.00000	0	0
157+00.00	7045	1306	1306	24266	4158	20108	1.00000	0	0
158+25.00	16659	2878	2878	40925	7036	33889	1.00000	0	0
160+00.00	23103	2937	2937	64028	9973	54055	1.00000	0	0
161+25.00	16106	1742	1742	80134	11715	68419	1.00000	0	0
162+60.00	16354	2781	2781	96488	14496	81992	1.00000	0	0
165+00.00	16871	10413	10413	113359	24909	88450	1.00000	0	0
166+50.00	2255	13196	13196	115614	38105	77509	1.00000	0	0
167+50.00	93	12150	12150	115707	50255	65452	1.00000	0	0
168+90.00	0	18787	18787	115707	69042	46665	1.00000	0	0
170+00.00	0	15424	15424	115707	84466	31241	1.00000	0	0
171+75.00	0	21914	21914	115707	106380	9327	1.00000	0	0
173+15.00	0	14551	14551	115707	120931	-5224	1.00000	0	0
175+00.00	0	16739	16739	115707	137670	-21963	1.00000	0	0
176+40.00	0	10862	10862	115707	148532	-32825	1.00000	0	0
177+50.00	0	7565	7565	115707	156097	-40390	1.00000	0	0
180+00.00	0	14447	14447	115707	170544	-54837	1.00000	0	0
182+50.00	49	8452	8452	115756	178996	-63240	1.00000	0	0
184+00.00	215	1914	1914	115971	180910	-64939	1.00000	0	0

Earthwork Quantities From Design On NGI/RDS Cross-Sections

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM *** EARTHWORK ***
 EARTHWORK QUANTITIES CALCULATION PROCESS DEC 02, 1974
 CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70A COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY
 EARTHWORK QUANTITIES LIST FOR ROADWAYS A B C D E F

BASILINE STATION NUMBER	STATION CUT (CU-YD)	STATION FILL (CU-YD)	ADJUSTED STATION FILL (CU-YD)	ACCUM CUT (CU-YD)	ACCUM FILL (CU-YD)	MASS ORDINATE (CU-YD)	COMPACTION FACTOR	ADDED QUANTITIES CUT (CU-YD)	ADDED QUANTITIES FILL (CU-YD)
155+00.00	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.00000	0	0
156+45.00	17598	1942	1942	17598	1942	15656	1.00000	0	0
157+00.00	7217	917	917	24815	2859	21956	1.00000	0	0
158+25.00	16819	2772	2772	41634	5631	36003	1.00000	0	0
160+00.00	22577	3179	3179	64211	8910	55401	1.00000	0	0
161+25.00	14937	1644	1644	79148	10454	68694	1.00000	0	0
162+60.00	15717	3374	3374	94865	13828	81037	1.00000	0	0
165+00.00	17430	11048	11048	112295	24876	87419	1.00000	0	0
166+50.00	2527	12335	12335	114822	37211	77611	1.00000	0	0
167+50.00	199	11892	11892	115021	49103	65918	1.00000	0	0
168+90.00	0	19081	19081	115021	68184	46837	1.00000	0	0
170+00.00	0	15227	15227	115021	83411	31610	1.00000	0	0
171+75.00	0	21306	21306	115021	104717	10304	1.00000	0	0
173+15.00	0	14402	14402	115021	119119	-4098	1.00000	0	0
175+00.00	0	16978	16978	115021	136097	-21076	1.00000	0	0
176+40.00	0	11274	11274	115021	147371	-32350	1.00000	0	0
177+50.00	0	7887	7887	115021	155258	-40237	1.00000	0	0
180+00.00	0	15035	15035	115021	170293	-55272	1.00000	0	0
182+50.00	12	8566	8566	115033	178859	-63826	1.00000	0	0
184+00.00	126	2418	2418	115159	181277	-66118	1.00000	0	0

Earthwork Quantities From Design on Photogrammetric Cross-Sections

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT PROCESS
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 708

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** DESIGN DATA ***
DEC 05, 1974
COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST
FOR ROADWAY G

COMPUTATIONS BASED ON ARC DEFINITION

P.I.							X	Y
5	100+00.0000						342302.4077	799859.6159
		S 62 27	7.17 W			4000.0000 FEET		
	133+38.6114 PC						339342.3160	798315.5360
10	140+00.0000 PI	2 0 0.0 D	26 0 0.0 LT		1300.0000 L	2864.7890 R	338755.9132	798009.6492
	146+38.6114 PT						338362.9498	797477.6580
		S 36 27	7.17 W			1480.0000 FEET		
	147+62.0908 PC						338289.5846	797378.3367
15	154+57.2227 PI	3 0 0.0 D	40 0 0.0 RT		1333.3333 L	1909.8593 R	337876.5727	796819.2038
	160+95.4241 PT						337200.7835	796656.3622
		S 76 27	7.17 W			2500.0000 FEET		
	173+88.5469 PC						335943.6432	796353.4352
20	179+00.2921 PI	3 0 0.0 D	30 0 0.0 LT		1000.0000 L	1909.8593 R	335446.1377	796233.5538
	183+88.5469 PT						335075.2261	795880.9807
		S 46 27	7.17 W			4000.0000 FEET		
	213+71.6620 PC						332913.0722	793825.7273
25	218+76.8016 PI	2 0 0.0 D	20 0 0.0 LT		1000.0000 L	2864.7890 R	332546.9484	793477.7053
	223+71.6620 PT						332321.9351	793025.4498

Horizontal Alignment List For an Alternate Route

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
 HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT PROCESS
 CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70B

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** DESIGN DATA ***

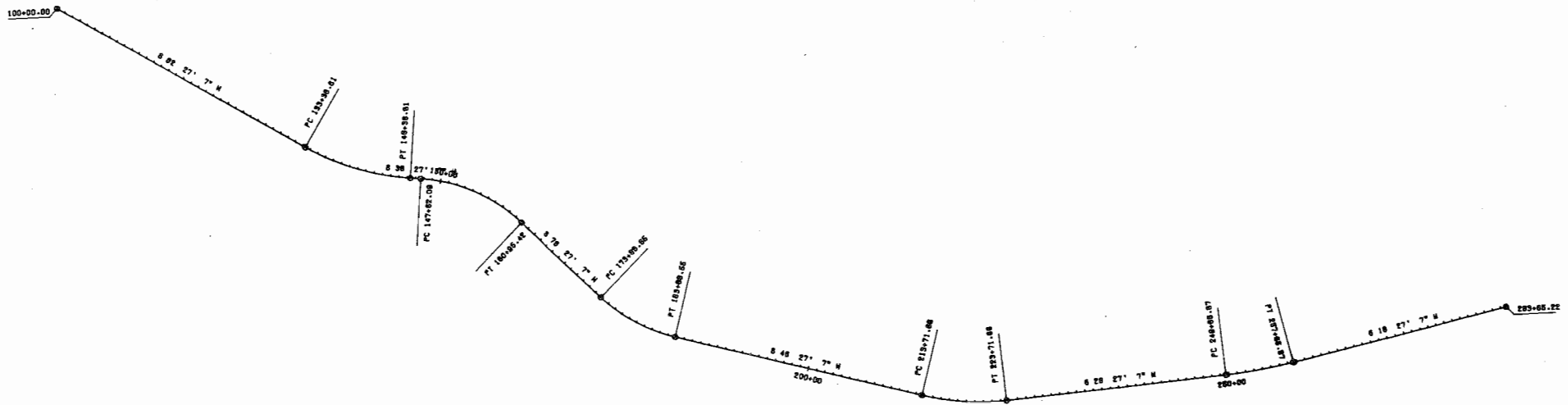
DEC 05, 1974

COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

HORIZONTAL ALIGNMENT LIST
 FOR ROADWAY G

COMPUTATIONS BASED ON ARC DEFINITION

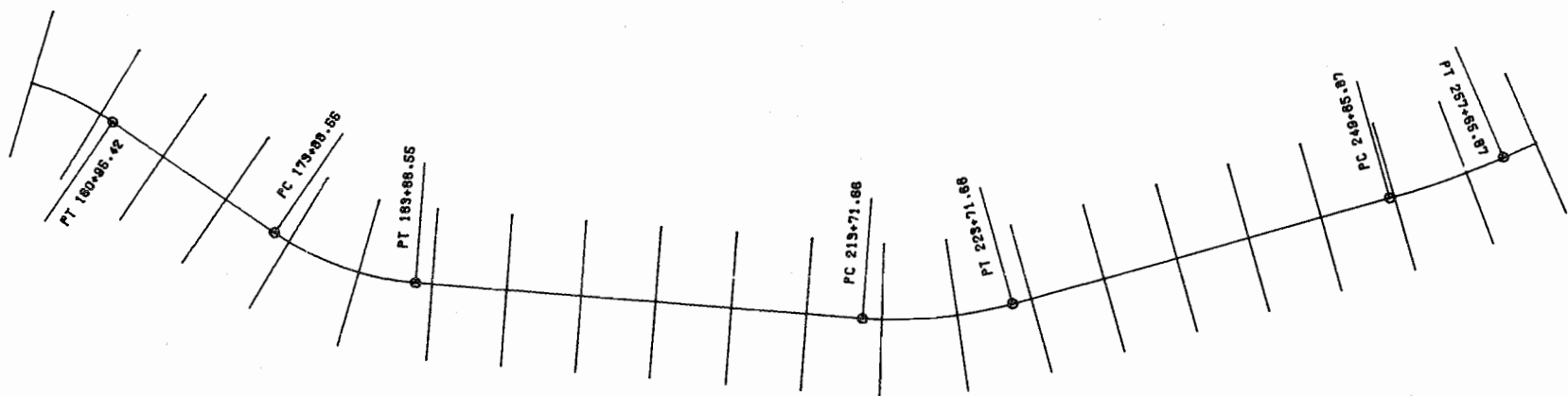
P.I.						X	Y
	S 26 27	7.17 W		3500.0000	FEET		
	249+65.8713	PC	400.6511	T		331166.3503	790702.8337
30	253+66.5224	PI	1 0 0.0 D	8 0 0.0 LT	800.0000 L 5729.5780 R	330987.8811	790344.1276
	257+65.8713	PT	400.6511	T		330861.0710	789964.0742
	S 18 27	7.17 W		3000.0000	FEET		
35	283+65.2202					330038.3513	787498.3600



Horizontal Alignment List and Plot for Alternate Route

FROM TO STATION CROSS-SECTION LIMITS
 BASELINE STATION BASELINE STATION INCREMENT LEFT RIGHT
 (FT) (FT) (FT)
 155+ 0.00 260+ 0.00 500.0 500L 500R

STATION NUMBER	LEFT POINT COORDINATES		CENTERLINE POINT COORDINATES		RIGHT POINT COORDINATES	
	X	Y	X	Y	X	Y
155+ 0.00	338009.3249	796456.3756	337748.7402	796883.1022	337488.1554	797309.8288
160+ 0.00	337434.2159	796201.3935	337292.9554	796681.0240	337151.6948	797160.6546
165+ 0.00	336924.5953	796075.4993	336807.4653	796561.5863	336690.3353	797047.6732
170+ 0.00	336438.5084	795958.3692	336321.3783	796444.4562	336204.2483	796930.5432
175+ 0.00	335981.3954	795845.7523	335836.1144	796324.1804	335690.8335	796802.6085
180+ 0.00	335646.1986	795693.7595	335382.0417	796118.2841	335117.8847	796542.8087
185+ 0.00	335338.9263	795441.7950	334994.4452	795804.1937	334649.9642	796166.5924
190+ 0.00	334976.5276	795097.3140	334632.0465	795459.7126	334287.5655	795822.1113
195+ 0.00	334614.1289	794752.8329	334269.6479	795115.2316	333925.1668	795477.6302
200+ 0.00	334251.7303	794408.3518	333907.2492	794770.7505	333562.7681	795133.1492
205+ 0.00	333889.3316	794063.8708	333544.8505	794426.2694	333200.3695	794788.6681
210+ 0.00	333526.9329	793719.3897	333182.4519	794081.7884	332837.9708	794444.1871
215+ 0.00	333182.4294	793388.6456	332822.0645	793735.2537	332461.6996	794081.8617
220+ 0.00	332923.6595	793067.7794	332508.5815	793346.5450	332093.5035	793625.3106
225+ 0.00	332712.4211	792687.8239	332264.7672	792910.5478	331817.1132	793133.2717
230+ 0.00	332489.6973	792240.1699	332042.0433	792462.8938	331594.3893	792685.6177
235+ 0.00	332266.9734	791792.5160	331819.3194	792015.2399	331371.6654	792237.9638
240+ 0.00	332044.2495	791344.8620	331596.5955	791567.5859	331148.9415	791790.3098
245+ 0.00	331821.5256	790897.2081	331373.8716	791119.9320	330926.2176	791342.6559
250+ 0.00	331600.2115	790452.1794	331151.2388	790672.2329	330702.2661	790892.2864
255+ 0.00	331417.4854	790034.1488	330951.0422	790214.2343	330484.5991	790394.3199
260+ 0.00	331261.2616	789583.7273	330786.9670	789741.9823	330312.6724	789900.2373



Output and Plot Representing the Alternate Route With Cross-Sections Requested Every 500 feet

TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT
TERRAIN EDIT & STORE PROCESS
CONTROL 9999 SECTION 70B

T I E S ROADWAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM

*** EARTHWORK ***

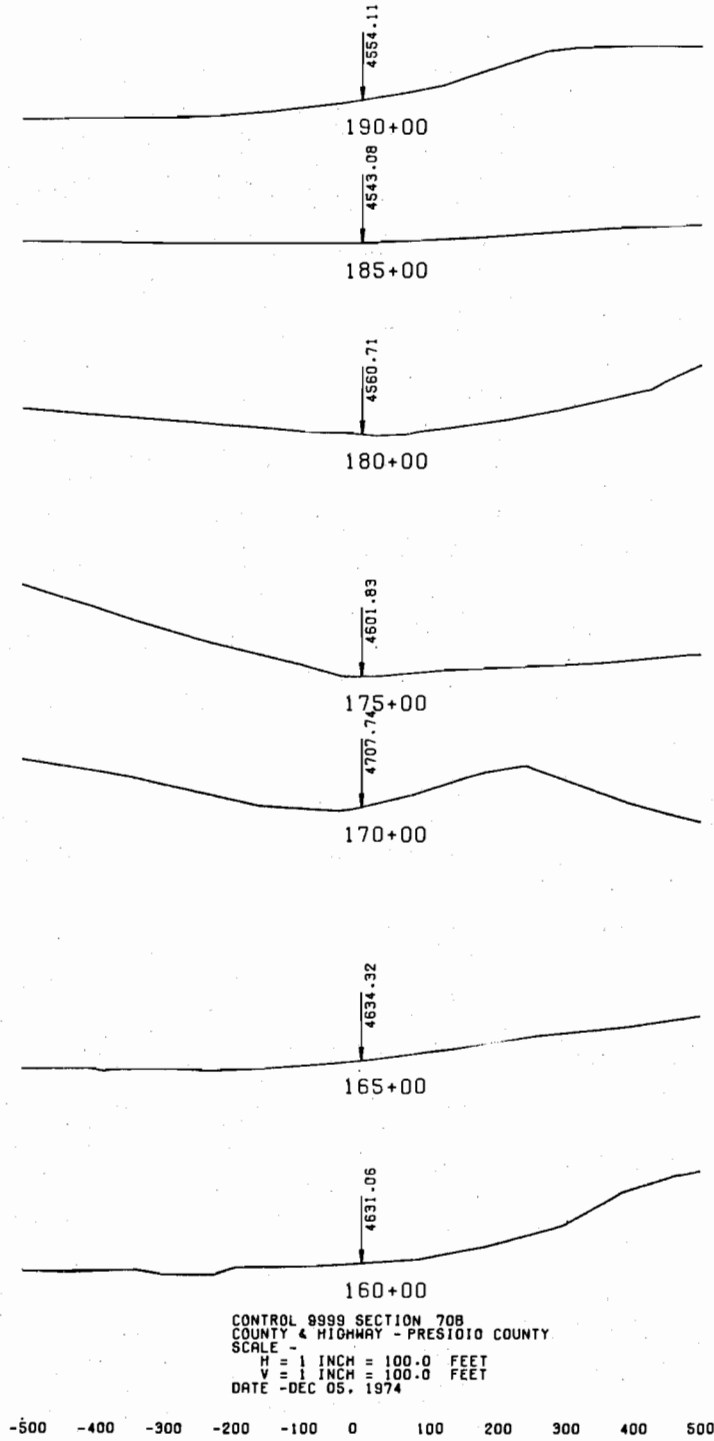
DEC 05, 1974

COUNTY & HIGHWAY - PRESIDIO COUNTY

ORIGINAL CROSS-SECTION LIST

STATION NUMBER	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)	ELEV (FT)	DIST (FT)
160+00.00	4620.65	500.00L	4617.82	432.77L	4618.62	410.28L	4621.68	334.17L	4614.51	292.23L
	4614.37	242.09L	4613.85	219.40L	4624.93	185.47L	4625.83	95.84L	4628.55	35.56L
	4631.06	0.0	4637.04	84.76R	4638.79	94.29R	4649.39	147.14R	4655.33	179.98R
	4683.66	282.86R	4689.36	299.04R	4732.39	375.39R	4737.60	382.93R	4763.39	464.38R
	4764.45	474.55R	4769.89	500.00R						
165+00.00	4620.52	500.00L	4621.45	405.25L	4616.77	380.49L	4618.67	374.61L	4619.84	350.58L
	4620.46	300.99L	4618.60	246.10L	4617.17	231.48L	4620.72	148.07L	4630.03	36.86L
	4634.32	0.0	4636.47	18.48R	4647.48	95.21R	4652.39	137.28R	4671.27	255.08R
	4685.38	394.09R	4700.80	500.00R						
170+00.00	4778.62	500.00L	4758.12	374.21L	4753.21	346.47L	4709.80	151.78L	4702.21	33.62L
	4704.25	14.54L	4707.74	0.0	4726.37	77.59R	4727.04	79.58R	4752.30	157.76R
	4758.85	181.86R	4768.75	240.60R	4768.55	245.05R	4765.62	251.36R	4736.05	334.77R
	4730.74	348.80R	4715.03	393.36R	4700.40	445.99R	4686.79	500.00R		
175+00.00	4736.18	500.00L	4712.24	425.24L	4704.21	397.82L	4683.80	336.91L	4671.21	294.51L
	4650.32	221.96L	4618.77	90.27L	4601.92	28.87L	4601.47	22.30L	4601.83	0.0
	4602.23	24.08R	4610.63	118.71R	4621.36	341.03R	4622.15	354.84R	4633.89	480.28R
	4634.32	500.00R								
180+00.00	4598.28	500.00L	4589.86	402.73L	4577.92	241.15L	4574.97	213.02L	4570.00	142.03L
	4563.54	69.66L	4562.94	25.66L	4560.71	0.0	4558.72	22.84R	4560.49	64.87R
	4565.56	88.90R	4571.40	135.87R	4582.52	215.88R	4596.37	288.63R	4598.40	297.45R
	4628.00	427.27R	4639.73	448.25R	4663.69	500.00R				
185+00.00	4545.13	500.00L	4541.17	189.91L	4541.84	71.59L	4542.03	22.12L	4543.08	0.0
	4551.62	179.95R	4553.07	200.51R	4564.41	359.29R	4570.03	500.00R		
190+00.00	4525.09	500.00L	4526.79	385.76L	4527.26	323.25L	4527.64	282.22L	4531.15	203.49L
	4536.49	133.01L	4540.02	107.84L	4540.31	105.58L	4549.26	28.46L	4554.11	0.0
	4565.34	65.99R	4576.34	120.68R	4597.84	182.66R	4626.06	270.36R	4627.12	275.36R
	4631.79	315.33R	4635.45	420.84R	4634.00	500.00R				

Example Cross-Section Output for Alternate Route



Example Cross-Section Plots for Alternate Route

Appendix B. Description of the Algorithm For Building Roadway Cross-Sections
From the NGI File

DESCRIPTION OF THE ALGORITHM FOR
BUILDING ROADWAY CROSS-SECTIONS FROM THE NGI FILE

After the Numerical Ground Image file has been built, it can be used to build roadway cross-sections along any selected baseline alignment. In order for this to be accomplished without any errors, the alignment must be defined such that all of the cross-sections to be taken lie within the range of the data stored on the NGI data file.

Assuming that a roadway alignment has been properly defined, a request for roadway cross-sections must contain the station limits on the specified alignment, the increment to be used between cross-sections, and the left and right offset distance for the cross-sections. Using this information, the surface coordinates for the left, centerline and right points may be computed for all requested cross-sections.

The algorithm for building roadway cross-sections from the NGI data file is based upon (1) receiving the three surface coordinates for the left, centerline, and right points on the roadway cross-section to be computed and (2) intersecting the bounded line (or line segment) defined by these three points with the proper connected point data of the NGI file.

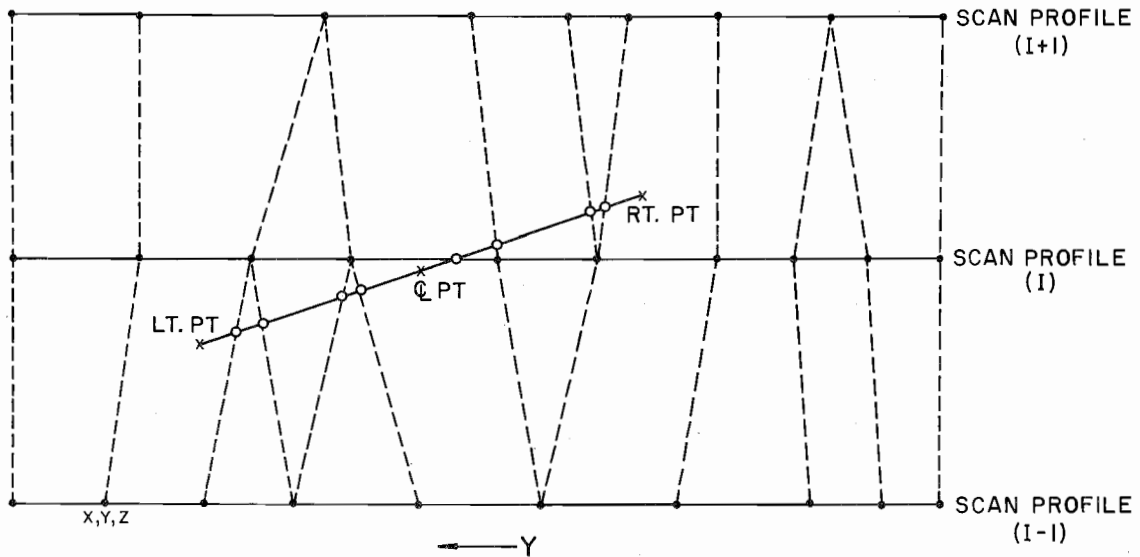
The NGI data file would normally be so massive that it would be quite impractical to have all the data in core at the same time; therefore, an algorithm is used. The algorithm first brings into core only the flight strip index array. This array is in the first record of the file and contains the surface coordinate limits for each strip along with the number of scan profiles in each strip. This array is brought into core only once and remains resident throughout the whole process.

The algorithm uses the left point of the roadway cross-section to be com-

puted to find which strip in the file contains the data that is relevant for computing that roadway cross-section. The method used for finding the proper strip is (1) to compute the interior angles between the given left point, the beginning point of the strip and the ending point of the strip and (2) to check if the angles at the beginning and ending points are less than or equal to a right angle. This is done for every strip until the proper one is found.

When the proper strip has been located, then the NGI scan profile index array for that strip is brought into core from the NGI data file. The NGI scan profile index array contains the scan profile station number, the number of points, and an index to retrieve the point data for every scan profile within the strip. Now the algorithm must translate and rotate the three given roadway cross-section points (left, centerline, and right) in such a way as to convert them to the coordinate system of the strip itself. When this is accomplished, then the X-coordinate of the left point of the three given points may be used to determine between which two scan profiles the computed roadway cross-section begins. A search through the scan profile station array is used to find the two proper profiles and then the retrieval indices are used to bring into core the actual point data for the two scan profiles. The basis for the whole algorithm centers around maintaining only two relevant scan profiles in core at the same time. This is done by computing all possible roadway cross-section points between the resident scan profiles and then retrieving the next scan profile and wiping out the unnecessary one of the previous two.

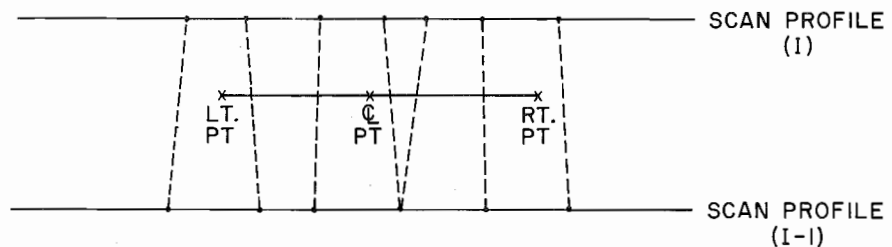
In the following sketch,



the left point lies between scan profile I and I-1. Data for these profiles is retrieved and the intersection points are calculated up to section I, then I-1 data is released and I+1 data is captured. Now the rest of the intersection points are calculated between I and I+1.

The algorithm for calculating the intersection points, i.e. the points that make up the computed roadway cross-section, must be able to handle several distinct cases:

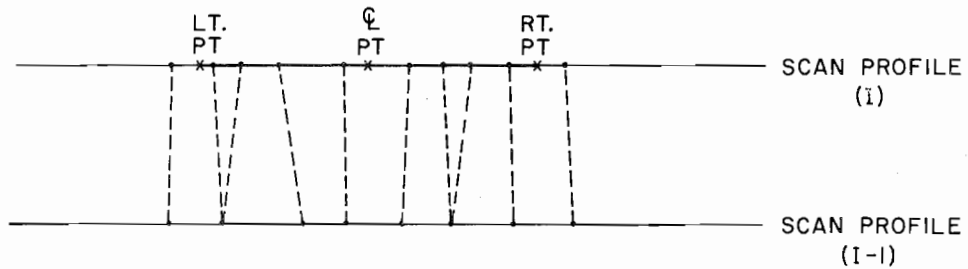
Case 1: The three given points form a line segment that is parallel to and between two scan profiles.



This is a special case because the line does not intersect either of the two profiles. Since the X-coordinate in this case remains

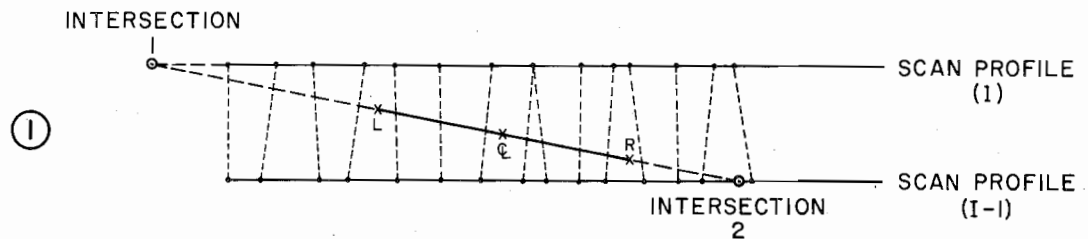
constant, it is possible to use the equation for each connection line and solve for Y's until a Y coordinate is found that is bounded by the left and right given points.

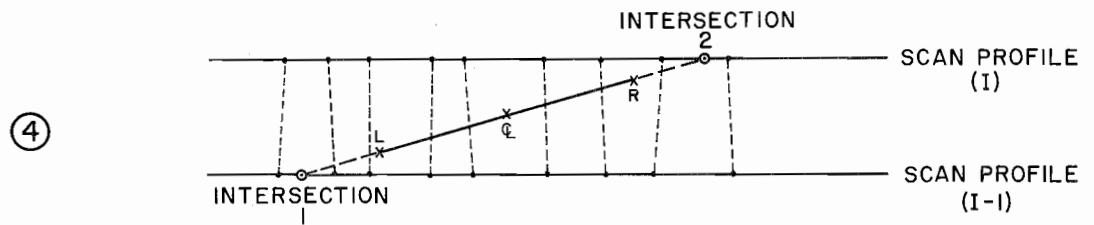
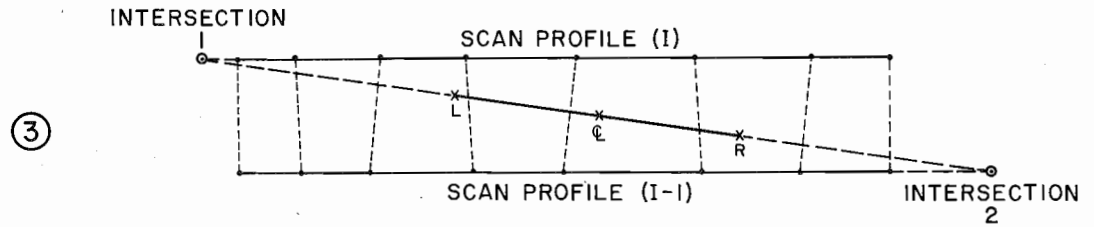
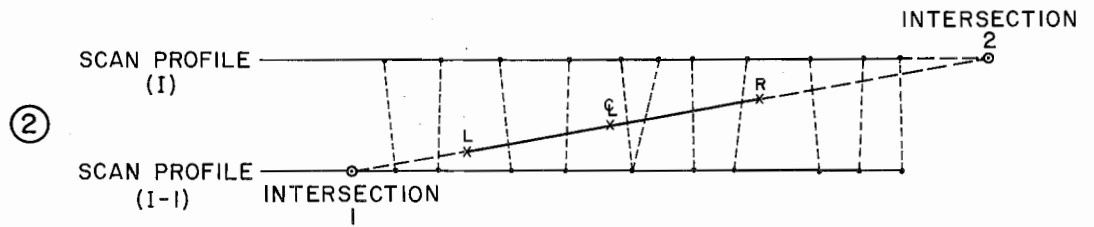
Case 2: The three given points form a line segment that is coincident with a scan profile.



This is a simple case where the only points used will be the three given points (for which a Z coordinate must be interpolated) and all scan profile points bounded by the left and right given points.

Case 3: The three given points form a line segment that is neither parallel to nor coincident with the scan profiles. This is the general case and there are many small variations that must be handled. The method used is to find the intersection points between the entire line defined by the three given points and the two entire lines defined by the scan profile points for the forward and the back scan profiles.





The examples show only some of the variations that are possible. When the intersections 1 and 2 are found, it is possible by intersecting the connection lines for each set of NGI points with the given line to find all the intersections that fall within the left and right given cross-section points. The Z-coordinate (elevation) for all the points found can be interpolated from the NGI point data.

Appendix C. NGI Computer Program Documentation

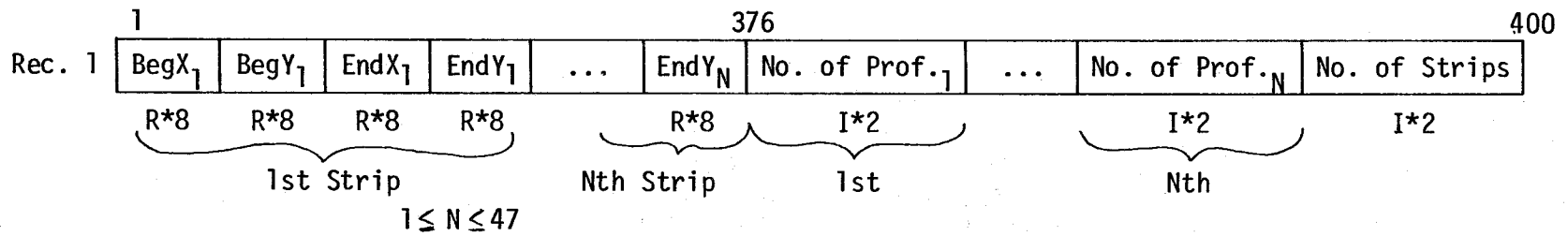
COMPUTER ARRANGEMENT AND STORAGE
OF THE NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE DATA FILE

The NGI data file is composed of X, Y, Z point values, point connectors, and sufficient indices to enable retrieval of information for various applications. The first record of the file always contains the flight strip coordinate limits for each strip, the number of scan profiles for each strip, and the total number of strips in the file. At present, there can be a total of 47 strips with a maximum of 200 scan profiles for each strip. The coordinate limits are state plane coordinates for the beginning and ending points on the centerline of the flight strip. These limits are used later for finding which strip contains a given point. The next 47 records of the file are used to store the scan profile index arrays for each strip. These records are always reserved for the index arrays regardless of how many strips are in a given job. The index arrays contain the station for each scan profile, the number of points stored for that scan profile, the position (1-400) in the 400 word record where the point data for the scan profile begins, and the record number on which the data begins. The station occupies one word (4 bytes); and the number of points, the word position in the record, and the record number itself are all packed into a single word (4 bytes). Thus, two words are sufficient for storing the indices for one scan profile and 200 indices may be stored in the 400 word record.

The point data begins on record 49 and is stored dynamically, i.e. there is no wasted space on any data record since the point data for several scan profiles may be packed into the same disk record. This conserves needed space when a large volume of data is necessary for a given job, and yet the individual data points for any given scan profile may be easily retrieved with the indices provided. All point data for a given scan profile has an X value which is the station for the scan profile so that only one stored station value is sufficient to describe the X coordinate for up to 200 stored points on a scan profile. However, the

distances from the flight strip centerline (Y-coordinate) and the elevations (Z-coordinate) for each point on the scan profile must be stored. The maximum distance allowed is 9999 feet left and right of the centerline and all distances are taken in even feet. The elevations are taken in tenths of a foot and have a maximum value of 9999.9 feet. Efficient storage of these values necessitates packing the distance and elevation into a single word of storage (4 bytes). All of the points on a scan profile must somehow be related to the points on the previous scan profile and the next scan profile. This is accomplished by storing point connectors that contain the point number from one scan profile and the point number on the previous scan profile that should be tied together. The two point numbers that make up the connector are packed into a single word (4 bytes). The point data for the first scan profile of a strip will have no connectors since there is no previous scan profile to connect the points to; however, every point on the remaining scan profile will have at least one connector tying it to a point on the previous scan profile. If a single point connects with more than one back point, then a connector is stored for each connection. In the data records, the number of connectors for a scan profile immediately follows the stored distance/elevation values. If the number of connectors is other than zero, then following it will be the number of connectors specified. Data for the next scan profile begins immediately following the last scan profile connectors; and, when the data reaches the end of the record, that record is written back out to disk and the remainder of the data is stored on the first part of the next record. This dynamic storage of point data is maintained until all point data has been stored for every scan profile for all strips. An arbitrary upper limit of 2350 four hundred word records has been set to handle massive amounts of point data, but this limit can be easily revised up or down to better handle jobs in the future.

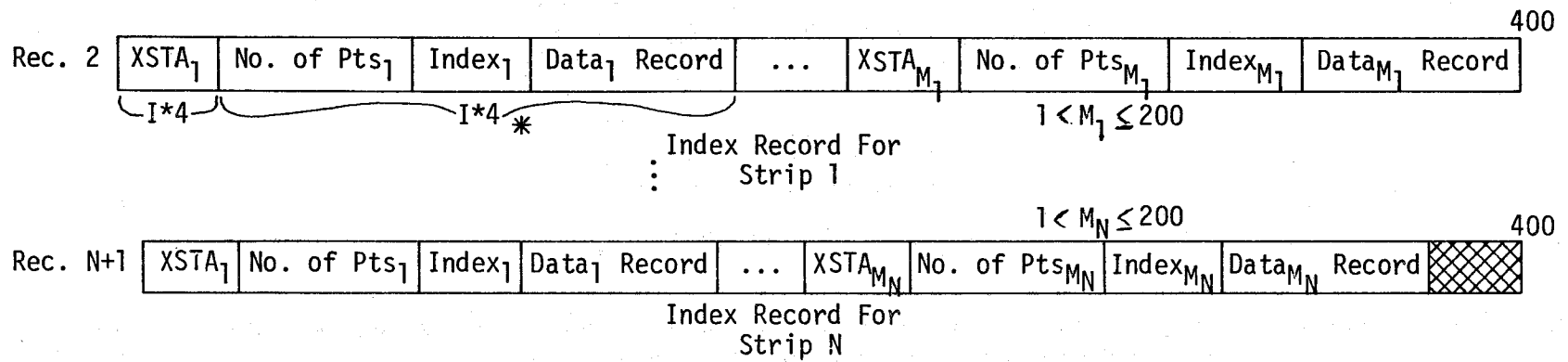
Rec. 1 Flight Strip Index Record (Maximum 47 Strips)



- BegX, BegY - R*8 State plane coordinates for the beginning point on the centerline of the strip.
- EndX, EndY - R*8 State plane coordinates for the ending point on the centerline of the strip.
- No. of Prof. - I*2 Number of scan profiles stored for any given strip.
- No. of Strips - I*2 Number of strips stored for any given job.

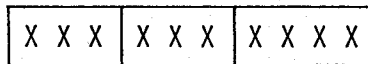
(See Figure C-1.)

Rec. 2-48 Scan Profile Index Records (Maximum 200 Scan Profiles)



- XSTA - Station number for the scan profile.
- No. of Pts. - Number of points (elevations and distances) stored for any given scan profile.
- * Index - Location in the record where the stored point data begins.
- Data Record - Disk record upon which the stored point data begins.

* Packed Index (4 Bytes)



No. of Pts.	Index	Data Record
1-200	1-400	1-2398

(See Figure C-1.)

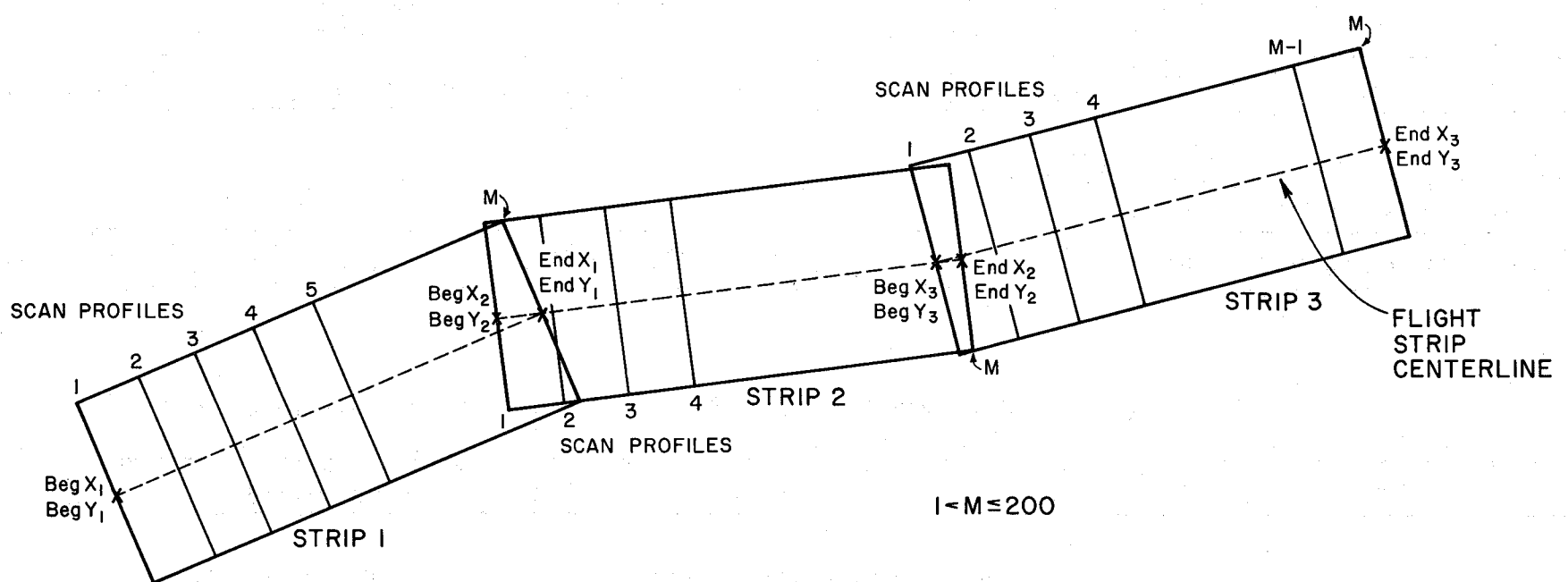
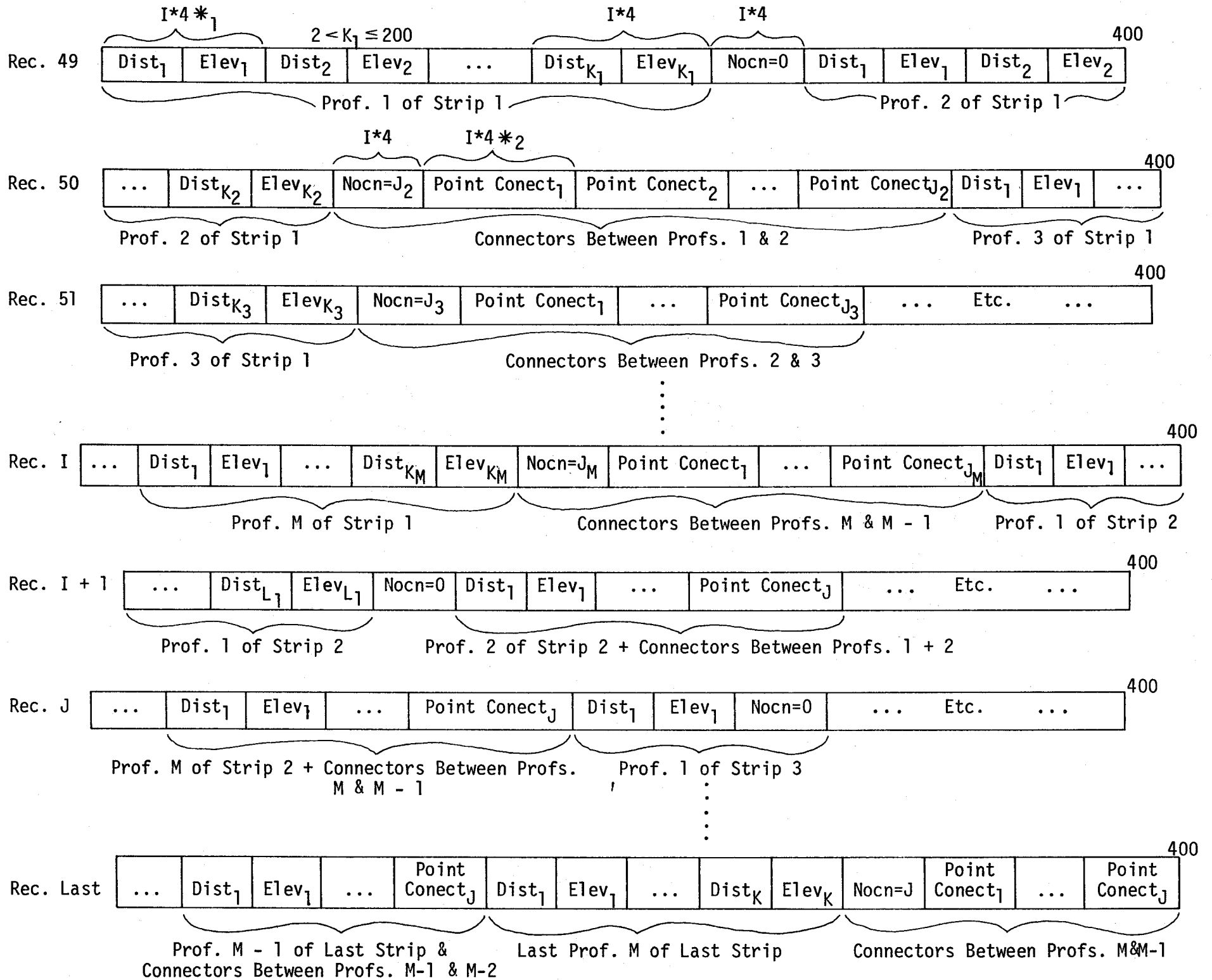


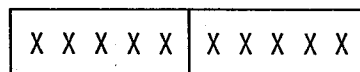
Figure C-1. Multiple Strips with Scan Profiles

Rec. 49-2398 Scan Profile Data Records (Dynamic)



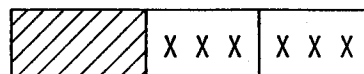
- *₁ { Dist - Distance from the strip centerline of the given point biased by 10,000 feet.
- Elev - Elevation for the given point.
- Nocn - Number of point connectors between two given scan profiles.
- *₂ Point Conect - Connector between a point on one scan profile and a point on an adjacent scan profile.

*₁ Packed Data (4 Bytes)



Dist. in Feet (Present Max. 9999 Ft L or R) 1-19999
 Elev. in Tenths of Feet (<10,000) .1-9999.9

*₂ Packed Index (4 Bytes)



Index to Point on Ahead Prof. 1-200
 Index to Point on Back Prof. 1-200

PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

WRITTEN IN FORTRAN IV FOR IBM 370 MOD 155

NGI Driver

This routine is the driver for the numerical ground image file builder process. Its only concern is reading the header card and transferring control to subroutine NGI to do the actual file building. When the NGI file has been built, this routine will store the file on tape if so requested on the header card.

Subroutine NGI

Subroutine NGI is the routine that actually processes the data and stores it as the NGI disk file. NGI utilizes a read routine called CARD to read in all the given points for a given NGI scan profile; then it takes this data (in the form of a station for the scan profile and numerous elevations and distances across the scan profile) and packs it into a smaller area, and then it computes the points that are to be connected to the points on the last scan profile stored. In this way the completed NGI file is a series of interconnected elevations and distances (from the centerline) that describe the ground in question. NGI handles storage of all the necessary indices and limits required later for efficient data retrieval.

Subroutine PREP

Subroutine PREP is a routine within the RDS system that processes a cross-section request card and prepares the station file for the cross-section building routine. PREP reads an RT 70 card for the beginning and ending stations that cross-sections are to be computed for, the station increment between cross-sections, the cross-section width left and right, and a tape flag. If the tape flag is set, PREP reads the NGI file from tape and stores it on the disk. PREP opens the station file and stores on it all the stations (along with their left and right widths) for which a cross-section is to be computed. When all RT 70 cards have been processed, PREP passes the open station file to subroutine PLIST.

Subroutine PLIST

Subroutine PLIST is a routine within RDS that stores on the station file three state plane coordinates for the leftmost point, the centerline point, and the rightmost point of the cross-section to be computed. PLIST first retrieves the previously stored alignment along which the cross-sections will be computed, then using subroutine CALXY calculates the left, centerline, and right point for a station (with widths) from the station file and restores these coordinates in place of the left and right cross-section widths. PLIST then calls subroutine XBILD (the cross-section builder routine) which computes the entire cross-section using the three given coordinates and the NGI disk file. XBILD replaces the three given coordinates with the computed cross-section and PLIST stores the cross-section on the station file and calculates three more coordinates for the next station. PLIST continues until all stations have been processed.

Subroutine XBILD

Subroutine XBILD is a routine within RDS that takes the three given state plane coordinates and computes the entire cross-section through these points using the previously stored NGI file. XBILD first retrieves the coordinate limit arrays from the file and stores them in core. This is done only once for a given job. A search is then made to find which strip contains the given left point. When the proper strip is located, its scan profile index array is retrieved and stored in core. Another search is made to determine which scan profile(s) the left point of the cross-section falls on or between. When the proper NGI scan profiles are found, they are stored in core along with the point connectors. Now cross-section points can be computed at every intersection of the given line with various connected NGI scan profile points. If the whole cross-section cannot be computed between two adjacent NGI scan profiles, then more NGI scan profiles will be retrieved until the cross-section is complete. XBILD returns with the computed cross-section stored in the station file array.

DEFINITION OF VARIABLES

NGI Driver

ENDFL	- End of file check variable, initialized to 1.
IQUIT	- Flag denoting termination of processing, initialized to 0.
IYES	- Constant 'Yes'.
JARG	- Associated variable used in I/O for NGI disk file.
LAST	- Number of last record on NGI file.
RECRD (400)	- Array that NGI record is read into or written from.
SYSIN	- Card reader unit designation = 5.
SYSOT	- Printer unit designation = 6.
SYSTP	- Tape unit designation = 16.

Subroutine NGI

CONECT (200)	- Array containing point connector indices.
DATA (400)	- Array containing input distances and elevations.
DBREC (188)	- R*8 array used to store strip coordinate limits.
DIST (2)	- Array with distances between fences for any scan profile.
ENDFL	- Same as NGI driver.
FENCE (4)	- Array indicating points on scan profiles which are boundary fences.
FRAC (4)	- Array with ratios of distances between points.
I	- Index used different ways.
IARG	- Associated variable used for I/O with NGI disk file.
ICNT	- Counter for multiple input points.
IDIS (2)	- Array with a boundary fence distance.
IFL	- Flag used to enter different areas of program.
IFRST	- Flag denoting first time through logic.
INDX	- Do-loop begin limit used to store NGI data.
IQUIT	- Same as NGI driver.
IREC	- Number of record of NGI file at any given time.
ISTRP	- Logic flag indicating type of NGI card read.
ITYPE	- Type designator for multiple shots on cross-section.
I2REC (48)	- I*2 array used to store number of scan profiles per strip.
J	- Index used various ways.
JCARD	- Common variable indicating status of input cards.
JFL	- Flag denoting forward or back scan profile for connecting points.
JNDX	- Index for storing station and indices.
K	- Do-loop index.
MAX	- Constant set to maximum record size for NGI record.
N	- Do-loop limit set to number of points.
N1	- Do-loop begin limit.
N2	- Do-loop limit.
N3	- Do-loop begin limit.
NOCN	- Number of connectors associated with a given scan profile.
NOPT	- Number of points (Dist, Elev) on a given scan profile.
NOSEC	- Number of scan profiles in a given strip.
NOSTR	- Number of strips in a given job.
NX	- Do-loop limit.
PNTR (4)	- Array used to store pointers in the connector building process.

Subroutine NGI (Cont'd)

REC (400, 2)	- Array used to hold NGI data until ready to be written on disk.
SDATA (200, 2)	- Array used to hold intermediate NGI data in packed form.
TNOPT	- Number of points (Dist, Elev) on the adjacent scan profile.
XSTA	- Station number (x-coor) associated with a given scan profile.
XYBE (4)	- Beginning and end state plane coordinates for a given strip.

Subroutine PREP

ENDFL	- Same as NGI driver.
EQTAB (7, 20, 2)	- Table containing alignment equation stations (if any).
ESTA	- Equation station from table.
I	- Do-loop index.
I2	- Do-loop limit set to number of equations on table.
IBEG	- Beginning station from request card.
IC13	- Variable containing contents of col. 13 of card.
ICHWY (4)	- County and highway name for heading print-out.
IDATE (4)	- Data array for heading print-out.
IEND	- Ending station from request card.
IMAGE (20)	- Card image array used for input.
INDEX	- Associated variable used for I/O on disk file 8.
IPAGE	- Page number for heading print-out.
IQUIT	- Same as NGI driver.
IRSET	- System flag for reset condition.
IRTYP	- System flag for type of run.
ISTA1	- Integer part of station number for print-out.
ISTA2	- Integer part of station number for print-out.
ITAPE	- Flag indicating if NGI file stored on tape.
ITYPE	- Variable indicating card type (request card).
IWDL	- Offset width left.
IWDR	- Offset width right.
IYES	- Constant 'Yes'.
JCSTA	- Station stored on STFIL array.
JEQ	- Equation flag.
JKEY	- Logic flag.
JOBNO (2)	- Job number array for heading print-out.
JTAPE	- System indicator of tape condition.
KEYC	- System indicator of next routine to be executed.
KEYT	- System indicator if tape other than NGI was read.
L	- Constant 'L'.
LCNT	- Line counter for print-out.
LORL	- Left offset indicator.
LORR	- Right offset indicator.
NGIDX	- Associated variable for NGI disk file.
NGITP	- Tape unit number for NGI file 16.
NINE	- Record initialization constant = 999999999.
NOEQ (26)	- Array of number of equations.
ONE	- Constant '1'.

Subroutine PREP (Cont'd)

OSTA	- Old ending station number for last request.
OWIDL	- Old offset width left for last request.
OWIDR	- Old offset width right for last request.
RECRD (400)	- Array that NGI record is read into or written from.
RT70	- Constant 'RT70' signifies cross-section request card.
STA1	- Real part of station number for print-out.
STA2	- Real part of station number for print-out.
STAF	- Station file name = 'STAF'.
STFIL (852)	- Station file record array.
YSER	- Error print-out unit number = 4.
SYSIN	- Card reader unit number = 5.
SYSOT	- Format print-out unit number = 6.
WIDEL	- Offset width left.
WIDER	- Offset width right.
XNCR	- Station increment.
XPUT	- ISAM record creation key.
XSTA	- Input station number to subroutine STATN.
XXTA (2)	- Output array from subroutine STATN.
YNCR	- Station increment.

Subroutine PLIST

BAZ	- AZIMUTH or bearing for subroutine BRDIS.
BDIST	- Distance variable for subroutine BRDIS.
BX1	- First point's X value for subroutine BRDIS.
BX2	- First point's Y value for subroutine BRDIS.
BY1	- Second point's X value for subroutine BRDIS.
BY2	- Second point's Y value for subroutine BRDIS.
ENDFL	- See NGI driver.
HASTA (50)	- Array of horizontal alignment data stations.
I	- Do-loop index.
ICHWY (4)	- See subroutine PREP.
IDATE (4)	- See subroutine PREP.
IEF	- End of file flag.
IPAGE	- See subroutine PREP.
IQFLG	- Logic flag for closing station file.
IQUIT	- See NGI driver.
ISTA1	- Integer part of station number.
ISTRP	- Strip flag (parameter for subroutine XBILD) initialized=0.
JOBNO (2)	- See subroutine PREP.
KPAG	- Indicator of existence of horizontal alignment data.
LCNT	- See subroutine PREP.
N	- Do-loop limit.
NINE	- See subroutine PREP.
NTIME	- ISAM set counter.
NOEL	- Number of elements of data for horizontal alignment G.
PI2	- Constant = $\pi/2$ radians.
STAF	- See subroutine PREP.
STA1	- See subroutine PREP.
STFIL (852)	- See subroutine PREP.
YSER	- See subroutine PREP.
SYSOT	- See subroutine PREP.
WIDEL	- See subroutine PREP.

Subroutine PLIST (Cont'd)

WIDER	- See subroutine PREP.
XCLOS	- ISAM close key.
XESTL	- ISAM reset key.
XGET	- ISAM retrieval key.
XOPEN	- ISAM open key.
XPUTX	- ISAM record replacement key.
XSETL	- ISAM set key.
XSTA	- Cross-section station number.
XTFIL (6)	- X, Y coordinates (state plane) for the left, centerline, and right of given cross-section.
ZERO	- ISAM initial record key.

Subroutine XBILD

ANG	- Interior angle between beginning and end point and left point.
ANGL (D, D ₁ , D ₂)	- Statement function for computing enclosed angle (given three sides of triangle D, D ₁ , D ₂).
CONECT (250, 2, 2)	- Array of point connectors between forward and back cross-sections.
COSA	- Cosine of rotation angle for converting state plane to strip coordinates.
DELTX	- Difference of X's for axis translation.
DELTY	- Difference of Y's for axis translation.
DIFF	- Difference of left cross-section point with any NGI scan profile station.
DIST	- Distance from beginning to end of strip.
DIST1	- Distance from beginning to left cross-section point.
DIST2	- Distance from end to left cross-section point.
EPS	- Epsilon factor = 5×10^{-3}
FRAC	- Fractional distance intersection is between two NGI points.
I	- Index for NGI scan profile for strip.
I1	- Index counter for computed cross-section.
IB	- Index used to pick out relevant data from disk record.
IBAC	- Index for the back connector point.
IBC	- Index for the back connector point.
IBEG	- Index to beginning strip for search.
IBIAS	- Constant = 1000 used to bias Y values (keeps them positive).
ICLFL	- Flag set to which point of computed cross-section is the C_c point.
IDFLG	- Flag denoting if intersection point is on NGI scan profile.
IDIST	- Integer used to store distance for maintaining precision.
IELV	- Integer used to store elevation for maintaining precision.
IFD	- Index for the forward connector point.
IFIND	- Logic flag to skip test after first time.
IFLG	- Logic flag to skip code after first time.
IFWD	- Index for the forward connector point.
IKEY	- Logic flag used in computed go to.

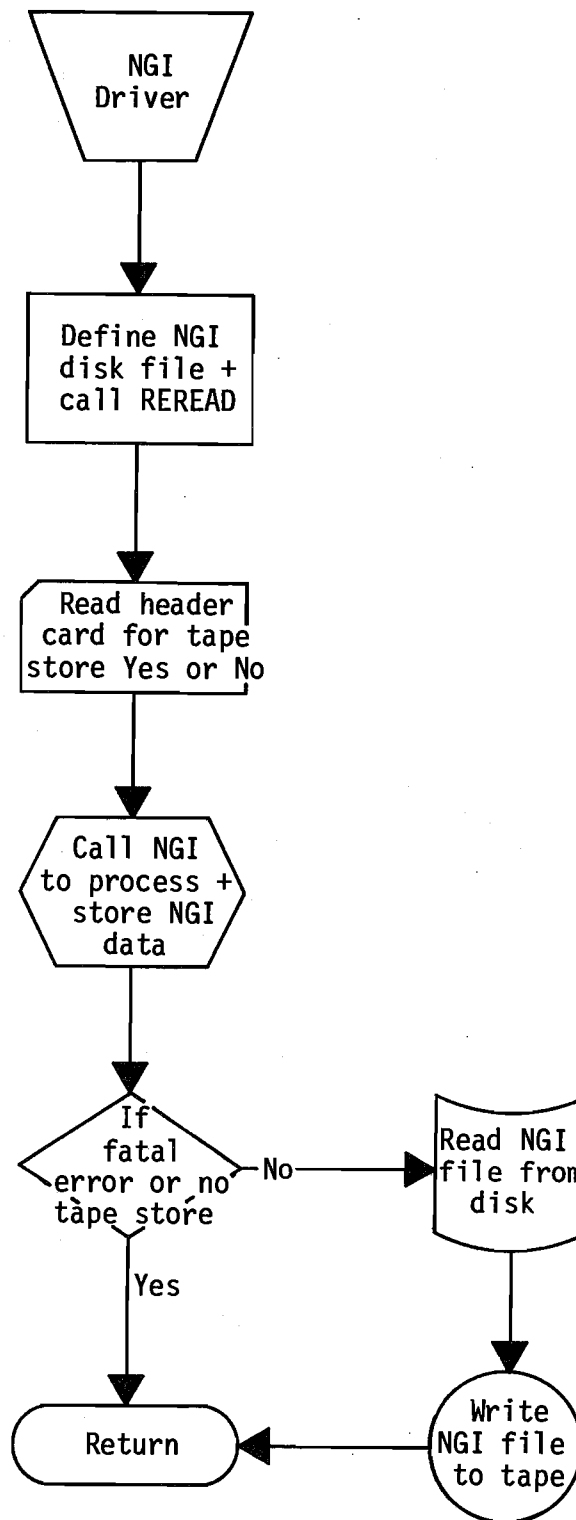
Subroutine XBILD (Cont'd)

ILAST	- Limit for points in search procedures.
INDX (200)	- Array of indices that point to data in the disk file.
IONFL	- Flag telling if left point of cross-section is on NGI scan profile.
IQFLG	- Quit flag to get out of loop.
IREC	- Index as to which disk record is in core.
ISGN	- Increment = ± 1 depending on which way alignment runs.
ISTRP	- Strip flag set = strip number being used at present.
IXFLG	- Counter for given (X,Y) coordinates (left, ϕ , right).
J	- Index as to which NGI scan profile is in core.
JARG	- Associated variable for NGI disk file.
JREC	- Index as to which record from NGI file is in core.
K	- Index = 1 or 2 where 1 means the back scan profile and 2 means the forward.
K1	- Index = 1 or 2 where 1 means the back scan profile and 2 means the forward.
L	- Index to points for (X,Y,Z) computations.
L1	- Index used for shifting storage areas.
L2	- Index used for shifting storage areas.
LAST	- Limit for points in search procedures.
LINE	- Logic flag used in computed go to.
LX	- Index for (X,Y,Z) computations.
M	- Index to points for (X,Y,Z) computations.
M1	- Index to points for (X,Y,Z) computations.
M2	- Index to points for (X,Y,Z) computations.
MAX	- Maximum number of words in NGI record = 400.
MM	- Do-loop limit = total number of points for computed cross-section.
MX	- Index for (X,Y,Z) computations.
N	- Variable containing number of scan profiles for any given strip.
NCR	- Index increment = ± 1 depending on which direction on scan profile.
NGIFL	- NGI flag indicates if left point of cross-section is on ahead scan profile, on back scan profile, or between scan profiles.
NINES	- See subroutine PREP.
NOCN (2)	- Number of point connectors for ahead scan profile and back scan profile.
NOPT (2)	- Number of points for ahead scan profile and back scan profile.
NOSEC (47)	- Array of number of scan profiles in each strip.
NOSTP	- Number of strips stored on NGI file.
PI	- Constant $\pi = 3.1415926535728$.
SINA	- Sine of rotation angle for converting state plane to strip coordinates.
SQDIS	- Square root of distance ² between point (X,Y) and points (X1,Y1).
STFIL (852)	- See subroutine PREP.
STORE (400)	- Array used to retrieve a data record from the NGI file.
STRX (3)	- X-coordinate strip for a given strip for the left, ϕ , right points of a given cross-section.
STRY (3)	- Y-coordinate strip for a given strip for the left, ϕ , right points of a given cross-section.

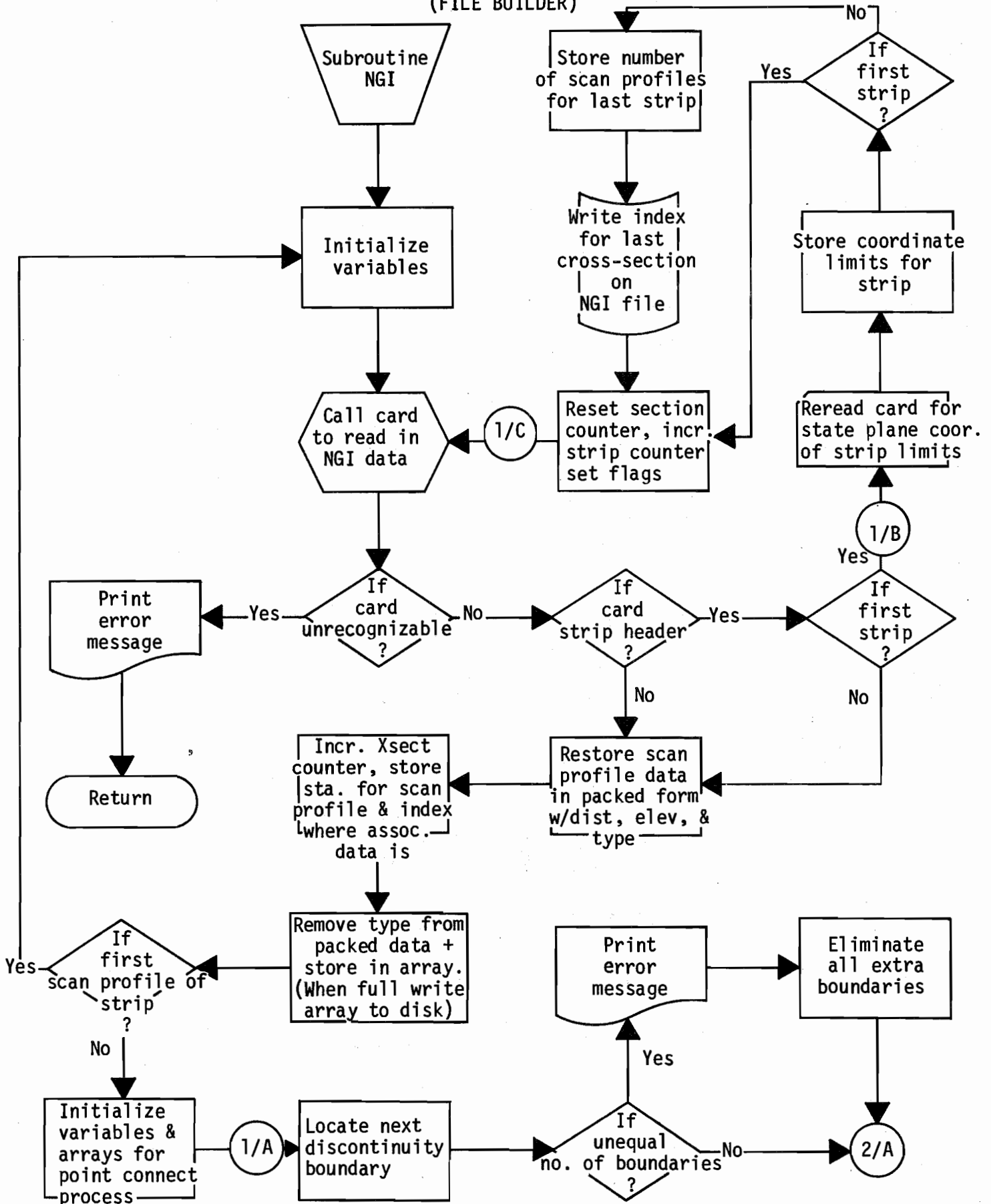
Subroutine XBILD (Cont'd)

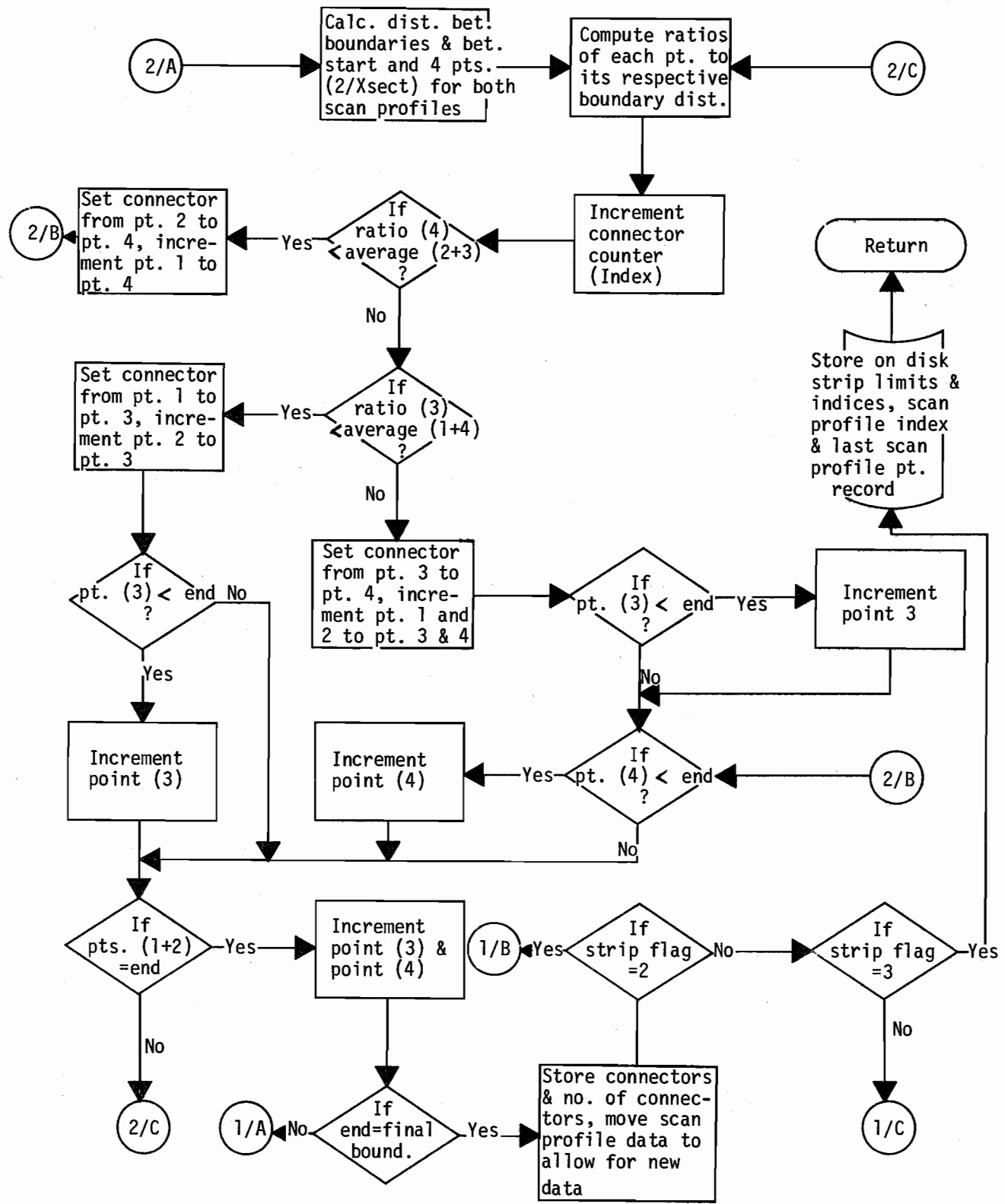
YSER	- See subroutine PREP.
XB (47)	- Array of state plane X-coordinate for the beginning point of each strip.
XDIS (X, X1, Y, Y1)	- Statement function for computing distance ² between point (X,Y) and point (X1,Y1).
XE (47)	- Array of state plane X-coordinate for the end point of each strip.
XI	- Intermediate calculation X-coordinate for cross-section.
XJ	- Intermediate calculation X-coordinate for cross-section.
XSECX (200)	- X-coordinate array for all points of computed cross-section.
XSECY (200)	- Y-coordinate array for all points of computed cross-section.
XSECZ (200)	- Z-coordinate array for all points of computed cross-section.
XSTA (200)	- Array of stations (X-coordinate) for any strip.
XTFIL (2, 3)	- See subroutine PLIST.
YB (47)	- Array of state plane Y-coordinate for the beginning point of each strip.
YD1	- Temporary variable with a distance (Y-coordinate).
YD2	- Temporary variable with a distance (Y-coordinate).
YDELTA	- Difference of forward and back Y's.
YDIST (200, 2)	- Array of distances (from ξ) (Y-coordinate) for NGI scan profiles in core.
YE (47)	- Array of state plane Y-coordinate for the ending point of each strip.
YI	- Intermediate calculation Y-coordinate for cross-section.
YJ	- Intermediate calculation Y-coordinate for cross-section.
YMAX	- Maximum Y for given left cross-section point.
YMIN	- Minimum Y for given left cross-section point.
YY (2)	- Intersection points of given cross-section with forward and back NGI scan profile.
ZELV (200, 2)	- Array of point elevations (Z-coordinate) for NGI scan profiles in core.
ZI	- Intermediate calculation Z-coordinate for cross-sections.
ZJ	- Intermediate calculation Z-coordinate for cross-sections.

NGI DRIVER

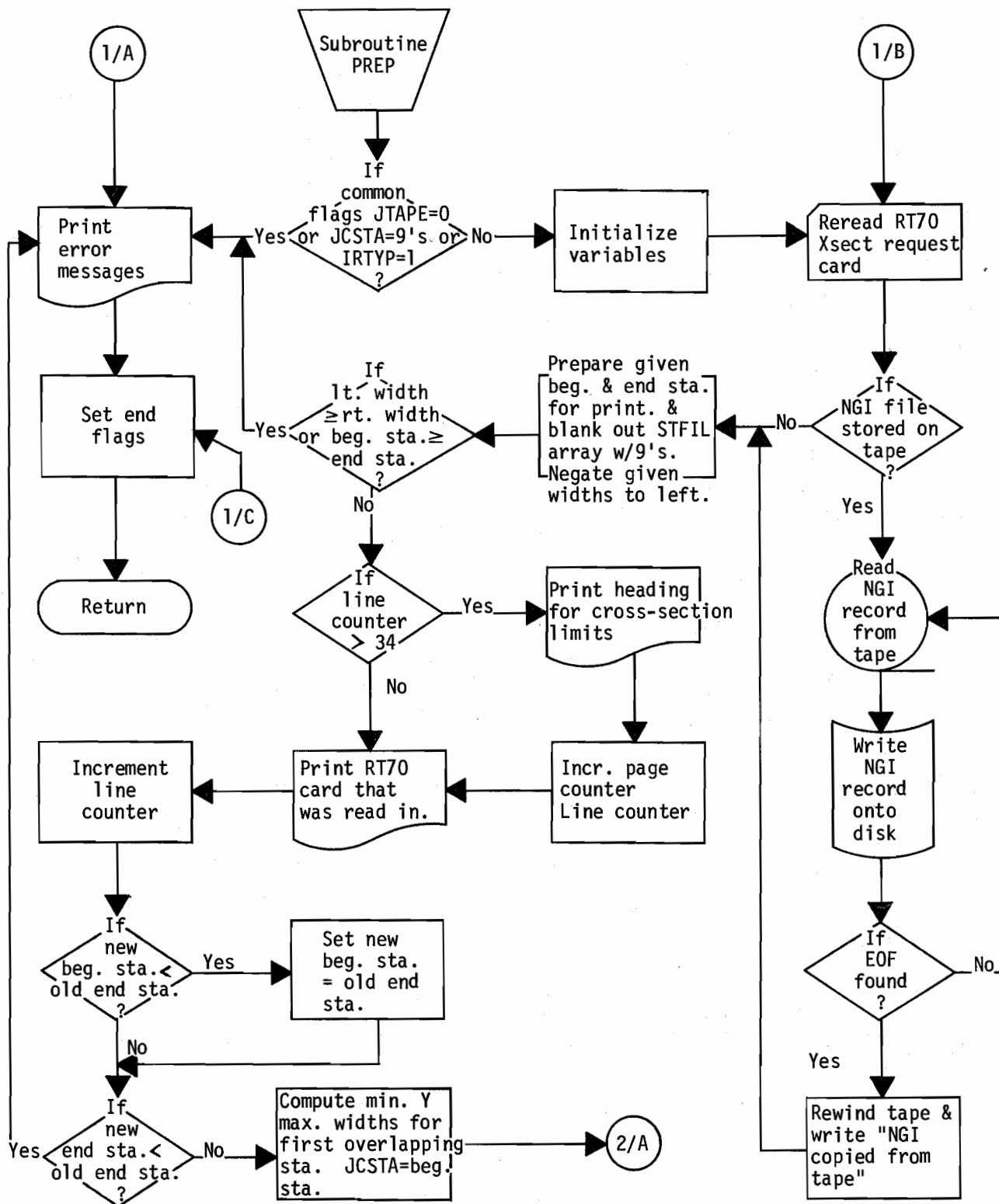


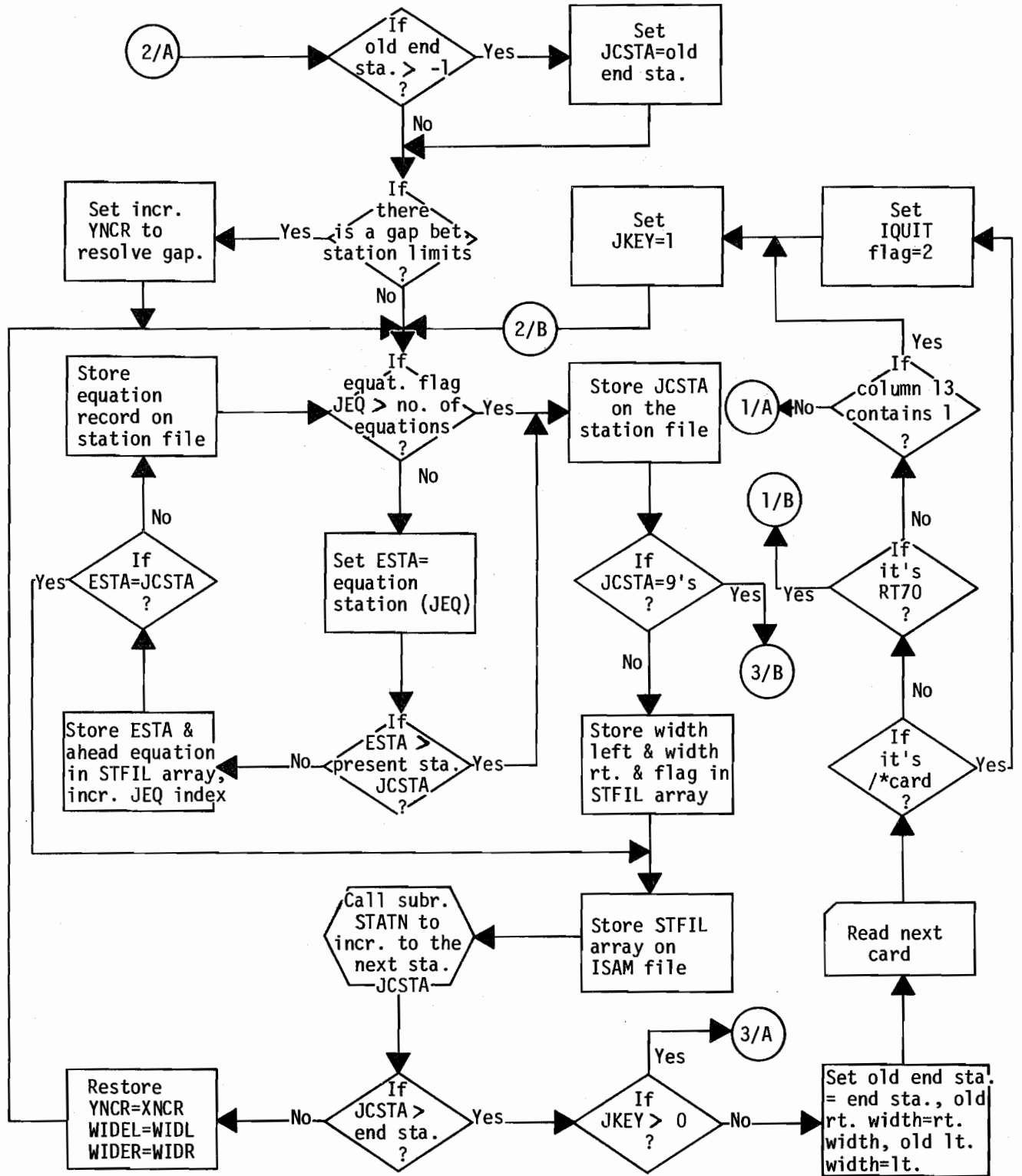
NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE FLOWCHART
(FILE BUILDER)

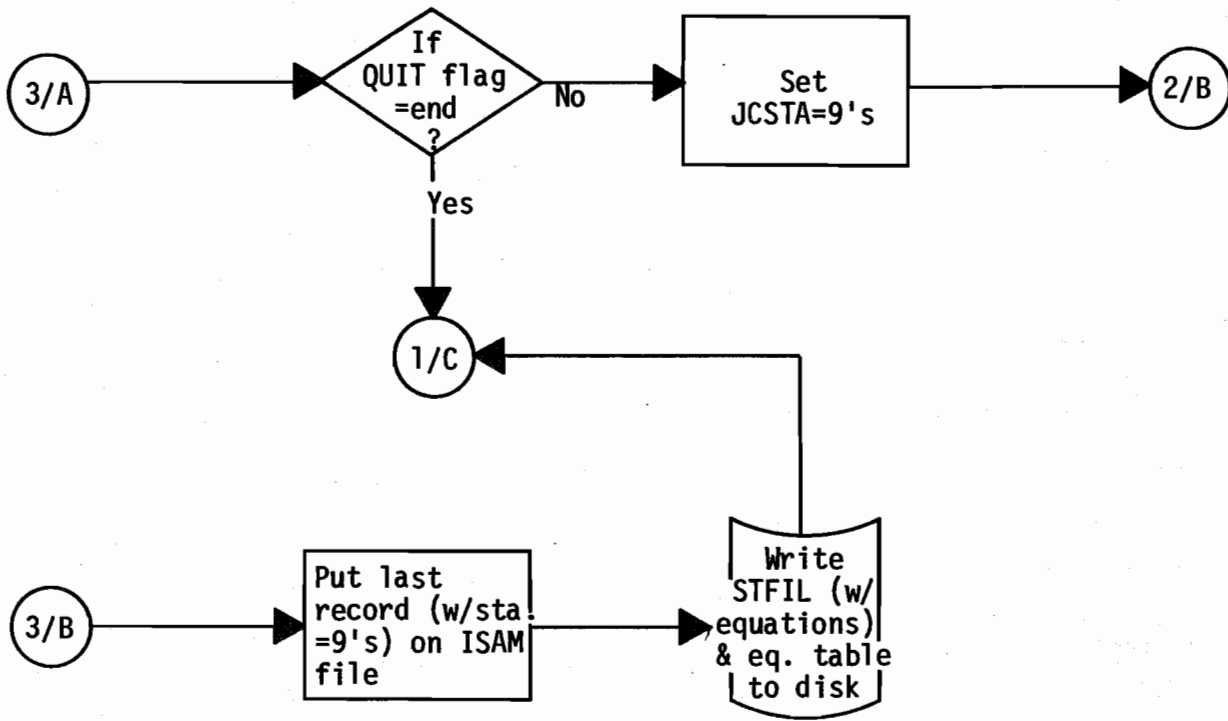




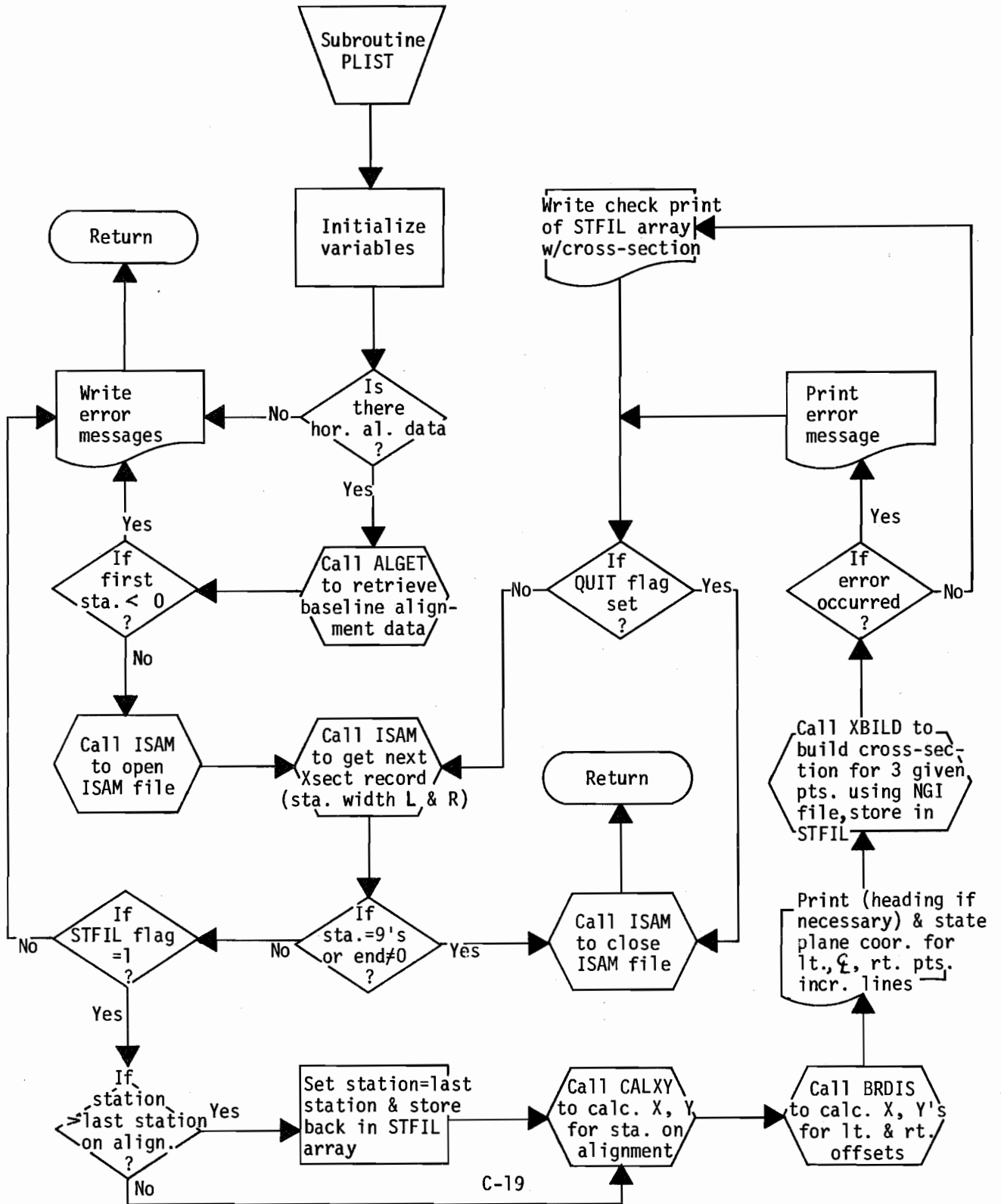
SUBROUTINE PREP



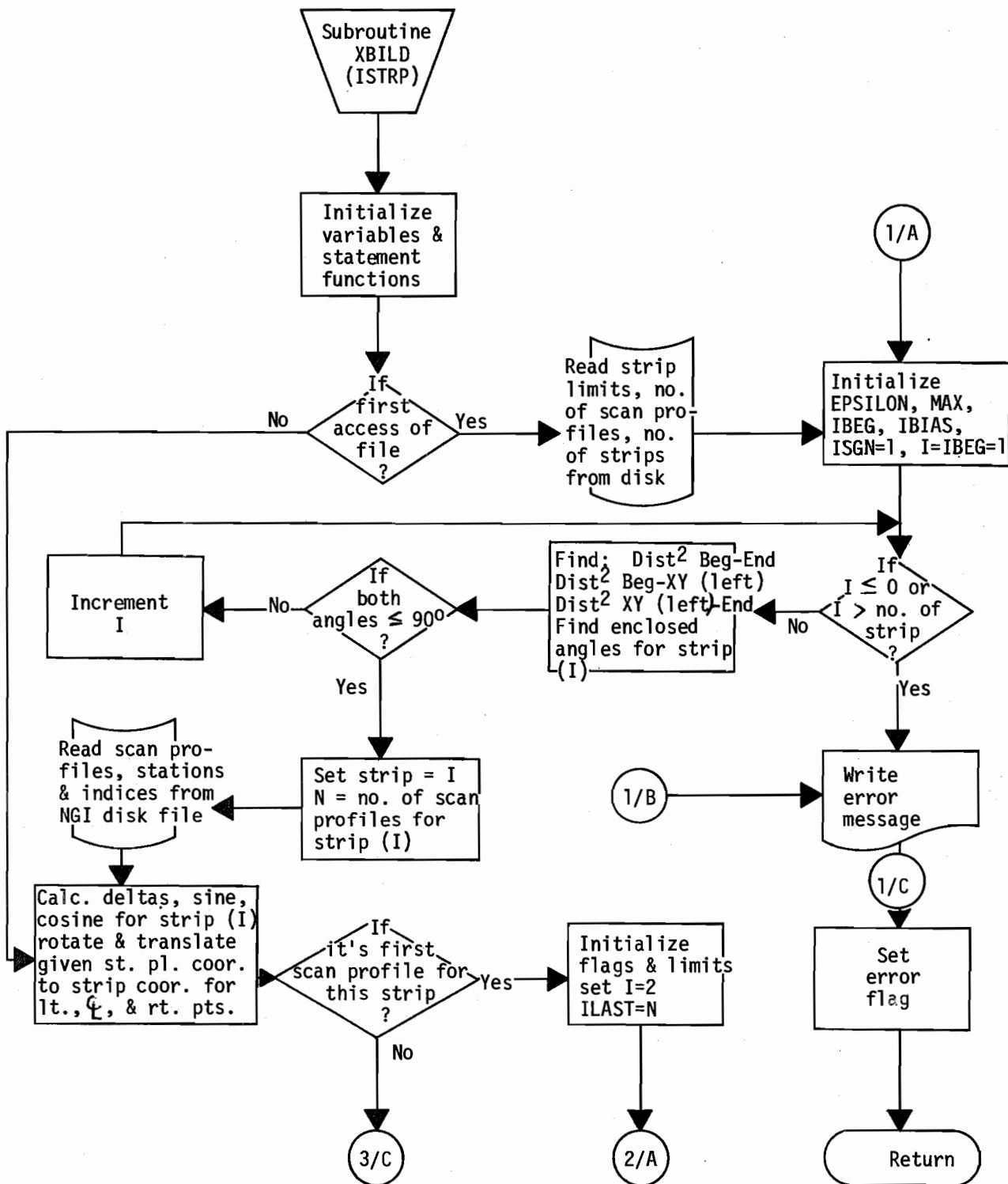


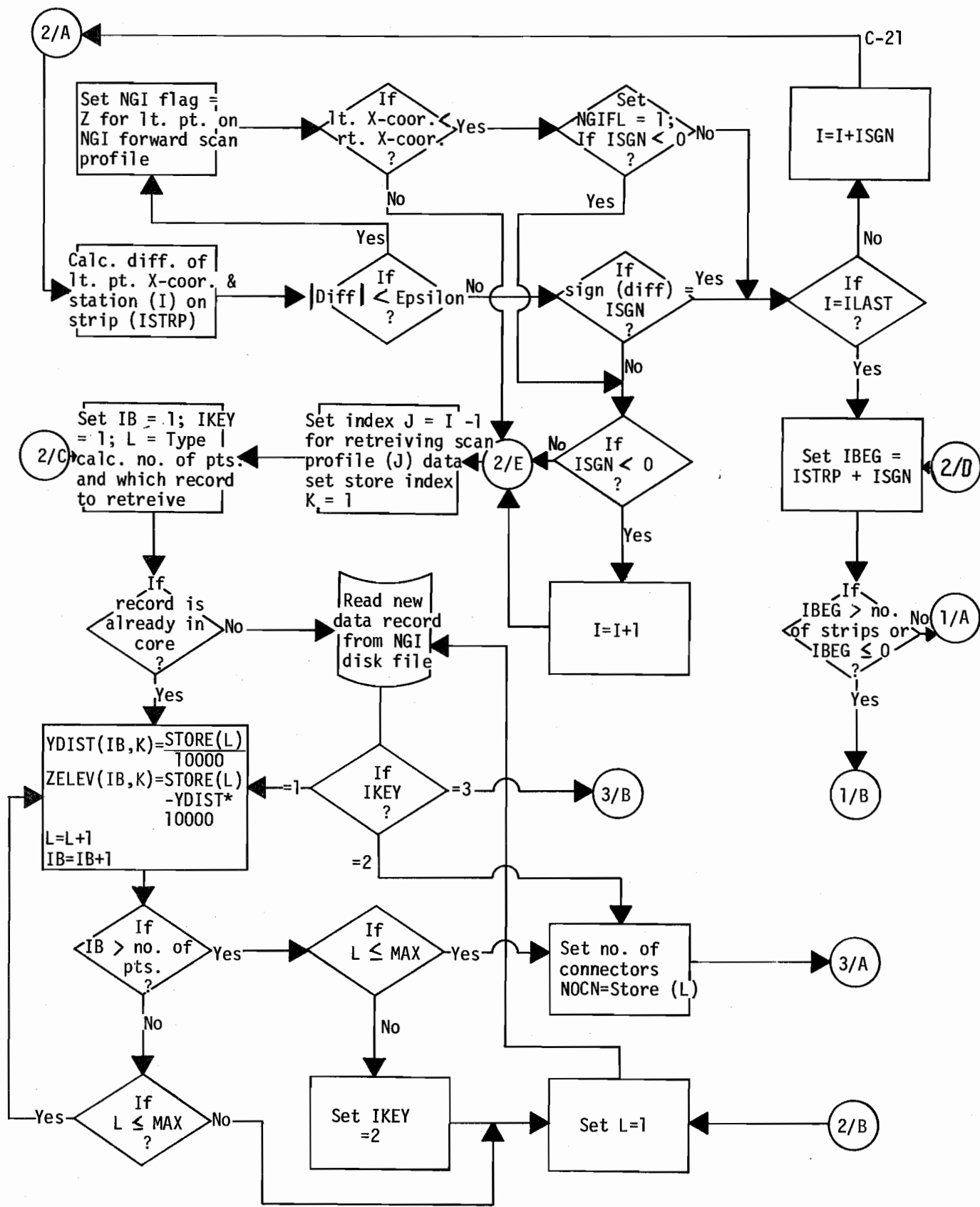


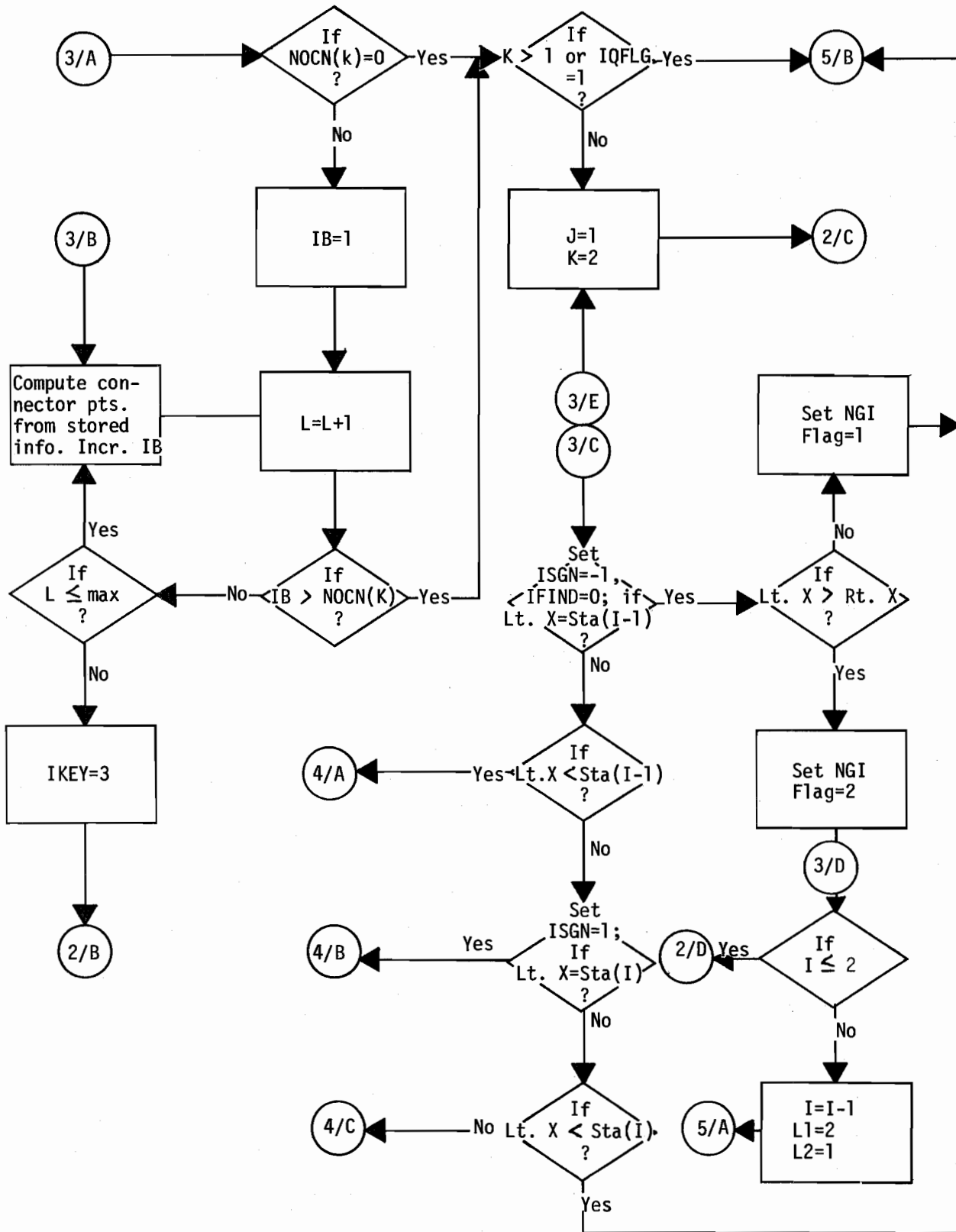
SUBROUTINE PLIST

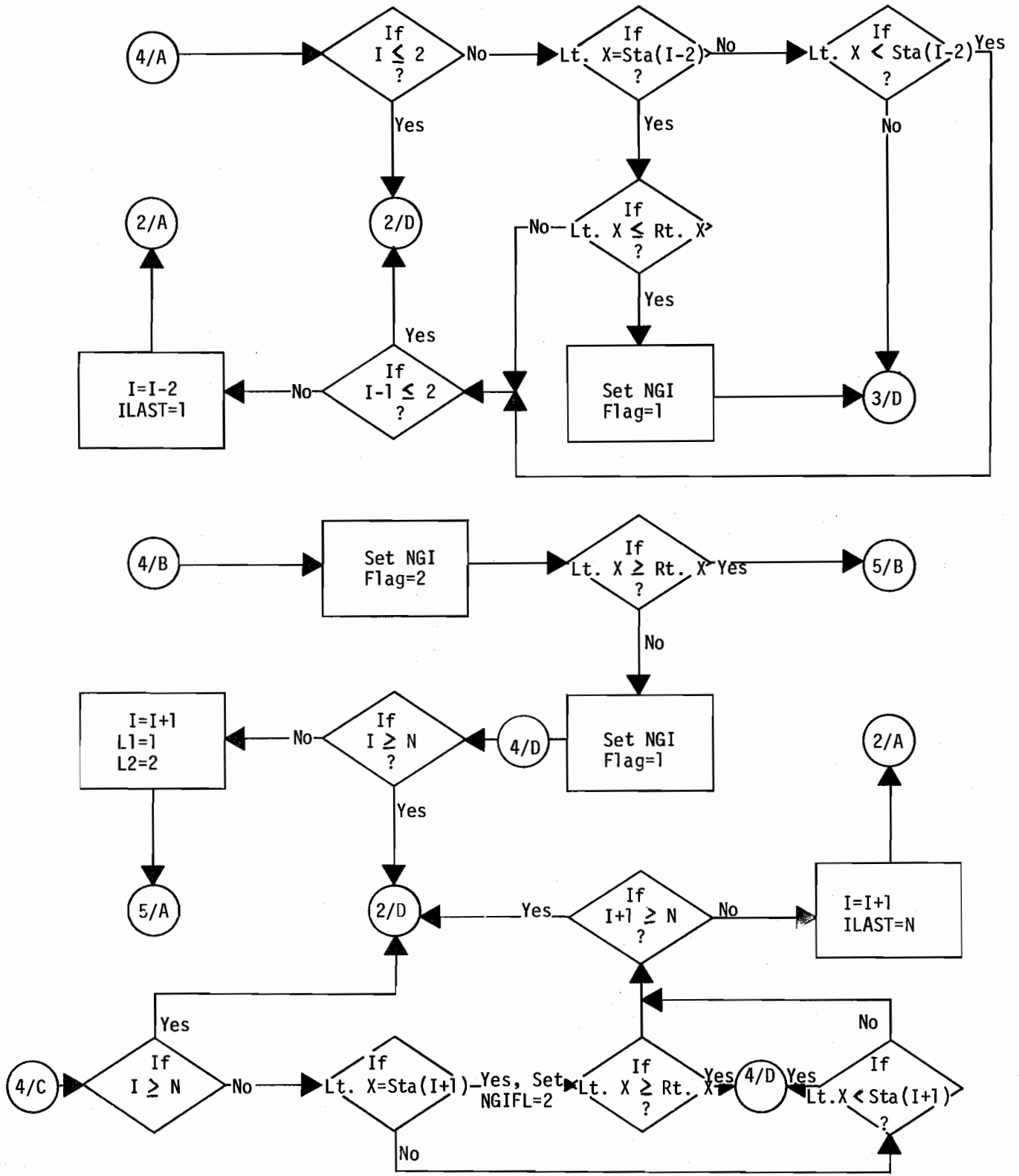


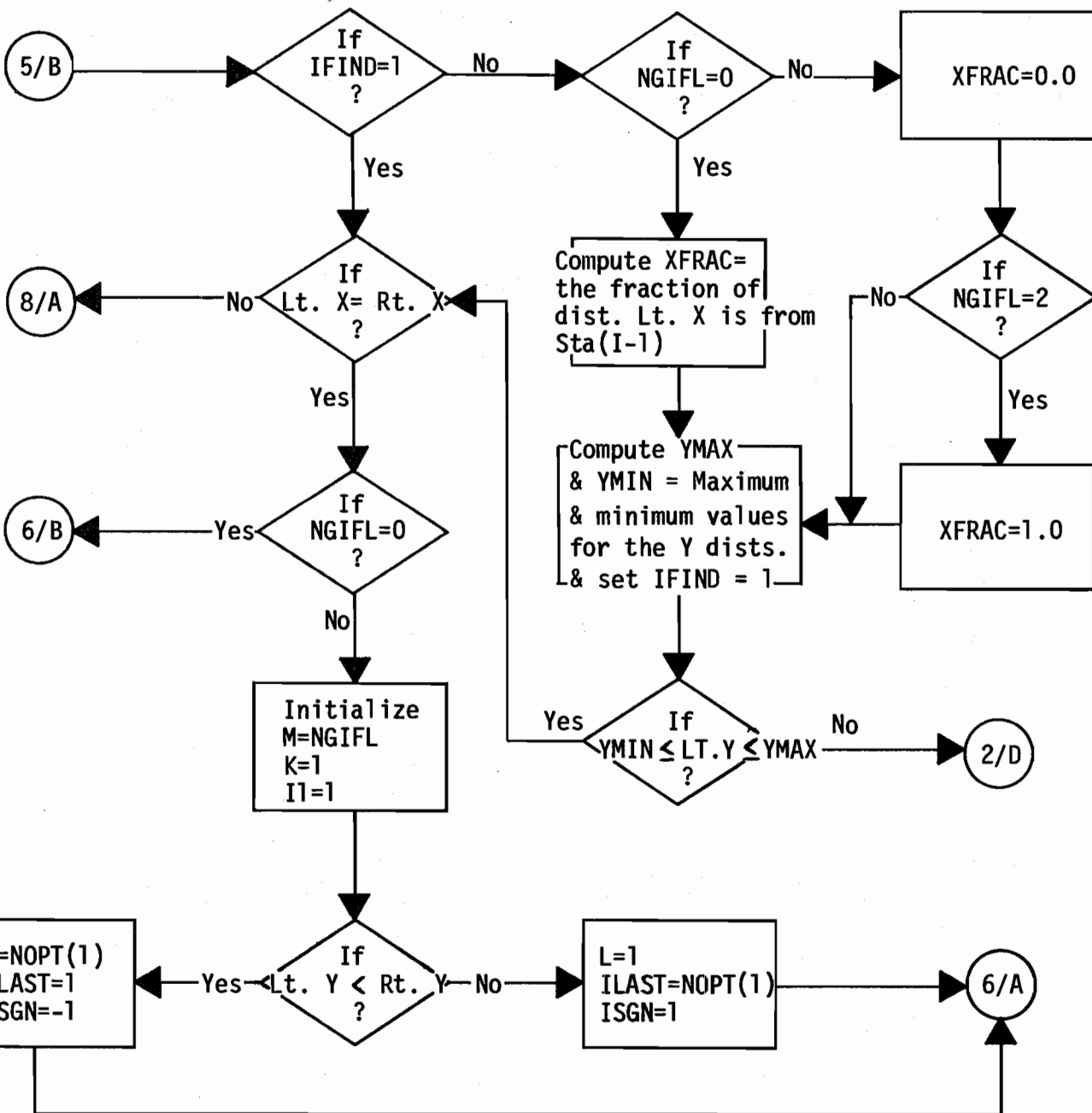
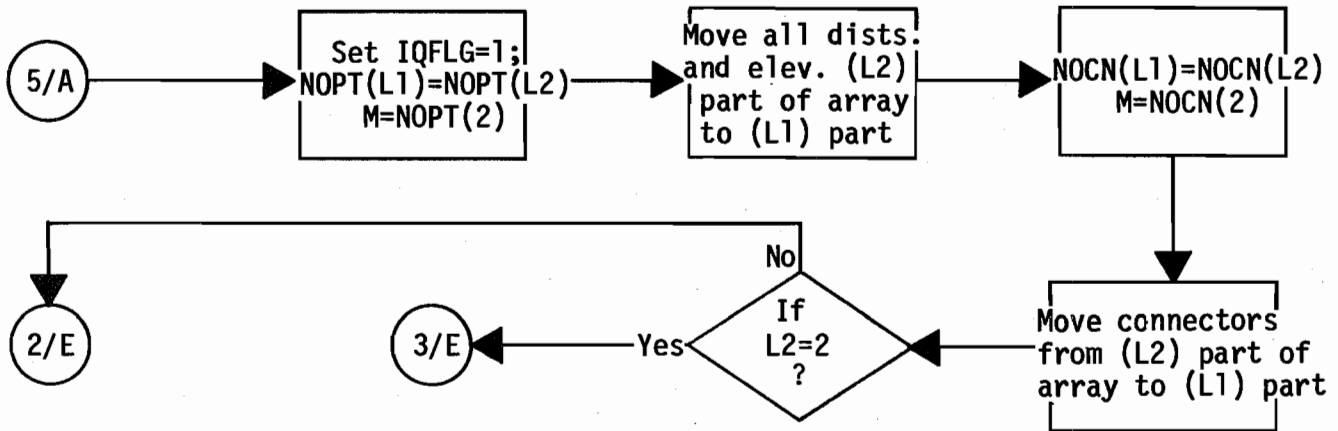
CROSS SECTION BUILDER FLOWCHART
(USING NGI DATA FILE)

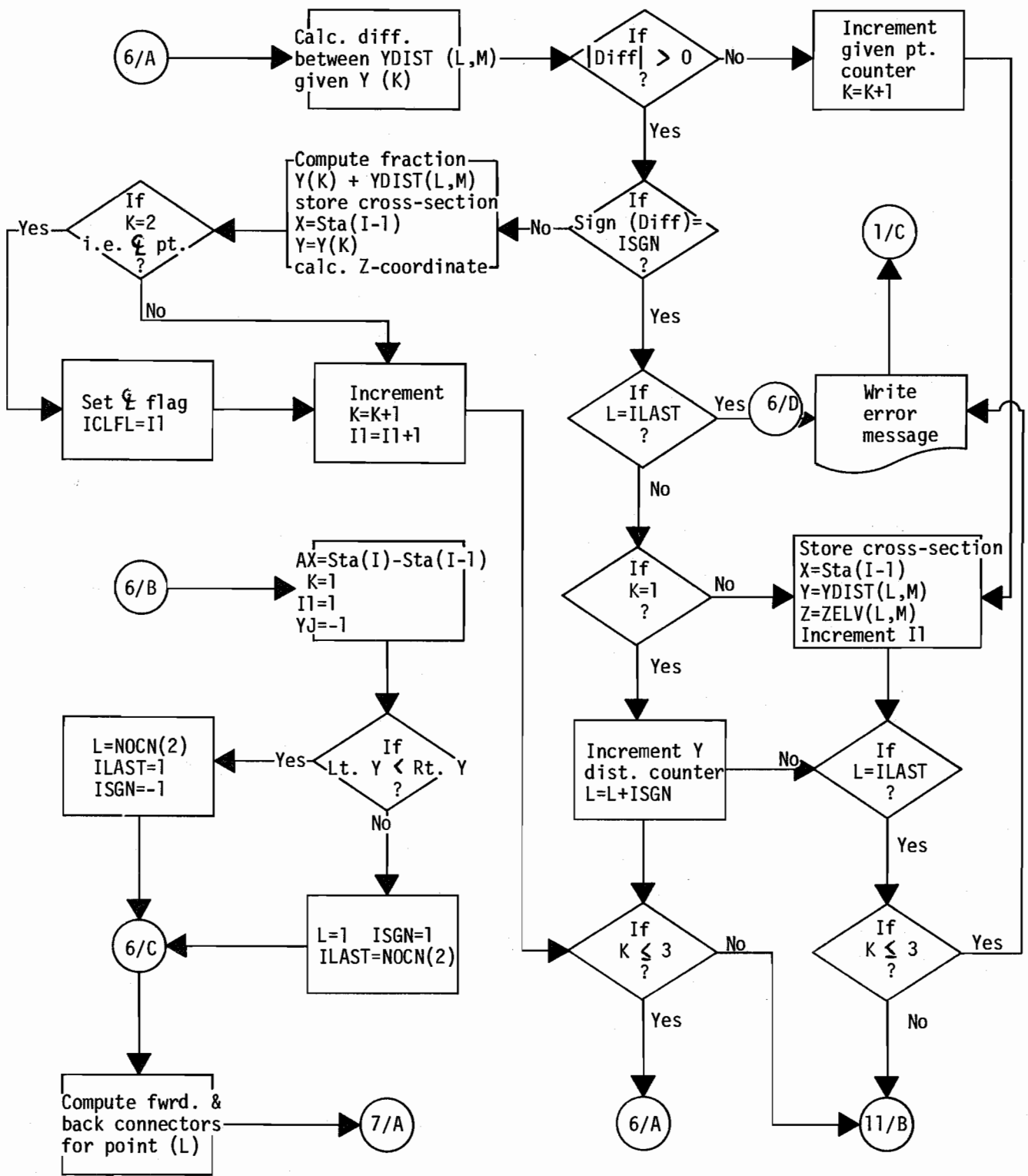


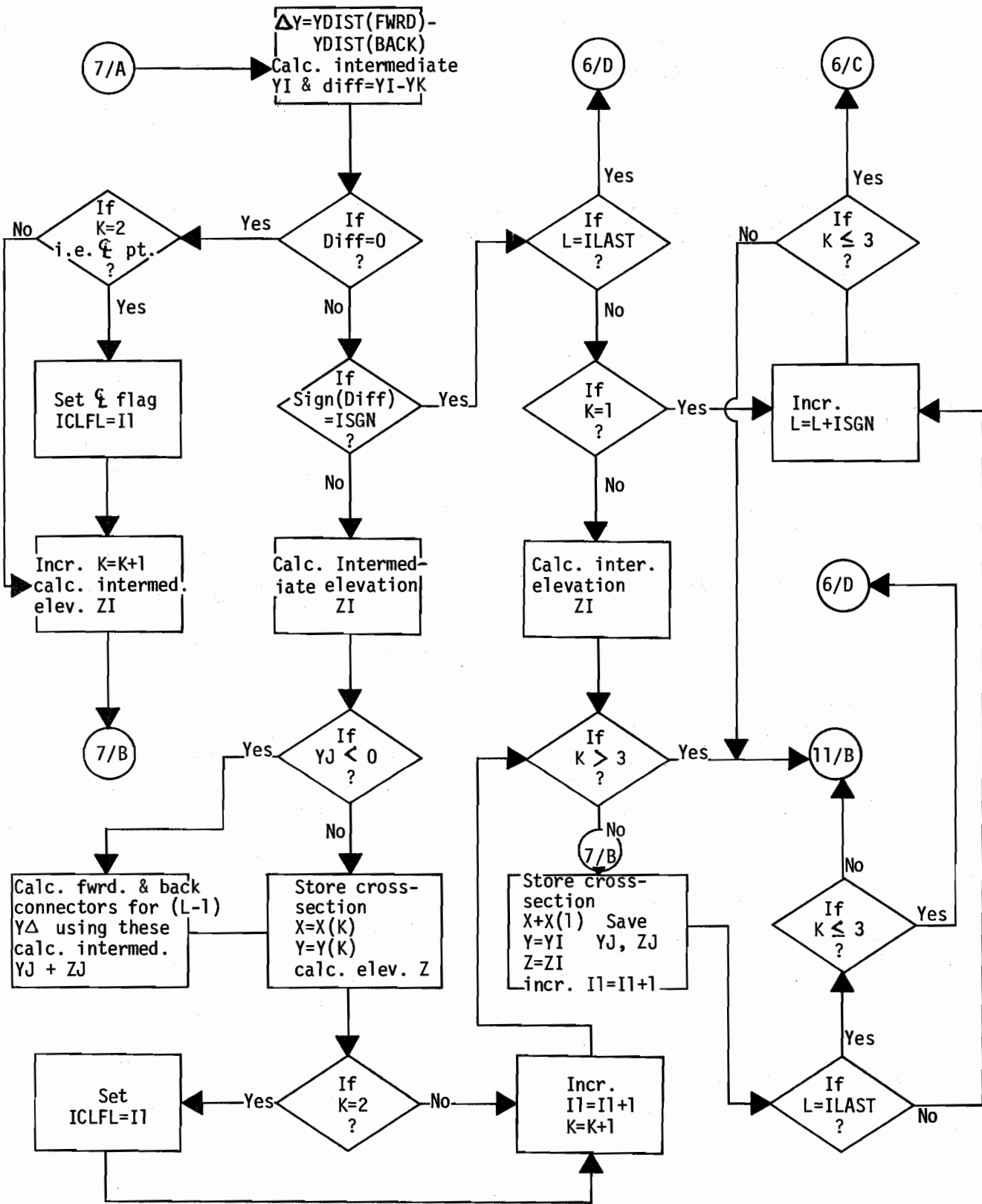


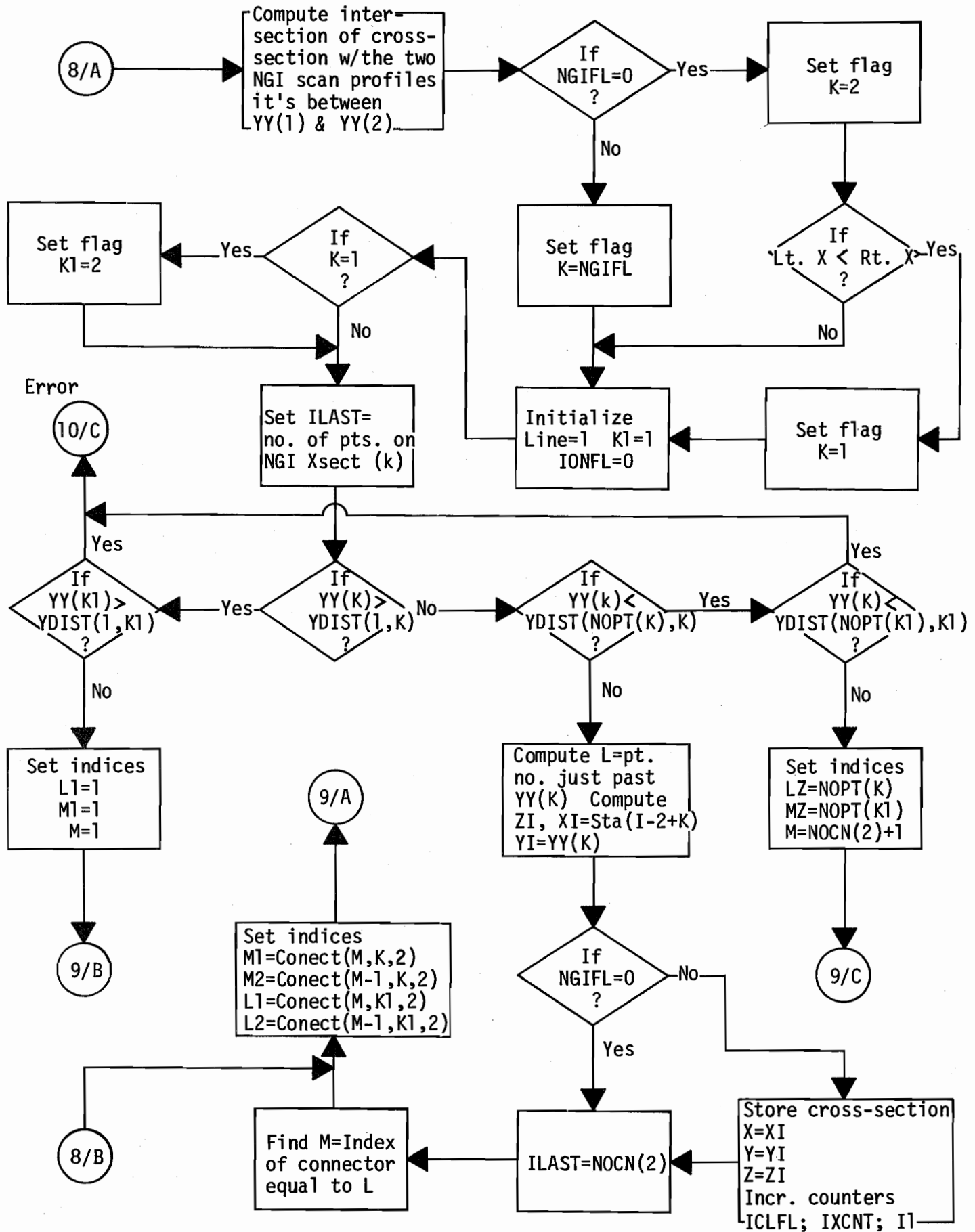


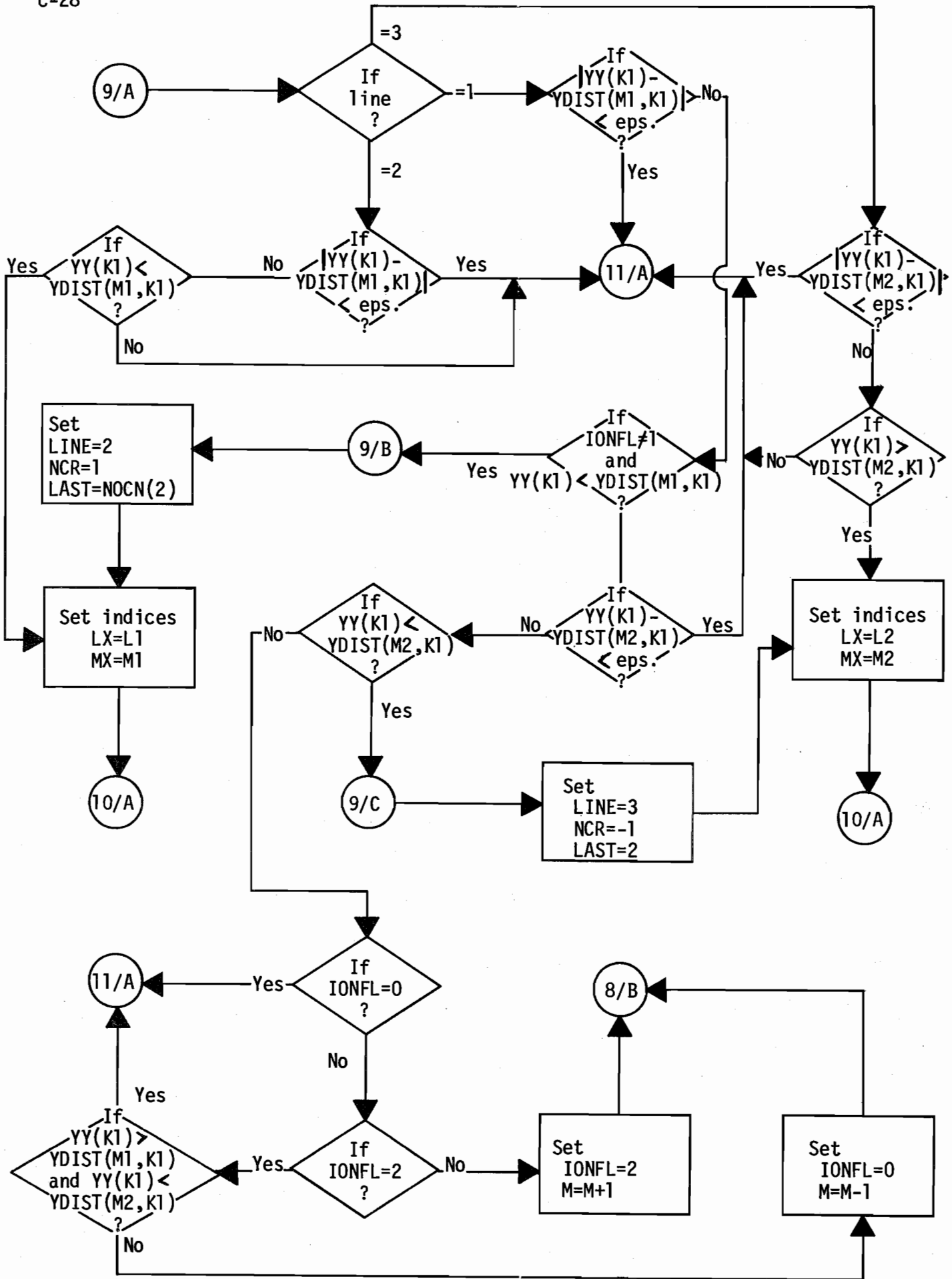


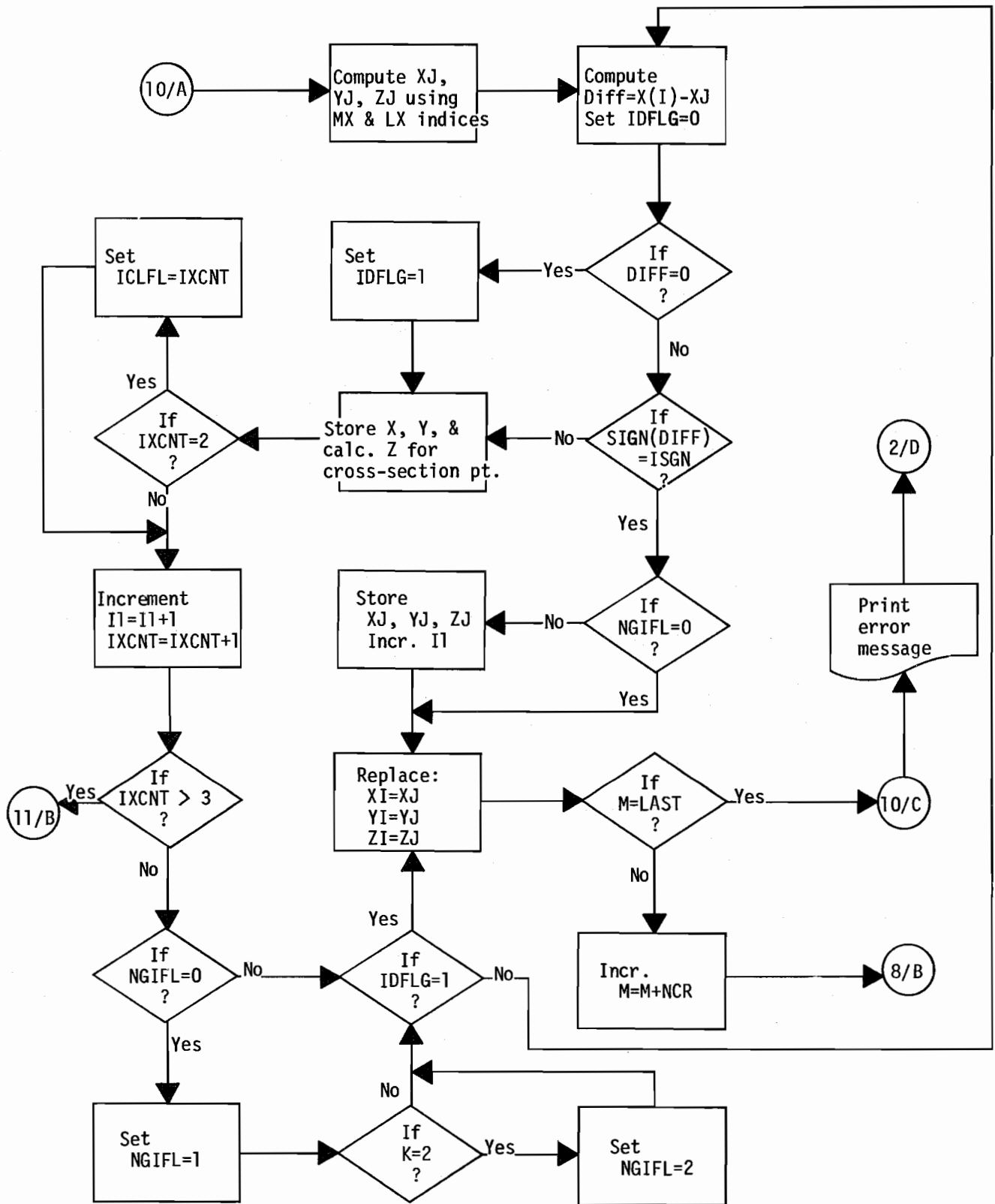


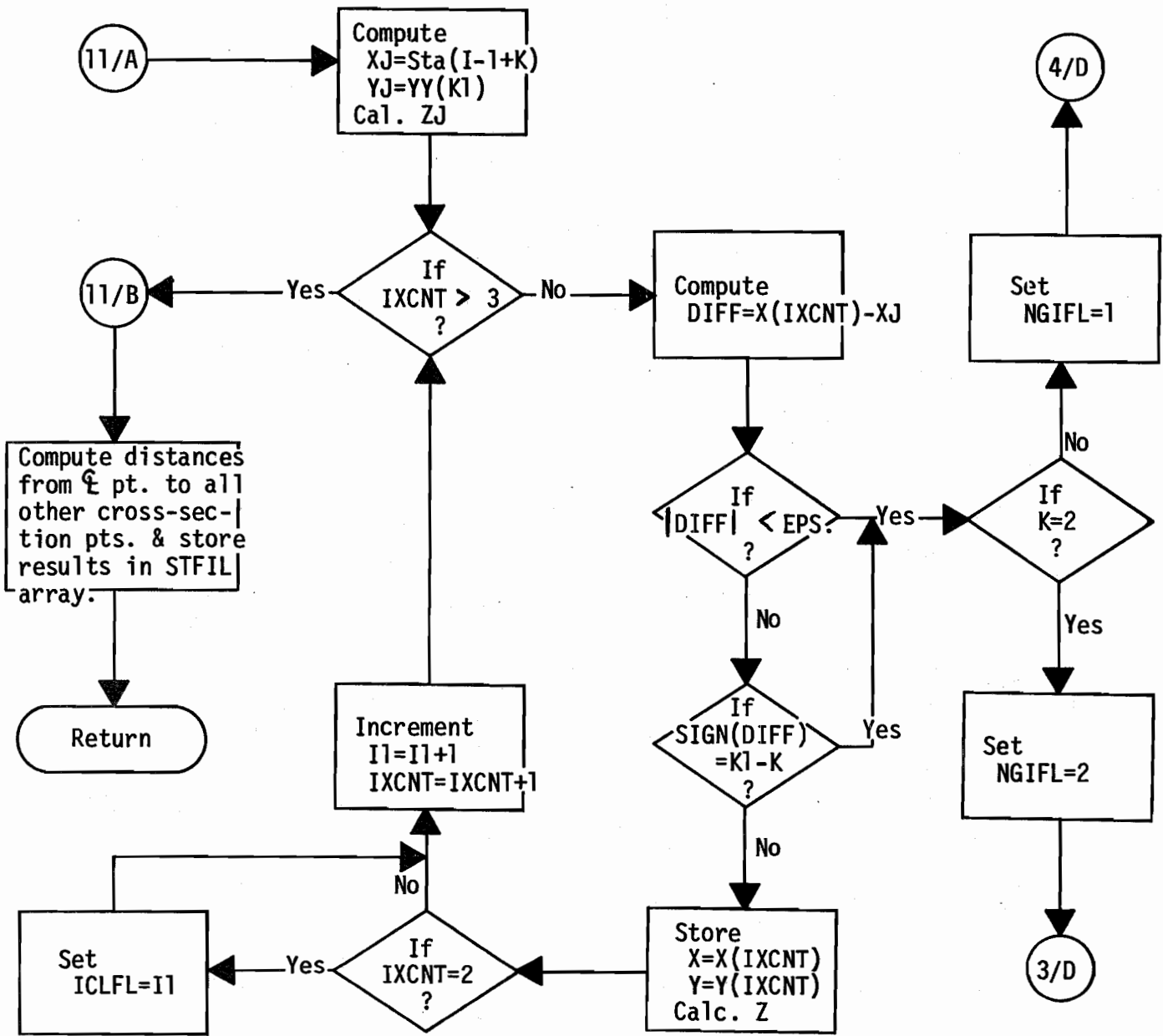












PROGRAM LISTINGS

Some of the objectives of this research project were to implement an NGI system, and develop and demonstrate program modules which would create terrain cross-sections from the numerical ground model along alignments stored in the Roadway Design System (RDS). These objectives were accomplished; however, due to the limited time and funds several previously written routines were used for expediency. These routines performed the functions required along with functions extraneous to NGI. It was the intention of the project staff that these routines would be replaced after more experience in the use of the system was gained.

In order to run NGI, the user must have version 5.0 of RDS (which was transmitted to FHWA on May 23, 1974) or a later version. Two RDS routines (CARD and BLOCK DATA) were utilized in the NGI system with very slight modifications. The listings for these two routines are given on the following pages along with the two new NGI routines (MAIN and NGI).

Three new routines (PREP, PLIST and XBILD) were written for RDS to access the NGI file and build cross-sections. These routines were included in version 5.0 of RDS; however, they have been revised and listings of the latest version are included. In addition the following routines must be copied exactly from version 5.0 of RDS and used with the previously mentioned routines: STANO, STATN and PRNTR. Since some of the RDS routines used in NGI call other RDS routines, it is necessary to use the following dummy RDS routines: DELETE, EXTND, HUB, ISAM, PREP, PNCH, DCODE, and LETR. The documentation for the routines PREP, PLIST and XBILD included in this report updates that contained in version 5.0 of RDS. A link edit (module map) is given on the next two pages. This shows all the routines necessary for the NGI system.

Pages C-72 and C-73 are the JCL for job stepping NGI and RDS. Page C-74 is the JCL for processing NGI and building an intermediate tape file. Page C-75 is the JCL for accessing the intermediate tape file and executing RDS. These JCL were used in testing NGI.

NAME	ORIGIN	LENGTH
CDELE	14930	4C
PARM	14980	5C
CSORT	149E0	644
CSTAT	15028	8
CIXSE	15030	C
QSAM	15040	D78

NAME	LOCATION	NAME	LOCATION	NAME	LOCATION	NAME	LOCATION
------	----------	------	----------	------	----------	------	----------

ENTRY ADDRESS 00
TOTAL LENGTH 150B8

****MAIN DOES NOT EXIST BUT HAS BEEN ADDED TO DATA SET

```
C**** NGI CRIVER ****
0001 COMMON /SYSTEM/ SYSIN,SYSOT,YSER,SYSTP,NINES,IQUIT,ENDFL,JARG
0002 COMMON /TITLE/ IPAGE,IDATE(4),ICHWY(4),JOBNO(2)
0003 COMMON /CMAIN/ IDUMM(9),LIST
0004 COMMON /CDATA/ ISTA,IDUM,DATA(400),NOPT,IDUM1,IDUM2(8),IDUM3(20)
0005 INTEGER IYES/'YES'/,DATA,SYSIN,SYSOT,YSER,SYSTP,ENDFL
0006 DEFINE FILE 15(225E,400,U,JARG)
0007 CALL REREAD
0008 READ (SYSIN,5) ITAPE,ICRD,ICRDP,IPRNT
0009 5 FORMAT(27X,2A3,43X,A3,A1)
0010 IF(ICRDP.EQ.IYES) LIST=1
0011 CALL NGI(IPRNT,ICRD,ITAPE)
0012 IF(ITAPE.NE.IYES) GO TO 20
0013 END FILE SYSTP
0014 LAST=JARG-1
0015 JARG=1
0016 DO 10 I=1, LAST
0017 READ (15,JARG) DATA
0018 10 WRITE (SYSTP) DATA
0019 END FILE SYSTP
0020 REWIND SYSTP
0021 WRITE (6,15)
0022 15 FORMAT(//' THE NGI FILE HAS BEEN PUT ON THE TAPE'//)
0023 20 CONTINUE
0024 STOP
0025 END
```

LEVEL 21.8 (JUN 74)

OS/360 FORTRAN H

DATE 74.353/08.51.25

```
COMPILER OPTIONS - NAME= MAIN,OPT=02,LINECNT=60,SIZE=000K,  
SOURCE,EBCDIC,LIST,DECK,LOAD,MAP,NOEDIT,NOID,XREF  
ISN 0002      BLOCK DATA  
ISN 0003      COMMON /CDATA/ JCSTA,CF,DATA(400),SNUMC,KEY,INDEX(8),OVER(20)  
ISN 0004      COMMON /CMAIN/ IRTYP,JRTYP,IRSET,JCARD,ITSTA,ODUMP,FDUMP,FINAL,  
              *          INTPL,LIST  
ISN 0005      COMMON /CPRNT/ DT,EL1,NUMC,HIBI,FS,BS,BM,NUM,LOR,ICARD,TYPE,NEQ  
ISN 0006      COMMON /SYSTEM/ SYSIN,SYSOT,YSER,SYSTP,NINES,IQUIT,ENDFL,IARG  
ISN 0007      COMMON /EQBLK/ NDEQ(26),EQTAB(7,20,2),NSET  
ISN 0008      COMMON /TITLE/ IPAGE,IDATE(4),ICHWY(4),JOBNO(2)  
ISN 0009      REAL*8 EQTAB  
ISN 0010      INTEGER  NEQ/1/,IRSET/1/,ODUMP/0/,FDUMP/0/,JCARD/1/,  
              *          JCSTA/99999999/,FINAL/0/,INTPL/0/,KEY/1/,INDEX/3,797,  
              *          'STAF',3400,2,403,'FINF',1754/,OVER/'1','2','3','4','5',  
              *          '6','7','8','9','0','J','K','L','M','N','O','P','Q','R',  
              *          -801095616/,ICARD/1/,IRTP/1/,LIST/0/,NDEQ/7*0/,  
              *          NSET/1/,SYSIN/5/,SYSOT/6/,YSER/6/,SYSTP/2/,  
              *          NINES/99999999/,IQUIT/0/,ENDFL/1/,IARG/0/,IPAGE/1/,  
              *          IDATE/4*' '/,ICHWY/4*' '/,JOBNO/2*' '/,DT(8),EL1(8)  
ISN 0011      END
```

```

COMPILER OPTIONS - NAME= MAIN,OPT=02,LINECNT=60,SIZE=0000K,
SOURCE,ECDIC,LIST,DECK,LOAD,MAP,NOEDIT,NOID,XREF
ISN 0002      SUBROUTINE NGI(IP,IC,IT)
ISN 0003      COMMON /CDATA/ XSTA,IDUM,DATA(400),NOPT,IDUM1,IDUM2(8),IDUM3(20)
ISN 0004      COMMON /CMAIN/ IRTYP,JRTYP,IRSET,JCARD,ITSTA,ODUMP,ISTRP,FINAL,
              * INTPL,LIST
ISN 0005      COMMON /SYSTEM/ SYSIN,SYSCT,YSER,SYSTP,NINES,IQUIT,ENDFL,IARG
ISN 0006      COMMON /PARM/ IMAGE(23)
ISN 0007      DIMENSION FRAC(4),DIST(2),ELEV(5)
ISN 0008      INTEGER SYSIN,SYSCT,YSER,SYSTP,ENDFL
ISN 0009      INTEGER REC(400,2),SDATA(200,2),FENCE(4),PNTR(4),IDIS(2),TNOPT,
              *DATA,XSTA,CONECT(200),FINAL,IPTNO(5),ITYP(5),IDIST(5),IBACK(8),
              *IAHED(8),OSTA,ICHEK(5),STA,STOLD,IELV(5)
ISN 0010      REAL*8 DBREC(188),XYBE(4)
ISN 0011      INTEGER*2 NOSTR,I2REC(48),SDIND(200,2)
ISN 0012      EQUIVALENCE (I2REC(48),NOSTR)
ISN 0013      DATA MY/'Y'/,IX/'X'/,IYES/'YES'/,NGI/'NGI'/
ISN 0014      NOSTR=0
ISN 0015      IREC=49
ISN 0016      INDX=1
ISN 0017      NOPT=0
ISN 0018      MAX=400
ISN 0019      IPG=0
ISN 0020      LCNT=56
ISN 0021      5 IFRST=0
ISN 0022      OSTA=XSTA
ISN 0023      TNOPT=NOPT
ISN 0024      10 IF(IC.NE.IYES) GC TO 14
ISN 0026      ISTRP=1
ISN 0027      IF(JCARD.EQ.2) GC TO 12
ISN 0029      11 READ (5,1,END=22) IMAGE
ISN 0030      1  FORMAT(3A4,A1,2A4,2A1,2A4,A3,2A4,A2,9A4)
ISN 0031      IF(IMAGE(3).EQ.NGI) GO TO 23
ISN 0033      12 N2=2-IFRST
ISN 0034      READ (59,2) STA,(IDIST(I),IPTNO(I),ITYP(I),ICHEK(I),I=1,5),N
ISN 0035      2  FORMAT(I8,5(2(I5,IX),I1,A1),IX,I1)
ISN 0036      IF(JCARD.EQ.1) GC TO 19
ISN 0038      IF(STA.NE.STOLD) GC TO 24
ISN 0040      19 IF(N.EQ.0) N=5
ISN 0042      DO 21 I=1,N
ISN 0043      IF(ICHEK(I).EQ.IX) GO TO 21
ISN 0045      J=J+1
ISN 0046      SDATA(J,N2)=(10000-IDIST(I))*100000+IPTNO(I)
ISN 0047      SDIND(J,N2)=ITYP(I)
ISN 0048      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,18) I,J,N2,SDATA(J,N2),SDIND(J,N2)
ISN 0050      18 FORMAT(' ',I3,I3,I3,I12,I2)
ISN 0051      21 CONTINUE
ISN 0052      STOLD=STA
ISN 0053      JCARD=2
ISN 0054      GO TO 11
ISN 0055      22 ISTRP=3
ISN 0056      GO TO 24
ISN 0057      23 ISTRP=2
ISN 0058      IF(JCARD.EQ.1) GC TO 17
ISN 0060      24 XSTA=STOLD
ISN 0061      STOLD=STA
ISN 0062      NOPT=J
ISN 0063      GO TO 82

```

```

ISN 0064      14 CALL CARD
ISN 0065      GO TO (40,15,40,35),ISTRP
ISN 0066      15 IF(JCARD.EQ.2) GC TO 40
ISN 0068      16 JCARD=1
ISN 0069      17 READ (59,20) XYBE
ISN 0070      20 FORMAT(13X,4F15.5)
ISN 0071      IF(IT.EQ.IYES) WRITE (SYSTP,1) IMAGE
ISN 0073      N1=NOSTR*4+1
ISN 0074      N2=N1+3
ISN 0075      J=0
ISN 0076      DO 25 I=N1,N2
ISN 0077      J=J+1
ISN 0078      25 DBREC(I)=XYBE(J)
ISN 0079      IF(NOSTR.EQ.0) GC TO 28
ISN 0081      I2REC(NOSTR)=NOSEC
ISN 0082      IARG=NCSTR+1
ISN 0083      N2=2*NOSEC
ISN 0084      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,27) (REC(I,1),I=1,N2)
ISN 0086      27 FORMAT(' XSECTION ARRAY - INDEX',200(/1X,2I10))
ISN 0087      WRITE (15'IARG) (REC(I,1),I=1,MAX)
ISN 0088      28 NOSEC=0
ISN 0089      NOSTR=NOSTR+1
ISN 0090      IFRST=1
ISN 0091      IKEY=0
ISN 0092      IF(IC.NE.IYES) GC TO 10
ISN 0094      J=0
ISN 0095      GO TO 11
ISN 0096      30 I2REC(NOSTR)=NOSEC
ISN 0097      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,31) NOSTR,(DBREC(4*I-3),DBREC(4*I-2),
*          DBREC(4*I-1),DBREC(4*I),I2REC(I),I=1,NOSTR)
ISN 0099      31 FORMAT(' NO. OF STRIPS=',I2/1X,' STRIP COOR. LIMITS & INDICES',
*47(/1X,4F15.5,I5))
ISN 0100      WRITE (15'I) DBREC,I2REC
ISN 0101      IARG=NCSTR+1
ISN 0102      N2=2*NOSEC
ISN 0103      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,32) (REC(I,1),I=1,N2)
ISN 0105      32 FORMAT(' XSECTION ARRAY - INDEX',200(/1X,2I10))
ISN 0106      WRITE (15'IARG) (REC(I,1),I=1,MAX)
ISN 0107      IARG=IREC
ISN 0108      N2=INDX-1
ISN 0109      IF(N2.EQ.0) GO TO 39
ISN 0111      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,33) (REC(I,2),I=1,N2)
ISN 0113      33 FORMAT(' POINT ARRAY',34(/1X,12I11))
ISN 0114      WRITE (15'IARG) (REC(I,2),I=1,MAX)
ISN 0115      GO TO 39
ISN 0116      35 WRITE (6,38)
ISN 0117      38 FORMAT(' ERROR - UNRECOGNIZABLE NGI CARD - PROCESSING TERMINATES')
ISN 0118      39 IQUIT=ENDFL
ISN 0119      GO TO 200
ISN 0120      40 NX=2*NOPT
ISN 0121      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,13) NCPT,XSTA,(DATA(I),I=1,NX)
ISN 0123      13 FORMAT(' NOPT=',I3,' XSTA=',I10/5X,' DATA ARRAY',200(/1X,2I10))
ISN 0124      I=0
ISN 0125      J=-1
ISN 0126      N1=0
ISN 0127      N2=2-IFRST
ISN 0128      43 ICNT=1
ISN 0129      45 I=I+1

```

```

ISN 0130      50 J=J+2
ISN 0131      IF(I.GT.NCPT) GO TO 80
ISN 0133      SDATA(I,N2)=(1000000-DATA(J+1))*1000+DATA(J)/10
ISN 0134      IF(I.EC.1) GO TO 55
ISN 0136      IF(SDATA(I-1,N2).NE.SDATA(I,N2)) GO TO 60
ISN 0138      NOPT=NCPT-1
ISN 0139      55 ICNT=ICNT+1
ISN 0140      IF(I.EQ.1) GO TO 45
ISN 0142      GO TO 50
ISN 0143      60 IF(ICNT.LE.4) GO TO 70
ISN 0145      IF(ICNT/4*4.NE.ICNT) GO TO 65
ISN 0147      N1=ICNT/4-1
ISN 0148      ICNT=4
ISN 0149      GO TO 70
ISN 0150      65 IF(ICNT/3*3.NE.ICNT) GO TO 70
ISN 0152      N1=ICNT/3-1
ISN 0153      ICNT=3
ISN 0154      70 SDIND(I-1,N2)=ICNT
ISN 0155      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,72) I,J,N2,ICNT,SDATA(I-1,N2),SDIND(I-1,N2)
ISN 0157      72 FORMAT(' I=',I3,' J=',I3,' N2=',I1,' ICNT=',I2,' SDATA(I-1,N2)='
                *I11,' SDIND(I-1,N2)=' ,I2)
                IF(N1.EQ.0) GO TO 43
                DO 75 K=1,N1
ISN 0158      NOPT=NCPT+1
ISN 0160      SDATA(I+1,N2)=SDATA(I,N2)
ISN 0161      SDATA(I,N2)=SDATA(I-1,N2)
ISN 0162      SDIND(I,N2)=SDIND(I-1,N2)
ISN 0164      75 I=I+1
ISN 0165      N1=0
ISN 0166      GO TO 43
ISN 0167      80 SDIND(I-1,N2)=2
ISN 0168      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,72) I,J,N2,ICNT,SDATA(I-1,N2),SDIND(I-1,N2)
ISN 0169      82 NOSEC=NOSEC+1
ISN 0171      JNDX=NOSEC*2-1
ISN 0172      REC(JNDX,1)=XSTA
ISN 0173      REC(JNDX+1,1)=NOPT*1000000+JNDX*10000+IREC
ISN 0174      N1=JNDX+NCPT
ISN 0175      J=0
ISN 0176      IFL=1
ISN 0177      85 DO 95 I=JNDX,N1
ISN 0178      IF(I.GT.MAX) GO TO 100
ISN 0179      J=J+1
ISN 0181      IF(I.NE.N1) GO TO 90
ISN 0182      REC(I,2)=0
ISN 0184      GO TO 95
ISN 0185      90 REC(I,2)=SDATA(J,N2)
ISN 0186      95 CONTINUE
ISN 0187      INDX=N1+1
ISN 0188      J=0
ISN 0189      IF(IFRST.EQ.1) GO TO 5
ISN 0190      GO TO 105
ISN 0192      100 INDX=1
ISN 0193      IARG=IREC
ISN 0194      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,103) (REC(I,2),I=1,MAX)
ISN 0195      103 FORMAT(' POINT ARRAY',34(/1X,12I11))
ISN 0197      WRITE (15,IARG)(REC(I,2),I=1,MAX)
ISN 0198      IREC=IREC+1
ISN 0199      N1=N1-MAX
ISN 0200

```

```

ISN 0201      GO TO (85,175,179),IFL
ISN 0202      105 IFL=2
ISN 0203      NOCN=0
ISN 0204      DO 110 I=1,4
ISN 0205      FENCE(I)=1
ISN 0206      110 PNTR(I)=1
ISN 0207      115 FENCE(1)=FENCE(4)
ISN 0208      FENCE(2)=FENCE(3)
ISN 0209      N=TNOPT
ISN 0210      JFL=1
ISN 0211      120 N3=FENCE(JFL)+1
ISN 0212      DO 135 I=N3,N
ISN 0213      ITYPE=SDIND(I,JFL)
ISN 0214      GO TO (135,140,125,130),ITYPE
ISN 0215      125 IF(JFL.EQ.1) GO TO 140
ISN 0217      GO TO 135
ISN 0218      130 IF(JFL.EQ.2) GO TO 140
ISN 0220      135 CONTINUE
ISN 0221      140 FENCE(5-JFL)=I
ISN 0222      IF(JFL.EQ.2) GO TO 145
ISN 0224      JFL=2
ISN 0225      N=NOPT
ISN 0226      GO TO 120
ISN 0227      145 IF(FENCE(3).NE.NOPT) GO TO 150
ISN 0229      IF(FENCE(4).EQ.TNOPT) GO TO 155
ISN 0231      FENCE(4)=TNOPT
ISN 0232      GO TO 153
ISN 0233      150 IF(FENCE(4).NE.TNOPT) GO TO 155
ISN 0235      FENCE(3)=NOPT
ISN 0236      153 WRITE (6,154) NCSTR,NOSEC,XSTA
ISN 0237      154 FORMAT(' ERROR-UNEQUAL NO. OF FENCE MARKS FOR STRIP NO. ',I2,' SEC
          *T. NO. ',I3,' AT STA. NO. ',I10,' EXTRA MARKS ELIMINATED-PROCESSIN
          *G CONTINUES')
ISN 0238      155 IDIS(1)=SCATA(FENCE(1),1)/100000
ISN 0239      IDIS(2)=SCATA(FENCE(2),2)/100000
ISN 0240      DIST(1)=IDIS(1)-SCATA(FENCE(4),1)/100000
ISN 0241      DIST(2)=IDIS(2)-SCATA(FENCE(3),2)/100000
ISN 0242      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,156) IDIS,DIST,FENCE
ISN 0244      156 FORMAT(' IDIS=',2I6,' DIST=',2F8.2,' FENCES=',4I10)
ISN 0245      158 FRAC(1)=(IDIS(1)-SCATA(PNTR(1),1)/100000)/DIST(1)
ISN 0246      FRAC(2)=(IDIS(2)-SCATA(PNTR(2),2)/100000)/DIST(2)
ISN 0247      FRAC(3)=(IDIS(2)-SCATA(PNTR(3),2)/100000)/DIST(2)
ISN 0248      FRAC(4)=(IDIS(1)-SCATA(PNTR(4),1)/100000)/DIST(1)
ISN 0249      NOCN=NCCN+1
ISN 0250      IF(FRAC(4).GE.(FRAC(2)+FRAC(3))/2.0) GO TO 160
ISN 0252      CDNECT(NCCN)=PNTR(2)*1000+PNTR(4)
ISN 0253      PNTR(1)=PNTR(4)
ISN 0254      GO TO 168
ISN 0255      160 IF(FRAC(3).GE.(FRAC(1)+FRAC(4))/2.0) GO TO 165
ISN 0257      CONECT(NCCN)=PNTR(3)*1000+PNTR(1)
ISN 0258      PNTR(2)=PNTR(3)
ISN 0259      IF(PNTR(3).LT.FENCE(3)) PNTR(3)=PNTR(3)+1
ISN 0261      GO TO 170
ISN 0262      165 CONECT(NCCN)=PNTR(2)*1000+PNTR(4)
ISN 0263      PNTR(1)=PNTR(4)
ISN 0264      PNTR(2)=PNTR(3)
ISN 0265      IF(PNTR(3).LT.FENCE(3)) PNTR(3)=PNTR(3)+1
ISN 0267      168 IF(PNTR(4).LT.FENCE(4)) PNTR(4)=PNTR(4)+1

```



```

ISN 0269      170 IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,171) CCONNECT(NCCN),NCCN,PNTR,FRAC
ISN 0271      171 FORMAT(' CONNECTOR=',I6,' NCCN=',I2,' PNTRS=',4I3,' FRACS=',4F11.8
              *)
              IF(PNTR(1).NE.FENCE(4).OR.PNTR(2).NE.FENCE(3)) GO TO 158
ISN 0272      PNTR(3)=PNTR(3)+1
ISN 0274      PNTR(4)=PNTR(4)+1
ISN 0275      IF(FENCE(4).LT.TNOPT.AND.FENCE(3).LT.NOPT) GO TO 115
ISN 0276      REC(N1,2)=NCCN
ISN 0278      N1=INOX+NCCN-1
ISN 0279      J=0
ISN 0280      175 IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,174) INDX,N1
ISN 0281      174 FORMAT(' INDX=',I4,' N1=',I4)
ISN 0283      DO 178 I=INDX,N1
ISN 0284      IF(I.GT.MAX) GO TO 100
ISN 0285      J=J+1
ISN 0287      REC(I,2)=CONNECT(J)
ISN 0288      IF(IP.EQ.MY) WRITE (6,177) I,REC(I,2),J
ISN 0289      177 FORMAT(' INDX=',I4,' CCONNECTOR=',I6,' J=',I3)
ISN 0291      178 CONTINUE
ISN 0292      INDX=N1+1
ISN 0293      IF(INDX.LE.MAX) GO TO 179
ISN 0294      IFL=3
ISN 0296      GO TO 100
ISN 0297      179 J=0
ISN 0298      JFB=0
ISN 0299      JF=0
ISN 0300      JB=0
ISN 0301      DO 250 I=1,TNOPT
ISN 0302      IF(SDIND(I,1).EQ.2) JFB=JFB+1
ISN 0303      IF(SDIND(I,1).EQ.3) JF=JF+1
ISN 0305      IF(SDIND(I,1).EQ.4) JB=JB+1
ISN 0307      J=J+1
ISN 0309      IPTNO(J)=I
ISN 0310      ITYP(J)=SDIND(I,1)
ISN 0311      IDS=SDATA(I,1)/100000
ISN 0312      IDIST(J)=10000-IDS
ISN 0313      IELV(J)=SDATA(I,1)-IDS*100000
ISN 0314      ELEV(J)=IELV(J)/10.
ISN 0315      IF(J.LT.5.AND.I.NE.TNOPT) GO TO 250
ISN 0316      IF(LCNT.LT.56) GO TO 215
ISN 0318      LCNT=10
ISN 0320      IPG=IPG+1
ISN 0321      WRITE (16,210) IPG
ISN 0322      210 FORMAT(1F1,129X,I2/50X,'NUMERICAL GROUND IMAGE SYSTEM'//53X,
ISN 0323      '*SCAN PROFILE DATA LIST'///6X,'STATION ',5(' POINT ELEV DI
              *ST')/6X,'NUMBER ',5(' NUMBER IN IN')/15X,5(' (TYPE)
              * FEET FEET'))
              GO TO 220
ISN 0324      215 IF(I.GT.5) GO TO 230
ISN 0325      220 IST=OSTA/10000
ISN 0327      ST=ABS((CSTA-IST*10000)/100.)+.0005
ISN 0328      WRITE (16,225) IST,ST,(IPTNO(K),ITYP(K),ELEV(K),IDIST(K),K=1,J)
ISN 0329      225 FORMAT(/3X,I6,'+',F5.2,5(3X,I3,'(',I1,')',2X,F6.1,1X,I5))
ISN 0330      LCNT=LCNT+1
ISN 0331      GO TO 240
ISN 0332      230 WRITE (16,235) (IPTNO(K),ITYP(K),ELEV(K),IDIST(K),K=1,J)
ISN 0333      235 FORMAT(15X,5(3X,I3,'(',I1,')',2X,F6.1,1X,I5))
ISN 0334      240 IF(IT.NE.IYES) GO TO 248
ISN 0335

```

```

ISN 0337      IF(J.EC.5) GO TO 244
ISN 0339      K1=J+1
ISN 0340      DO 243 K=K1,5
ISN 0341      IDIST(K)=0
ISN 0342      IELV(K)=0
ISN 0343      243 ITYP(K)=0
ISN 0344      244 WRITE(SYSTP,245) OSTA,(IDIST(K),IELV(K),ITYP(K),K=1,5),J
ISN 0345      245 FORMAT(I8,5(2(I5,1X,),I1,1X),1X,I1)
ISN 0346      248 LCNT=LCNT+1
ISN 0347      J=0
ISN 0348      250 CONTINUE
ISN 0349      IF(LCNT.LT.56) GC TO 252
ISN 0351      LCNT=10
ISN 0352      IPG=IPG+1
ISN 0353      WRITE (16,210) IPG
ISN 0354      252 IFORW=JFB+JF
ISN 0355      IREAR=JFB+JB
ISN 0356      WRITE (16,253) JFB,JF,JB,IREAR,IFORW
ISN 0357      253 FORMAT(/1X,'DISCONTINUITIES-',I4,'(2)',I4,'(3)',I4,'(4)',I4,' BK',
      * I4,' FWC')
ISN 0358      LCNT=LCNT+2
ISN 0359      IF(IKEY.EQ.1) GO TO 300
ISN 0361      DO 180 I=1,NOPT
ISN 0362      SDIND(I,1)=SDIND(I,2)
ISN 0363      180 SDATA(I,1)=SDATA(I,2)
ISN 0364      TNOPT=NOPT
ISN 0365      OSTA=XSTA
ISN 0366      J=0
ISN 0367      DO 285 I=1,NOCN
ISN 0368      J=J+1
ISN 0369      IAHD(J)=CONNECT(I)/1000
ISN 0370      IBACK(J)=CONNECT(I)-IAHD(J)*1000
ISN 0371      IF(J.LT.8.AND.I.NE.NCCN) GO TO 285
ISN 0373      IF(LCNT.LT.56) GC TO 255
ISN 0375      LCNT=10
ISN 0376      IPG=IPG+1
ISN 0377      WRITE (16,210) IPG
ISN 0378      GO TO 260
ISN 0379      255 IF(I.GT.8) GO TO 270
ISN 0381      260 WRITE (16,265) (IBACK(K),IAHD(K),K=1,J)
ISN 0382      265 FORMAT(/' POINT CONNECTIONS ',8(3X,I3,' TO ',I3))
ISN 0383      LCNT=LCNT+1
ISN 0384      GO TO 280
ISN 0385      270 WRITE (16,275) (IBACK(K),IAHD(K),K=1,J)
ISN 0386      275 FORMAT(19X,8(3X,I3,' TO ',I3))
ISN 0387      280 LCNT=LCNT+1
ISN 0388      J=0
ISN 0389      285 CONTINUE
ISN 0390      IF(ISTRP.EQ.1) GC TO 10
ISN 0392      IKEY=1
ISN 0393      GO TO 179
ISN 0394      300 IF(ISTRP.EQ.2) GO TO 16
ISN 0396      IF(ISTRP.EQ.3) GC TO 30
ISN 0398      GO TO 10
ISN 0399      200 RETURN
ISN 0400      END

```

COMPILER OPTIONS - NAME= MAIN,OPT=02,LINECNT=60,SIZE=0000K,
SCURCE,EBCDIC,LIST,DECK,LOAD,MAP,NOEDIT,NOID,XREF

```

ISN 0002      SUBROUTINE CARD                      CARD0005
C ***      SUBROUTINE CARD READS THE TERRAIN EDIT AND STORE DATA CARDS, CARD0010
C *** DETERMINES THEIR TYPES, REREADS THEM IN THE PROPER FORMAT, AND CARD0015
C *** PROCESSES THE NUMBERS SO THEY ARE IN THE FORM USABLE BY THE T I ECARD0020
C *** SYSTEM. THE VARIOUS DATA CARDS ARE GIVEN THE FOLLOWING TYPES-- CARD0025
C *** (NOTE--THE TERM 'NO' REFERS TO A 'NEGATIVE ZERC', OR A ZERO AND A CARD0030
C *** MINUS SIGN PUNCHED IN THE SAME COLUMN. SIMILARLY, 'N6' REFERS TO CARD0035
C *** 6 AND A MINUS SIGN PUNCHED IN THE SAME COLUMN, ETC.) CARD0040
ISN 0003      REAL*8 EQTAB,ET1,ET2                      CARD0045
C ***                      CARD0050
C * * * * *                      CARD0055
C * TYPE * CHARACTERIZATION * DATA CARD CARD0060
C * * * * *                      CARD0065
C * -----                      CARD0070
C * ELEVATION CARDS -- NEW THD FORMAT                      CARD0075
C * -----                      CARD0080
C * 1 * 1 IN COLUMN 13 * ORIGINAL HI CARD CARD0085
C * 2 * 2 IN COLUMN 13 * ORIGINAL BIAS CARD CARD0090
C * 3 * 3 IN COLUMN 13, BLANKS IN 26-32 * ORIGINAL TURNING POINTCARD0095
C * 4 * 3 IN COLUMN 13, DATA IN 26-32 * ORIGINAL BENCH MARK CARD0100
C * 5 * 4 IN COLUMN 13 * FINAL HI CARD CARD0105
C * 6 * 5 IN COLUMN 13 * FINAL BIAS CARD CARD0110
C * 7 * 6 IN COLUMN 13, BLANKS IN 26-32 * FINAL TURNING POINT CARD0115
C * 8 * 6 IN COLUMN 13, DATA IN 26-32 * FINAL BENCH MARK CARD CARD0120
C * -----                      CARD0125
C * ELEVATION CARDS -- OLD THD FORMAT                      CARD0130
C * -----                      CARD0135
C * 1 * NO IN C COLUMN 13 * ORIGINAL HI CARD CARD0140
C * 2 * N6 IN COLUMN 13 * ORIGINAL BIAS CARD CARD0145
C * 3 * 5 IN 13, NO IN 23, BLANKS IN 39-44 * ORIGINAL TURNING POINTCARD0150
C * 4 * 5 IN 13, NO IN 23, DATA IN 39-44 * ORIGINAL BENCH MARK CACARD0155
C * 5 * N1 IN C COLUMN 13 * FINAL HI CARD CARD0160
C * 6 * N7 IN C COLUMN 13 * FINAL BIAS CARD CARD0165
C * 7 * 5 IN 13, N1 IN 23, BLANKS IN 39-44 * FINAL TURNING PCINT CACARD0170
C * 8 * 5 IN 13, N1 IN 23, DATA IN 39-44 * FINAL BENCH MARK CARD CARD0175
ISN 0004      INTEGER SYSIN,ENDFL,QF,FINAL,DATA,SNUMC,OVER,DT(8),EL1(8), CARD0180
1 HIBI,FS,BS,BM,TYPE,SDATA(400),STA1,STA2,DEL1,DEL2, CARD0185
2 OFD(3),PLUS,ASTA,BSTA,BLANK/' /,FAC,HB,IEQ(20),OLOR, CARD0190
3 ONUM,ONUM,CORD,ORD,ORDCK,SNUM,EL2(8),FACTR,L/'L',OOJCS, CARD0195
4 ISKIP/1/, BMCK/0/,OSTA1/-1/,OSTA2/-1/,CJCST/-1/, CARD0200
5 RCL,HB2,Z1/'0000'/,Z2/'00'/,TERR/'TERR'/,IM(8),TKEY(2)/0,0/, CARD0205
6 C13(9)/-801095616,'0','5','J','P','9','8','7','1'/, CARD0210
7 CTYP(9)/1,2,3,5,6,9,11,12,13/,BT,RD55/'RD55'/,NGI/'NGI' /, CARD0215
8 G/'G'/,RT60/'RT60'/,HPCL,MINUS/'-'/,RT30/'RT30'/,SKEY, CARD0220
9 RT07/'RT07'/,RT08/'RT08'/,RT11/'RT11'/,RT70/'RT70'/, CARD0225
A RT40/'RT40'/,IJOB(20)/' FIN','AL C','D./T','APE','ORIG', CARD0230
B '. EX','TENS','IONS','FINA','L EX','TENS','IONS',' D', CARD0235
C 'ELET','IONS',' ', 'MODI','F/HU','BS/P','RINT'/,SYSOT, CARD0240
D TEX/'TEX'/,CDTY,BPR/'BPR'/,THD/'THD'/,YES/'YES'/,NO/'NO'/ CARD0245
C * -----                      CARD0250
C * -----                      CARD0260
C * ELEVATION CARDS -- TEX FORMAT                      CARD0255
C * 1 * 1 IN COLUMN 8 * ORIGINAL HI CARD CARD0265
C * 2 * 2 IN COLUMN 8 * ORIGINAL BIAS CARD CARD0270
C * 3 * 3 IN COLUMN 8, BLANKS IN 20-26 * ORIGINAL TURNING POINTCARD0275
C * 4 * 3 IN COLUMN 8, DATA IN 20-26 * ORIGINAL BENCH MARK CARD0280

```

C	*	5	*	4	IN COLUMN 8	* FINAL HI CARD	CARD0285
C	*	6	*	5	IN COLUMN 8	* FINAL BIAS CARD	CARD0290
C	*	7	*	6	IN COLUMN 8, BLANKS IN 20-26	* FINAL TURNING POINT	CARD0295
C	*	8	*	6	IN COLUMN 8, DATA IN 20-26	* FINAL BENCH MARK CARD	CARD0300
C	*	-----					CARD0305
C	*	OTHER TERRAIN CARDS					CARD0310
C	*	-----					CARD0315
C	*	9	*	9	IN COLUMN 13	* EQUATION CARD	CARD0320
C	*	10	*	'TERR' IN COLUMNS 9-12		* RESET CARD	CARD0325
C	*	11	*	'RT08' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* DELETE CARD	CARD0330
C	*	12	*	'RT07' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* INTERPOLATED XSECTION	CARD0335
C	*	13	*	/* IN COLUMNS 1-2 OR 1 IN COLUMN 13*		END OF TERRAIN DATA	CARD0340
C	*	14	*	'RD55' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* T I E S EQUATION	CARD0345
C	*	15	*	'RT60' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* HUB CARD	CARD0350
C	*	16	*	'RT30' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* PRINT CARD	CARD0355
C	*	17	*	'RT11' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* EQUATION DELETE	CARD0360
C	*	18	*	'RT70' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* NGI PREPARATION CARD	CARD0365
C	*	19	*	'RT40' IN COLUMNS 8-11		* X-SECTION MODIFICATION	CARD0370
C	*	*****					CARD0375
C	***						CARD0380
ISN	0005	COMMON/CDATA/JCSTA,OF,DATA(400),SNUMC,KEY,INDEX(8),OVER(20)					CARD0385
ISN	0006	COMMON/CDELE/DEL1,DEL2,OFD,PLUS,HPCL(6),IRW,IHUB(6)					CARD0390
ISN	0007	COMMON/CERWK/KEYT,JTAPE,KSTA,KPAG,KBRG					CARD0395
ISN	0008	COMMON/CMAIN/IRTP,IRSET,JCARD,ITSTA,ODUMP,ISTRP,FINAL,					CARD0400
		1 INTPL,LIST					CARD0405
ISN	0009	COMMON/CPRT/DT,EL1,NUMC,HIBI,FS,BS,BM,NUM,LCR,ICARD,TYPE,NEQ					CARD0410
ISN	0010	COMMON/CSORT/SDATA,N					CARD0415
ISN	0011	COMMON/CSTAT/STA1,STA2					CARD0420
ISN	0012	COMMON/EQBLK/NOEQ(26),EQTAB(7,20,2),NSET					CARD0425
ISN	0013	COMMON/PARM/IMAGE(23)					CARD0430
ISN	0014	COMMON/QSAM/XOPEN,XCLOS,XGET,XSETL,XESTL,XPUT,XPUTX,ZERO,STAF,					CARD0435
		1 NTIME,SKEY(2),STFIL(850)					CARD0440
ISN	0015	COMMON/SYSTM/SYSIN,SYSOT,YSER,SYSTP,NINE,IQUIT,ENDFL,KNDEX					CARD0445
ISN	0016	COMMON/TITLE/IPAGE,IDATE(4),ICHWY(4),JCBNO(2)					CARD0450
C	***	INITIALIZE VARIABLES.					CARD0455
		OF=1					CARD0460
ISN	0018	IF {IRTP.EQ.3.OR.IRTP.EQ.5} OF=2					CARD0465
ISN	0020	10	OLOR=L				CARD0470
ISN	0021	ORD=0					CARD0475
ISN	0022	ONUM=0					CARD0480
ISN	0023	ISAVE=-1					CARD0485
ISN	0024	SNUM=0					CARD0490
ISN	0025	SNUMC=0					CARD0495
ISN	0026	ONUM=0					CARD0500
ISN	0027	OORD=0					CARD0505
ISN	0028	JUMP=1					CARD0510
ISN	0029	ISTRP=1					
ISN	0030	IF {IRTP.GT.5} JUMP=0					CARD0515
ISN	0032	IF {JCARD.EQ.2.AND.TYPE.EQ.12} GO TO 182					CARD0520
ISN	0034	IF {JCARD.EQ.2} GC TO 430					CARD0525
ISN	0036	BT=0					CARD0530
C	***	READ A CARD AND DETERMINE ITS T					CARD0535
C	***	GENERAL READ.					CARD0540
ISN	0037	20 READ (SYSIN,30,END=60) IMAGE					CARD0545
ISN	0038	30 FORMAT(3A4,A1,2A4,2A1,2A4,A3,2A4,A2,9A4)					CARD0550
ISN	0039	25 ICARD=ICARD+1					CARD0555
C	***	DETERMINE THE TYPE OF CARD JUST READ. FIRST CHECK FOR A RESET					CARD0560
C	***	{A RESET CARD CONTAINS THE WORD 'TERRAIN' IN COLUMNS 9-15.}					CARD0565

ISN 0040	TYPE=10	CARD0570
ISN 0041	IF (IMAGE(3).EQ.TERR) GC TO 90	CARD0575
ISN 0043	TYPE=20	
ISN 0044	IF(IMAGE(3).EQ.NCI) GC TO 90	
ISN 0046	READ(99,35) I	CARD0580
ISN 0047	35 FORMAT(7X,A4)	CARD0585
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT08' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS A TERRAIN DELETION	CARD0590
	C *** CARD.	CARD0595
ISN 0048	TYPE=11	CARD0600
ISN 0049	IF (I.EQ.RT08) GC TO 90	CARD0605
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT07' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS AN INTERPOLATED	CARD0610
	C *** CROSS-SECTION CARD.	CARD0615
ISN 0051	TYPE=12	CARD0620
ISN 0052	IF (I.EQ.RT07) GO TO 90	CARD0625
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RD55' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS A T I E S F O R M A T	CARD0630
	C *** EQUATION CARD.	CARD0635
ISN 0054	TYPE=14	CARD0640
ISN 0055	IF (I.EQ.RD55) GO TO 90	CARD0645
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT60' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS A HUB CARD.	CARD0650
ISN 0057	TYPE=15	CARD0655
ISN 0058	IF (I.EQ.RT60) GC TO 90	CARD0660
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT30' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS A PRINT CARD.	CARD0665
ISN 0060	TYPE=16	CARD0670
ISN 0061	IF (I.EQ.RT30) GO TO 90	CARD0675
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT11' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS AN EQUATION	CARD0680
	C *** DELETION CARD.	CARD0685
ISN 0063	TYPE=17	CARD0690
ISN 0064	IF (I.EQ.RT11) GC TO 90	CARD0695
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT70' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS AN NGI PREPARATION	CARD0700
	C *** CARD.	CARD0705
ISN 0066	TYPE=18	CARD0710
ISN 0067	IF (I.EQ.RT70) GO TO 90	CARD0715
	C *** IF THE CARD HAS 'RT40' IN COLUMNS 8-11, IT IS A CROSS-SECTION	CARD0720
	C *** PUNCH REQUEST CARD.	CARD0725
ISN 0069	TYPE=19	CARD0730
ISN 0070	IF (I.EQ.RT40) GC TO 90	CARD0735
ISN 0072	TYPE=0	CARD0740
ISN 0073	ITH=1	CARD0745
ISN 0074	IF (LIST.GE.100) GC TO 85	CARD0750
ISN 0076	DO 37 I=1,6	CARD0755
ISN 0077	IF (IMAGE(4).EQ.CVER(I)) TYPE=I	CARD0760
ISN 0079	37 CONTINUE	CARD0765
ISN 0080	IF (TYPE.EQ.5.AND.(IMAGE(8).EQ.C13(1).OR.IMAGE(8).EQ.C13(4)))	CARD0770
	1 TYPE=0	CARD0775
ISN 0082	IF (TYPE.NE.0) GC TO 82	CARD0780
	C *** CHECK CONTENTS OF COLUMN 13 AGAINST ARRAY C13. ASSIGN	CARD0785
	C *** CORRESPONDING TYPE FROM ARRAY CTYP.	CARD0790
ISN 0084	IB=0	CARD0795
ISN 0085	DO 40 I=1,9	CARD0800
ISN 0086	IF (IMAGE(4).EQ.C13(I)) TYPE=CTYP(I)	CARD0805
ISN 0088	40 CONTINUE	CARD0810
ISN 0089	IF (TYPE.NE.3) GC TO 50	CARD0815
	C *** DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN ORIGINAL AND FINAL BENCH MARK AND TURNING	CARD0820
	C *** POINT CARDS. THE ORIGINAL CARDS HAVE C13(1) IN COLUMN 23. THE	CARD0825
	C *** FINAL CARDS HAVE C13(4) IN COLUMN 23.	CARD0830
ISN 0091	IF (IMAGE(8).EQ.C13(4)) TYPE=7	CARD0835
	C *** THE BENCH MARK CARDS HAVE VALID DATA IN COLUMNS 39-44.	CARD0840
ISN 0093	IF ((IMAGE(13).NE.BLANK.AND.IMAGE(13).NE.Z1).OR.(IMAGE(14).NE.	CARD0845

```

1      BLANK.AND.IMAGE(14).NE.Z2)) TYPE=TYPE+1
ISN 0095 50 IF (TYPE.NE.0) GO TO 70
C *** THE CARD IS UNRECCGNIZABLE. PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE AND END
C *** CALCULATIONS.
ISN 0097 57 KEY=8
ISN 0098 ISTRP=4
ISN 0099 CALL PRNTR
ISN 0100 60 TYPE=13
ISN 0101 IQUIT=2
C *** USING IRTYP, THE RUN TYPE, DETERMINE WHETHER FINAL DATA CARDS ARE
C *** BEING RUN AS ORIGINALS, OR ORIGINALS AS FINALS. (THIS APPLIES TO
C *** CARD TYPES 1 - 8.) PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE THE FIRST TIME THIS
C *** OCCURS.
ISN 0102 70 IF (TYPE.GT.8) GO TO 90
ISN 0104 IF (TYPE.LT.5.OR.IRTYP.EQ.3.OR.IRTYP.EQ.5) GO TO 80
C *** FINAL CARDS ARE BEING RUN AS ORIGINALS. PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE
C *** THE FIRST TIME THIS OCCURS.
ISN 0106 IF (TKEY(2).EQ.1) GO TO 80
ISN 0108 TKEY(2)=1
ISN 0109 KEY=26
ISN 0110 CALL PRNTR
ISN 0111 80 IF (TYPE.GE.5.OR.IRTYP.LE.2.OR.IRTYP.EQ.4) GO TO 90
C *** ORIGINAL CARDS ARE BEING RUN AS FINALS. PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE
C *** THE FIRST TIME THIS OCCURS.
ISN 0113 IF (TKEY(1).EQ.1) GO TO 90
ISN 0115 TKEY(1)=1
ISN 0116 KEY=27
ISN 0117 CALL PRNTR
ISN 0118 GO TO 90
C *** NEW THD FORMAT--FINISH DETERMINING TYPE
ISN 0119 82 READ(99,83) BS,FS,BM,I
ISN 0120 83 FORMAT(17X,3A4,A3)
ISN 0121 IF (TYPE.GT.3) TYPE=TYPE+1
ISN 0123 IF ((TYPE.EQ.3.OR.TYPE.EQ.7).AND.(BM.NE.BLANK.OR.I.NE.BLANK))
1 TYPE=TYPE+1
ISN 0125 IF (TYPE.EQ.1.AND.IMAGE(5).EQ.BLANK) TYPE=13
ISN 0127 ITH=2
ISN 0128 GO TO 70
C *** DETERMINE TYPE OF 'TEX' ROD READING CARD.
ISN 0129 85 READ(99,87) TYPE,I,BM,BS
ISN 0130 87 FORMAT(7X,I1,4X,A1,6X,A4,A3)
ISN 0131 IF (TYPE.GT.3) TYPE=TYPE+1
ISN 0133 IF ((TYPE.EQ.3.OR.TYPE.EQ.7).AND.(BM.NE.BLANK.OR.BS.NE.BLANK))
1 TYPE=TYPE+1
ISN 0135 IF (TYPE.EQ.0.AND.I.EQ.C13(9)) TYPE=13
ISN 0137 STA1=0
ISN 0138 IB=0
ISN 0139 IF (TYPE.EQ.0) GO TO 57
ISN 0141 GO TO 70
C *** GO TO THE CORRECT CARD PROCESSING AREA.
C *** TYPE = 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
ISN 0142 90 GO TO (380,380,360,340,380,380,360,340,200,100,160,180,150,195,
C *** 15 16 17 18 19 20
1 198,199,1300,205,1350,210), TYPE
C * * * * * T Y P E = 1 0 , R E S E T C A R D S * * * * *
C *** RESET CARDS PERMIT MORE THAN ONE TYPE OF DATA TO BE PROCESSED
C *** DURING ONE JOB. IE, THE USER CAN ADD ORIGINALS, ADD FINALS, DO
C *** ORIGINAL EXTENSIONS AND FINAL EXTENSIONS, ALL IN ONE RUN. THE

```

```

CARD0850
CARD0855
CARD0860
CARD0865
CARD0870
CARD0875
CARD0880
CARD0885
CARD0890
CARD0895
CARD0900
CARD0905
CARD0910
CARD0915
CARD0920
CARD0925
CARD0930
CARD0935
CARD0940
CARD0945
CARD0950
CARD0955
CARD0960
CARD0965
CARD0970
CARD0975
CARD0980
CARD0985
CARD0990
CARD0995
CARD1000
CARD1005
CARD1010
CARD1015
CARD1020
CARD1025
CARD1030
CARD1035
CARD1040
CARD1045
CARD1050
CARD1055
CARD1060
CARD1065
CARD1070
CARD1075
CARD1080
CARD1085
CARD1090
CARD1095
CARD1100
CARD1105
CARD1110
CARD1115
CARD1120
CARD1125
CARD1130

```



```

ISN 0227          IF (IQUIT.EQ.ENDFL) GO TO 60          CARD1695
ISN 0229          GO TO 25                              CARD1700
C * * *          *   T Y P E = 1 6 ,   P R I N T   C A R D   * * * * *          CARD1705
199 READ(99,1199) DEL1,DEL2,OFD,HPCL,IRW,IHUB          CARD1710
1199 FORMAT(11X,2I9,16A1)                             CARD1715
ISN 0230          IHP=0                                 CARD1720
ISN 0231          IH=0                                  CARD1725
ISN 0232          DO 1200 I=1,3                         CARD1730
ISN 0233          IF (HPCL(I).NE.BLANK.OR.HPCL(3+I).NE.BLANK) IHP=1    CARD1735
ISN 0234          IF (IHUB(I).NE.BLANK.OR.IHUB(3+I).NE.BLANK) IH=1    CARD1740
ISN 0235          IF (OFD(I).EQ.BLANK) GO TO 1200       CARD1745
ISN 0236          KEY=99+I                             CARD1750
ISN 0237          IF (NTIME.EQ.1) CALL ISAM(XESTL,STAF)  CARD1755
ISN 0238          NTIME=1                              CARD1760
ISN 0239          SKEY(1)=(I+1)/2                     CARD1765
ISN 0240          SKEY(2)=DEL1                         CARD1770
ISN 0241          CALL ISAM(XSETL,STAF,SKEY)           CARD1775
ISN 0242          CALL PRNTR                           CARD1780
ISN 0243          1200 CONTINUE                        CARD1785
ISN 0244          DO 1210 I=1,3                         CARD1790
ISN 0245          IF ((I.EQ.1.AND.IHP.EQ.0).OR.(I.EQ.2.AND.IRW.EQ.BLANK).OR.  CARD1795
ISN 0246          1   (I.EQ.3.AND.IH.EQ.0)) GO TO 1210  CARD1800
ISN 0247          KEY=102+I                            CARD1805
ISN 0248          IF (NTIME.EQ.1) CALL ISAM(XESTL,STAF)  CARD1810
ISN 0249          NTIME=1                              CARD1815
ISN 0250          SKEY(1)=1                            CARD1820
ISN 0251          SKEY(2)=DEL1                         CARD1825
ISN 0252          CALL ISAM(XSETL,STAF,SKEY)           CARD1830
ISN 0253          CALL PRNTR                           CARD1835
ISN 0254          1210 CONTINUE                        CARD1840
ISN 0255          GO TO 20                             CARD1845
C * * *          *   T Y P E = 1 7 ,   D E L E T E   E Q U A T I O N S   * * * * *  CARD1850
1300 READ(99,196) NUM,IEQB1,IEQA                      CARD1855
ISN 0263          KEY=20                               CARD1860
ISN 0264          NEQ=1                                CARD1865
ISN 0265          IF (IRYP.NE.2) GO TO 130             CARD1870
ISN 0266          KEY=35                               CARD1875
ISN 0267          IF (NUM.NE.G) GO TO 130              CARD1880
ISN 0268          ET1=IEQB1/1.002                     CARD1885
ISN 0269          ET2=IEQA/1.002                      CARD1890
ISN 0270          I2=NOEQ(7)                          CARD1895
ISN 0271          IF (I2.EQ.0) GO TO 20                CARD1900
ISN 0272          1310 DO 1320 I=1,I2                 CARD1905
ISN 0273          IF (DABS(EQTAB(7,I,1)-ET1).LT.2.0D-2.AND.DABS(EQTAB(7,I,2)-ET2)  CARD1910
ISN 0274          1   .LT.2.0D-2) GO TO 1330          CARD1915
ISN 0275          1320 CONTINUE                        CARD1920
ISN 0276          GO TO 20                             CARD1925
ISN 0277          1330 NOEQ(7)=NCEQ(7)-1              CARD1930
ISN 0278          IF (I.EQ.I2) GO TO 20                CARD1935
ISN 0279          I2=I2-1                              CARD1940
ISN 0280          DO 1340 J=I,I2                       CARD1945
ISN 0281          EQTAB(7,J,1)=EQTAB(7,J+1,1)         CARD1950
ISN 0282          1340 EQTAB(7,J,2)=EQTAB(7,J+1,2)    CARD1955
ISN 0283          GO TO 1310                          CARD1960
C * * *          *   T Y P E = 1 9 ,   P U N C H   C A R D   * * * * *          CARD1965
1350 CALL PNCH                                        CARD1970
ISN 0289          GO TO 20                             CARD1975
ISN 0290          C * * *          *   T Y P E = 9 ,   E Q U A T I O N S   * * * * *  CARD1980

```

```

C *** EQUATION CARDS MAY ONLY BE RUN WHEN A NEW FILE IS BEING CREATCARD1985
C *** CHECK IN COLUMN 16. ONLY BASE LINE EQUATIONS MAY BE ENTERED IN THCARD1990
C *** TERRAIN PROCESS. THE T I E S TREATMENT OF EQUATIONS IS VERY CARD1995
C *** SIMILAR TO THAT USED BY THE FORMER EARTHWORK SYSTEM. (SEE THE CARD2000
C *** EARTHWRK SYSTEM, TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPT., 1968, PP2-5--2-9.) CARD2005
C *** NOTE-- CARD2010
C *** A) THERE CAN BE NO MORE THAN 9 OVERLAPPING EQUATIONS. CARD2015
C *** B) THERE CAN BE NO MORE THAN 20 EQUATIONS. CARD2020
C *** C) THE EQUATION STATION MUST BE CALLED BY THE BACK STATION NAMECARD2025
C *** D) IN THE CASE OF AN OVERLAPPING EQUATION, THE BACK STATION MUSCARD2030
C *** BE OVERPUNCHED, AND THE OVERPUNCH MUST BE IN THE LAST COLUMNCARD2035
C *** OF THE STATION NUMBER. CARD2040
C *** E) THERE CAN BE NO DOUBLE OVERLAPS. CARD2045
C *** THE TERRAIN PROCESS CAN ALSO USE BASE LINE EQUATIONS STORED BY THECARD2050
C *** DESIGN DATA PROCESS. CARD2055
ISN 0291 200 KEY=20 CARD2060
C *** IF WE TRY TO PROCESS EQUATION CARDS FOR ANY RUN TYPE BUT CARD2065
C *** RUN TYPE 1, WE PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE AND END. CARD2070
ISN 0292 IF (IRTP.GT.1) GO TO 130 CARD2075
ISN 0294 READ(99,220) I,IEQB1,IEQB2,IEQA CARD2080
ISN 0295 220 FORMAT(8X,I2,3X,I6,A1,I7) CARD2085
ISN 0296 IF (ICARD.EQ.2) ICK=NOEQ(7) CARD2090
C *** CHECK THE EQUATION NUMBER PUNCHED ON THE EQUATION CARD, TO SEE IF CARD2095
C *** CARDS ARE OUT OF ORDER. IF SO, PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE AND END. CARD2100
ISN 0298 NEQ=4 CARD2105
ISN 0299 IF (I.NE.NOEQ(7)-ICK+1) GO TO 130 CARD2110
ISN 0301 DO 230 J=1,20 CARD2115
ISN 0302 IF (IEQB2.NE.OVER(J)) GO TO 230 CARD2120
ISN 0304 IEQB1=IEQB1*10+J-J/10*10 CARD2125
ISN 0305 230 CONTINUE CARD2130
ISN 0306 IEQB1=IEQB1*10 CARD2135
ISN 0307 IEQA=IEQA*10 CARD2140
ISN 0308 NOEQ(7)=NCEQ(7)+1 CARD2145
C *** CHECK TO SEE IF THERE ARE MORE THAN 20 EQUATIONS. IF SO, PRINT ANCARD2150
C *** ERROR MESSAGE AND END. CARD2155
ISN 0309 NEQ=5 CARD2160
ISN 0310 IF (NOEQ(7).GT.20) GO TO 130 CARD2165
ISN 0312 IF (I.EQ.1) IEQ(1)=0 CARD2170
ISN 0314 IF (I.GT.1) IEQ(I)=IEQ(I-1) CARD2175
ISN 0316 IF (IEQA.LE.IEQB1) IEQ(I)=IEQ(I)+100000000 CARD2180
C *** CHECK TO SEE IF THERE ARE MORE THAN 9 OVERLAPPING EQUATIONS. IF CARD2185
C *** SO, PRINT AN ERRCR MESSAGE. CARD2190
ISN 0318 NEQ=3 CARD2195
ISN 0319 IF (IEQ(I).GT.900000000) CALL PRNTR CARD2200
ISN 0321 235 IF (NSET.EQ.1.OR.KPAG.EQ.0) GO TO 236 CARD2205
C *** READ THE EQUATION DATA FOR THE BASELINE. CARD2210
ISN 0323 KNDEX=39 CARD2215
ISN 0324 READ(8'KNDEX) EQTAB CARD2220
ISN 0325 KNDEX=0 CARD2225
ISN 0326 236 NSET=1 CARD2230
ISN 0327 IF (ICK.GT.0) GO TO 240 CARD2235
ISN 0329 EQTAB(7,I,1)=IEQB1/1.002 CARD2240
ISN 0330 IF (I.GT.1) EQTAB(7,I,1)=IEQ(I-1)/1.002+EQTAB(7,I,1) CARD2245
ISN 0332 EQTAB(7,I,2)=(IEQA+IEQ(I))/1.002 CARD2250
C *** PRINT THE EQUATION. CARD2255
ISN 0333 NEQ=2 CARD2260
ISN 0334 CALL PRNTR CARD2265
ISN 0335 NEQ=1 CARD2270

```

ISN 0336	GO TO 20	CARD2275
ISN 0337	240 IF (ICARD.EQ.2) J1=1	CARD2280
ISN 0339	JKEEP=J1	CARD2285
ISN 0340	J2=NOEQ(7)	CARD2290
ISN 0341	IF (J1.EQ.J2) GO TO 260	CARD2295
ISN 0343	DO 250 J=J1,J2	CARD2300
ISN 0344	IT1=EQTAB(7,J,1)*1.0D2+5.0D-1	CARD2305
ISN 0345	IT1=IT1/100000000*100000000	CARD2310
ISN 0346	IF (IEQB1.LT.IT1) GO TC 280	CARD2315
ISN 0348	250 CONTINUE	CARD2320
ISN 0349	260 IT2=EQTAB(7,J2,2)*1.0D2+5.0D-1	CARD2325
ISN 0350	IT2=IT2/100000000*100000000	CARD2330
ISN 0351	IF (IEQB1.GT.IT2) GO TO 270	CARD2335
ISN 0353	IEQB1=IEQB1+100000000	CARD2340
ISN 0354	IEQA=IEQA+100000000	CARD2345
ISN 0355	270 J2=J2+1	CARD2350
ISN 0356	EQTAB(7,J2,1)=(IEQB1+IT2)/1.0D2	CARD2355
ISN 0357	EQTAB(7,J2,2)=(IEQA+IT2)/1.0D2	CARD2360
ISN 0358	IF (IEQA.LE.IEQB1) EQTAB(7,J2,2)=EQTAB(7,J2,2)+1.0D6	CARD2365
ISN 0360	J1=J2+1	CARD2370
ISN 0361	GO TO 310	CARD2375
ISN 0362	280 J1=J	CARD2380
ISN 0363	DO 290 J=J1,J2	CARD2385
ISN 0364	K=J1+J2-J	CARD2390
ISN 0365	EQTAB(7,K+1,1)=EQTAB(7,K,1)	CARD2395
ISN 0366	290 EQTAB(7,K+1,2)=EQTAB(7,K,2)	CARD2400
ISN 0367	EQTAB(7,J,1)=(IEQB1+IT1)/1.0D2	CARD2405
ISN 0368	EQTAB(7,J,2)=(IEQA+IT1)/1.0D2	CARD2410
ISN 0369	IF (IEQA.GT.IEQB1) GO TO 310	CARD2415
ISN 0371	EQTAB(7,J,2)=EQTAB(7,J,2)+1.0D6	CARD2420
ISN 0372	J1=J1+1	CARD2425
ISN 0373	J2=J2+1	CARD2430
ISN 0374	DO 300 J=J1,J2	CARD2435
ISN 0375	EQTAB(7,J,1)=EQTAB(7,J,1)+1.0D6	CARD2440
ISN 0376	300 EQTAB(7,J,2)=EQTAB(7,J,2)+1.0D6	CARD2445
ISN 0377	310 NEQ=2	CARD2450
ISN 0378	J2=J1-1	CARD2455
ISN 0379	DO 320 J=JKEEP,J2	CARD2460
ISN 0380	NOEQ(7)=J	CARD2465
ISN 0381	320 CALL PRNTR	CARD2470
ISN 0382	NOEQ(7)=J2	CARD2475
ISN 0383	NEQ=1	CARD2480
ISN 0384	GO TO 20	CARD2485
	C ***	CARD2490
	C *** ELEVATION CARDS	CARD2495
	C ***	CARD2500
	C *** THESE CARDS ARE IDENTICAL WITH THOSE USED BY THE FORMER EARTH	CARD2505
	C *** SYSTEM. (SEE THE EARTHWORK SYSTEM, TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPT., 1968,	CARD2510
	C *** PP 3-1--3-11.)	CARD2515
	C * * * * TYPE = 4 AND 8 , BENCH MARK CARDS	CARD2520
	C *** REREAD BENCH MARK CARDS.	CARD2525
ISN 0385	340 KEY=2	CARD2530
ISN 0386	IF (LIST.GE.100) GO TO 355	CARD2535
ISN 0388	IF (ITH.EQ.2) GO TO 352	CARD2540
	C *** CHECK TO SEE IF THE FORE SIGHT IS BLANK. IF IT IS NOT, THE	CARD2545
	C *** PRINTING ROUTINE CHECKS THE ENGINEER'S CALCULATIONS OF THE HIBIAS.	CARD2550
ISN 0390	IF (IMAGE(12).NE.BLANK.AND.IMAGE(12).NE.Z1) KEY=3	CARD2555
ISN 0392	READ(99,350) STA1,STA2,NUM,BS,FS,BM	CARD2560

```

ISN 0393 350 FORMAT(6X,A1,I5,1X,I2,13X,I4,2X,I4,I6) CARD2565
ISN 0394 GO TO 370 CARD2570
ISN 0395 352 IF (FS.NE.BLANK.AND.BM.NE.BLANK.AND.FS.NE.Z1) KEY=3 CARD2575
ISN 0397 READ(99,354) STA1,STA2,NUM,IB,BS,FS,BM CARD2580
ISN 0398 354 FORMAT(6X,A1,I5,1X,I2,1X,I1,2I4,I7) CARD2585
ISN 0399 IB=IB*100000 CARD2590
ISN 0400 GO TO 370 CARD2595
ISN 0401 355 READ(99,356) FS,BM CARD2600
ISN 0402 356 FORMAT(30X,A4,A1) CARD2605
ISN 0403 IF (FS.NE.BLANK.AND.BM.NE.BLANK.AND.FS.NE.Z1) KEY=3 CARD2610
ISN 0405 READ(99,358) STA2,NUM,BM,BS,FS CARD2615
ISN 0406 358 FORMAT(8X,I9,I1,1X,I7,I4,I5) CARD2620
ISN 0407 GO TO 370 CARD2625
C * * * T Y P E = 3 A N D 7 , T U R N I N G P O I N T C A R CARD2630
C *** REREAD TURNING POINT CARDS. CARD2635
ISN 0408 360 IF (LIST.LT.100.AND.ITH.EQ.1) READ(99,350) CARD2640
1 STA1,STA2,NUM,BS,FS CARD2645
ISN 0410 IF (LIST.LT.100.AND.ITH.EQ.2) READ(99,354) CARD2650
1 STA1,STA2,NUM,IB,BS,FS,BM CARD2655
ISN 0412 IF (LIST.GE.100) READ(99,358) STA2,NUM,I,BS,FS CARD2660
ISN 0414 IB=IB*100000 CARD2665
ISN 0415 BMCK=0 CARD2670
ISN 0416 HIBI=HIBI+BS-FS CARD2675
ISN 0417 KEY=1 CARD2680
C *** PRINT THE TURNING POINT AND BENCH MARK DATA. CARD2685
ISN 0418 370 JJCST=JCSTA CARD2690
ISN 0419 JCSTA=STA2 CARD2695
ISN 0420 I=KEY CARD2700
ISN 0421 IF ((OSTA1.NE.STA1.OR.OSTA2.NE.STA2).AND.LIST.LT.100) CALL STAND CARD2705
ISN 0423 KEY=I CARD2710
ISN 0424 IF (LIST-LIST/100*100.EQ.1) CALL PRNTR CARD2715
ISN 0426 JCSTA=JJCST CARD2720
ISN 0427 IF (KEY.GT.1) HIBI=HIBI-FS+BS CARD2725
ISN 0429 IF (KEY.GT.1.AND.BM.NE.0) HIBI=BM+BS CARD2730
ISN 0431 BMCK=0 CARD2735
ISN 0432 BT=1 CARD2740
ISN 0433 GO TO 420 CARD2745
C * * * T Y P E = 1, 2, 5, A N D 6, E L E V A T I O N C A CARD2750
C *** REREAD ELEVATION CARDS (HI AND BIAS CARDS), TYPES 1, 2, 5, AND 6. CARD2755
ISN 0434 380 IF (LIST.LT.100.AND.ITH.EQ.1) READ(99,385) CARD2760
1 STA1,STA2,NUM,ROL,HB,HB2,(EL1(I),EL2(I),DT(I),I=1,8) CARD2765
ISN 0436 385 FORMAT(6X,A1,I5,1X,I2,A1,10X,I5,A1,8(I2,A1,I3)) CARD2770
ISN 0437 IF (LIST.LT.100.AND.ITH.EQ.2) READ(99,390) CARD2775
1 STA1,STA2,NUM,ROL,IB,HB,HB2,(EL1(I),EL2(I),DT(I),I=1,8) CARD2780
ISN 0439 390 FORMAT(6X,A1,I5,1X,I2,A1,I1,8X,I6,A1,8(I2,A1,I3)) CARD2785
ISN 0440 IF (LIST.GE.100) READ(99,395) STA2,NUM,ROL,HB,HB2,(EL1(I),EL2(I), CARD2790
1 DT(I),I=1,6) CARD2795
ISN 0442 395 FORMAT(8X,I9,I1,A1,I6,A1,6(I3,A1,I5)) CARD2800
ISN 0443 IB=IB*100000 CARD2805
ISN 0444 IF ((HB2.NE.BLANK.AND.HB2.NE.OVER(10)).OR.HB.NE.0) BT=0 CARD2810
ISN 0446 IF (BT.EQ.1.AND.(STA1.NE.OSTA1.OR.STA2.NE.OSTA2)) BMCK=BMCK+1 CARD2815
C *** IF BMCK .GE. 30, WE'VE GONE 30 STATIONS WITHOUT ENCOUNTERING A CARD2820
C *** BENCH MARK CARD. (THIS ONLY APPLIES IF THE HB=0). PRINT AN CARD2825
C *** ERROR MESSAGE. CARD2830
ISN 0448 IF (BMCK.LT.30) GO TO 400 CARD2835
ISN 0450 KEY=4 CARD2840
ISN 0451 CALL PRNTR CARD2845
ISN 0452 400 FACTR=1 CARD2850

```

```

ISN 0453      IF (TYPE.EQ.1.OR.TYPE.EQ.5) FACTR=-1      CARD2855
ISN 0455      IF (BT.EQ.1) GO TO 420              CARD2860
ISN 0457      DO 410 I=1,10                        CARD2865
ISN 0458      IF (HB2.NE.OVER(I)) GO TO 410        CARD2870
ISN 0460      J=I-I/10*10                          CARD2875
ISN 0461      HIBI=HB*10+ISIGN(J,HB)              CARD2880
ISN 0462      410 CONTINUE                         CARD2885
ISN 0463      IF (HB2.EQ.BLANK) HIBI=HB*10        CARD2890
ISN 0465      BT=1                                 CARD2895
ISN 0466      420 IF (JCARD.EQ.1) GO TO 430         CARD2900
C *** WE COME HERE TO PROCESS A GENERAL DATA CARD, EVERY TIME BUT THE FICARD2905
ISN 0468      IF (STA1.NE.OSTA1.OR.STA2.NE.OSTA2) GO TO 530  CARD2910
ISN 0470      GO TO 460                             CARD2915
C *** HERE WE INITIALIZE VARIABLES THE FIRST TIME WE DO AN ELEVATION CARCARD2920
ISN 0471      430 JCARD=2                           CARD2925
ISN 0472      IF (OSTA1.EQ.STA1.AND.OSTA2.EQ.STA2) GO TO 460  CARD2930
ISN 0474      JCSTA=STA2                           CARD2935
ISN 0475      IF (LIST.LT.100) CALL STAND          CARD2940
ISN 0477      IF (ISKIP.EQ.0.OR.OJCST.LT.JCSTA) GO TO 450    CARD2945
C *** IF THE ELEVATION CARDS ARE OUT OF ORDER, ACCORDING TO THE STATION CARD2950
C *** NUMBERS, WE PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE AND SET ISKIP=0, SO WE'LL SKIP CARD2955
C *** THE FINAL PROCESSING FOR THIS STATION. OQJCS IS THE LAST 'IN ORDECARD2960
C *** STATION, OJCST IS THE LAST STATION, AND JCSTA THE PRESENT STATION.CARD2965
ISN 0479      ISKIP=0                              CARD2970
ISN 0480      OQJCS=CJCST                          CARD2975
ISN 0481      450 IF (ISKIP.EQ.1.OR.OQJCS.LT.JCSTA) ISKIP=1  CARD2980
C *** IF THE PREVIOUS STATION NUMBER WAS OUT OF ORDER, AND THIS ONE IS, CARD2985
C *** WE PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE HERE.             CARD2990
ISN 0483      KEY=11                               CARD2995
ISN 0484      IF (ISKIP.EQ.0) CALL PRNTR           CARD3000
ISN 0486      OSTA1=STA1                           CARD3005
ISN 0487      OSTA2=STA2                           CARD3010
ISN 0488      OJCST=JCSTA                          CARD3015
C * * * * * I N I T I A L   P R O C E S S I N G   * * * * * CARD3020
C *** HERE WE DO THE INITIAL PROCESSING OF THE INDIVIDUAL SETS OF  CARD3025
C *** ELEVATION CARDS, FOR A NEW STATION.         CARD3030
ISN 0489      460 SNUM=SNUM+1                      CARD3035
C *** IF THE ELEVATION CARDS ARE OUT OF ORDER, WE PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGECARD3040
ISN 0490      IF (NUM.EQ.SNUM) GO TO 470           CARD3045
ISN 0492      KEY=9                                CARD3050
ISN 0493      CALL PRNTR                           CARD3055
ISN 0494      470 IF (TYPE.EQ.3.OR.TYPE.EQ.4.OR.TYPE.GE.7) GO TO 20  CARD3060
ISN 0496      LOR=RCL                              CARD3065
ISN 0497      IF (SNUMC.EQ.0.OR.CLOR.EQ.LOR) GO TO 480      CARD3070
C *** HERE WE'VE FINISHED INITIAL PROCESSING OF THE DATA FOR ONE SIDE OFCARD3075
C *** CROSS-SECTION AND WE'RE PREPARING TO START INITIAL PROCESSING OF DCARD3080
C *** FOR THE OTHER SIDE.                         CARD3085
ISN 0499      475 OORD=ORD                          CARD3090
ISN 0500      OONUM=CNUM                           CARD3095
ISN 0501      ORD=0                                CARD3100
ISN 0502      OONUM=0                              CARD3105
ISN 0503      OLOR=LOR                             CARD3110
ISN 0504      ISAVE=SNUMC+1                        CARD3115
ISN 0505      480 ORDCK=2                          CARD3120
ISN 0506      NUMC=1                               CARD3125
C *** HERE WE CCUNT THE NUMBER OF PERTINENT POINTS ON THE CARD.  CARD3130
ISN 0507      I2=8                                 CARD3135
ISN 0508      IF (LIST.GE.100) I2=6               CARD3140

```

```

ISN 0510          IFAC=10-LIST/100*9          CARD3145
ISN 0511          DO 510 I=2,I2              CARD3150
ISN 0512          IF (DT(I).EQ.0.AND.EL1(I).EQ.0.AND.(EL2(I).EQ.OVER(10).OR.
1              EL2(I).EQ.BLANK)) GO TO 510    CARD3155
ISN 0514          NUMC=NUMC+1                CARD3160
C *** HERE WE CHECK THE CRDER OF THE DISTANCES ON THE CARD. CARD3165
ISN 0515          IF (DT(I)-DT(I-1)) 490,510,500 CARD3170
C *** WE ARRIVE HERE IF THE DISTANCES ARE DECREASING. CARD3175
ISN 0516          490 IF (ORDCK.EQ.2) CRDCK=-1 CARD3180
ISN 0518          IF (ORDCK.NE.-1) ORDCK=0    CARD3185
ISN 0520          GO TO 510                  CARD3190
C *** WE ARRIVE HERE IF THE DISTANCES ARE INCREASING. CARD3195
ISN 0521          500 IF (ORDCK.EQ.2) CRDCK=1 CARD3200
ISN 0523          IF (ORDCK.NE.1) CRDCK=0    CARD3205
ISN 0525          510 CONTINUE              CARD3210
C *** WHEN WE REACH THIS POINT, ORDCK CAN HAVE THE FOLLOWING VALUES-- CARD3215
C *** ORDCK=1 IF DISTANCES ARE INCREASING, CARD3220
C *** ORDCK=0 IF DISTANCES BOTH INCREASE AND DECREASE, CARD3225
C *** ORDCK=-1 IF DISTANCES ARE DECREASING, CARD3230
C *** ORDCK=2 IF DISTANCES ARE CONSTANT ON THE CARD. CARD3235
C *** FAC=1 FOR READINGS TO THE RIGHT OF THE CENTERLINE AND FAC =-1 FOR CARD3240
C *** READINGS TO THE LEFT OF THE CENTERLINE. CARD3245
ISN 0526          FAC=1                    CARD3250
ISN 0527          IF (LOR.EQ.L) FAC=-1      CARD3255
ISN 0529          IF (ORDCK.NE.2) CRD=ORD+ORDCK*FAC CARD3260
ISN 0531          IF (ORDCK.NE.2) CNUM=ONUM+1 CARD3265
ISN 0533          I2=NUMC*2                CARD3270
ISN 0534          IF (LOR.EQ.L) IB=-IB      CARD3275
ISN 0536          DO 520 I=1,I2,2          CARD3280
ISN 0537          K=(I+1)/2                CARD3285
C *** HERE WE CONSIDER THE DISTANCES.      CARD3290
ISN 0538          IF (LOR.EQ.L) DT(K)=-DT(K) CARD3295
ISN 0540          DATA(2*SNUMC+I+1)=IB+DT(K)*IFAC*IFAC CARD3300
C *** HERE WE DECIPHER THE ELEVATIONS.     CARD3305
ISN 0541          DO 520 J=1,20           CARD3310
ISN 0542          IF (EL2(K).EQ.BLANK.AND.J.EQ.10) GO TO 515 CARD3315
ISN 0544          IF (EL2(K).EQ.MINUS.AND.J.EQ.20) GO TO 515 CARD3320
ISN 0546          IF (EL2(K).NE.OVER(J)) GO TO 520 CARD3325
ISN 0548          515 EL1(K)=EL1(K)*10+J-J/10*10 CARD3330
ISN 0549          IF (J.GT.10) EL1(K)=FACTR*EL1(K)-(FACTR*5000+5000)/IFAC CARD3335
ISN 0551          DATA(2*SNUMC+I)=HIBI+FACTR*EL1(K)*IFAC CARD3340
C *** HERE WE INTERPRET THE ELEVATIONS PUNCHED AS NEGATIVE ZEROS. SEE CARD3345
C *** THE COMMENTS IN ROUTINE NZERO FOR AN EXPLANATION OF THIS CONCEPT. CARD3350
C *** NOTE--ELEVATIONS PUNCHED AS NEGATIVE ZEROS ON A CARD ARE SET EQUAL CARD3355
C *** -1 BY THE PROGRAM. IE, A -1 INDICATES THE LOCATION OF A PUNCHED CARD3360
C *** NEGATIVE ZERO.                      CARD3365
ISN 0552          IF (J.EQ.20.AND.(EL1(K).EQ.-1000.OR.EL1(K).EQ.0)) CARD3370
1              DATA(2*SNUMC+I)=-1        CARD3375
ISN 0554          IF (DATA(2*SNUMC+I).EQ.-1) FINAL=FINAL+1 CARD3380
ISN 0556          520 CONTINUE              CARD3385
C *** HERE WE PRINT THE DATA ON AN INDIVIDUAL CARD. CARD3390
ISN 0557          KEY=5                    CARD3395
ISN 0558          IF (LIST-LIST/100*100.EQ.1) CALL PRNTR CARD3400
ISN 0560          OLOR=LCR                 CARD3405
C *** HERE WE ADD UP THE NUMBER OF POINTS IN THIS CROSS-SECTION. CARD3410
ISN 0561          SNUMC=SNUMC+NUMC        CARD3415
ISN 0562          GO TO 20                  CARD3420
C * * * * * FINAL PROCESSING * * * * *    CARD3425
C * * * * *                               CARD3430

```

```

C *** NOW WE ARE READY TO DO THE FINAL PROCESSING FOR A STATION. CARD3435
C *** HERE WE CHECK THE ORDER OF THE DATA ON THE WHOLE SET OF CARDS FOR CARD3440
C *** STATION, AND REORDER THE DATA. CARD3445
C *** THERE ARE THREE WAYS IN WHICH THE ELEVATION CARDS OR CARD3450
C *** READINGS MAY BE CUT OF ORDER. IN TWO OF THOSE CASES, FINAL CARD3455
C *** PROCESSING IS SKIPPED FOR THAT STATION. CARD3460
C *** 1) THE READINGS THEMSELVES MAY BE OUT OF ORDER (IE, THE READINGCARD3465
C *** ON ONE SIDE OF THE CENTERLINE MAY FIRST INCREASE AND THEN CARD3470
C *** DECREASE, OR VICE VERSA, OR SOME READINGS MAY BE GIVEN FOR CARD3475
C *** THE RIGHT SIDE, THEN SOME FOR THE LEFT, THEN MORE FOR THE RICARD3480
C *** FOR EXAMPLE.) IN THIS CASE, OONUM.NE.IABS(OORD) OR ONUM.NE.CARD3485
C *** IABS(ORD), AND FINAL PROCESSING IS SKIPPED FOR THIS STATION.CARD3490
C *** 2) THE CARDS FOR AN INDIVIDUAL STATION MAY BE OUT OF ORDER, CARD3495
C *** ACCORDING TO THE CARD NUMBERS PUNCHED ON THEM. UNLESS CARD3500
C *** THE READINGS ARE CUT OF ORDER AS A RESULT, THE FINAL CARD3505
C *** PROCESSING IS NOT SKIPPED. CARD3510
C *** 3) THE STATION NUMBERS MAY BE OUT OF ORDER--IE, NOT INCREASING.CARD3515
C *** IN THIS CASE, SKIP=0, AND FINAL PROCESSING IS SKIPPED FOR ALCARD3520
C *** STATIONS UNTIL ONE IS REACHED WITH A STATION NUMBER GREATER CARD3525
C *** THAN THE LAST 'GOOD' STATION. CARD3530
ISN 0563 530 IF (JUMP.EQ.0.OR.ISKIP.EQ.0) GO TO 630 CARD3535
ISN 0565 IF (OONUM.EQ.IABS(CORD).AND.ONUM.EQ.IABS(ORD)) GO TO 540 CARD3540
C *** IF THE READINGS ON ONE SIDE OF THE CENTERLINE OR THE OTHER ARE CARD3545
C *** OUT OF ORDER, PRINT AN ERROR MESSAGE AND SKIP THIS STATION. CARD3550
ISN 0567 KEY=10 CARD3555
ISN 0568 CALL PRNTR CARD3560
ISN 0569 GO TO 630 CARD3565
C *** IF ALL DISTANCE READINGS DO NOT INCREASE MONOTONICALLY, WE REORDERCARD3570
C *** THE READINGS. CARD3575
ISN 0570 540 IF ((ISAVE.EQ.-1.AND.ORD.GE.0).OR.(ISAVE.GT.-1.AND.OORD.GE.0)) CARD3580
1 GO TO 560 CARD3585
C *** IF THE READINGS ON THE FIRST SIDE OF THE CENTERLINE DECREASE, CARD3590
C *** REORDER THEM. CARD3595
ISN 0572 I=ISAVE*2-3 CARD3600
ISN 0573 IF (ISAVE.EQ.-1) I=SNUMC*2-1 CARD3605
ISN 0575 IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 560 CARD3610
ISN 0577 J=1 CARD3615
ISN 0578 550 K1=DATA(I) CARD3620
ISN 0579 K2=DATA(I+1) CARD3625
ISN 0580 DATA(I)=DATA(J) CARD3630
ISN 0581 DATA(I+1)=DATA(J+1) CARD3635
ISN 0582 DATA(J)=K1 CARD3640
ISN 0583 DATA(J+1)=K2 CARD3645
ISN 0584 I=I-2 CARD3650
ISN 0585 J=J+2 CARD3655
C *** IF THE READINGS ON THE SECOND SIDE OF THE CENTERLINE DECREASE, CARD3660
C *** REORDER THEM. CARD3665
ISN 0586 IF (J.LT.I) GO TO 550 CARD3670
ISN 0588 560 IF (ORD.GE.0.OR.ISAVE.EQ.-1) GO TO 580 CARD3675
ISN 0590 I=SNUMC*2-1 CARD3680
ISN 0591 J=ISAVE*2-1 CARD3685
ISN 0592 570 IF (I.LE.J) GO TO 580 CARD3690
ISN 0594 K1=DATA(I) CARD3695
ISN 0595 K2=DATA(I+1) CARD3700
ISN 0596 DATA(I)=DATA(J) CARD3705
ISN 0597 DATA(I+1)=DATA(J+1) CARD3710
ISN 0598 DATA(J)=K1 CARD3715
ISN 0599 DATA(J+1)=K2 CARD3720

```

ISN 0600	I=I-2	CARD3725
ISN 0601	J=J+2	CARD3730
ISN 0602	GO TO 570	CARD3735
ISN 0603	580 IF (ISAVE.EQ.-1.OR.LOR.NE.L) GO TO 620	CARD3740
	C *** IF WE'VE READ THE RIGHT READINGS BEFORE THE LEFT READINGS, REORDER	CARD3745
ISN 0605	I3=ISAVE*2-2	CARD3750
ISN 0606	DO 590 I=1,I3	CARD3755
ISN 0607	590 SDATA(I)=DATA(I)	CARD3760
ISN 0608	I1=ISAVE*2-1	CARD3765
ISN 0609	I2=SNUMC*2	CARD3770
ISN 0610	DO 600 I=I1,I2	CARD3775
ISN 0611	600 DATA(I-I1+1)=DATA(I)	CARD3780
ISN 0612	DO 610 I=1,I3	CARD3785
ISN 0613	610 DATA(I2-I1+1+I)=SDATA(I)	CARD3790
	C *** IF READINGS ARE CUT OF ORDER, REORDER THEM HERE.	CARD3795
ISN 0614	620 IF (SNUMC.LE.1) GO TO 629	CARD3800
ISN 0616	I2=SNUMC*2	CARD3805
ISN 0617	DO 628 I=4,I2,2	CARD3810
ISN 0618	IF (DATA(I).GE.DATA(I-2)) GO TO 628	CARD3815
ISN 0620	JJ2=I-4	CARD3820
ISN 0621	DO 622 JJ=2,JJ2,2	CARD3825
ISN 0622	J=JJ2+2-JJ	CARD3830
ISN 0623	IF (DATA(I).GT.DATA(J)) GO TO 624	CARD3835
ISN 0625	622 CONTINUE	CARD3840
ISN 0626	J=0	CARD3845
ISN 0627	624 CONTINUE	CARD3850
ISN 0628	K1=DATA(I)	CARD3855
ISN 0629	K2=DATA(I-1)	CARD3860
ISN 0630	JJ1=J+2	CARD3865
ISN 0631	JJ2=I-2	CARD3870
ISN 0632	DO 626 JJ=JJ1,JJ2,2	CARD3875
ISN 0633	K=JJ1+JJ2-JJ	CARD3880
ISN 0634	DATA(K+2)=DATA(K)	CARD3885
ISN 0635	626 DATA(K+1)=DATA(K-1)	CARD3890
ISN 0636	DATA(J+2)=K1	CARD3895
ISN 0637	DATA(J+1)=K2	CARD3900
ISN 0638	628 CONTINUE	CARD3905
	C *** IF THIS IS AN EXTENSION, BRANCH HERE.	CARD3910
ISN 0639	629 IF (IRTYG.GE.4) CALL EXTND	CARD3915
ISN 0641	IF (IRTYG.GE.4.AND.IQUIT.NE.ENDFL.AND.IRSET.EQ.1) GO TO 10	CARD3920
ISN 0643	RETURN	CARD3925
ISN 0644	630 IF (IRSET.NE.1) GO TO 640	CARD3930
ISN 0646	JCARD=2	CARD3935
ISN 0647	GO TO 10	CARD3940
ISN 0648	640 IF (IRTYG.LE.3) JCSTA=NINE	CARD3945
ISN 0650	RETURN	CARD3950
ISN 0651	END	CARD3955


```

COMPILER OPTIONS - NAME= MAIN,OPT=02,LINECNT=60,SIZE=0000K,
SOURCE,ECCDIC,LIST,DECK,LOAD,MAP,NOEDIT,NOID,XREF
ISN 0002 SUBROUTINE PREP
C *** THIS ROUTINE PREPARES THE STATION FILE FOR THE NGI ROUTINES.
ISN 0003 REAL*8 XSTA,EQTAB,XXTA(2),YNCR,XNCR
ISN 0004 REAL*4 OWIDL/9999./,CWIDR/-9999./
ISN 0005 INTEGER L/'L'/,OSTA/-1/,XPUT,STAF,SYNIN,SYSTOT,SYSER,ENDFL,
1 RT7C/'RT70'/,ESTA,CNE/'1'/,IMAGE(20),STFIL,OF,FINAL
ISN 0006 INTEGER IYES/'YES'/,NGITP/16/,RECRD(400)
ISN 0007 COMMON/CCEDI/IDUM2(25),KEYC,ICARD
ISN 0008 COMMON/CDATA/JCSTA,OF,IDUM1(430)
ISN 0009 COMMON/CERWK/KEYT,JTAPE,KSTA,KPAG
ISN 0010 COMMON/CMAIN/IRTP,JRTYP,IRSET,JCARD,ITSTA,ODUMP,FDUMP,FINAL,
1 INTPL,LIST
ISN 0011 COMMON/EQBLK/NOEQ(26),EQTAB(7,20,2),NSET
ISN 0012 COMMON/QSAM/XOPEN,XCLOS,XGET,XSETL,XESTL,XPUT,XPUTX,ZERO,STAF,
1 NTIME,STFIL(852)
ISN 0013 COMMON/SYSM/SYSIN,SYSTOT,SYSER,SYSTP,NINE,IQUIT,ENDFL,INDEX,NGIDX
ISN 0014 COMMON/TITLE/IPAGE,IDATE(4),ICHWY(4),JCBNO(2)
ISN 0015 EQUIVALENCE (STFIL(1),RECRD(1))
C
ISN 0016 IF (JCSTA.NE.NINE.OR.JTAPE.NE.0) GO TO 620
ISN 0018 IF (IRTP.NE.1) GO TO 500
C *** INITIALIZE VARIABLES.
ISN 0020 LCNT=34
ISN 0021 JKEY=0
ISN 0022 JEQ=1
C *** REREAD THE DATA CARD.
ISN 0023 20 READ(99,30) IBEG,IEND,XNCR,IWDL,LORL,IWDR,LORR,ITAPE
ISN 0024 30 FORMAT(11X,2I9,F4.1,2(I3,A1),A3)
ISN 0025 IF(ITAPE.NE.IYES) GO TO 35
ISN 0027 NGIDX=1
ISN 0028 31 READ (NGITP,END=22) RECRD
ISN 0029 WRITE (15'NGIDX) RECRD
ISN 0030 GO TO 31
ISN 0031 32 REWIND NGITP
ISN 0032 WRITE (YSER,33)
ISN 0033 33 FORMAT(/15X,' NGI FILE HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED FROM TAPE TO DISK. ')
C *** PREPARE TO PRINT THE DATA CARD.
ISN 0034 35 ISTA1=IBEG/10000
ISN 0035 STA1=(IBEG-ISTA1*10000)/1.0D2+5.0D-4
ISN 0036 ISTA2=IEND/10000
ISN 0037 STA2=(IEND-ISTA2*10000)/1.0D2+5.0D-4
ISN 0038 DO 10 I=7,852
ISN 0039 10 STFIL(I)=NINE
ISN 0040 STFIL(1)=1
C *** CHECK FOR DATA CARD ERRORS.
ISN 0041 WIDL=IWDL
ISN 0042 IF (LORL.EQ.L) WIDL=-WIDL
ISN 0044 WIDR=IWDR
ISN 0045 IF (LORR.EQ.L) WIDR=-WIDR
ISN 0047 IF(WIDL.GE.WIDR.CR.IBEG.GT.IEND) GO TO 540
C *** PRINT DATA CARD AND PAGE HEADING.
ISN 0049 IF (LCNT.LT.34) GO TO 55
ISN 0051 WRITE(SYSTOT,40) IPAGE,IDATE,JOBNO,ICHWY
ISN 0052 40 FORMAT(1H1,106X,I3/6X,'TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT',7X,'T I E S ROAD
1WAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM',4X,'*** EARTHWORK ***'/6X,'TERRAIN EDIT & ST
2ORE PROCESS',57X,4A4/6X,'CONTROL ',A4,' SECTION ',A3,42X,

```

```

3      'COUNTY & HIGHWAY - ',4A4//)
ISN 0053 WRITE(SYSOT,50)
ISN 0054 50 FORMAT(21X,'FROM',15X,'TO',12X,'STATION',5X,'CROSS-SECTION LIMITS'
1      /15X,2('BASELINE STATION',2X),2X,'INCREMENT',7X,'LEFT',6X,
2      'RIGHT'/56X,'(FT)',9X,2('(FT)',7X)//)
ISN 0055 IPAGE=IPAGE+1
ISN 0056 LCNT=0
ISN 0057 55 WRITE(SYSOT,57) ISTA1,STA1,ISTA2,STA2,XNCR,IWDL,LORL,IWDR,LORR
ISN 0058 57 FORMAT(17X,2(I5,'+',F5.2,7X),2X,F5.1,9X,2(I3,A1,7X))
ISN 0059 LCNT=LCNT+1
ISN 0060 IF (IBEG.LT.OSTA) IBEG=OSTA
ISN 0062 IF (IEND.LT.OSTA) GO TO 570
ISN 0064 WIDEL=AMINI(OWIDL,WIDL)
ISN 0065 WIDER=AMAX1(OWIDR,WIDR)
ISN 0066 JCSTA=IBEG
ISN 0067 IF (OSTA.GT.-1) JCSTA=OSTA
ISN 0069 YNCR=XNCR
ISN 0070 IF (IBEG.GT.OSTA.AND.OSTA.GT.-1) YNCR=(IBEG-OSTA)/1.002
ISN 0072 IF (IBEG.EQ.IEND) GO TO 200
ISN 0074 60 IF (JEQ.GT.NOEQ(7)) GO TO 80
ISN 0076 ESTA=EQTAB(7,JEQ,1)*1.002+5.00-1
ISN 0077 IF (ESTA.GT.JCSTA) GO TO 80
ISN 0079 STFIL(2)=ESTA
ISN 0080 STFIL(3)=ESTA
ISN 0081 STFIL(4)=EQTAB(7,JEQ,2)*1.002+5.00-1
ISN 0082 JEQ=JEQ+1
ISN 0083 IF (JCSTA.EQ.ESTA) GO TO 90
ISN 0085 STFIL(799)=NINE
ISN 0086 STFIL(5)=NINE
ISN 0087 STFIL(6)=NINE
C *** STORE AN EQUATION RECORD ON THE ISAM FILE.
ISN 0088 CALL ISAM(XPUT,STAF,STFIL,3408)
ISN 0089 GO TO 60
ISN 0090 80 STFIL(2)=JCSTA
ISN 0091 STFIL(3)=JCSTA
ISN 0092 STFIL(4)=JCSTA
ISN 0093 IF (JCSTA.EQ.NINE) GO TO 240
ISN 0095 STFIL(5)=WIDEL*1.002
ISN 0096 STFIL(6)=WIDER*1.002
ISN 0097 STFIL(799)=1
ISN 0098 90 XSTA=JCSTA/1.002
C *** STORE THE RECORD ON THE ISAM FILE.
ISN 0099 CALL ISAM(XPUT,STAF,STFIL,3408)
C *** MOVE TO THE NEXT STATION.
ISN 0100 CALL STATN(XSTA,YNCR,7,XXTA)
ISN 0101 JCSTA=XXTA(1)*1.002+5.00-1
ISN 0102 IF (JCSTA.GE.IEND) GO TO 200
C *** THE NEXT STATION IS LESS THEN IEND, THE ENDING STATION.
ISN 0104 YNCR=XNCR
ISN 0105 WIDEL=WIDL
ISN 0106 WIDER=WIDR
ISN 0107 GO TO 60
C *** THE NEXT STATION IS GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO IEND, THE ENDING
C *** STATION.
ISN 0108 200 IF (JKEY.GT.0) GO TO 230
ISN 0110 OSTA=IEND
ISN 0111 OWIDL=WIDL
ISN 0112 OWIDR=WIDR

```

```

ISN 0113      READ(SYSIN,210,END=220) ITYPE,IC13
ISN 0114      210 FORMAT(7X,A4,1X,A1)
ISN 0115      IF (ITYPE.EQ.RT7C) GO TO 20
C *** THE NEXT CARD DOES NOT BELONG TO THIS ROUTINE.
ISN 0117      IF (IC13.NE.ONE) GO TO 590
ISN 0119      JKEY=1
ISN 0120      GO TO 60
C *** THE /* CARD HAS BEEN READ.
ISN 0121      220 IQUIT=2
C *** PREPARE TO COMPUTE THE COORDINATES FOR THE VERY LAST STATION.
ISN 0122      JKEY=1
ISN 0123      GO TO 60
C *** ALL COORDINATES HAVE BEEN COMPUTED. FINISH AND RETURN TO THE
C *** CALLING ROUTINE.
ISN 0124      230 IF (IQUIT.EQ.ENDFL) GO TO 900
C *** PUT THE REMAINING EQUATION RECORDS, IF ANY, ON THE FILE.
ISN 0126      JCSTA=NINE
ISN 0127      GO TO 60
C *** PUT THE LAST ORIGINAL RECORD (WITH STATION NUMBER NINE) ON
C *** THE FILE.
ISN 0128      240 STFIL(5)=NOEQ(7)
ISN 0129      I2=NOEQ(7)
ISN 0130      IF (I2.EQ.0) GO TO 260
ISN 0132      DO 250 I=1,I2
ISN 0133      STFIL(5+I)=EQTAB(7,I,1)*1.0D2+5.0D-1
ISN 0134      250 STFIL(25+I)=EQTAB(7,I,2)*1.0D2+5.0D-1
ISN 0135      260 CALL ISAM(XPUT,STAF,STFIL,3408)
ISN 0136      IF (JKEY.EQ.2) IQUIT=ENDFL
ISN 0138      INDEX=12
ISN 0139      READ(8*INDEX) STFIL
ISN 0140      DO 270 I=1,26
ISN 0141      270 STFIL(52+I)=NOEQ(I)
ISN 0142      INDEX=12
ISN 0143      WRITE(8*INDEX) STFIL
ISN 0144      INDEX=29
ISN 0145      WRITE(8*INDEX) EQTAB
ISN 0146      INDEX=0
ISN 0147      GO TO 500
C
C *** ERROR MESSAGES
C
ISN 0148      500 WRITE(SYSER,510) IRTYP
ISN 0149      510 FORMAT(/15X,'NGI PREPARATION DATA MAY ONLY BE RUN UNDER TERRAIN OP
          ITION ''ORIGINAL CARDS'' -- IE, WITH',23X,'PREP'/15X,'JOB TYPE 1.
          2INSTEAD, IT WAS RUN WITH JOB TYPE ',11,','. CALCULATIONS CEASE.',
          3          39X,'PREP')
ISN 0150      IQUIT=ENDFL
ISN 0151      GO TO 900
ISN 0152      540 IF (WIDL.GE.WIDR) WRITE(SYSER,550)
ISN 0154      550 FORMAT(/15X,'THE CROSS-SECTION LIMITS ON THE FOLLOWING CARD ARE OU
          IT OF CRDR. CALCULATIONS CEASE.',24X,'PREP')
ISN 0155      IF (IBEG.GE.IEND) WRITE(SYSER,560)
ISN 0157      560 FORMAT(/15X,'THE STATION NUMBERS ON THE FOLLOWING CARD ARE OUT OF
          1ORDER. CALCULATIONS CEASE.',29X,'PREP')
ISN 0158      WRITE(SYSER,57) ISTA1,STA1,ISTA2,STA2,XNCR,IWDL,LORL,IWDR,LORR
ISN 0159      IQUIT=ENDFL
ISN 0160      GO TO 500
ISN 0161      570 WRITE(SYSCT,580) ISTA1,STA1,ISTA2,STA2,XNCR,IWDL,LORL,IWDR,LORR

```

```
ISN 0162      580 FORMAT(/15X,'THE FOLLOWING NGI PREPARATION DATA CARD IS OUT OF ORD
                IER. THE ENDING STATION IS BEFORE',23X,'PREP'/15X,'THE ENDING STAT
                TION ON THE PREVIOUS CARD. CALCULATIONS CEASE.',48X,'PREP')
ISN 0163      IEND=CSTA
ISN 0164      GO TO 220
ISN 0165      590 READ(99,600) IMAGE
ISN 0166      600 FORMAT(20A4)
ISN 0167      WRITE(SYSER,610) IMAGE
ISN 0168      610 FORMAT(/15X,'THE NGI PREPARATION DATA IS FOLLOWED BY THE FOLLOWING
                1 CARD. THIS IS AN ERROR. IT',27X,'PREP'/15X,'MUST BE FOLLOWED BY
                2 A /* CARD OR A CARD WITH A 1 IN COLUMN 13. CALCULATIONS CEASE.',
                3      26X,'PREP'/20X,20A4)

ISN 0169      JKEY=2
ISN 0170      GO TO 60
ISN 0171      620 IF (KEYT.NE.0) WRITE(SYSER,630)
ISN 0173      630 FORMAT(/15X,'NGI PREPARATION DATA CANNOT BE RUN AS AN OLD JOB. CA
                LLCULATICNS CEASE.',39X,'PREP')
                IF (JCSTA.NE.NINE) WRITE(SYSER,640)
ISN 0174      640 FORMAT(/15X,'NO CHTER TERRAIN DATA CAN BE RUN WITH NGI PREPARATION
ISN 0176      1 DATA. CALCULATICNS CEASE.',29X,'PREP')
ISN 0177      IQUIT=ENDFL
ISN 0178      900 IRSET=3
ISN 0179      IRTYP=5
ISN 0180      IF (IQLIT.EQ.ENDFL) RETURN
ISN 0182      KEYC=2
ISN 0183      RETURN
ISN 0184      END
```

```

COMPILER OPTIONS - NAME= MAIN,OPT=02,LINECNT=60,SIZE=0000K,
SOURCE,ECCDIC,LIST,DECK,LOAD,MAP,NOEDIT,NOID,XREF
ISN 0002      SUBROUTINE PLIST
ISN 0003      REAL*8 PI2/L.570796326794896D0/,BX1,BY1,BX2,BY2,BDIST,BAZ,
1             XTFIL(6),XSTA,HASTA
ISN 0004      INTEGER STAF,SYSCY,SYSER,ENDFL,STFIL,XOPEN,XCLOS,XGET,XSETL,
1             XESTL,XPUTX,ZERO
ISN 0005      COMMON/CBRDIS/BX1,BY1,BX2,BY2,BDIST,BAZ
ISN 0006      COMMON/CERWK/KEYT,JTAPE,KSTA,KPAG
ISN 0007      COMMON /HARLN/ DUM1(1000),HASTA(100),DUM2(300),NOEL,NALS
ISN 0008      COMMON/QSAM/XOPEN,XCLOS,XGET,XSETL,XESTL,XPUT,XPUTX,ZERO,STAF,
1             NTIME,STFIL(852)
ISN 0009      COMMON/SYSTM/SYSIN,SYSOT,YSER,SYSTP,NINE,IQUIT,ENDFL,INDEX
ISN 0010      COMMON/TITLE/IPAGE,IDATE(4),ICHWY(4),JOBNC(2)
ISN 0011      EQUIVALENCE (STFIL(3),XTFIL(1))

C
C *** INITIALIZE VARIABLES.
ISN 0012      WRITE(SYSER,10)
ISN 0013      10 FORMAT(1X,'PLIST')
ISN 0014      DUM2(152)=0.0
ISN 0015      LCNT=34
ISN 0016      ISTRP=0
ISN 0017      IQFLG=0

C *** RETRIEVE BASELINE ALIGNMENT
ISN 0018      IF (KPAG.EQ.0) GC TO 520
ISN 0020      CALL ALGET(7)
ISN 0021      IF (HASTA(1).EQ.-1.0D0) GO TO 520
ISN 0023      CALL ISAM(XOPEN,STAF,0)
ISN 0024      IF (NTIME.EQ.1) CALL ISAM(XESTL,STAF)
ISN 0026      NTIME=1
ISN 0027      CALL ISAM(XSETL,STAF,ZERO)

C *** RETRIEVE A CROSS-SECTION RECORD FROM THE STATION FILE.
ISN 0028      910 CALL ISAM(XGET,STAF,STFIL,3400,IEF)
ISN 0029      IF (STFIL(1).EQ.NINE.OR.IEF.NE.0) GO TO 130
ISN 0031      WRITE(SYSER,20) STFIL(1),STFIL(797)
ISN 0032      20 FORMAT(1X,2I9)
ISN 0033      IF (STFIL(797).NE.1) GC TO 910
ISN 0035      XSTA=STFIL(1)/1.0D2
ISN 0036      IF(XSTA.LE.HASTA(NOEL)) GO TO 25
ISN 0038      XSTA=HASTA(NOEL)
ISN 0039      STFIL(1)=XSTA*100.+5
ISN 0040      IQFLG=1
ISN 0041      25 WIDEL=STFIL(3)/1.0D2
ISN 0042      WIDER=STFIL(4)/1.0D2

C *** FIND THE STATE PLANE CCORDINATES FOR THE LEFT, CENTERLINE AND
C *** RIGHT POINTS.
ISN 0043      CALL CALXY(XSTA,7,BX1,BY1,BAZ)
ISN 0044      BAZ=BAZ-PI2
ISN 0045      BDIST=WIDEL
ISN 0046      CALL BRDIS(2)
ISN 0047      XTFIL(1)=BX2
ISN 0048      XTFIL(2)=BY2
ISN 0049      XTFIL(3)=BX1
ISN 0050      XTFIL(4)=BY1
ISN 0051      BDIST=WIDER
ISN 0052      CALL BRDIS(2)
ISN 0053      XTFIL(5)=BX2
ISN 0054      XTFIL(6)=BY2

```

```

C *** PRINT THE STATE PLANE COORDINATES.
ISN 0055   IF (LCNT.LT.34) GO TO 110
ISN 0057   WRITE(SYSCT,40) IPAGE,ICATE,JOBNO,ICHWY
ISN 0058   40 FORMAT(1H1,106X,I3/6X,'TEXAS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT',7X,'T I E S ROAD
          1WAY DESIGN SUBSYSTEM',4X,'*** EARTHWORK ***'/6X,'TERRAIN EDIT & ST
          2DRE PROCESS',57X,4A4/6X,'CONTROL ',A4,' SECTION ',A3,42X,
          3   'COUNTY & HIGHWAY - ',4A4//)
ISN 0059   IPAGE=IPAGE+1
ISN 0060   WRITE(SYSCT,100)
ISN 0061   100 FORMAT(3X,'STATION',9X,'LEFT POINT COORDINATES',5X,'CENTERLINE POI
          INT COORDINATES',6X,'RIGHT POINT COORDINATES'/3X,'NUMBER',14X,
          2   3('X',12X,'Y',16X//)
ISN 0062   LCNT=0
ISN 0063   110 ISTA1=STFIL(1)/10000
ISN 0064   STA1=(STFIL(1)-ISTA1*10000)/1.002+5.00-4
ISN 0065   WRITE(SYSCT,120) ISTA1,STA1,XTFIL
ISN 0066   120 FORMAT(1X,I5,'+',F5.2,3(4X,2F13.4))
ISN 0067   LCNT=LCNT+1
ISN 0068   CALL XBILD (ISTRP)
C *** REPLACE THE CROSS-SECTION RECORD ON THE STATION FILE.
ISN 0069   CALL ISAM(XPUTX,STAF,STFIL,3400)
ISN 0070   IF(STFIL(797).NE.NINE) GO TO 30
ISN 0072   WRITE (YSER,29) STFIL(1)
ISN 0073   29 FORMAT(/15X,' XBILD FAILED TO BUILD A XSECTION FOR STATION ',I11,
          '* CALCULATIONS CCNTINUE WITH NEXT STATION')
ISN 0074   GO TO 36
ISN 0075   30 N=STFIL(797)*2+3
ISN 0076   WRITE (YSER,35) STFIL(1),(STFIL(I),I=4,N)
ISN 0077   35 FORMAT(1X,I10/, (1X,I0I10))
ISN 0078   36 IF(IQFLG.EQ.0) GC TO 910
ISN 0080   130 CALL ISAM(XCLCS,STAF)
ISN 0081   RETURN
ISN 0082   520 WRITE(YSER,530)
ISN 0083   530 FORMAT(/15X,'NO ALIGNMENT DATA IS AVAILABLE FOR ROADWAY G. CALCUL
          IATIONS CEASE.',43X,'PREP')
          IQUIT=ENDFL
ISN 0084   900 CONTINUE
ISN 0085   RETURN
ISN 0086   RETURN
ISN 0087   END

```

DW30CT74

DW30CT74

```

COMPILER OPTIONS - NAME= MAIN,OPT=02,LINECNT=60,SIZE=0000K,
SOURCE,EBCDIC,LIST,DECK,LOAD,MAP,NOEDIT,NOID,XREF
ISN 0002 SUBROUTINE XBILD (ISTRP)
ISN 0003 COMMON /SYSTEM/ SYSIN,SYSCT,YSER,SYSTP,NINES,IQUIT,ENDFL,INDEX,
      JARG,IBNDX,DLAMB
ISN 0004 COMMON/QSAM/XOPEN,XCLOS,XGET,XSETL,XESTL,XPUT,XPUTX,ZERC,STAF,
      1 NTIME,STFIL(852)
ISN 0005 REAL*8 XTFIL(2,3),XB(47),YB(47),XE(47),YE(47),XDIS,ANGL,X,Y,X1,Y1,
      *D,D1,D2,DIST,DIST1,DIST2,ANG,PI/3.141592653572800/,DELTX,DELTY,
      *SQDIS,SINA,COSA,STRX(3),STRY(3),DIFF,XSECX(200),XSECY(200),
      *XSECZ(200),FRAC,XI,YI,ZI,XJ,YJ,ZJ,YD1,YD2,YDELT,YY(2),EPS,DLAMB
ISN 0006 REAL*8 XFRAC,YMAX,YMIN
ISN 0007 INTEGER*2 NOSEC(47),NOSTR,CONNECT(250,2,2)
ISN 0008 INTEGER XSTA(200),INDX(200),STORE(400),SYSIN,SYSOT,YSER,SYSTP,
      *ENDFL,XOPEN,XCLCS,XGET,XSETL,XESTL,XPUT,XPUTX,ZERO,STAF,STFIL
ISN 0009 DIMENSION YDIST(200,2),ZELV(200,2),NOPT(2),NOCN(2)
ISN 0010 EQUIVALENCE (STFIL(3),XTFIL(1,1))
ISN 0011 DATA IREC/0/
ISN 0012 XDIS(X,Y,X1,Y1)=(X-X1)*(X-X1)+(Y-Y1)*(Y-Y1)
ISN 0013 ANGL(D,D1,D2)=DARCOS((D1+D-D2)/(2.000*DSQRT(D1)*DSQRT(D)))
      C**** CHECK FOR INITIAL READ IN OF STRIP INDEX
ISN 0014 IQFLG=0
ISN 0015 NGIFL=0
ISN 0016 IXCNT=1
ISN 0017 I1=1
ISN 0018 IF(ISTRP.NE.0) GO TO 20
ISN 0020 IREC=0
ISN 0021 JARG=1
ISN 0022 READ (15,JARG) (XB(I),YB(I),XE(I),YE(I),I=1,47),(NOSEC(I),I=1,47),
      * NCSTR
      C**** DETERMINE WHICH STRIP CONTAINS INPUT XSECT
ISN 0023 EPS=5.00-3
ISN 0024 MAX=400
ISN 0025 IBEG=1
ISN 0026 IBIAS=10000
ISN 0027 ISGN=1
ISN 0028 WRITE (17,4) NCSTR,(NOSEC(I),I=1,NOSTR) DW30CT74
ISN 0029 4 FORMAT(25I5)
ISN 0030 5 I=IBEG
ISN 0031 6 IF(I.GT.NOSTR.OR.I.LE.0) GO TO 13
ISN 0033 WRITE (17,3) XB(I),YB(I),XE(I),YE(I),XTFIL
      DW30CT74
ISN 0034 3 FORMAT(1X,10F12.4)
ISN 0035 DIST=XDIS(XB(I),YB(I),XE(I),YE(I))
ISN 0036 DIST1=XDIS(XB(I),YB(I),XTFIL(1,1),XTFIL(2,1))
ISN 0037 DIST2=XDIS(XE(I),YE(I),XTFIL(1,1),XTFIL(2,1))
ISN 0038 WRITE (17,7) DIST,DIST1,DIST2 DW30CT74
ISN 0039 7 FORMAT(1X,3F20.5)
ISN 0040 IF(DIST.EQ.0.000) GO TO 10
ISN 0042 IF(DIST1.EQ.0.000.OR.DIST2.EQ.0.000) GO TO 9
ISN 0044 ANG=ANGL(DIST,DIST1,DIST2)
ISN 0045 WRITE (17,8) ANG DW30CT74
ISN 0046 8 FORMAT(1X,F20.5)
ISN 0047 IF(ANG.GT.PI/2.000) GO TO 10
ISN 0049 ANG=ANGL(DIST,DIST2,DIST1)
ISN 0050 WRITE (17,8) ANG DW30CT74
ISN 0051 IF(ANG.GT.PI/2.000) GO TO 10
ISN 0053 9 ISTRP=I
ISN 0054 GO TO 15

```

```

ISN 0055      10 I=I+ISGN
ISN 0056      GO TO 6
ISN 0057      13 WRITE (SYSER,11)
ISN 0058      11 FORMAT(' ERROR - NGI UNABLE TO FIND LT. POINT ON ANY STRIP')
ISN 0059      12 STFIL(797)=NINES
ISN 0060      RETURN
C**** FOUND WHICH STRIP XSECT IS ON
ISN 0061      15 N=NOSEC(ISTRP)
ISN 0062      JARG=ISTRP+1
ISN 0063      READ (15,JARG) (XSTA(I),INDX(I),I=1,N)
ISN 0064      WRITE (17,16) (XSTA(I),INDX(I),I=1,N)
ISN 0065      16 FORMAT(1X,12I10)
ISN 0066      JARG=IREC+1
C**** CALC. DELTAS AND TRIG CONSTANTS FOR THE GIVEN STRIP
ISN 0067      DELTX=XE(ISTRP)-XB(ISTRP)
ISN 0068      DELTY=YE(ISTRP)-YB(ISTRP)
ISN 0069      SQDIS=CSQRT(DIST)
ISN 0070      SINA=DELTY/SQDIS
ISN 0071      COSA=DELTX/SQDIS
ISN 0072      IFLG=0
C**** TRANSLATION AND ROTATION OF INPUT COOR TO STRIP COOR
ISN 0073      20 DO 25 J=1,3
ISN 0074      DELTX=XTFIL(1,J)-XB(ISTRP)
ISN 0075      DELTY=XTFIL(2,J)-YB(ISTRP)
ISN 0076      STRX(J)=DELTX*COSA+DELTY*SINA+XSTA(1)/1.002
ISN 0077      25 STRY(J)=-DELTX*SINA+DELTY*COSA+IBIAS
ISN 0078      WRITE (17,27) STRX,STRY,IFLG
ISN 0079      27 FORMAT(' STRX=',3F12.4/,' STRY=',3F12.4/,' IFLG=',I2)
ISN 0080      IF(IFLG.NE.0) GO TO 80
ISN 0082      IFIND=0
ISN 0083      IFLG=1
ISN 0084      I=2
ISN 0085      ILAST=N
ISN 0086      28 DIFF=STRX(1)-XSTA(I)/1.002
ISN 0087      IF(CABS(DIFF).GE.EPS) GO TO 31
ISN 0089      NGIFL=2
ISN 0090      IF(CABS(STRX(1)-STRX(3)).LT.EPS) GO TO 38
ISN 0092      IF(STRX(1).GT.STRX(3)) GO TO 38
ISN 0094      NGIFL=1
ISN 0095      IF(ISGN.LT.0) GO TO 34
ISN 0097      GO TO 32
ISN 0098      31 IF(DSIGN(1.000,DIFF).NE.ISGN) GO TO 34
ISN 0100      32 IF(I.EQ.ILAST) GO TO 33
ISN 0102      I=I+ISGN
ISN 0103      GO TO 28
ISN 0104      33 IBEG=ISTRP+ISGN
ISN 0105      IQFLG=0
ISN 0106      IXCNT=1
ISN 0107      I1=1
ISN 0108      NGIFL=0
ISN 0109      IF(IBEG.GT.NOSTR.OR.IBEG.LE.0) GO TO 13
ISN 0111      GO TO 5
ISN 0112      34 IF(ISGN.LT.0) I=I+1
ISN 0114      38 J=I-1
ISN 0115      WRITE (6,39) J,XSTA(J)
ISN 0116      39 FORMAT(' J=',I3,'STATICN=',I10)
ISN 0117      K=1
ISN 0118      40 IB=1

```

DW30CT74

DW30CT74

DW30CT74

DW30CT74


```

ISN 0119      IKEY=1
ISN 0120      NOPT(K)=INDX(J)/1000000
ISN 0121      L = (INDX(J)-NOPT(K)*10000000)/10000
ISN 0122      JREC=INDX(J)-INDX(J)/10000*10000
ISN 0123      WRITE (17,41) NCPT(K),L,JARG,IREC      DW30CT74
ISN 0124      41 FORMAT(' FOLLOWING JARG INDEX COMPUTATION',4I10)
ISN 0125      IF(JREC.EQ.IREC) GO TO 45
ISN 0127      JARG=JREC
ISN 0128      WRITE (17,42) NOPT(K),L,JARG,IREC      DW30CT74
ISN 0129      42 FORMAT(' PRECEDING DISK READ USING JARG',4I10)
ISN 0130      43 IREC=JARG
ISN 0131      READ (15,JARG) STORE
ISN 0132      GO TO (45,60,70),IKEY
ISN 0133      45 YDIST(IB,K)=STORE(L)/100000
ISN 0134      IDIST=YDIST(IB,K)
ISN 0135      IELV=STORE(L)-IDIST*100000
ISN 0136      ZELV(IB,K)=IELV/10.
ISN 0137      WRITE (17,48) YDIST(IB,K),ZELV(IB,K)      DW30CT74
ISN 0138      48 FORMAT(1X,2F15.4)
ISN 0139      IB=IB+1
ISN 0140      L=L+1
ISN 0141      IF(IB.GT.NOPT(K)) GO TO 55
ISN 0143      IF(L.LE.MAX) GO TO 45
ISN 0145      50 L=1
ISN 0146      GO TO 43
ISN 0147      55 IF(L.LE.MAX) GO TO 60
ISN 0149      IKEY=2
ISN 0150      GO TO 50
ISN 0151      60 NOCN(K)=STORE(L)
ISN 0152      WRITE (17,63) NOCN(K)      DW30CT74
ISN 0153      63 FORMAT(1X,I5)
ISN 0154      IF(NOCN(K).EQ.0) GO TO 75
ISN 0156      IB=1
ISN 0157      65 L=L+1
ISN 0158      IF(IB.GT.NOCN(K)) GO TO 75
ISN 0160      IF(L.LE.MAX) GO TO 70
ISN 0162      IKEY=3
ISN 0163      GO TO 50
ISN 0164      70 CONECT(IB,1,K)=STORE(L)/1000
ISN 0165      CONECT(IB,2,K)=STORE(L)-CONECT(IB,1,K)*1000
ISN 0166      WRITE (17,73) (CNECT(IB,NNN,K),NNN=1,2)      DW30CT74
ISN 0167      73 FORMAT(1X,2I5)
ISN 0168      IB=IB+1
ISN 0169      GO TO 65
ISN 0170      75 IF(K.GT.1.OR.IQFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 125
ISN 0172      78 J=I
ISN 0173      WRITE (6,79) J,XSTA(J)      DW30CT74
ISN 0174      79 FORMAT(' J=',I3,'STATICN=',I10)      DW30CT74
ISN 0175      K=2
ISN 0176      GO TO 40
ISN 0177      80 ISGN=-1
ISN 0178      IFIND=0
ISN 0179      WRITE (17,81) STRX(1),XSTA(I-2),XSTA(I-1),XSTA(I),XSTA(I+1)      DW30CT74
ISN 0180      81 FORMAT(' WHERE DCES ',F11.4,' FALL BETWEEN,',4I12)
ISN 0181      IF(DABS(STRX(1)-XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2).LT.EPS) GO TO 98
ISN 0183      IF(STRX(1).LT.XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2) GO TO 102
ISN 0185      ISGN=1
ISN 0186      IF(DABS(STRX(1)-XSTA(I)/1.0D2).LT.EPS) GO TO 86

```

```

ISN 0188      IF(STRX(1).LT.XSTA(I)/1.0D2) GO TO 125
ISN 0190      GO TO 92
ISN 0191      86 NGIFL=2
ISN 0192      IF(STRX(1).GT.STRX(3).OR.DABS(STRX(1)-STRX(3)).LT.EPS) GO TO 125
ISN 0194      NGIFL=1
ISN 0195      90 IF(I.GE.N) GO TO 33
ISN 0197      I=I+1
ISN 0198      L1=1
ISN 0199      L2=2
ISN 0200      GO TO 105
ISN 0201      92 IF(I.GE.N) GO TO 33
ISN 0203      IF(DABS(STRX(1)-XSTA(I+1)/1.0D2).GE.EPS) GO TO 97
ISN 0205      NGIFL=2
ISN 0206      IF(STRX(1).GT.STRX(3).OR.DABS(STRX(1)-STRX(3)).LT.EPS) GO TO 90
ISN 0208      96 IF(I+1.GE.N) GO TO 33
ISN 0210      I=I+1
ISN 0211      ILAST=N
ISN 0212      GO TO 28
ISN 0213      97 IF(STRX(1).LT.XSTA(I+1)/1.0D2) GO TO 90
ISN 0215      GO TO 56
ISN 0216      98 IF(STRX(1).LT.STRX(3).OR.DABS(STRX(1)-STRX(3)).LT.EPS) GO TO 99
ISN 0218      NGIFL=2
ISN 0219      95 IF(I.LE.2) GO TO 33
ISN 0221      I=I-1
ISN 0222      L1=2
ISN 0223      L2=1
ISN 0224      GO TO 105
ISN 0225      99 NGIFL=1
ISN 0226      GO TO 125
ISN 0227      102 IF(I.LE.2) GO TO 33
ISN 0229      IF(DABS(STRX(1)-XSTA(I-2)/1.0D2).GE.EPS) GO TO 104
ISN 0231      IF(STRX(1).LT.STRX(3).OR.DABS(STRX(1)-STRX(3)).LT.EPS) GO TO 103
ISN 0233      101 IF(I-1.LE.2) GO TO 33
ISN 0235      WRITE (17,106) XSTA(I),XSTA(I-1),XSTA(I-2),I,J,K,STRX(1)
ISN 0236      106 FORMAT(' XSTA(I-I-2)=' ,3I10,' I-J-K=' ,3I3,' STRX(1)=' ,F15.4)
ISN 0237      I=I-2
ISN 0238      ILAST=1
ISN 0239      GO TO 28
ISN 0240      103 NGIFL=1
ISN 0241      GO TO 55
ISN 0242      104 IF(STRX(1).LT.XSTA(I-2)/1.0D2) GO TO 101
ISN 0244      GO TO 55
ISN 0245      105 IQFLG=1
ISN 0246      WRITE (17,107) L1,L2
ISN 0247      107 FORMAT(' L1=' ,I3,' L2=' ,I3)
ISN 0248      NOPT(L1)=NOPT(L2)
ISN 0249      M=NOPT(2)
ISN 0250      DO 110 L=1,M
ISN 0251      YDIST(L,L1)=YDIST(L,L2)
ISN 0252      110 ZELV(L,L1)=ZELV(L,L2)
ISN 0253      NOCN(L1)=NOCN(L2)
ISN 0254      M=NCCN(2)
ISN 0255      DO 120 L=1,M
ISN 0256      CONECT(L,1,L1)=CONECT(L,1,L2)
ISN 0257      120 CONECT(L,2,L1)=CONECT(L,2,L2)
ISN 0258      GO TO (38,78),L2
ISN 0259      125 IF(IFIND.EQ.1) GO TO 128
ISN 0261      IF(NGIFL.EQ.0) GO TO 126

```

DW30CT74

DW30CT74

```

ISN 0263          XFRAC=C.0C0
ISN 0264          IF(NGIFL.EQ.2) XFRAC=1.C00
ISN 0266          GO TO 127
ISN 0267          126 XFRAC=(STRX(1)-XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2)/(XSTA(I)/1.0D2-XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2)
ISN 0268          127 YMAX=YCIST(1,1)+(YDIST(1,2)-YDIST(1,1))*XFRAC
ISN 0269          YMIN=YCIST(NOPT(1),1)+(YDIST(NOPT(2),2)-YCIST(NOPT(1),1))*XFRAC
ISN 0270          WRITE (17,131) XFRAC,YMAX,YMIN,NOPT,STRY(1)
ISN 0271          131 FORMAT(' XFRAC=',F6.4,' YMAX=',F10.4,' YMIN=',F10.4,' NOPT=',2I3,
*      ' STRY(1)=',F10.4)
ISN 0272          IFIND=1
ISN 0273          IF(STRY(1).GT.YMAX.OR.STRY(1).LT.YMIN) GO TO 33
ISN 0275          128 WRITE (6,129)
ISN 0276          129 FORMAT(' DATA ARRAYS NOW CONTAIN PROPER NGI XSECTS.')
```

DW30CT74

```

ISN 0277          IF(DABS(STRX(1)-STRX(3)).GE.EPS) GO TO 210
ISN 0279          IF(NGIFL.EQ.0) GC TO 170
C**** XSECT IS ON NGI XSECT, DO SPECIAL XSECT CALCULATIONS
ISN 0281          M=NGIFL
ISN 0282          K=1
ISN 0283          I1=1
ISN 0284          IF(STRY(1).LT.STRY(3)) GO TO 130
ISN 0286          L=1
ISN 0287          ILAST=NOPT(1)
ISN 0288          ISGN=1
ISN 0289          GO TO 135
ISN 0290          130 L=NOPT(1)
ISN 0291          ILAST=1
ISN 0292          ISGN=-1
ISN 0293          135 DIFF=YCIST(L,M)-STRY(K)
ISN 0294          IF(DABS(DIFF).GE.EPS) GC TO 140
ISN 0296          K=K+1
ISN 0297          GO TO 145
ISN 0298          140 IF(DSIGN(1.0D0,DIFF).NE.ISGN) GO TO 165
ISN 0300          IF(L.EQ.ILAST) GC TO 155
ISN 0302          IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO 150
ISN 0304          145 XSECX(I1)=XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2
ISN 0305          XSECY(I1)=YDIST(L,M)
ISN 0306          XSECZ(I1)=ZELV(L,M)
ISN 0307          I1=I1+1
ISN 0308          IF(L.NE.ILAST) GC TO 150
ISN 0310          IF(K.LE.3) GO TO 155
ISN 0312          GO TO 325
ISN 0313          150 L=L+ISGN
ISN 0314          153 IF(K.LE.3) GO TO 135
ISN 0316          GO TO 325
ISN 0317          155 WRITE (SYSER,160)
ISN 0318          160 FORMAT(' ERROR - NGI UNABLE TO FIND LT. & RT. PTS. ON NGI XSECT')
```

DW30CT74

```

ISN 0319          GO TO 12
ISN 0320          165 FRAC=(STRY(K)-YDIST(L,M))/(YDIST(L-ISGN,M)-YDIST(L,M))
ISN 0321          XSECX(I1)=XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2
ISN 0322          XSECY(I1)=STRY(K)
ISN 0323          XSECZ(I1)=ZELV(L,M)+FRAC*(ZELV(L-ISGN,M)-ZELV(L,M))
ISN 0324          IF(K.EQ.2) ICLFL=I1
ISN 0326          K=K+1
ISN 0327          I1=I1+1
ISN 0328          GO TO 153
C**** VERTICAL LINE NCT ON NGI XSECT
ISN 0329          170 DELTX=XSTA(I)/1.0D2-XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2
ISN 0330          YJ=-1
```

```

ISN 0331      K=1
ISN 0332      I1=1
ISN 0333      IF(STRY(1).LT.STRY(3)) GO TO 175
ISN 0335      L=1
ISN 0336      ILAST=NOCN(2)
ISN 0337      ISGN=1
ISN 0338      GO TO 180
ISN 0339      175 L=NOCN(2)
ISN 0340      ILAST=1
ISN 0341      ISGN=-1
ISN 0342      180 IFWD=CCNECT(L,1,2)
ISN 0343      IBAC=CCNECT(L,2,2)
ISN 0344      YD1=YDIST(IBAC,1)
ISN 0345      DELTY=YDIST(IFWD,2)-YD1
ISN 0346      YI=YD1+DELTY/DELTX*(STRX(K)-XSTA(I-1)/1.002)
ISN 0347      DIFF=YI-STRY(K)
ISN 0348      IF(DABS(DIFF).GE.EPS) GO TO 185
ISN 0350      IF(K.EQ.2) ICLFL=I1
ISN 0352      K=K+1
ISN 0353      IF(DELTY.NE.0.000) GO TO 184
ISN 0355      ZI=ZELV(IBAC,1)
ISN 0356      GO TO 194
ISN 0357      184 ZI=ZELV(IBAC,1)+(YI-YD1)/DELTY*(ZELV(IFWD,2)-ZELV(IBAC,1))
ISN 0358      GO TO 194
ISN 0359      185 IF(DSIGN(1.000,DIFF).NE.ISGN) GO TO 200
ISN 0361      IF(L.EQ.ILAST) GO TO 155
ISN 0363      IF(K.EQ.1) GO TO 155
ISN 0365      IF(DELTY.NE.0.000) GO TO 192
ISN 0367      ZI=ZELV(IBAC,1)
ISN 0368      GO TO 193
ISN 0369      192 ZI=ZELV(IBAC,1)+(YI-YD1)/DELTY*(ZELV(IFWD,2)-ZELV(IBAC,1))
ISN 0370      193 IF(K.GT.3) GO TO 325
ISN 0372      194 XSECX(I1)=STRX(1)
ISN 0373      XSECY(I1)=YI
ISN 0374      XSECZ(I1) = ZI
ISN 0375      YJ=YI
ISN 0376      ZJ=ZI
ISN 0377      I1=I1+1
ISN 0378      IF(L.NE.ILAST) GO TO 195
ISN 0380      IF(K.LE.3) GO TO 155
ISN 0382      GO TO 325
ISN 0383      195 L=L+ISGN
ISN 0384      IF(K.LE.3) GO TO 180
ISN 0386      GO TO 325
ISN 0387      200 IF(DELTY.NE.0.000) GO TO 205
ISN 0389      ZI=ZELV(IBAC,1)
ISN 0390      GO TO 207
ISN 0391      205 ZI=ZELV(IBAC,1)+(YI-YD1)/DELTY*(ZELV(IFWD,2)-ZELV(IBAC,1))
ISN 0392      207 IF(YJ.GE.0.000) GO TO 209
ISN 0394      IFD=CONNECT(L-ISGN,1,2)
ISN 0395      IBC=CONNECT(L-ISGN,2,2)
ISN 0396      YD2= YDIST(IBC,1)
ISN 0397      YDELT=YDIST(IFD,2)-YD2
ISN 0398      YJ=YD2+YDELT/DELTX*(STRX(K)-XSTA(I-1)/1.002)
ISN 0399      IF(YDELT.NE.0.000) GO TO 208
ISN 0401      ZJ=ZELV(IBC,1)
ISN 0402      GO TO 209
ISN 0403      208 ZJ=ZELV(IBC,1)+(YJ-YD2)/YDELT*(ZELV(IFD,2)-ZELV(IBC,1))

```

```

ISN 0404      209 XSECX(I1) = STRX(K)
ISN 0405      XSECY(I1) = STRY(K)
ISN 0406      XSECZ(I1) = ZJ+(STRY(K)-YJ)/(YI-YJ)*(ZI-ZJ)
ISN 0407      IF(K.EQ.2) ICLFL=I1
ISN 0409      I1=I1+1
ISN 0410      K=K+1
ISN 0411      GO TO 193
C**** NON-VERTICAL XSECT
ISN 0412      210 YY(1)=STRY(1)+(STRY(3)-STRY(1))/(STRX(3)-STRX(1))*(XSTA(I-1)/1.0D2
*                                                    -STRX(1))
ISN 0413      YY(2)=STRY(1)+(STRY(3)-STRY(1))/(STRX(3)-STRX(1))*(XSTA(I)/1.0D2-
*                                                    STRX(1))
ISN 0414      WRITE (17,213) (YY(L),L=1,2),NGIFL                                DW30CT74
ISN 0415      213 FORMAT(' NONVERTICAL XSECT',2F15.4,' NGI FLAG=',I3)
ISN 0416      IF(NGIFL.NE.0) GO TO 211
ISN 0418      K=2
ISN 0419      IF(STRX(1).LT.STRX(3)) K=1
ISN 0421      GO TO 212
ISN 0422      211 K=NGIFL
ISN 0423      212 LINE=1
ISN 0424      IONFL=0
ISN 0425      K1=1
ISN 0426      IF(K.EQ.1) K1=2
ISN 0428      ILAST=NOPT(K)
ISN 0429      IF(YY(K).GT.YDIST(1,K)) GO TO 214
ISN 0431      IF(YY(K).LT.YDIST(NOPT(K),K)) GO TO 215
ISN 0433      GO TO 217
ISN 0434      214 IF(YY(K1).GT.YDIST(1,K1)) GO TO 288
ISN 0436      M=1
ISN 0437      L1=1
ISN 0438      M1=1
ISN 0439      GO TO 255
ISN 0440      215 IF(YY(K1).LT.YDIST(NOPT(K1),K1)) GO TO 288
ISN 0442      M=NOCN(2)+1
ISN 0443      L2=NOPT(K)
ISN 0444      M2=NOPT(K1)
ISN 0445      GO TO 265
ISN 0446      217 DO 218 L=2,ILAST
ISN 0447      IF(DABS(YY(K)-YDIST(L,K)).LT.EPS) GO TO 220
ISN 0449      IF(YY(K).GT.YDIST(L,K)) GO TO 225
ISN 0451      218 CONTINUE
ISN 0452      220 IONFL=1
ISN 0453      ZI=ZELV(L,K)
ISN 0454      GO TO 230
ISN 0455      225 ZI=ZELV(L,K)+(YY(K)-YDIST(L,K))/(YDIST(L-1,K)-YDIST(L,K))*
* (ZELV(L-1,K)-ZELV(L,K))
ISN 0456      230 XI=XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2
ISN 0457      YI=YY(K)
ISN 0458      WRITE (17,231) XI,YI,ZI,IONFL,IXCNT,ICLFL                                DW30CT74
ISN 0459      231 FORMAT(' XI-YI-ZI',3F15.4,' IONFL=',I2,' IXCNT=',I2,' ICLFL=',I2)
ISN 0460      IF(NGIFL.EQ.0) GO TO 233
ISN 0462      XSECX(I1)=XI
ISN 0463      XSECY(I1)=YI
ISN 0464      XSECZ(I1)=ZI
ISN 0465      IF(IXCNT.EQ.2) ICLFL=I1
ISN 0467      IF(DABS(STRX(IXCNT)-XI).LT.EPS) IXCNT=IXCNT+1
ISN 0469      I1=I1+1
ISN 0470      233 ILAST=NCCN(2)

```

```

ISN 0471      DO 235 M=2,ILAST
ISN 0472      IF(CONECT(M,K1,2).EQ.L.AND.CONECT(M-1,K1,2).EQ.L-1) GO TO 240
ISN 0474      235 CONTINUE
ISN 0475      240 M1=CONECT(M,K,2)
ISN 0476      M2=CONECT(M-1,K,2)
ISN 0477      L1=CONECT(M,K1,2)
ISN 0478      L2=CONECT(M-1,K1,2)
ISN 0479      WRITE (17,243) M1,M2,L1,L2
ISN 0480      243 FORMAT(' M1-M2-M1-L2',4I4)
ISN 0481      GO TO (245,250,260),LINE
ISN 0482      245 IF(DABS(YY(K1)-YDIST(M1,K1)).LT.EPS) GO TO 295
ISN 0484      IF(YY(K1).LT.YDIST(M1,K1).AND.IONFL.NE.1) GO TO 255
ISN 0486      IF(DABS(YY(K1)-YDIST(M2,K1)).LT.EPS) GO TO 295
ISN 0488      IF(YY(K1).GT.YDIST(M2,K1)) GO TO 265
ISN 0490      IF(IONFL.EQ.0) GC TO 295
ISN 0492      IF(IONFL.EQ.2) GC TO 247
ISN 0494      IONFL=2
ISN 0495      M=M+1
ISN 0496      GO TO 240
ISN 0497      247 IF(YY(K1).GT.YDIST(M1,K1).AND.YY(K1).LT.YDIST(M2,K1)) GO TO 295
ISN 0499      IONFL=0
ISN 0500      M=M-1
ISN 0501      GO TO 240
ISN 0502      250 IF(DABS(YY(K1)-YDIST(M1,K1)).LT.EPS) GO TO 295
ISN 0504      IF(YY(K1).LT.YDIST(M1,K1)) GO TO 257
ISN 0506      GO TO 295
ISN 0507      255 LINE=2
ISN 0508      NCR=1
ISN 0509      LAST=NCCN(2)
ISN 0510      257 LX=L1
ISN 0511      MX=M1
ISN 0512      GO TO 270
ISN 0513      260 IF(DABS(YY(K1)-YDIST(M2,K1)).LT.EPS) GO TO 295
ISN 0515      IF(YY(K1).GT.YDIST(M2,K1)) GC TO 267
ISN 0517      GO TO 295
ISN 0518      265 LINE=3
ISN 0519      NCR=-1
ISN 0520      LAST=2
ISN 0521      267 LX=L2
ISN 0522      MX=M2
ISN 0523      270 XJ=XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2+(YY(K)-YDIST(LX,K))/(YY(K)-YDIST(LX,K)-YY(K1)
* +YDIST(MX,K1))*(XSTA(I+1-K)/1.0D2-XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2)
ISN 0524      YJ=YDIST(LX,K)+(XJ-XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2)/(XSTA(I+1-K)/1.0D2-
* XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2)*(YDIST(MX,K1)-YDIST(LX,K))
ISN 0525      ZJ=ZELV(LX,K)+(XJ-XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2)/(XSTA(I+1-K)/1.0D2
* -XSTA(I-2+K)/1.0D2)*(ZELV(MX,K1)-ZELV(LX,K))
ISN 0526      WRITE (17,273) XJ,YJ,ZJ
ISN 0527      273 FORMAT(' XJ-YJ-ZJ',3F15.4)
ISN 0528      275 DIFF=STRX(IXCNT)-XJ
ISN 0529      IDFLG=0
ISN 0530      IF(DABS(DIFF).GE.EPS) GO TO 280
ISN 0532      IDFLG=1
ISN 0533      GO TO 290
ISN 0534      280 IF(DSIGN(1.0D0,DIFF).NE.K1-K) GO TO 290
ISN 0536      IF(NGIFL.EQ.0) GC TO 285
ISN 0538      XSECX(I1)=XJ
ISN 0539      XSECY(I1)=YJ
ISN 0540      XSECZ(I1)=ZJ

```

DW30CT74

DW30CT74

```

ISN 0541      I1=I1+1
ISN 0542      285 XI=XJ
ISN 0543      YI=YJ
ISN 0544      ZI=ZJ
ISN 0545      IF(M.EQ.LAST) GO TO 288
ISN 0547      M=M+NCR
ISN 0548      GO TO 240
ISN 0549      288 WRITE (YSER,285)
ISN 0550      289 FORMAT(' ERROR - XSECT IS OFF ONE SIDE OF THE STRIP')
ISN 0551      GO TO 33
ISN 0552      290 XSECX(I1)=STRX(IXCNT)
ISN 0553      XSECY(I1)=STRY(IXCNT)
ISN 0554      XSECZ(I1)=ZI+(STRX(IXCNT)-XI)/(XJ-XI)*(ZJ-ZI)
ISN 0555      IF(IXCNT.EQ.2) ICLFL=I1
ISN 0557      I1=I1+1
ISN 0558      IXCNT=IXCNT+1
ISN 0559      IF(IXCNT.GT.3) GO TO 325
ISN 0561      IF(NGIFL.NE.0) GO TO 293
ISN 0563      NGIFL=1
ISN 0564      IF(K.EQ.2) NGIFL=2
ISN 0566      293 IF(IDFLG.EQ.1) GO TO 285
ISN 0568      GO TO 275
ISN 0569      295 XJ=XSTA(I+1-K)/1.002
ISN 0570      YJ=YY(K1)
ISN 0571      ZJ=ZELV(M1,K1)+(YY(K1)-YDIST(M1,K1))/(YDIST(M2,K1)-YDIST(M1,K1))*
* (ZELV(M2,K1)-ZELV(M1,K1))
ISN 0572      GO TO 312
ISN 0573      300 DIFF=STRX(IXCNT)-XJ
ISN 0574      IF(DABS(DIFF).LT.EPS) GO TO 315
ISN 0576      IF(DSIGN(1.000,DIFF).EQ.K1-K) GO TO 315
ISN 0578      XSECX(I1)=STRX(IXCNT)
ISN 0579      XSECY(I1)=STRY(IXCNT)
ISN 0580      XSECZ(I1)=ZI+(STRX(IXCNT)-XI)/(XJ-XI)*(ZJ-ZI)
ISN 0581      IF(IXCNT.EQ.2) ICLFL=I1
ISN 0583      I1=I1+1
ISN 0584      IXCNT=IXCNT+1
ISN 0585      312 IF(IXCNT.GT.3) GO TO 325
ISN 0587      GO TO 300
ISN 0588      315 IF(K.EQ.2) GO TO 320
ISN 0590      NGIFL=1
ISN 0591      ISGN=1
ISN 0592      GO TO 90
ISN 0593      320 NGIFL=2
ISN 0594      ISGN=-1
ISN 0595      GO TO 95
C**** COMPUTE DISTANCES FOR FINAL XSECT
ISN 0596      325 MM=I1-1
ISN 0597      STFIL(797)=MM
ISN 0598      ISGN=-1
ISN 0599      WRITE (17,328) MM,ICLFL,(XSECX(L),XSECY(L),XSECZ(L),L=1,MM)
ISN 0600      328 FORMAT(1X,2I5,'XSECTXYZ',(3F15.5))
ISN 0601      DO 340 L=1,MM
ISN 0602      IF(L.NE.ICLFL) GO TO 330
ISN 0604      ISGN=1
ISN 0605      DIST=0.000
ISN 0606      GO TO 335
ISN 0607      330 DIST=DSQRT(XDIS(XSECX(L),XSECY(L),XSECZ(L),XSECY(ICLFL)))
ISN 0608      WRITE (17,333) DIST

```

DW30CT74

DW30CT74

```
ISN 0609      333 FORMAT(' DIST=',F20.10)
ISN 0610      335 STF IL(2*L+2)=XSECZ(L)*1.0D2+.5
ISN 0611      STF IL(2*L+3)=ISGN*(DIST*1.0D2+.5)
ISN 0612      340 CONTINUE
ISN 0613      STF IL(3)=NINES
ISN 0614      RETURN
ISN 0615      END
```


NGI/RDS Run Procedure

```
// REGION=120K,CLASS=C,TIME=1
//NGI EXEC FORTGLG,PARM.LKED='LIST,LET,MAP'
//LKED.SYSIN DD *
```

OBJECT DECKS GO HERE

```
/*
NGI  //GO.FT02F001 DD DSNAME=NGICARDS,VOL=SER=RDS200,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),
tape // UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(1,SL),DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=800)
file //GO.FT02F002 DD DSNAME=NGIFILE1,VOLUME=SER=RDS200,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(2,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=408,LRECL=404,BUFNO=1)
NGI //GO.FT15F001 DD DSN=&&NGIFILE,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(18,1)),
disk // DISP=(NEW,PASS),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
file //GO.FT16F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//GO.SYSIN DD *
```

NGI HEADER CARD GOES HERE
 NGI STRIP HEADER CARD GOES HERE
 REMAINDER OF NGI DATA GOES HERE

```
/*
//DATA EXEC PGM=RDS400,REGION=190K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=D19.RDS3LINK,DISP=SHR
//FT02F001 DD VOLUME=SER=RDS201,DSNAME=DIV045.T0073088,
// DISP=(OLD,KEEP),UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(1,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,LRECL=3404,BLKSIZE=3408,BUFNO=1)
//FT02F002 DD DSNAME=DATA3,VOLUME=REF=*.FT02F001,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(2,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,LRECL=3404,BLKSIZE=3408,BUFNO=1)
//FT02F003 DD DSNAME=DATA4,VOLUME=REF=*.FT02F001,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(3,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=1096,LRECL=1092,BUFNO=1)
//FT03F001 DD DSNAME=PERSPLOT,VOLUME=SER=RDS202,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(1,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=3408,LRECL=3404,BUFNO=1)
//FT05F001 DD DDNAME=CARDS
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
//FT07F001 DD SYSOUT=B
//FT08F001 DD DSN=&&PAGES,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(27,1)),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
//FT09F001 DD DSN=&&BPAGES,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(36,1)),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
```

NGI/RDS Run Procedure (continued)

```

//FT10F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT11F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT12F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT13F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT14F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT71F001 DD UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),DISP=(NEW,KEEP),LABEL=(1,SL),
// DCB=(LRECL=484,BLKSIZE=488,RECFM=VS)
//STACFILE DD DSNAME=D59.PLTSTAC,DISP=SHR
//STAF DD DSNAME=&&STAF,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,27,,CONTIG),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BLKSIZE=3400,RECFM=F,DSORG=IS,LRECL=3400,
// KEYLEN=8,RKP=0,BUFNO=1)
NGI disk file — [//FT15F001 DD DSN=&&NGIFILE,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(18,1)),
// DISP=(OLD,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
NGI tape file — [//FT16F001 DD DSNAME=NGIFILE1,VOLUME=SER=RDS200,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(2,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=408,LRECL=404,BUFNO=1)
//FT17F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//CARDS DD *

```

RDS SYSTEM CARD GOES HERE
 REMAINDER OF RDS DATA CARDS GO HERE

/*

NGI Run Procedure

```
// REGION=120K,CLASS=C,TIME=1
//NGI EXEC FORTGLG,PARM.LKED='LIST,LET,MAP'
//LKED.SYSIN DD *
```

OBJECT DECKS GO HERE

```
/*
NGI  [//GO.FT02F001 DD DSNAME=NGICARDS,VOL=SER=RDS200,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),
tape [// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(1,SL),DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=800)
file [//GO.FT02F002 DD DSNAME=NGIFILE1,VOLUME=SER=RDS200,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),
      [// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(2,SL),
      [// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=408,LRECL=404,BUFNO=1)
NGI  [//GO.FT15F001 DD DSN=&&NGIFILE,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(18,1)),
disk [// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
file [//GO.FT16F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
      //GO.SYSIN DD *
```

NGI HEADER CARD GOES HERE
 NGI STRIP HEADER CARD GOES HERE
 REMAINDER OF NGI DATA GOES HERE

/*

RDS Run Procedure for Accessing NGI Tape File

```

// REGION=190K,CLASS=C,TIME=1
//DATA EXEC PGM=RDS400,REGION=190K
//STEPLIB DD DSN=D19.RDS3LINK,DISP=SHR
//FT02F001 DD VOLUME=SER=RDS201,DSNAME=DIV045.T0073088,
// DISP=(OLD,KEEP),UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(1,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,LRECL=3404,BLKSIZE=3408,BUFNO=1)
//FT02F002 DD DSNAME=DATA3,VOLUME=REF=*.FT02F001,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(2,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,LRECL=3404,BLKSIZE=3408,BUFNO=1)
//FT02F003 DD DSNAME=DATA4,VOLUME=REF=*.FT02F001,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(3,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=1096,LRECL=1092,BUFNO=1)
//FT03F001 DD DSNAME=PERSPLOT,VOLUME=SER=RDS202,DISP=(NEW,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(1,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=3408,LRECL=3404,BUFNO=1)
//FT05F001 DD DDNAME=CARDS
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=A
//FT07F001 DD SYSOUT=B
//FT08F001 DD DSN=##PAGES,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(27,1)),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
//FT09F001 DD DSN=##BPAGES,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(TRK,(36,1)),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
//FT10F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT11F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT12F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT13F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT14F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//FT17F001 DD UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),DISP=(NEW,KEEP),LABEL=(1,SL),
// DCB=(LRECL=484,BLKSIZE=488,RECFM=VS)
//STACFILE DD DSNAME=D59.PLTSTAC,DISP=SHR
//STAF DD DSNAME=##STAF,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,27,,CONTIG),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BLKSIZE=3400,RECFM=F,DSORG=IS,LRECL=3400,
// KEYLEN=8,RKP=0,BUFNO=1)
NGI disk file --- //FT15F001 DD DSN=##NGIFILE,UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(18,1)),
// DISP=(NEW,DELETE),DCB=(BUFNO=1)
NGI tape file --- //FT16F001 DD DSNAME=NGIFILE1,VOLUME=SER=RDS200,DISP=(OLD,KEEP),
// UNIT=(TAPE9,,DEFER),LABEL=(2,SL),
// DCB=(RECFM=VS,BLKSIZE=408,LRECL=404,BUFNO=1)
//FT17F001 DD SYSOUT=A,DCB=(RECFM=UA,BLKSIZE=133)
//CARDS DD *

```

RDS SYSTEM CARD GOES HERE
REMAINDER OF RDS DATA CARDS GO HERE

/*

Appendix D. Glossary

GLOSSARY

Algorithm - A mathematical process. The NGI algorithm is used to determine which points are to be connected on adjacent scan profiles.

Core - Internal computer storage.

Discontinuity - Significant break in the terrain surface.

Discontinuity Boundary - Line connecting two discontinuity points on adjacent scan profiles. It divides the terrain into discrete areas.

Discontinuity Point - A point on a scan profile which locates a discontinuity boundary.

Discrete Area - The area between two discontinuity boundaries.

Faceted Model - Terrain surface represented by a series of adjacent three and four sided figures which cover the entire surface.

NGI - Numerical Ground Image.

Numerical Ground Image - Approximation of the terrain surface with a digital terrain model.

Scan Profile - A series of X, Z coordinate points which describe the surface of the ground and which are perpendicular to an arbitrary baseline Y.